THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK Buffalo Division

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LT GAME (CANADA), LTD.,)
	Plaintiff,)	Case No. 11-cv-0552
- against -)	JURY TRIAL DEMANDED
DEQ SYSTEMS CORPORATION,))
	Defendant.)	
		X	

COMPLAINT

Plaintiff, LT Game (Canada), Ltd. (hereinafter "Plaintiff"), by its attorneys Meredith & Keyhani, PLLC, for its Complaint against defendant DEQ Systems Corporation ("DEQ" or "Defendant") allege as follows:

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

- 1. This is an action for a declaratory judgment of non-infringement and invalidity of U.S. Patent Nos. 6179710, 6638167, 6217447 (individually and/or collectively "Defendant's Patents").
- 2. On information and belief, Defendant is the assignee, sole and full owner of all rights in Defendant's Patents.
- 3. In addition, Plaintiff in this action seeks judgment and damages against Defendant for tortious interference with Plaintiff's current and prospective contractual and business relationships.

THE PARTIES

- 4. Plaintiff is incorporated under the laws of Ontario, Canada with an address of 117 Strathearn Avenue, Richmond Hill, Ontario L4B 2L2 and maintains a business office in Las Vegas, Nevada.
- 5. Plaintiff is a wholly owned subsidiary of LT Game Ltd. (a Hong Kong Company) and conducts and manages the international sales and marketing activities for its gaming products, and oversees the installation, support, repair and service of its products in the United States
- 6. Defendant is a publicly traded Canadian company located at 1840 1st Street, Suite 103-A Lévis, Quebec Canada G6W 5M6.
- 7. Upon information and belief, Defendant is in the business of selling and offering for sale gaming products all over the world including in the United States, the State of New York and within the Western District of New York.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 8. This action arises under the Patent Laws of the United States, Title 35, United States Code and common law. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this declaratory judgment action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201, 1331 and 1338(a), and supplemental jurisdiction over the common law claims under 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a).
 - 9. Venue is proper in this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(c) and 1400(b).
- 10. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because on information and belief Defendant regularly transacts business and actively targets customers throughout the State of New York and within this judicial district.

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FACTUAL BACKGROUND

Beginning on or about June of 2013 Defendant began contacting Plaintiff's

customers, business partners and potential customers, including Commerce Casino and began

interfering with Plaintiff's current and prospective contractual and business relationships by

making allegations that Plaintiff is infringing Defendant's Patents.

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12. In a meeting on or about June 20, 2013, Plaintiff and its counsel were advised by

representatives of Plaintiff's customer Commerce Casino that Defendant asserted to Commerce

Casino that Plaintiff's LT Game Live Multi-Table System infringed Defendant's Patents.

13. At the time of making its allegations of infringement, Defendant was fully aware

of Plaintiff's current and prospective contractual and business relationships with Plaintiffs'

customers, business partners and potential customers, including Commerce Casino, when it

interfered with these relationships and made these allegations of infringement.

14. Defendant intentionally interfered with Plaintiff's current and prospective

contractual and business relationships with the intent to induce breach of current contractual

and/or business relationships and/or prevent formation of prospective contractual and/or business

relationships by representing to them, inter alia, that Plaintiff engaged in unlawful activities that

violate Defendant's rights and business with the Plaintiff may result in legal action against them

and subject them to liability and damages.

15. Defendant's aforesaid interference has undermined and/or will likely undermine

Plaintiff's current contractual and/or business relationships and/or prevented formation of

prospective contractual and/or business relationships.

16. Plaintiff has suffered and continues to suffer substantial damages and irreparable harm as a result of Defendant's unlawful actions.

COUNT 1 - DECLARATORY JUDGMENT OF NON-INFRINGEMENT

- 17. Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
- 18. Plaintiff does not practice any of the claims of Defendant's Patents and accordingly do not infringe directly or indirectly any of the claims of Defendant's Patents.
- 19. As a result of the acts described in the foregoing paragraphs, there exists a substantial controversy of sufficient immediacy and reality to warrant the issuance of a declaratory judgment.
- 20. A judicial declaration is necessary and appropriate so that Plaintiffs may ascertain its rights regarding Defendant's Patents.

COUNT 2 - DECLARATORY JUDGMENT OF INVALIDITY

- 21. Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
- 22. Upon information and belief, Defendant's Patents are invalid for failure to meet the conditions of patentability and/or otherwise comply with one or more of 35 U.S.C. §§ 100 *et seq.*, 101, 102, 103, and/or 112.
- 23. As a result of the acts described in the foregoing paragraphs, there exists a substantial controversy of sufficient immediacy and reality to warrant the issuance of a declaratory judgment.

24. A judicial declaration is necessary and appropriate so that Plaintiffs may ascertain its rights regarding Defendant's Patents.

COUNT 3 - TORTIOUS INTERFERENCE WITH CURRENT AND PROSPECTIVE CONTRACTUAL AND BUSINESS RELATIONSHIPS

- 25. Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
- 26. Defendant's aforesaid actions constitute tortious interference with Plaintiff's current and prospective business and contractual relationships.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for a judgment against Defendant, as follows:

- (a) A declaration that Plaintiff has not infringed, either directly or indirectly, any valid and enforceable claim of Defendant's Patents;
 - (b) A declaration that the claims of Defendant's Patents are invalid;
 - (c) A declaration that Defendant's Patents are unenforceable;
- (d) An order declaring that Plaintiff is the prevailing party and that this is an exceptional case, awarding Plaintiff its costs, expenses, disbursements and reasonable attorneys fees under 35 U.S.C. § 285 and all other applicable statutes, rules and common law;
 - (e) Such other and other relief as this Court may deem just and proper;
- (f) An order for Damages resulting from the loss of current and prospective economic value and opportunity due to Defendant's tortious interference with Plaintiff's current and prospective contractual and business relationships;
- (g) A preliminary and permanent injunction, enjoining Defendant from interfering with Plaintiffs' current and prospective business and contractual relationships.

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Pursuant to Rule 38, Fed. R. Civ. P., Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury for all issues triable of right by a jury in this case.

Meredith & Keyhani, PLLC

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