

HENINGER GARRISON DAVIS, LLC
5 Penn Plaza, 23rd Floor
New York, New York 10001
Telephone: (212) 896-3876

Attorneys for Plaintiff
Joao Bock Transaction Systems, LLC

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

JOAO BOCK TRANSACTION
SYSTEMS, LLC,

Plaintiff,

v.

ONLINE RESOURCES CORP.,

Defendant.

ECF Case

Civil Action No. _____

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

ORIGINAL COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT

Plaintiff Joao Bock Transaction Systems, LLC (“Plaintiff” or “JBTS”), by and through its undersigned counsel, files this Original Complaint for Patent Infringement against Defendant Online Resources Corp. (“Defendant”; also referred to as “ORCC”) as follows:

NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. This is a patent infringement action to stop Defendant’s infringement of Plaintiff’s United States Patent No. 7,096,003 entitled “Transaction Security Apparatus”

(hereinafter, the “’003 Patent” or the “Patent-in-Suit”; a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit A).

PARTIES

2. JBTS is a Limited Liability Company organized under the laws of the State of Delaware and with its principal place of business located at 116 Sweetfield Circle, Yonkers, New York 10704. Plaintiff is the owner of the Patent-in-Suit, and possesses all rights thereto, including the exclusive right to exclude the Defendant from making, using, selling, offering to sell or importing in this district and elsewhere into the United States the patented invention(s) of the Patent-in-Suit, the right to license the Patent-in-Suit, and the right to sue the Defendant for infringement and recover past damages.

3. Upon information and belief, Defendant is a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware, having its principal place of business located at 4795 Meadow Wood Lane Suite 300, Chantilly, Virginia 20151. Defendant is, upon information and belief, registered with the New York Department of State, Division of Corporations, as a Foreign Business Corporation. Defendant may be served through its registered agent, National Registered Agents, Inc., 111 Eighth Avenue, New York, New York, 10011.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

4. This action arises under the Patent Laws of the United States, 35 U.S.C. § 1 *et seq.*, including 35 U.S.C. §§ 271, 281, 283, 284, and 285. This Court has subject

matter jurisdiction over this case for patent infringement under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).

5. The Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because: Defendant is present within or has minimum contacts within the State of New York and the Southern District of New York; Defendant has purposefully availed itself of the privileges of conducting business in the State of New York and in the Southern District of New York; Defendant has sought protection and benefit from the laws of the State of New York; Defendant regularly conducts business within the State of New York and within the Southern District of New York, and Plaintiff's causes of action arise directly from Defendant's business contacts and other activities in the State of New York and in the Southern District of New York.

6. More specifically, Defendant, directly and/or through its intermediaries, makes, ships, distributes, uses, offers for sale, sells, and/or advertises (including via the provision of an interactive web page) its products and services in the United States, the State of New York, and the Southern District of New York, which products and services infringe the '003 Patent. Upon information and belief, Defendant has committed patent infringement in the State of New York and in the Southern District of New York. Defendant solicits customers for its products and services in the State of New York and in the Southern District of New York. Defendant has many paying customers who are residents of the State of New York and the Southern District of New York and who use Defendant's products and services in the State of New York and in the Southern District of New York.

7. Venue is proper in the Southern District of New York pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391 and 1400(b).

COUNT I:
INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 7,096,003

8. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference each of Paragraph 1-7 above.

9. The '003 Patent was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent and Trademark Office to Mr. Joao and Mr. Bock on August 22, 2006 after full and fair examination. Mr. Joao and Mr. Bock assigned all rights, title and interest in and to the '003 Patent to JBTS, giving JBTS the right to exclude Defendant from making, using, selling, offering to sell or importing in this district and elsewhere in the United States the patented invention(s) of the '003 Patent, and the right to license the '003 Patent, collect damages and initiate this lawsuit against the Defendant. The '003 Patent is in full force and effect.

10. Upon information and belief, Defendant had actual knowledge of the specification and issued claims of the Patent-in-Suit and its infringement of the Patent-in-Suit, at the very latest, when it received a notice letter sent by Plaintiff's counsel on May 31, 2013, and received by Defendant on June 3, 2013.

11. On information and belief, Defendant owns, operates, advertises, implements, and controls its website, www.orcc.com, and related ORCC-branded websites and customer-branded websites as well as functionality modules and/or programming modules to support its products and services that infringe the '003 Patent

including but not limited to: the Advantage suite of Internet Banking and Bill Payment services (the "Accused Products and Services"); it is through these websites and modules that Defendant advertises, sells, offers to sell, and/or instructs customers how to use the Accused Products and Services.

12. Plaintiff is informed and believes that Defendant infringes the '003 Patent either literally or under the doctrine of equivalents. Upon information and belief, Defendant has infringed and continues to infringe one or more claims of the '003 Patent by making, using, selling, offering for sale, advertising and providing (directly or through intermediaries) a transaction security apparatus as claimed in the '003 Patent. Specifically, Defendant offers products and services such as but not limited to the Accused Products and Services, supported and implemented by way of Defendant's computer systems, functionality modules and interactive websites and web services which use and/or are transaction security apparatuses. The transaction security apparatuses have a processing device that processes information regarding transactions on a customer's account(s) (including but not limited to a checking account, savings account, or an automated teller machine account). Some of the transaction security apparatuses have a receiver for receiving information regarding transactions on, and uses of, the account. Some of the transaction security apparatuses include and/or are connected to an input device including a user interface or point of sale terminal where transaction information is entered into, or automatically captured by, the transaction security apparatus. The receiver can receive information from Defendant's customers, customers of its customers, and other computer interfaces of the computer system (i.e., payment

processing platform interfaces). The receiver can also receive information from external computer systems connected to Defendant's transaction security apparatus. Some of Defendant's transaction security apparatuses store information regarding a customer's account preferences and when a customer wants to receive notifications regarding account activity. Some of Defendant's transaction security apparatuses have a transmitter for transmitting information regarding its business operations (i.e., account activity, transactions, transaction processing). Defendant's transaction security apparatuses utilize the processing device for managing the flow of information and for executing programs to process the information. Some of the transaction security apparatuses have a processing device that is/are capable of determining whether to "allow" or "disallow" a transaction, and capable of generating a signal having information about the transaction. Some of the transaction security apparatuses have a processing device that is capable of generating an electronic notification regarding activity on a customer's account. Some of Defendant's transaction security apparatuses have a transmitter that transmits the signal to the customer notifying the customer of the activity. These activities and processing take place in this district and elsewhere in the United States, enabled by and accessed through Defendant's website, www.orcc.com, Defendant customer-branded websites, modules, and other Internet-related services.

13. Plaintiff is informed and believes that Defendant and its customers infringe the '003 Patent either literally or under the doctrine of equivalents. Upon information and belief, Defendant and its customers have infringed and continue to infringe one or more claims of the '003 Patent by making, using, selling, offering for

sale, advertising and providing (directly or through intermediaries) a transaction security apparatus as claimed in the '003 Patent. Specifically, Defendant offers products and services such as but not limited to the Accused Products and Services, supported and implemented by way of Defendant's computer systems, functionality modules and interactive websites and web services which use and/or are transaction security apparatuses. The transaction security apparatuses have a processing device that processes information regarding transactions on a customer's account(s) (including but not limited to a checking account, savings account, or an automated teller machine account). Some of the transaction security apparatuses have a receiver for receiving information regarding transactions on, and uses of, the account. Some of the transaction security apparatuses include and/or are connected to an input device including a user interface or point of sale terminal where transaction information is entered into, or automatically captured by, the transaction security apparatus. The receiver can receive information from Defendant's customers, customers of its customers, and other computer interfaces of the computer system (i.e., payment processing platform interfaces). The receiver can also receive information from external computer systems connected to Defendant's transaction security apparatus. Some of Defendant's transaction security apparatuses store information regarding a customer's account preferences and when a customer wants to receive notifications regarding account activity. Some of Defendant's transaction security apparatuses have a transmitter for transmitting information regarding its business operations (i.e., account activity, transactions, transaction processing). Defendant's transaction security apparatuses utilize the processing device for managing the flow of

information and for executing programs to process the information. Some of the transaction security apparatuses have a processing device that is/are capable of determining whether to “allow” or “disallow” a transaction, and capable of generating a signal having information about the transaction. Some of the transaction security apparatuses have a processing device that is capable of generating an electronic notification regarding activity on a customer’s account. Some of Defendant’s transaction security apparatuses have a transmitter that transmits the signal to the customer notifying the customer of the activity. These activities and processing take place in this district and elsewhere in the United States, enabled by and accessed through Defendant’s website, www.orcc.com, Defendant’s customer-branded websites, modules, and other Internet-related services.

14. Upon information and belief, Defendant has knowingly and intentionally induced and continues to induce infringement of one or more claims of the ’003 Patent in this district and elsewhere in the United States, by its intentional acts which have successfully, among other things, encouraged, instructed, enabled, aided, abetted and otherwise caused its customers to use a system which includes a transaction security apparatus, said system having been provided by Defendant to its customers for the primary purpose of causing infringing acts by said customers. Defendant had knowledge of its infringement of the ’003 Patent, at the very latest, from a May 31, 2013 notice letter in which Plaintiff’s counsel informed Defendant of such infringement. Upon information and belief, Defendant has specifically intended that its customers use the Accused Products and Services that infringe the ’003 Patent by, at a minimum, providing access

to, support for, training and instructions for, said transaction security apparatus and the Accused Products and Services to its customers to enable said customers to use said apparatus, products and services in such a way that infringes the '003 Patent; and Defendant knew that these actions, would induce, have induced, and will continue to induce infringement by its customers.

15. Upon information and belief, Defendant has contributed to and continues to contribute to the infringement of one or more claims of the '003 Patent in this district and elsewhere in the United States, by its intentional acts which have successfully, among other things, encouraged, instructed, enabled and otherwise caused its customers to use a system which includes a transaction security apparatus, said system having been provided by Defendant to its customers for the primary purpose of causing infringing acts by said customers by importing, offering to sell, and/or selling (directly or through intermediaries), to its customers, the Accused Products and Services and its transaction security apparatus covered by the '003 Patent, which Accused Products and Services constitute a material part of the invention, and further that Defendant's customers have utilized said systems in a manner that infringes one or more claims of the '003 Patent. Defendant had knowledge of its infringement of the '003 Patent, at the very latest, from a May 31, 2013 notice letter in which Plaintiff's counsel informed Defendant of such infringement. Upon information and belief, Defendant has specifically intended and/or specifically intends that its customers use its transaction security apparatus and the Accused Products and Services in such a way that infringes the '003 Patent by, at minimum, providing access to, support for, and training and instructions for said

apparatus, products, systems and services, that infringe the '003 Patent, and knew and/or knows that its transaction security apparatus and the Accused Products and Services are especially made and/or adapted for user(s) to infringe one or more claims of the '003 Patent and, therefore, are not staple articles or commodities of commerce suitable for a substantial non-infringing use.

16. Defendant's aforesaid activities have been without authority and/or license from Plaintiff.

17. Despite its knowledge of the '003 Patent and infringement thereof, and without a reasonable basis for continuing its infringing activities, on information and belief, Defendant continues to willfully infringe the '003 Patent.

18. Plaintiff is entitled to recover from Defendant the damages sustained by Plaintiff as a result of Defendant's wrongful acts in an amount subject to proof at trial, which, by law, cannot be less than a reasonable royalty, together with interest and costs as fixed by this Court under 35 U.S.C. § 284.

19. Defendant's infringement of Plaintiff's rights under the '003 Patent will continue to damage Plaintiff, causing irreparable harm for which there is no adequate remedy at law, unless enjoined by this Court.

JURY DEMAND

20. Plaintiff demands a trial by jury on all issues.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

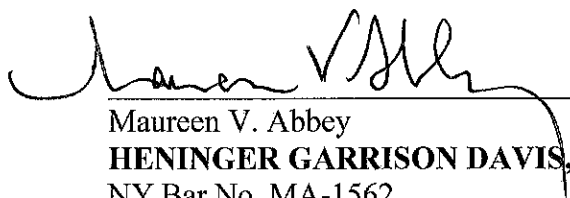
Plaintiff respectfully requests the following relief:

- A. An adjudication that one or more claims of the Patent-in-Suit has been infringed, either literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, by the Defendant and that such infringement is willful;
- B. An adjudication that Defendant has induced infringement of one or more claims of the Patent-in-Suit by Defendant's customers;
- C. An adjudication that Defendant has contributed to infringement of one or more claims of the Patent-in-Suit by Defendant's customers;
- D. An award of damages to be paid by Defendant adequate to compensate Plaintiff for its past infringement and any continuing or future infringement up until the date such judgment is entered, including interest, costs, and disbursements as justified under 35 U.S.C. § 284 and, if necessary to adequately compensate Plaintiff for Defendant's infringement, an accounting of all infringing sales including, but not limited to, those sales not presented at trial;
- E. That, should Defendant's acts of infringement be found to be willful from the time that Defendant became aware of the infringing nature of its actions, the Court award treble damages for the period of such willful infringement pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284.

- F. A grant of permanent injunction pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 283, enjoining the Defendant from further acts of infringement with respect to the claims of the Patent-in-Suit;
- G. That this Court declare this to be an exceptional case and award Plaintiff its reasonable attorneys' fees and costs in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 285; and,
- H. Any further relief that this Court deems just and proper.

Respectfully submitted this 17th day of June 2013

Attorneys for Plaintiff
Joao Bock Transaction Systems, LLC



Maureen V. Abbey
HENINGER GARRISON DAVIS, LLC
NY Bar No. MA-1562
5 Penn Plaza, 23rd Floor
New York, New York 10001
Telephone: (212) 896-3876
Facsimile: (908) 301-9008
Email: maureen@hgdllawfirm.com

Steven W. Ritcheson, *Pro Hac Vice* Anticipated
HENINGER GARRISON DAVIS, LLC
9800 D Topanga Canyon Blvd. #347
Chatsworth, California 91311
Telephone: (818) 882-1030
Facsimile: (818) 337-0383
Email: switcheson@hgdllawfirm.com