

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE**

INTELLECTUAL VENTURES II, LLC,

Plaintiff,

v.

AT&T MOBILITY LLC; AT&T  
MOBILITY II LLC; NEW CINGULAR  
WIRELESS SERVICES, INC.; SBC  
INTERNET SERVICES, INC.; AND  
WAYPORT, INC.,

Defendants.

Civil Action No. 13-cv-\_\_\_\_-LPS

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

**SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT**

Pursuant to the Court's Order dated March 26, 2013 (D.I. 59), Plaintiff Intellectual Ventures II, LLC, for its Second Amended Complaint against Defendants AT&T Mobility LLC (d/b/a AT&T Mobility), AT&T Mobility II LLC (d/b/a AT&T Mobility), New Cingular Wireless Services, Inc. (d/b/a AT&T Mobility) (collectively, "AT&T Mobility"), SBC Internet Services, Inc. (d/b/a AT&T Entertainment Services, AT&T Internet Services, and Pacific Bell Internet Services), and Wayport, Inc., (d/b/a AT&T Wi-Fi Services) (AT&T Mobility, SBC Internet Services, Inc., and Wayport, Inc. are referred to herein collectively as "AT&T"), hereby alleges as follows:

**PARTIES**

1. Intellectual Ventures II is a Delaware limited liability company with its principal place of business located in Bellevue, Washington.

2. Defendant AT&T Mobility, LLC, formerly named Cingular Wireless, LLC, is a Delaware limited liability company and a wholly-owned subsidiary of AT&T, Inc., with its principal place of business at 5565 Glenridge Connector, Atlanta, Georgia 30342. AT&T Mobility, LLC does business under at least the name of AT&T Mobility.

3. Defendant AT&T Mobility II, LLC, formerly named Cingular Wireless II, LLC, is a Delaware limited liability company and a wholly-owned subsidiary of AT&T, Inc., with its principal place of business at 5565 Glenridge Connector, Suite 1700, Atlanta, GA 30342. AT&T Mobility II, LLC does business under at least the name of AT&T Mobility.

4. Defendant New Cingular Wireless Services, Inc., formerly named AT&T Wireless Services Inc., is a Delaware company and a wholly-owned subsidiary of AT&T, Inc., with its principal place of business at 7277 164th Avenue NE, Redmond, WA 98052-7823. New Cingular Wireless Services, Inc. does business under at least the name of AT&T Mobility. Defendants AT&T Mobility LLC, AT&T Mobility II LLC, and New Cingular Wireless Services, Inc. shall be referred to collectively as “AT&T Mobility.” On information and belief, all three of the companies doing business as AT&T Mobility have overlapping or shared legal departments and/or services. Therefore, notice to one company constitutes notice to all AT&T Mobility companies.

5. Defendant SBC Internet Services, Inc. (“SBC Internet”) is a California corporation with a principal place of business at 1010 N. Saint Mary’s St., San Antonio, Texas 78215. SBC Internet does business under at least the following names: AT&T Entertainment Services, AT&T Internet Services, and Pacific Bell Internet Services. SBC Internet is a wholly owned subsidiary of AT&T Inc.

6. Defendant Wayport, Inc. is a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business at 6363 N. State Highway 161, Suite 650, Irving, Texas 75038. Wayport, Inc. does business under at least the following names: AT&T Wi-Fi Services. Wayport, Inc. is a wholly owned subsidiary of AT&T Inc.

#### **NATURE OF THE ACTION**

7. This is a civil action for the infringement of U.S. Patent No. 5,339,352 (the “Patent-in-Suit”) under the Patent Laws of the United States, 35 U.S.C. § 1 *et seq.*

#### **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

8. This Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a) because this action arises under the patent laws of the United States, including 35 U.S.C. § 271 *et seq.*

9. This Court has personal jurisdiction over AT&T because it has committed acts of infringement in this District in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271, and has placed infringing products into the stream of commerce with the knowledge and/or understanding that such products are used and sold in this District. These acts have caused and continue to cause injury to Intellectual Ventures II within the District. AT&T derives substantial revenue from the sale of infringing services and products distributed within the District, and/or expects or should reasonably expect its actions to have consequences within the District, and derives substantial revenue from interstate and international commerce.

10. AT&T maintains places of business within the District from which it sells products or services to residents of the District. Additionally, AT&T provides telecommunications services to customers through base stations, switching equipment and other components of their telecommunications networks, which are located in the District.

11. Further, AT&T Mobility and Wayport, Inc. are subject to this Court's jurisdiction by virtue of their incorporation in Delaware and their decision to avail themselves of the laws and protections of this District.

12. Venue is proper in this District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391 and 1400(b).

### **THE PATENT-IN-SUIT**

13. Paragraphs 1-12 are reincorporated by reference as if fully set forth herein.

14. On August 16, 1994, United States Patent No. 5,339,352 (“the ’352 Patent”), titled “Directory Assistance Call Completion Via Mobile Systems,” was duly and lawfully issued by the United States Patent and Trademark Office (“PTO”). The ’352 Patent is attached hereto as Exhibit G.

15. Intellectual Ventures II owns all substantial right, title, and interest in the ’352 Patent, and holds the right to sue and recover damages for infringement thereof, including past infringement.

### **FACTUAL BACKGROUND**

#### **Intellectual Ventures**

16. Intellectual Ventures Management, LLC (“Intellectual Ventures”) was founded in 2000. Since its founding, Intellectual Ventures has been deeply involved in the business of invention. Intellectual Ventures creates inventions and files patent applications for those inventions; collaborates with others to develop and patent inventions; and acquires and licenses patents from individual inventors, universities, and other institutions. A significant aspect of Intellectual Ventures’ business is managing Intellectual Ventures II.

17. Intellectual Ventures’ business includes purchasing important inventions from individual inventors and institutions and then licensing the inventions to those who need them.

Through this business, Intellectual Ventures allows inventors to reap a financial reward from their innovations, a frequently difficult task for individual inventors. To date, Intellectual Ventures has built a portfolio of more than 35,000 assets and more than 3,000 of those patents and patent applications are the result of Intellectual Ventures' own invention efforts, both in-house and with Intellectual Ventures' inventor network. Intellectual Ventures has paid individual inventors more than \$400 million for their inventions. Intellectual Ventures, in turn, has earned more than \$2 billion by licensing these patents to some of the world's most innovative and successful technology companies who continue to use them to make computer equipment, software, semiconductor devices, consumer products, and a host of other products.

18. Intellectual Ventures also develops its own inventions. Intellectual Ventures has a staff of scientists and engineers who develop ideas in a broad range of fields, including agriculture, computer hardware, life sciences, medical devices, semiconductors, and software. Intellectual Ventures has invested millions of dollars developing such ideas and has filed hundreds of patent applications on its inventions every year, making it one of the top patent filers in the world. Intellectual Ventures also has invested in laboratory facilities to assist with the development and testing of new ideas.

19. Intellectual Ventures also develops inventions by collaborating with inventors and research institutions around the world. For example, Intellectual Ventures has developed inventions by selecting a technical challenge, requesting proposals for inventions to solve the challenge from inventors and institutions, selecting the most promising ideas, rewarding the inventors and institutions for their contributions, and filing patent applications on the ideas. Intellectual Ventures has invested millions of dollars in this way and has created a network of more than 3000 inventors worldwide.

**The National Telecommunications Network**

20. AT&T Mobility is in the business of selling and offering for sale mobile phones and wireless phone services to customers throughout the United States, including the state of Delaware.

21. SBC Internet Services, Inc. provides wireless access to the Internet via certain AT&T high-speed Wi-Fi internet access points.

22. Wayport, Inc. offers services that include customized Wi-Fi design, quality of service and bandwidth management, AT&T Wi-Fi Area Network, AT&T Wi-Fi Services Conference Solutions, and CCE Kiosk.

23. Other wireless service carriers and related entities offer similar products and services, including T-Mobile USA, Inc. (“T-Mobile”); Nextel Operations, Inc. (“Nextel”), Sprint Spectrum L.P. (d/b/a/ Sprint PCS) (“Sprint PCS”) (Nextel and Sprint PCS collectively, “Sprint”); United States Cellular Corporation, and Telephone and Data Systems, Inc., (United States Cellular Corporation and Telephone and Data Systems, Inc., collectively “U.S. Cellular”). As used herein, “Carriers” will refer to AT&T Mobility, T-Mobile, Sprint, and U.S. Cellular.

24. Collectively, the Carriers have created an integrated national network for the provision of wireless telecommunication services to their customers. Through bilateral agreements, participation in standard bodies and cooperation in the adoption of compatible technology, the Carriers have created a national telecommunications network allowing customers of each Carrier to communicate with each other over a vast wireless network. The national wireless network is, in effect, one giant data communications network, from which each of the Carriers gains significant advantage and revenue.

25. The Carriers have entered into a series of inter-carrier agreements through which they act as the agents for each other, and are contractually obligated to each other, in connection

with the provision of wireless telecommunication services and have jointly created an infringing system. By way of example:

26. AT&T Wireless, Cingular Wireless (on information and belief, entities which became AT&T Mobility), Nextel, Sprint PCS, T-Mobile, and U.S. Cellular agreed to create a system for the transfer of MMS messages through a national inter-carrier system. An MMS message is a multimedia message, containing a picture, video or multimedia attachment, and which can be sent from a mobile phone to another mobile phone, and there are billions of such messages sent each year.

27. CTIA-The Wireless Association® is an international nonprofit membership organization that has represented the wireless communications industry since 1984. *See* <http://www.ctia.org/aboutCTIA/>. Pursuant to guidelines agreed to by the Carriers, they created a system to enable the transfer of “phone number addressed mobile-to-mobile MMS messages across participating wireless carrier networks in the U.S.” Inter-Carrier MMS Messaging Guidelines, Feature Set & Interfaces, Revision: 1.0, Date: October 21, 2004 (attached as Exhibit P) at p.6.

28. As stated in the Inter-Carrier MMS Messaging Guidelines: “The purpose of MMS Interoperability is to ensure that carriers can pass mobile originated Multimedia Messages (MMS) across participating carriers’ networks. The group’s objective is to identify and define the involved interfaces, and to agree upon a common feature set that will be supported by all participating carriers.” *Id.*

29. On July 7, 2005, T-Mobile USA Inc., Cingular Wireless L.L.C., and Sprint PCS announced that their networks were now MMS interoperable. “T-Mobile USA Inc. users can exchange pictures and video clips with subscribers of both Cingular Wireless L.L.C. and Sprint

PCS, the three carriers announced.” *See T-Mobile USA, Cingular make MMS interoperability announcements*, located at <http://www.rcrwireless.com/article/20050707/sub/t-mobile-usa-cingular-make-mms-interoperability-announcements/> (attached as Exhibit Q).

30. In a press release on July 7, 2005 T-Mobile explained further the agreement with Sprint: “It's called Multimedia Messaging Services (MMS) interoperability. It allows T-Mobile and Sprint customers to send and receive picture messages across carriers.” *See T-Mobile USA and Sprint Make it a Snap for Customers to Share Pictures and Text Messages - Sprint and T-Mobile Customers can use Wireless Phones to Exchange Picture Messages*, T-Mobile press release, July 7, 2005, located at <http://newsroom.t-mobile.com/articles/t-mobile-Sprint-MMS> (attached as Exhibit R).

31. Upon information and belief, AT&T Mobility has agreed with the other Carriers to deliver their MMS messages to AT&T Mobility's customers pursuant to the CTIA Guidelines.

32. Upon information and belief, U.S. Cellular has agreed with the other Carriers to deliver their MMS messages to U.S. Cellular's customers pursuant to the CTIA Guidelines.

33. The Carriers act as agents for each other, and are contractually obligated to each other, in the transmission of inter-carrier MMS messages. Each wireless carrier thus facilitates and encourages the others to engage in infringing acts in relation to the transfer of MMS messages.

34. Upon information and belief, the Carriers transfer traffic between each other, thereby acting as agents for the completion of calls pursuant to their contractual obligations in their roaming agreements. In particular, upon information and belief, starting at least as early as April 2003, T-Mobile and AT&T Mobility entered into one or more roaming agreement which allow T-Mobile wireless customers to complete calls through the AT&T Mobility's network, and



AT&T Mobility customers to complete calls through the T-Mobile wireless network. Each wireless carrier which completes calls for the other acts as an agent for the other, and fulfills their contractual obligations, in completing the calls.

35. Upon information and belief, the Carriers share amongst each other phone numbers and identification information which allows them to identify whether a call originating in one carrier's network is to be completed in another carrier's network and routing information which allows the smooth transfer of calls, SMS text messages and MMS messages between networks. Carriers update this information on a regular basis to insure the smooth transfer of calls between carriers.

36. Upon information and belief, the Carriers have agreed bilaterally or through participation in standards bodies to use Intellectual Ventures' patented technology in violation of Intellectual Ventures' patent rights.

### **COUNT I**

#### **(Infringement of the '352 Patent)**

37. Paragraphs 1-36 are incorporated by reference as if fully restated herein.

38. AT&T Mobility has infringed the '352 Patent, literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, by using or performing one or more of the method claims without authority and in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a). Among the infringing services is AT&T Mobility's 411 service for wireless carriers.

39. Intellectual Ventures II has suffered damage as a result of AT&T Mobility's infringement of the '352 Patent.

### **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

WHEREFORE, Intellectual Ventures II respectfully requests the following relief:

- a) A judgment that U.S. Patent No. 5,339,352 is valid and enforceable.
- b) A judgment that AT&T Mobility has infringed the '352 Patent;
- c) An order enjoining AT&T and its officers, agents, servants and employees, privies, and all persons in active concert or participation with it, from further infringement of said patent;
- d) A judgment that Intellectual Ventures II be awarded all appropriate damages under 35 U.S.C. § 284 for AT&T's past infringement, and any continuing or future infringement of the Patent-in-Suit, up until the date such judgment is entered, including pre and post judgment interest, costs, and disbursements as justified under 35 U.S.C. § 284 and, if necessary to adequately compensate Intellectual Ventures II for AT&T's infringement, an accounting:
  - i) that this case be declared exceptional within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285 and that Intellectual Ventures II be awarded its reasonable attorneys' fees that it incurs in prosecuting this action;
  - ii) that Intellectual Ventures II be awarded costs and expenses that it incurs in prosecuting this action; and
  - iii) that Intellectual Ventures II be awarded such further relief at law or in equity as the Court deems just and proper.

**DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL**

Intellectual Ventures II hereby demands trial by jury on all claims and issues so triable.

DATED: September 23, 2013

Respectfully submitted,

FARNAN LLP

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