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21	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
22	DISTRICT OF NEVADA	
23	RUBBERMAID COMMERCIAL) CASE NO.:
24	PRODUCTS LLC, Plaintiff,)) COMPLAINT
25	vs.) (JURY DEMAND)
26	TRUST COMMERCIAL PRODUCTS and TAIZHOU YINSHAN BRUSH CO., LTD)))
27	Defendants.))

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Plaintiff Rubbermaid Commercial Products LLC ("Rubbermaid") hereby states its complaint against Defendants Trust Commercial Products ("Trust") and TaiZhou YinShan Brush Co., Ltd. ("Yinshan") (collectively "Defendants") as follows:

INTRODUCTION

1. This is an action for patent and copyright infringement arising from Defendants' systematic, brash, and willful infringement and copying of Rubbermaid's intellectual property relating to a number of housekeeping and material handling carts, and the catalog used to sell those products. This infringement is causing Rubbermaid immediate and irreparable harm, and Rubbermaid seeks this Court's assistance in putting an end to Defendants' unlawful actions. Accordingly, Rubbermaid seeks damages and injunctive relief for Defendants' willful infringement of Rubbermaid's patents and copyrighted material.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 2. The Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this action under the provisions of 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).
- 3. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendants based upon Defendants' contacts with this forum, including Defendants intentional conduct of business in Nevada, Defendants' exhibition and conducting of business at the 2013 ISSA Trade Show in Las Vegas, Nevada occurring on November 18–21, 2013, and Defendants' commission of infringing acts in Nevada that violate the laws of the United States. Such actions include, without limitation, importing, promoting, distributing, offering to sell, and selling products and works in the United States that infringe Rubbermaid's design patents and copyrights.
- 4. Venue in this district is proper pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391 (b), (c) and (d), 1400(b).

PARTIES

- 5. Rubbermaid Commercial Products LLC is a Delaware limited liability company with its principal place of business in Virginia. Rubbermaid's sole member is Rubbermaid Inc., an Ohio corporation with its principal place of business in North Carolina. Rubbermaid Inc. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Newell Rubbermaid Inc., a publicly traded company, and a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business in Georgia.
- 6. On information and belief, Defendant Trust Commercial Products is a Chinese corporation with a business address of Room 1101, Tianshan Mansion, No.30(A), Tianshan Road, Changning, Shanghai, China. Trust conducts business within this district, including without limitation by importing, marketing, promoting, and offering for sale infringing products in this District, and by copying a Rubbermaid brochure and disseminating the copied works within this District, including but not limited to at the 2013 ISSA Trade Show in Las Vegas, Nevada ("ISSA"), as described below.
- 7. On information and belief, Defendant TaiZhou YinShan Brush Co., Ltd is a Chinese corporation with a business address of 321Yinshan Road Huangyan 318020 Zhejiang China. Yinshan conducts business within this district, including without limitation by importing, marketing, promoting, and offering for sale infringing products in this District, and by copying the contents of a Rubbermaid brochure and disseminating the copied works within this District, including but not limited to at the 2013 ISSA Trade Show in Las Vegas, Nevada ("ISSA"), as described below.

THE RUBBERMAID PATENTS AND COPYRIGHTED MATERIAL

8. Rubbermaid is a leading manufacturer and designer of housekeeping and material handling carts. Rubbermaid has invested time and significant monetary and employee resources

in designing and developing these ideas and products, and has a reasonable expectation of exclusivity in the marketplace based on the intellectual property laws of the United States.

- 9. In recognition of Rubbermaid's innovation, Rubbermaid has received a number of awards and accolades. For example, Rubbermaid won a 2011 ISSA Innovation Award for its HYGENTM Clean Water System. The HYGENTM Clean Water System is a breakthrough floor-cleaning product that features an integrated water filter, which allows cleaning solutions to be used for longer durations during a cleaning task. Likewise, Rubbermaid's Collapsible X-Cart is on the 2013 ISSA Innovation Awards supplies ballot. Awards and nominations such as these demonstrate Rubbermaid's position as an industry leader.
- 10. Many of the carts Rubbermaid sells embody the various design patents belonging to Rubbermaid. As set forth below, there are four patents at issue in this action.
- 11. The United States Patent Office issued United States Design Patent Number D474570, entitled "Housekeeping Cart", (the "570 Patent") to inventors Donald Presnell, David M. Doberszyn, and Dale T. Maza on May 13, 2003. The named inventors assigned the '570 Patent to Rubbermaid. The '570 Patent is attached as Exhibit A.
- 12. The United States Patent Office issued United States Design Patent Number D618418, entitled "Utility Cart", (the "'418 Patent") to inventors Mark Allen Catron and Jared Matola on June 22, 2010. The named inventors assigned the '418 Patent to Rubbermaid. The '418 Patent is attached as Exhibit B.
- 13. The United States Patent Office issued United States Design Patent Number D618419, entitled "Utility Cart", (the "'419 Patent") to inventors Mark Allen Catron and Jared Matola on June 22, 2010. The named inventors assigned the '419 Patent to Rubbermaid. The '419 Patent is attached as Exhibit C.

- 14. The United States Patent Office issued United States Design Patent Number D487604, entitled "Cart", (the "'604 Patent") to inventor Alfred Reneau Van Landingham, Jr., on March 16, 2004. The named inventor assigned the '604 Patent to Rubbermaid. The '604 Patent is attached as Exhibit D.
- 15. These '570, '418, '419, and '604 Patents together are collectively referred to as the "Asserted Patents."
- 16. The Asserted Patents show an ornamental design and are novel and non-obvious in light of the relevant prior art. Rubbermaid has never received any correspondence challenging the validity of the Asserted Patents.

RUBBERMAID PRACTICES ITS DESIGN PATENTS

- 17. Rubbermaid markets and sells products embodying the Asserted Patents throughout the United States. Such products include the housekeeping, material handling, and utility carts discussed below. Over the past two decades, Rubbermaid has established itself as a leader in the these product fields. Rubbermaid incorporates innovative features into all of its products, and in doing so Rubbermaid has created carts that offer quality that customers seek out.
- 18. Rubbermaid introduced the Classic Housekeeping Carts—one line of Rubbermaid's housekeeping carts—in 2002. The Classic Housekeeping Carts are used by large hotel chains across the United States, including the Wynn Hotel in Law Vegas, Nevada. The Classic Housekeeping Carts have become a significant revenue source, with sales generally fluctuating between \$3,000,000 and 5,000,000 per year. On an annual basis, Rubbermaid consistently claims the top or second-best market share in this product category.
- 19. The relevant Rubbermaid model numbers for the Classic Housekeeping Carts are 6189, 6191, and 9T19. Rubbermaid's Full Size Housekeeping Cart (one of Rubbermaid's Classic Housekeeping Carts) embodies the '570 Patent.

- 20. Rubbermaid also manufactures material handling carts that embody some of the Asserted Patents. Material handling carts are typically used by electricians, tradesmen, and maintenance professionals to transport various tools and supplies. Rubbermaid is leader in the material handling carts market. In the United States alone, Rubbermaid has sold thousands of these TradeMaster[®] Mobile Cabinets and Work Centers, and sales of this product generally average about \$1,000,000 per year.
- 21. The relevant Rubbermaid model numbers for these material handling carts are 4512-88, 4513-88, 4532-88, 4533-88, and 4548-88. Rubbermaid's TradeMaster[®] Mobile Cabinet and Work Center embodies the design of material handling cart shown in the '604 Patent.
- 22. Rubbermaid also makes the Flat Shelf Cart (which embodies the design shown in '418 Patent) and the Heavy Duty Utility Cart (which embodies the design of the utility cart shown in '419 Patent). The relevant Rubbermaid model numbers for the Flat Shelf Cart are 4505, 4525, and 4545. The relevant Rubbermaid model numbers for Heavy Duty Utility Cart are 4500-88, 4520-10, 4520-88, 4546, and 4546-10. The Flat Shelf and Heavy Duty Utility carts are some of Rubbermaid's most popular and top selling products, with domestic sales in excess of \$15 million every year.
- 23. Rubbermaid sells its products direct to end-users and through distributors throughout the world, including North America, South America, Asia, and Europe. Rubbermaid also uses trade shows, such as ISSA, to showcase its innovative products and ideas, network, and build distribution channels.
- 24. Also as part of its marketing and distribution system, Rubbermaid created and uses a catalog of products and descriptions (the "Rubbermaid Catalog") that customers use for ordering Rubbermaid products. Excerpts from Rubbermaid Catalog are attached as <u>Exhibit E</u>.

- 25. The Rubbermaid Catalog contains many of the images and textual descriptions contained in the Catalog are original to Rubbermaid, and created by Rubbermaid. For example, Rubbermaid created and distributed a sales brochure (the "Rubbermaid Brochure") related to its material handling carts. The Rubbermaid Brochure and artwork, photographs, images and, textual descriptions contained therein are the original works of Rubbermaid and are entitled to copyright protection under the copyright laws of the United States, 17 U.S.C. §§ 101, et.seq. The Rubbermaid Brochure is attached as Exhibit F.
- 26. To that end, on November 14, 2013 Rubbermaid submitted the application for copyright protection of the Rubbermaid Brochure, which illustrates the flat carts offered for sale by Rubbermaid and which correlate the illustrations with descriptions associated with the products. Rubbermaid completed and submitted the appropriate paperwork and submitted the requisite copies of the Rubbermaid Brochure to the United States Copyright office. A copy of the completed copyright application is attached as Exhibit G. Rubbermaid understands that the United States Copyright Office received the completed application on the same day it was filed.
- 27. Rubbermaid has used its Rubbermaid Brochure as part of its marketing plan. Rubbermaid has widely distributed the Rubbermaid Brochure and Catalog to customers and distributors throughout the world, including by disseminating the Brochure at various trade shows such as ISSA and by making them available on Rubbermaid's website.

DEFENDANTS' INFRINGING ACTIONS

28. Defendants manufacture products in China. Defendants advertise and offer for sale products in the United States, including their Grandmaid Housekeeping Carts, Bitbar Mobile Work Center, Bitbar Utility Carts, and Bitbar Flat-shelf Carts (collectively the "Accused Products"), that infringe the Asserted Patents.

- 29. For several years, Rubbermaid purchased toilet brushes and other products from Defendant Yinshan. Yinshan now uses the brand name "Trust" and "Trust Commercial Products." Under that brand name, Defendants have manufactured, imported, and offered for sale in the United States carts (among other products) that constitute infringements of the Asserted Patents.
- 30. Defendants have further intentionally, and without Rubbermaid's authorization, copied the Rubbermaid Brochure, and distributed and disseminated that catalog to customers in an effort to obtain additional sales of Defendants' products.
- 31. Upon discovering Defendants' infringing activities and deceit, Rubbermaid made the decision to terminate its business relationship with Defendant Yinshan. This termination process is ongoing.
- 32. Specific examples of the Accused Products are compared to the Asserted Patents and the Rubbermaid Products in the Figures below. For each Figure, the relevant Rubbermaid Product is on the left, the Asserted Patent Figure is in the center, and the Accused Product is on the right. Notably, however, because Defendants do not provide identifying indicia on all of their Accused Products and because Rubbermaid has not been able to secure an image of each Accused Product, the Figures may not set forth all of Defendants' infringements.
- 33. Defendants' Grandmaid Housekeeping Cart infringes the '570 Patent. As is evident from Figure 1 below, an ordinary observer would find that Defendants' product embodies the design set forth in the '570 Patent. For example, Defendants' Grandmaid Housekeeping Cart incorporates the same overall shape, configuration, and proportionality of Rubbermaid's patented design. Both designs include a top shelf complete with cantilevered wings on each side of the shelf and vertical dividers that partition the surface of the top shelf. Moreover, the bottom shelves of Defendants' Grandmaid Housekeeping Cart, Rubbermaid's

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Classic Housekeeping Cart, and the '570 patent are virtual identical to each other. Grandmaid Housekeeping cart incorporates additional aspects of Rubbermaid's patented design that contribute to the overall similarities of the designs.

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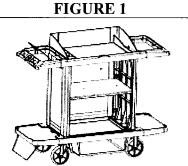
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Rubbermaid Full Size Housekeeping Cart

Rubbermaid

TradeMaster® Mobile

Cabinet and Work Center



'570 Patent



Defendants' Grandmaid Housekeeping Cart

34. Defendants' Bitbar Mobile Work Center infringes the '604 Patent. As is evident from Figure 2 below, an ordinary observer would find that Defendants' product embodies the design set forth in the '604 Patent. For example, both designs show a top shelf that is lined on three sides by short perimeter walls. The designs also contain substantially similar handles and storage compartments near those handles, and the entire structure of Defendants' design is strikingly similar to Rubbermaid's. The Bitbar Utility Cart incorporates additional aspects of Rubbermaid's patented design that contribute to the overall similarities of the designs.

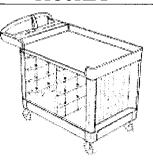
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FIGURE 2

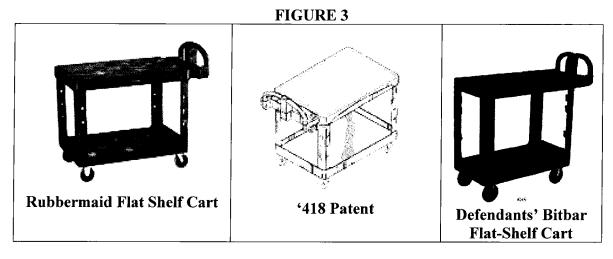


'604 Patent

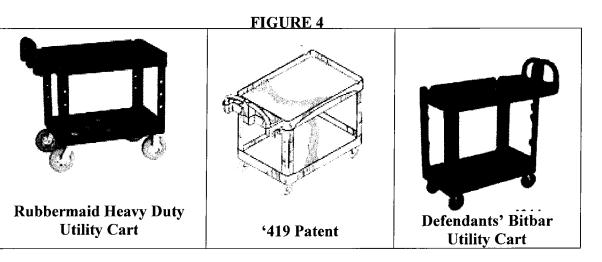


Defendants' Bitbar **Mobile Work Center**

35. Defendants' Bitbar Flat-Shelf Cart infringes the '418 Patent. As is evident from Figure 3 below, an ordinary observer would find that Defendants' product embodies the design set forth in the '418 Patent. For example, Defendants' Accused Product and the Rubbermaid Patent and Product all show a flat top deck, with a particularly-shaped handle extending off the top deck in a flat plane. The shapes of the handles along with the overall designs are substantially similar. The Bitbar Flat-Shelf Cart incorporates additional aspects of Rubbermaid's patented design that contribute to the overall similarities of the designs.



36. Defendants' Bitbar Utility Cart infringes the '419 Patent. As is evident from Figure 4 below, an ordinary observer would find that Defendants' product embodies the design set forth in the '419 Patent. For example, the designs show a top deck that is surrounded on all four sides by short perimeter walls. Each design also shows the same shaped handle design that juts out of one of the short walls. The Bitbar Utility Cart incorporates additional aspects of Rubbermaid's patented design that contribute to the overall similarities of the designs.



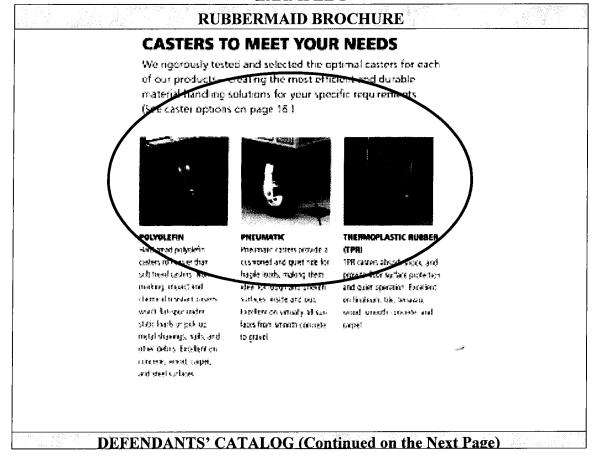
- 37. The Accused Products compete with Rubbermaid's products embodying the Asserted Patents.
- 38. Upon information and belief, Defendants proudly advertise that they once made products for Rubbermaid, and that in promoting the Accused Products, Defendants promise that their products are of the same quality as Rubbermaid's products. Defendants then offer to beat Rubbermaid's standard pricing.
- 39. Rubbermaid customers have pointed to the availability of the Accused Products when negotiating the purchase price with Rubbermaid. Therefore, the availability of the Accused Products lowers the purchase price Rubbermaid could otherwise command in a fair market.
- 40. Several of Rubbermaid's component suppliers have reported that Defendants have contacted them seeking to purchase the exact same parts Rubbermaid uses in its products. This has caused irreparable damage to Rubbermaid's good will and reputation.
- 41. In marketing these Accused Products, Defendants use a catalog that has copied the some of the specific images and textual descriptions of the Rubbermaid Brochure.
- 42. Defendants have then distributed these copied materials to their own customers.

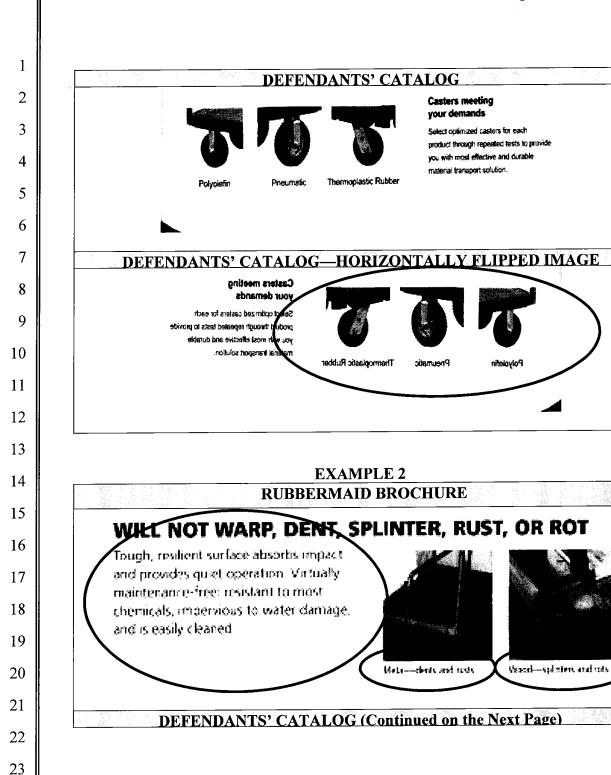
 Those copied pages of Defendants' catalog are virtually identical to the images, photographs,

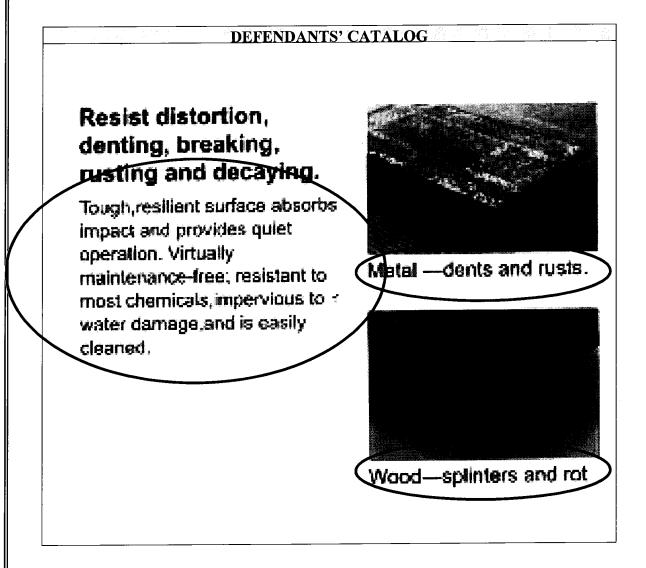
artwork, and textual descriptions of the Rubbermaid Brochure. Excerpts from the Defendants' Catalog are attached as Exhibit H.

- 43. This copying and distribution was done without authorization from Rubbermaid.
- 44. While there are number of similarities between Rubbermaid's Brochure and Defendants' Catalog, two particularly egregious examples follow:

EXAMPLE 1







45. On information and belief, Defendants have committed these acts of patent and copyright infringement willfully, and with the intent to deceive consumers and cause confusion in the marketplace as to the actual source and sponsorship of goods. Defendants knew or should have known of Rubbermaid's intellectual property rights discussed above, and have deliberately and willfully infringed on those rights by copying the Rubbermaid Design Patents and the Brochure.

DEFENDANTS' PRESENCE AT ISSA

46. From November 18–21, 2013, the 2013 ISSA/Interclean North America tradeshow ("ISSA") is taking place Las Vegas, Nevada. ISSA is the leading cleaning-industry-

professionals convention in North America. The show draws thousands of exhibitors and attendees from around the world.

- 47. Rubbermaid attends and exhibits at trade shows like ISSA in order to showcase and demonstrate its innovative designs and products, take product orders, network with attendees, and sell products. In many instances, the ISSA show is the only face-to-face contact Rubbermaid has with its customers and business associates. Rubbermaid has attended every ISSA trade show for at least the last twenty years.
- 48. This year, Defendants are exhibiting and offering to sell their products, including the Accused Products, at ISSA in Las Vegas, Nevada. Thus, Defendants offered for sale products infringing upon the Asserted Patents.
- 49. Defendants are also distributing their Catalog (which contains images and text are substantially similar to the Rubbermaid Brochure) to individuals who visit Defendants' booth at ISSA.
- 50. Upon information and belief, Defendants are attending and exhibiting at ISSA for the purpose of soliciting clients in the United States and obtaining orders for products, including the Accused Products. Moreover, Defendants are distributing their Catalog for the purpose of offering to sell the Accused Products. In other words, Defendants are offering to sell products and take orders at ISSA, and then return to China where they will manufacture the Accused Products and ship them back to customers both within and outside the United States.
- 51. Defendants have created the Accused Products that are infringements of the Asserted Patents, and are distributing their Catalog, for the purpose of unlawfully competing with Rubbermaid. Defendants' attempt to circumvent the intellectual property rights of Rubbermaid will cause irreparable harm to Rubbermaid in the form of loss of exclusive use of

their intellectual property rights, loss of market share, and an immeasurable blow to Rubbermaid's good will and reputation as a market leader.

52. Specifically, Rubbermaid is suffering irreparable harm because (1) injuries related to Rubbermaid's potential loss of market share, and loss of exclusive patent and copyright rights cannot be readily quantified and relief may never be forthcoming; (2) Defendants' infringement erodes and devalues Rubbermaid's intellectual property rights, and thereby inflicts injury to Rubbermaid's goodwill and reputation; and (3) Defendants are foreign companies with no U.S. presence or assets, so any monetary judgment would be uncollectible.

CAUSES OF ACTION

COUNT I (Patent Infringement of the '570 Patent)

- 53. Rubbermaid incorporates all paragraphs above by reference.
- 54. Without Rubbermaid's authorization, license, or consent, Defendants have made, used, offered to use, sold, and/or imported, and are continuing to make, use, offer to sell, sell, and/or import into the United States the Accused Product that constitute infringements of the Rubbermaid '570 Patent.
- 55. Upon information and belief, Defendants have and continue to induce others to infringe Rubbermaid's '570 Patent.
- 56. Defendants' infringement has been intentional and willful, making this an exceptional case.
- 57. Rubbermaid has been and continues to be irreparably harmed by Defendants' past and ongoing infringement of Rubbermaid's '570 Patent.
- 58. Defendants' infringement of Rubbermaid's patents has caused Rubbermaid to suffer damages in an amount to be determined at trial.

COUNT II (Patent Infringement of the '604 Patent)

- 59. Rubbermaid incorporates all paragraphs above by reference.
- 60. Without Rubbermaid's authorization, license, or consent, Defendants have made, used, offered to use, sold, and/or imported, and are continuing to make, use, offer to sell, sell, and/or import into the United States the Accused Product that constitute infringements of the Rubbermaid '604 Patent.
- 61. Upon information and belief, Defendants have and continue to induce others to infringe Rubbermaid's '604 Patent.
- 62. Defendants' infringement has been intentional and willful, making this an exceptional case.
- 63. Rubbermaid has been and continues to be irreparably harmed by Defendants' past and ongoing infringement of Rubbermaid's '604 Patent.
- 64. Defendants' infringement of Rubbermaid's patents has caused Rubbermaid to suffer damages in an amount to be determined at trial.

COUNT III (Patent Infringement of the '418 Patent)

- 65. Rubbermaid incorporates all paragraphs above by reference.
- 66. Without Rubbermaid's authorization, license, or consent, Defendants have made, used, offered to use, sold, and/or imported, and are continuing to make, use, offer to sell, sell, and/or import into the United States the Accused Product that constitute infringements of the Rubbermaid'418 Patent.
- 67. Upon information and belief, Defendants have and continue to induce others to infringe Rubbermaid's '418 Patent.

- 68. Defendants' infringement has been intentional and willful, making this an exceptional case.
- 69. Rubbermaid has been and continues to be irreparably harmed by Defendants' past and ongoing infringement of Rubbermaid's '418 Patent.
- 70. Defendants' infringement of Rubbermaid's patents has caused Rubbermaid to suffer damages in an amount to be determined at trial.

COUNT IV (Patent Infringement of the '419 Patent)

- 71. Rubbermaid incorporates all paragraphs above by reference.
- 72. Without Rubbermaid's authorization, license, or consent, Defendants have made, used, offered to use, sold, and/or imported, and are continuing to make, use, offer to sell, sell, and/or import into the United States the Accused Product that constitute infringements of the Rubbermaid '419 Patent.
- 73. Upon information and belief, Defendants have and continue to induce others to infringe Rubbermaid's '419 Patent.
- 74. Defendants' infringement has been intentional and willful, making this an exceptional case.
- 75. Rubbermaid has been and continues to be irreparably harmed by Defendants' past and ongoing infringement of Rubbermaid's '419 Patent.
- 76. Defendants' infringement of Rubbermaid's patents has caused Rubbermaid to suffer damages in an amount to be determined at trial.

COUNT V (Copyright Infringement)

77. Rubbermaid incorporates all paragraphs above by reference.

- 78. Rubbermaid applied for registration of the copyright for the Rubbermaid Brochure on November 14, 2013. That application is currently pending with the United States Copyright Office.
- 79. The Rubbermaid Brochure is the independent creation of Rubbermaid, and was created using the expenditure of significant time, talent, creativity, and energy. The Rubbermaid Brochure consists of original material and copyrightable subject matter under the copyright laws of the United States, 17 U.S.C. §§ 101, et. seq.
- 80. The Rubbermaid Brochure was widely disseminated to the public and Defendants had open and easy access to the work.
- 81. Without authorization Defendants copied, distributed and disseminated essential elements of the Rubbermaid Brochure for its own use and benefit, including, but not limited to in Defendants' Catalog. Defendants' infringing materials are so similar to the Rubbermaid's work as to appropriate its substance and value.
- 82. Defendants knew or should have known that copying, distributing, public display of, and creating derivative works from material owned by Rubbermaid infringes Rubbermaid's copyright. The actions of Defendants constitute willful copyright infringement in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 501.
- 83. Defendants' acts of infringement have caused and will continue to cause damage to Rubbermaid, and are causing irreparable harm to Rubbermaid for which there is no adequate remedy at law.
- 84. As a result of Defendants' actions, Plaintiff has suffered actual and consequential damages, in an amount to be determined at trial.

PRELIMINARY AND PERMANENT INJUNCTION

85. Rubbermaid incorporates all paragraphs above by reference.

- 86. Immediate and irreparable injury will result to Rubbermaid unless this Court enters a Temporary Restraining Order and Injunction, pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 65, enjoining Defendants and its agents, servants, employees, attorneys, subsidiaries and any other individual or entity in active concert or participation with it who receives actual notice of the order, from (1) infringing, inducing others to infringe, or contributing to the infringement of the Asserted Patents, including the manufacture, use, sale, importation, and offer to sell the Accused Products; and (2) copying the Rubbermaid Brochure and infringing on Rubbermaid's copyright, and distributing and disseminating the copied material.
- 87. Defendants' attempt to circumvent the intellectual property rights of Rubbermaid is causing irreparable harm to Rubbermaid because (1) injuries related to Rubbermaid's potential loss of market share, and loss of exclusive patent and copyright rights cannot be readily quantified and relief may never be forthcoming; (2) Defendants' infringement erodes and devalues Rubbermaid's intellectual property rights, and thereby inflicts injury to Rubbermaid's goodwill and reputation; and (3) Defendants are foreign companies with no U.S. presence or assets, so any monetary judgment would be uncollectible.
- 88. Rubbermaid has a likelihood of success on the merits given that there is no dispute that Defendants have directly infringed and continue to infringe the Asserted Patents by making, using, importing, offering to sell, and selling (directly or through intermediaries) products embodying one or more claims of the Asserted Patents, including without limitation the Accused Products in the United States and specifically at ISSA. Rubbermaid is also likely to succeed on the merits of the copyright claim because Defendants directly copied Rubbermaid's copyrighted material (i.e., the Rubbermaid Brochure) and have distributed the copied work in the United States at ISSA.

89. In view of the damages Rubbermaid has sustained, and will continue to sustain, as a result of Defendants' infringement. Rubbermaid has no adequate remedy at law.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Rubbermaid prays that the Court enter judgment as follows:

- A. Holding that Defendants have infringed claims of the Asserted Patents;
- B. Holding that Defendants have infringed the Rubbermaid Copyright;
- C. Holding that Defendants' infringement was willful;
- D. Entering a Temporary Restraining Order, and preliminarily and permanently enjoining Defendants and its respective agents, servants, officers, directors, employees and all persons acting in concert with them, directly or indirectly, from infringing, inducing others to infringe, or contributing to the infringement of the Rubbermaid Designs Patents and the Copyright, including, but not limited to, ordering that Defendants cease using or showing their catalog in offering to sell the Accused Products at ISSA;
- E. Ordering destruction of the means employed by Defendants to commit the acts of infringement complained above, including destruction of molds used to make the Accused Products;
- F. Ordering Defendants to account for and pay to Rubbermaid the damages to which Rubbermaid is entitled as a consequence of Defendants' infringement of the Asserted Patents and Copyright, in an amount to be determined at trial;
 - G. Awarding all statutory damages permitted by law;
- H. Awarding punitive and/or enhanced damages for Defendants' willful infringement;

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- I. Awarding Rubbermaid prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest on any damages awarded by reason of Defendants' infringement of the Asserted Patents and/or Copyright;
- J. Awarding Rubbermaid its costs incurred in bringing and maintaining this action, including reasonable attorney fees;
- K. Awarding such other and further relief as this Court may deem just, proper and equitable.

JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff demands a trial by jury pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 38.

Dated this 19th day of November, 2013.

COTTON, DRIGGS, WALCH, HOLLEY, WOLOSON & THOMPSON

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