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8	Attorneys for Plaintiffs					
9	UNITED STATES	DISTRICT COUR	T			
10	SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA					
11	THERMOLIFE INTERNATIONAL, LLC, and THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF	Case No. 13-cv-1	015 JLS (MDD)			
12	THE LELAND STANFORD JUNIOR UNIVERSITY,	AMENDED CON PATENT INFRI				
13	Plaintiffs,	JURY TRIAL DI				
14	VS.					
15	VITAL PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.,					
16	Defendant					
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Plaintiffs ThermoLlife International, LLC and The Board of Trustees of the Leland Stanford Junior University ("Plaintiffs") hereby allege for their Complaint 2 against Vital Pharmaceuticals, Inc. ("Defendant"), on personal knowledge as to their 3 own activities and on information and belief as to the activities of others, as follows: 4

THE PARTIES I.

Plaintiff ThermoLife International, LLC ("ThermoLife") is a limited 1. liability company organized and existing under the laws of Arizona, with a place of business at 1811 Ocean Front Walk in Venice, California, 90291.

2. Plaintiff The Board of Trustees of the Leland Stanford Junior University ("Stanford University") is an institution of higher education having powers under the laws of the State of California, with a place of business at 1705 El Camino Real in Palo Alto, California, 94306-1106.

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Thermolife is the exclusive licensee of the following United States Patents: a. Patent No. 6,117,872, titled "Enhancement of Exercise Performance by Augmenting Endogenous Nitric Oxide Production or Activity";

- b. Patent No. 5,891,459, titled "Enhancement of Vascular Function By Modulation of Endogenous Nitric Oxide Production or Activity"; and
- c. Patent No. 7,452,916, titled "Enhancement of Vascular Function By Modulation of Endogenous Nitric Oxide Production or Activity."

4. The above patents are owned by Stanford University and ThermoLife exclusively licenses the patents from Stanford University. ThermoLife is pursuing this action and ThermoLife has the right to join Stanford as a necessary party.

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The above patents are referred to herein as the "patents in suit."

Thermolife has been given the right by Stanford University to institute suit 6. with respect to infringement of the patents in suit, including this suit against Defendant.

7. Defendant is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of 26 Florida with a principal place of business at 1600 North Park Drive in Weston, Florida, 27 33326-3210. 28

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8. Defendant does business as VPX.

II. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

9. This is an action for patent infringement arising under the patent laws of the United States, Title 35 of the United States Code. Accordingly, this Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1338, and 1367.

10. Venue is proper in this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391 and 1400.

11. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant. By way of example 7 and without limitation, Defendant, directly or through intermediaries (including 8 distributors, retailers, and others), makes, manufactures, ships, distributes, advertises, 9 markets, offers for sale, and/or sells dietary supplement products that infringe on one or 10 more claims of the patents in suit (hereinafter the "accused products"), which include 11 without limitation products sold under the "AEX NO," "NO Shotgun V3," "NO 12 Shotgun MHF-1," and "NO Synthesize" brand names, in the United States, the State of 13 California, and the Southern District of California. 14

15 12. By way of further example and without limitation, Defendant has
purposefully and voluntarily placed the accused products into the stream of commerce
with the expectation that they will be purchased in the Southern District of California,
and the products are actually purchased in the Southern District of California.

III. THE DEFENDANT'S INFRINGEMENTS

13. Defendant has committed the tort of patent infringement within the State of California, and more particularly, within the Southern District of California, by virtue of the fact that Defendant has formulated, made, manufactured, shipped, distributed, advertised, offered for sale, and/or sold the accused products in this District, and continues to do so.

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A. DIRECT INFRINGEMENTS

14. Defendant's employees, agents, representatives and other persons
sponsored by or who endorse Defendant and Defendant's products in advertising and
marketing activities, have taken, used, and orally administered the accused products.

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1 15. The accused products are formulated, made, manufactured, shipped,
 2 distributed, advertised, offered for sale, and sold by Defendant to include certain
 3 ingredients that, by virtue of their inclusion in the products, infringe one or more claims
 4 of one or more of the patents in suit.

16. The accused products are formulated, made, manufactured, shipped, distributed, advertised, offered for sale, and sold by Defendant to include specific ingredients for certain purposes that, by virtue of their inclusion in the products for such purposes, infringe one or more claims of one or more of the patents in suit, and as a result, when Defendant's employees, agents, representatives and other persons sponsored by or who endorse Defendant and Defendant's products in advertising and marketing activities orally administer the accused products, they are practicing the methods disclosed in those claims.

17. These infringing ingredients, and/or combinations thereof, include, without
limitation, L-Arginine, Arginine Ethyl Ester, Cnidium Monnier, and Folic Acid, as set
forth on Defendant's labels.

16 18. The purposes for which these ingredients are included in the accused 17 products are, without limitation, to enhance nitric oxide production, to improve nitric 18 oxide activity, to produce nitric oxide, to boost nitric oxide levels in the body, and to 19 enhance physical performance.

19. Defendant has encouraged and/or is aware of the fact that its employees, 20 agents, representatives and other persons sponsored by Defendant or who endorse 21 Defendant and Defendant's products in advertising and marketing activities orally 22 administer the accused products and practice the methods disclosed in one or more 23 claim of one or more of the patents in suit, and these employees, agents, representatives 24 and other persons sponsored by Defendant or who endorse Defendant and Defendant's 25 products in advertising and marketing activities are acting under Defendant's direction 26 and control when practicing those methods. 27

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1 20. Therefore, Defendant is a direct infringer of one or more claims of one or 2 more of the patents in suit, and Defendant practices the methods as set forth in one or 3 more claims of one or more of the patents in suit.

B. INDIRECT INFRINGEMENTS

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5 21. End-users of Defendant's accused products are also direct infringers of one
6 or more claims of one or more of the patents in suit.

7 22. End-users of Defendant's accused products have taken, used, and orally
8 administered the accused products.

9 23. The accused products are formulated, made, manufactured, shipped,
10 distributed, advertised, offered for sale, and/or sold by Defendant to include certain
11 ingredients that, by virtue of their inclusion in the products, infringe one or more claims
12 of one or more of the patents in suit.

13 24. The accused products are formulated, made, manufactured, shipped, 14 distributed, advertised, offered for sale, and/or sold by Defendant to include specific 15 ingredients for certain purposes that, because of their inclusion in the products for such 16 purposes, infringe one or more claims of one or more of the patents in suit, and as a 17 result, when end-users of Defendant's accused products orally administer the accused 18 products, they are practicing the methods disclosed in those claims.

19 25. Defendant's labels and advertising for the accused products explain the
20 elements and essential elements of one or more of the methods disclosed in the patents
21 in suit, and those labels and advertising statements encourage, urge, and induce the
22 accused products' end-users to purchase and orally ingest the products to practice those
23 methods, and end-users do practice those methods.

24 26. Defendant has therefore specifically intended to cause these end-users to
25 directly infringe the claimed methods of these patents, and has in fact urged them to do
26 so.

27 27. The accused products are not suitable for non-infringing uses, and none of
28 Defendant's labels or advertisements for the accused products disclose any uses for the

products, nor for the compounds disclosed in the claimed methods of the patents in suit, 1 that do not infringe upon such methods. 2

The inclusion of the specific infringing compounds in the products is 28. 3 material to practicing such methods. 4

29. Defendant has knowledge that the accused products are especially adapted by end-users of the products for the practicing of such methods, and, indeed, Defendant encourages, urges, and induces the accused products' end-users to purchase and orally administer the accused products to practice such methods, and has done so in the past.

30. Defendant has intentionally and knowingly induced, encouraged, and 9 urged end-users of the accused products to purchase and orally administer the accused 10 products for the purposes of practicing the claimed methods, by having them orally ingest the compounds disclosed in such claims.

31. Defendant has knowledge of the fact that the accused products, particularly as administered, infringe on one or more claims of the patents in suit.

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32. Defendant has direct, firsthand knowledge of the patents in suit.

33. For example and without limitation, Defendant has had knowledge of the patents in suit since November 2006, when an ongoing settlement of a patent infringement case relating to at least some of the patents in suit against Herbalife, a well-known company in Defendant's industry, was announced in press releases issued in a highly publicized manner. Defendant's employees, agents, and representatives saw the press releases and were aware of the settlement and thus the patents in suit.

34. By way of further example and without limitation, Defendant has sold its 22 products through retailers, including online retailers, and those retailers have sold other 23 companies' products whose labels and/or advertisements have been prominently 24 marked with one or more of the patents in suit, by patent number, including without 25 limitation the products manufactured and sold by Herbalife, Daily Wellness, and 26 Vitality Research Labs. Defendant's employees, agents, and representatives have seen 27

these labels and advertisements and, thus, Defendant has direct knowledge of the
 patents in suit.

3 35. Defendant has brazenly and willfully decided to infringe the patents in suit
4 despite knowledge of the patents' existence and its knowledge of the accused products'
5 infringements of the patents.

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36. At a minimum, and in the alternative, Plaintiffs plead that Defendant willfully blinded itself to the infringing nature of the accused products' sales.

8 37. Defendant has not ceased its own direct infringement, nor its contributory
9 infringement or inducement of infringement by end-users, despite its knowledge of the
10 patents in suit and the end-users' infringing activities with respect to the patents in suit.

38. Plaintiffs also believe Defendant is infringing on one or more claims of United States Patent No. 5,428,070 and Patent No. 5,945,452, patents which Defendant has had prior knowledge of and are also licensed exclusively to ThermoLife by Stanford University, to include the right to sue for infringement, and Plaintiffs will seek to amend this Complaint once facts confirming that belief are ascertained.

Infringement of U.S. Patent No. 5,891,459

IV. FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

39. Plaintiffs repeat and re-allege the allegations of the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.

40. Defendant has in the past and still is literally and directly infringing or directly infringing under the doctrine of equivalents one or more claims of United States Patent No. 5,891,459 by making, using, selling, and offering for sale the accused products, and will continue to do so unless enjoined by this Court.

41. In addition to the fact that Defendant makes, uses, sells, and offers for sale
the accused products, further examples of Defendant's direct infringements include,
without limitation, the fact that Defendant has encouraged and/or is aware of the fact
that its employees, agents, representatives and other persons sponsored by or who
endorse Defendant and Defendant's products in advertising and marketing activities

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orally administer the accused products and practice the methods disclosed in one or
more claims of United States Patent No. 5,891,459, and these employees, agents,
representatives and other persons sponsored by or who endorse Defendant and
Defendant's products in advertising and marketing activities are acting under
Defendant's direction and control when practicing those methods.

42. Defendant has encouraged and is aware of these persons' oral
administration of the accused products for these purposes, these persons are acting
under Defendant's direction and control, and therefore Defendant is directly practicing
the methods disclosed in United States Patent No. 5,891,459.

43. End-users of Defendant's accused products are also direct infringers of one
or more claims of United States Patent No. 5,891,459.

44. End-users of Defendant's accused products have taken, used, and orally
administered the accused products.

45. The accused products are formulated, made, manufactured, shipped,
distributed, advertised, offered for sale, and sold by Defendant to include certain
ingredients that, by virtue of their inclusion in the products, infringe one or more claims
of United States Patent No. 5,891,459.

18 46. The accused products is formulated, made, manufactured, shipped, 19 distributed, advertised, offered for sale, and sold by Defendant to include specific 20 ingredients for purposes that, by their inclusion in the products for such purposes, 21 infringe one or more claims of United States Patent No. 5,891,459, and as a result, 22 when end-users of Defendant's accused products orally administer the accused 23 products, they are practicing the methods disclosed in one or more claims of that patent.

47. Defendant's labels and advertising for the accused products explain the elements and essential elements of the methods disclosed in United States Patent No. 5,891,459, and those labels and advertising statements encourage, urge, and induce the accused products' end-users to purchase and orally ingest the products to practice those methods, and end-users do practice those methods.

AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT

48. Defendant has therefore specifically intended to cause these end-users to
 directly infringe the claimed methods of United States Patent No. 5,891,459, and has in
 fact urged them to do so.

49. The accused products are not suitable for non-infringing uses, and none of Defendant's labels or advertisements for the accused products disclose any uses for the products, nor for the compounds disclosed in the claimed methods, that do not infringe upon such methods.

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8 50. The inclusion of these specific infringing compounds in the products is
9 material to practicing such methods.

51. Defendant has knowledge that the accused products are especially adapted by end-users of the products for the practicing of such methods, and, indeed, Defendant encourages, urges, and induces the accused products' end-users to purchase and orally administer the accused products to practice such methods, and have done so in the past.

52. Defendant has intentionally and knowingly induced, encouraged, and
urged end-users of the accused products to purchase and orally administer the accused
products for the purposes disclosed in one or more claims of United States Patent No.
5,891,459, by having them orally ingest the compounds disclosed in such claims.

18 53. Defendant has knowledge of the fact that the accused products, particularly
19 as administered, infringe on one or more claims of United States Patent No. 5,891,459.

54. Defendant also has direct, firsthand knowledge of United States Patent No.
5,891,459.

22 55. Defendant's activities have been without express or implied license by23 Plaintiffs.

56. As a result of Defendant's acts of infringement, Plaintiffs have suffered
and will continue to suffer damages in an amount to be proved at trial.

57. As a result of Defendant's acts of infringement, Plaintiffs have been and
will continue to be irreparably harmed by Defendant's infringements, which will
continue unless Defendant is enjoined by this Court.

58. Defendant's past infringements and/or continuing infringements have been deliberate and willful, and this case is therefore an exceptional case, which warrants an 2 award of treble damages and attorneys' fees in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 285. 3

V. **SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION** Infringement of U.S. Patent No. 7,452,916

59. Plaintiffs repeat and re-allege the allegations of the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.

60. Defendant has in the past and still is literally and directly infringing or directly infringing under the doctrine of equivalents one or more claims of United States Patent No. 7,452,916 by making, using, selling, and offering for sale the accused products, and will continue to do so unless enjoined by this Court.

61. In addition to the fact that Defendant makes, uses, sells, and offers for sale 12 the accused products, further examples of Defendant's direct infringements include, 13 without limitation, the fact that Defendant has encouraged and/or is aware of the fact 14 that its employees, agents, representatives and other persons sponsored by or who 15 endorse Defendant and Defendant's products in advertising and marketing activities 16 orally administer the accused products and practice the methods disclosed in one or 17 more claims of United States Patent No. 7,452,916, and these employees, agents, 18 representatives and other persons sponsored by or who endorse Defendant and 19 Defendant's products in advertising and marketing activities are acting under 20 Defendant's direction and control when practicing those methods. 21

Defendant has encouraged and is aware of these persons' 62. oral administration of the accused products for these purposes, these persons are acting under Defendant's direction and control, and therefore Defendant is directly practicing the methods disclosed in United States Patent No. 7,452,916.

63. End-users of Defendant's accused products are also direct infringers of one 26 or more claims of United States Patent No. 7,452,916. 27

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64. End-users of Defendant's accused products have taken, used, and orally
 administered the accused products.

65. The accused products are formulated, made, manufactured, shipped,
distributed, advertised, offered for sale, and sold by Defendant to include certain
ingredients that, by virtue of their inclusion in the products, infringe one or more claims
of United States Patent No. 7,452,916.

66. The accused products is formulated, made, manufactured, shipped,
distributed, advertised, offered for sale, and sold by Defendant to include specific
ingredients for purposes that, by their inclusion in the products for such purposes,
infringe one or more claims of United States Patent No. 7,452,916, and as a result,
when end-users of Defendant's accused products orally administer the accused
products, they are practicing the methods disclosed in one or more claims of that patent.

67. Defendant's labels and advertising for the accused products explain the
elements and essential elements of the methods disclosed in United States Patent No.
7,452,916, and those labels and advertising statements encourage, urge, and induce the
accused products' end-users to purchase and orally ingest the products to practice those
methods, and end-users do practice those methods.

68. Defendant has therefore specifically intended to cause these end-users to
directly infringe the claimed methods of United States Patent No. 7,452,916, and has in
fact urged them to do so.

69. The accused products are not suitable for non-infringing uses, and none of
Defendant's labels or advertisements for the accused products disclose any uses for the
products, nor for the compounds disclosed in the claimed methods, that do not infringe
upon such methods.

70. The inclusion of these specific infringing compounds in the products ismaterial to practicing such methods.

27 71. Defendant has knowledge that the accused products are especially adapted28 by end-users of the products for the practicing of such methods, and, indeed, Defendant

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encourages, urges, and induces the accused products' end-users to purchase and orally 1 administer the accused products to practice such methods, and have done so in the past. 2

Defendant has intentionally and knowingly induced, encouraged, and 72. 3 urged end-users of the accused products to purchase and orally administer the accused 4 products for the purposes disclosed in one or more claims of United States Patent No. 7,452,916, by having them orally ingest the compounds disclosed in such claims. 6

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Defendant has knowledge of the fact that the accused products, particularly 73. 7 as administered, infringe on one or more claims of United States Patent No. 7,452,916. 8

74. Defendant also has direct, firsthand knowledge of United States Patent No. 9 7,452,916. 10

75. Defendant's activities have been without express or implied license by 11 Plaintiffs. 12

As a result of Defendant's acts of infringement, Plaintiffs have suffered 76. 13 and will continue to suffer damages in an amount to be proved at trial. 14

As a result of Defendant's acts of infringement, Plaintiffs have been and 77. 15 will continue to be irreparably harmed by Defendant's infringements, which will 16 continue unless Defendant is enjoined by this Court. 17

Defendant's past infringements and/or continuing infringements have been 78. deliberate and willful, and this case is therefore an exceptional case, which warrants an award of treble damages and attorneys' fees in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 285.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION VI.

Infringement of U.S. Patent No. 6,117,872

79. Plaintiffs repeat and re-allege the allegations of the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.

80. Defendant has in the past and still is literally and directly infringing or 25 directly infringing under the doctrine of equivalents one or more claims of United 26 States Patent No. 6,117,872 by making, using, selling, and offering for sale the accused 27 products, and will continue to do so unless enjoined by this Court. 28

81. In addition to the fact that Defendant makes, uses, sells, and offers for sale 1 the accused products, further examples of Defendant's direct infringements include, 2 without limitation, the fact that Defendant has encouraged and/or is aware of the fact 3 that its employees, agents, representatives and other persons sponsored by or who 4 endorse Defendant and Defendant's products in advertising and marketing activities 5 orally administer the accused products and practice the methods disclosed in one or 6 more claims of United States Patent No. 6,117,872, and these employees, agents, 7 representatives and other persons sponsored by or who endorse Defendant and 8 Defendant's products in advertising and marketing activities are acting under 9 Defendant's direction and control when practicing those methods. 10

82. Defendant has encouraged and is aware of these persons' oral administration of the accused products for these purposes, these persons are acting under Defendant's direction and control, and therefore Defendant is directly practicing the methods disclosed in United States Patent No. 6,117,872.

83. End-users of Defendant's accused products are also direct infringers of one 15 or more claims of United States Patent No. 6,117,872. 16

84. End-users of Defendant's accused products have taken, used, and orally 17 administered the accused products. 18

85. The accused products are formulated, made, manufactured, shipped, 19 distributed, advertised, offered for sale, and sold by Defendant to include certain 20 ingredients that, by virtue of their inclusion in the products, infringe one or more claims of United States Patent No. 6,117,872. 22

86. The accused products is formulated, made, manufactured, shipped, 23 distributed, advertised, offered for sale, and sold by Defendant to include specific 24 ingredients for purposes that, by their inclusion in the products for such purposes, 25 infringe one or more claims of United States Patent No. 6,117,872, and as a result, 26 when end-users of Defendant's accused products orally administer the accused 27 products, they are practicing the methods disclosed in one or more claims of that patent. 28

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1 87. Defendant's labels and advertising for the accused products explain the 2 elements and essential elements of the methods disclosed in United States Patent No. 3 6,117,872, and those labels and advertising statements encourage, urge, and induce the 4 accused products' end-users to purchase and orally ingest the products to practice those 5 methods, and end-users do practice those methods.

88. Defendant has therefore specifically intended to cause these end-users to
directly infringe the claimed methods of United States Patent No. 6,117,872, and has in
fact urged them to do so.

89. The accused products are not suitable for non-infringing uses, and none of
Defendant's labels or advertisements for the accused products disclose any uses for the
products, nor for the compounds disclosed in the claimed methods, that do not infringe
upon such methods.

13 90. The inclusion of these specific infringing compounds in the products is14 material to practicing such methods.

91. Defendant has knowledge that the accused products are especially adapted
by end-users of the products for the practicing of such methods, and, indeed, Defendant
encourages, urges, and induces the accused products' end-users to purchase and orally
administer the accused products to practice such methods, and have done so in the past.

92. Defendant has intentionally and knowingly induced, encouraged, and urged end-users of the accused products to purchase and orally administer the accused products for the purposes disclosed in one or more claims of United States Patent No.
6,117,872, by having them orally ingest the compounds disclosed in such claims.

93. Defendant has knowledge of the fact that the accused products, particularly
as administered, infringe on one or more claims of United States Patent No. 6,117,872.

94. Defendant also has direct, firsthand knowledge of United States Patent No.
6,117,872.

27 95. Defendant's activities have been without express or implied license by28 Plaintiffs.

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96. As a result of Defendant's acts of infringement, Plaintiffs have suffered and will continue to suffer damages in an amount to be proved at trial.

97. As a result of Defendant's acts of infringement, Plaintiffs have been and will continue to be irreparably harmed by Defendant's infringements, which will continue unless Defendant is enjoined by this Court.

98. Defendant's past infringements and/or continuing infringements have been
deliberate and willful, and this case is therefore an exceptional case, which warrants an
award of treble damages and attorneys' fees in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 285.

VIII. PRAYER FOR RELIEF

10 WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for entry of judgment against Defendant as11 follows:

A declaration that Defendant has infringed the patents in suit, under 35
 U.S.C. §§ 271 *et seq*.;

14 2. That injunctions, preliminary and permanent, be issued by this Court
15 restraining Defendant, its officers, agents, servants, directors, and employees, and all
16 persons in active concert or participation with each, from directly or indirectly
17 infringing, or inducing or contributing to the infringement by others of, the patents in
18 suit;

3. That Defendant be required to provide to Plaintiffs an accounting of all gains, profits, and advantages derived by Defendant's infringement of the patents in suit, and that Plaintiffs be awarded damages adequate to compensate Plaintiffs for the wrongful infringing acts by Defendant, in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 284;

4. That the damages awarded to Plaintiffs with regard to the patents in suit be
increased up to three times, in view of Defendant's willful infringement, in accordance
with 35 U.S.C. § 284;

5. That this case be declared to be exceptional in favor of Plaintiffs under 35
U.S.C. § 285, and that Plaintiffs be awarded their reasonable attorneys' fees and other
expenses incurred in connection with this action;

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1	б.	That Plaintiffs be awarded their interest and costs of suit incurred in this
2	action;	
3	7.	Compensatory damages;
4	8.	Punitive damages; and
5	9.	That Plaintiffs be awarded such other and further relief as this Court may
6	deem just a	and proper.
7		Respectfully submitted, NEWPORT TRIAL GROUP
8		NEWPORT TRIAL GROUP A Professional Corporation
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10 11	Dated: Fel	bruary 13, 2014 <u>/s/Tyler J Woods</u> By: Tyler J. Woods Attorneys for Plaintiffs
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1	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL				
2	Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 38(b), Plaintiffs hereby demand a				
3	jury trial for all issues in this case that properly are subject to a jury trial.				
4	Deer extrally sylve itted				
5	Respectfully submitted, NEWPORT TRIAL GROUP				
6	A Professional Corporation				
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8	Dated: February 13, 2014 /s/Tyler J Woods				
9	By: Tyler J. Woods Attorneys for Plaintiff				
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 <u>CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE</u> I hereby certify that on February 13, 2014, I electronically filed the fore THERMOLIFE INTERNATIONAL, LLC GROUP, LLC'S AMEN COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT with the Clerk of the Court the CM/ECF system which will send notification of such filing via electronic mail counsel of record. 	DED using		
 3 THERMOLIFE INTERNATIONAL, LLC GROUP, LLC'S AMEN 4 COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT with the Clerk of the Court 5 the CM/ECF system which will send notification of such filing via electronic mail 	DED using		
4 COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT with the Clerk of the Court 5 the CM/ECF system which will send notification of such filing via electronic mail	using		
5 the CM/ECF system which will send notification of such filing via electronic mail			
	to all		
6 counsel of record.			
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<u>/s/Tyler J Woods</u> Tyler J Woods			
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