- 2. Venue is proper in this Judicial District under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391 and 1400(b).
- 3. On information and belief, Defendants are subject to the jurisdiction of this Court by reason of their acts of patent infringement which have been committed in this Judicial District, and by virtue of their regularly conducted and systematic business contacts in this State. As such, Defendants have purposefully availed themselves of the privilege of conducting business within this Judicial District, have established sufficient minimum contacts with this Judicial District such that they should reasonably and fairly anticipate being haled into court in this Judicial District, have purposefully directed activities at residents of this State, and at least a portion of the patent infringement claims alleged herein arise out of or are related to one or more of the foregoing activities.

THE PARTIES

- 4. Plaintiff Innovative Wireless Solutions, LLC ("IWS") is a Texas limited liability company with a place of business at 555 Republic Drive, Suite 200, Plano, Texas 75074.
- 5. On information and belief, Defendant Z-Com is a corporation organized under the laws of Taiwan. On information and belief, and based upon the "U.S.A. Business Center" listed on Z-Com's website at http://www.zcom.com.tw/program1/info_main.asp?infoId=I*sQ\$x, at least as late as December 21, 2013 Defendant Z-Com has a place of business at 14545 Valley View Avenue, Suite S, Santa Fe Springs, California 90670.
- 6. On information and belief, Defendant Zcomax is a corporation organized under the laws of California. On information and belief, Defendant has a place of business at 14545 Valley View Avenue, Suite S, Santa Fe Springs,

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California 90670, and may be served through its registered agent George Zhu at 20435 Herbshey Cir., Yorba Linda, California 92887.

THE PATENT-IN-SUIT

- The allegations set forth in the foregoing paragraphs 1 through 6 are 7. hereby realleged and incorporated herein by reference.
 - 8. On June 15, 1999, U.S. Patent Number 5,912,895 (the "'895 Patent"), entitled "INFORMATION NETWORK ACCESS APPARATUS AND METHODS FOR COMMUNICATING INFORMATION PACKETS VIA TELEPHONE LINES," was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent and Trademark Office. A true and correct copy of the '895 Patent is attached as Exhibit A to this Complaint.
 - 9. On December 4, 2001, U.S. Patent Number 6,327,264 (the "264") Patent"), entitled "INFORMATION NETWORK ACCESS APPARATUS AND **METHODS** FOR COMMUNICATING INFORMATION PACKETS VIA TELEPHONE LINES," was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent and Trademark Office. A true and correct copy of the '264 Patent is attached as Exhibit B to this Complaint.
 - 10. On July 1, 2003, U.S. Patent Number 6,587,473 (the "'473 Patent"), entitled "INFORMATION NETWORK ACCESS APPARATUS AND METHODS FOR COMMUNICATING INFORMATION PACKETS VIA TELEPHONE LINES," was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent and Trademark Office. A true and correct copy of the '473 Patent is attached as Exhibit C to this Complaint.
 - 11. IWS is the assignee and owner of the right, title and interest in and to the '895, '264 and '473 Patents (collectively, the "patents-in-suit"), including the right to assert all causes of action arising under said patents and the right to any remedies for infringement.

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JOINDER

12. Joinder is proper under 35 U.S.C. § 299. The allegations of infringement contained herein are asserted against the Defendants jointly, severally, or in the alternative and arise, at least in part, out of the same series of transactions and occurrences relating to Defendants' manufacture, use, sale, offer for sale, and importation of the same accused products. On information and belief, the Defendants are part of the same corporate family of companies, and the infringement allegations arise at least in part from the Defendants' collective activities with respect to the Defendants' accused products. Questions of fact common to the Defendants will arise in the action, including questions relating to the structure and operation of the accused products, Defendants' infringing acts and, on information and belief, the validity of the patents-in-suit.

COUNT I

(INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 5,912,895)

- 13. The allegations set forth in the foregoing paragraphs 1 through 12 are hereby realleged and incorporated herein by reference.
- 14. IWS provided actual notice to Defendants of their infringement of the '895 Patent in letters from IWS to Defendants dated October 18, 2013 and January 3, 2014. In these letters, IWS informed Defendants that they were infringing the '895 Patent by making, using, offering for sale, selling, and/or importing wireless access points and/or routers capable of connecting to an Ethernet network and an IEEE 802.11 wireless network (the "'895 Patent Accused Products") to provide wireless Internet access.
- 15. IWS's letters further informed Defendants that their wireless networks satisfied all of the limitations of at least claim 48 of the '895 Patent in at least the following manner:

- a. The '895 Patent Accused Products provide communication with a CSMA/CD network (an Ethernet network) via a bidirectional communications path (the wireless path).
- b. The '895 Patent Accused Products are located at a first end of the wireless path and include an Ethernet interface to an Ethernet network. Ethernet is a CSMA/CD technology. The '895 Patent Accused Products include a buffer for buffering information packets received from the Ethernet network via the Ethernet interface for supply to the wireless path. The '895 Patent Accused Products also include a buffer for buffering information packets received from the wireless path for supply to the Ethernet network via the Ethernet interface. The '895 Patent Accused Products also include a controller that implements the control protocol as defined in IEEE 802.11.
- c. A station is connected at a second end of the wireless path. The station includes a buffer for buffering information packets received from the wireless path, a buffer for buffering information packets to be supplied to the wireless path, and a controller.
- d. The controller in the '895 Patent Accused Products and the controller in the station are arranged to exchange control information over the wireless path so as to allow information packets to be communicated bidirectionally over the wireless path between the buffers of the '895 Patent Accused Products and the station in a half-duplex manner.
- 16. IWS's letters further informed Defendants that they were inducing infringement of the '895 Patent under 35 U.S.C. § 271(b) by actively aiding and abetting others to engage in the following actions that constitute direct infringement: (1) performing the steps of the method claims in connection with use of the '895 Patent Accused Products; (2) using the '895 Patent Accused Products; and (3) combining the '895 Patent Accused Products with other components to form the claimed invention. These letters further explained that such other entities

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include, for example, Defendants' partners, customers and end users of the '895 Patent Accused Products. These letters further explained that Defendants' acts of inducement include but are not limited to advertising, offering for sale, and selling the '895 Patent Accused Products, and providing user manuals, product documentation, and other instructions regarding the use of the wireless networking features of the '895 Patent Accused Products.

- 17. IWS's letters also informed Defendants that they were contributing to infringement of the '895 Patent under 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) by providing the '895 Patent Accused Products to others, including their partners, customers, and end users, because the '895 Patent Accused Products constitute a material part of the invention, were especially made or especially adapted for use in an infringement of the '895 Patent, and have no substantial non-infringing uses. IWS further identified within these letters that, for example, the '895 Patent Accused Products constitute a material part of the claimed invention at least because they contain the components that interface a wireless network to an Ethernet network and provide control information to the wireless devices as claimed in the '895 Patent. Further, IWS explained that the '895 Patent Accused Products were made or especially adapted for use in an infringement of the '895 Patent and have no substantial non-infringing uses at least because they contain components whose only purpose is to interface a wireless network to an Ethernet network and provide control information to the wireless devices as claimed in the '895 Patent.
- 18. Defendants have had actual knowledge of the '895 Patent and their infringement of that patent since at least the dates that Defendants received the notice letters from IWS.
- 19. In violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a), Defendants have directly infringed and continue to directly infringe, both literally and under the doctrine of equivalents, the '895 Patent by making, using, offering to sell, and selling in the United States, and importing into the United States, products that practice the

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subject matter claimed in one or more claims of the '895 Patent, including but not limited to claim 48, without the authority of IWS. The '895 Patent Accused Products include, but are not limited to, Defendants' wireless base stations, wireless access points and wireless routers including, but not limited to, Defendants' IEEE 802.11 compliant wireless access points and wireless routers such as their XN-2050 Wireless LAN Router.

20. Upon information and belief, Defendants have induced and continue to induce others to infringe the '895 Patent under 35 U.S.C. § 271(b) by, and with specific intent or willful blindness, actively aiding and abetting others to engage in the following actions that constitute direct infringement: (1) performing the steps of the method claims in connection with use of the '895 Patent Accused Products; (2) using the '895 Patent Accused Products; and (3) combining the '895 Patent Accused Products with other components to form the claimed invention. other entities include, for example, Defendants' partners, customers and end users of the '895 Patent Accused Products. Defendants' acts of inducement include advertising, offering for sale, and selling the '895 Patent Accused Products, and providing user manuals, product documentation, and other instructions regarding the use of the wireless networking features of the '895 Patent Accused Products. On information and belief, Defendants have engaged in such actions with specific intent to cause infringement or with willful blindness to the resulting infringement because Defendants have had actual knowledge of the '895 Patent and that their acts were inducing others to infringe the '895 Patent since at least the dates they received the notice letters from IWS notifying Defendants of their infringement of the '895 Patent.

21. Upon information and belief, Defendants have committed and continue to commit acts of contributory infringement of the '895 Patent under 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) by offering to sell, selling, and importing the '895 Patent Accused Products. The '895 Patent Accused Products constitute a material part of the

invention, were especially made or especially adapted for use in an infringement of 1 the '895 Patent, and have no substantial non-infringing uses. The '895 Patent 2 Accused Products constitute a material part of the claimed invention at least 3 because they contain the components that interface a wireless network to an 4 Ethernet network and provide control information to the wireless devices as 5 claimed in the '895 Patent. Further, the '895 Patent Accused Products were made 6 or especially adapted for use in an infringement of the '895 Patent and have no 7 substantial non-infringing uses at least because they contain components whose 8 only purpose is to interface a wireless network to an Ethernet network and provide 9 control information to the wireless devices as claimed in the '895 Patent. 10 Defendants have known or remained willfully blind to these facts since at least the dates they received the notice letters from IWS detailing their infringement of the 12 '895 Patent. 13

- 22. IWS has been harmed by the Defendants' infringing activities.
- IWS notified Defendants of their infringement of the '895 Patent 23. including an identification of the particular infringing products and features, but Defendants thereafter continued to infringe the '895 Patent by continuing the activities described in Paragraph 14-17. On information and belief, Defendants have not obtained an opinion of counsel regarding the 895 Patent. The Defendants' continued infringement has therefore been in reckless disregard of IWS's patent On information and belief, the Defendants' infringement has been and rights. continues to be willful.

COUNT II

(INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 6,327,264)

- 24. The allegations set forth in the foregoing paragraphs 1 through 23 are hereby realleged and incorporated herein by reference.
- 25. IWS provided actual notice to Defendants of their infringement of the '264 Patent in letters from IWS to Defendants dated October 18, 2013 and January

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- 3, 2014. In these letters, IWS informed Defendants that they were infringing the '264 Patent by making, using, offering for sale, selling, and/or importing wireless access points and/or routers capable of connecting to an Ethernet network and an IEEE 802.11 wireless network (the "'264 Patent Accused Products") to provide wireless Internet access.
- 26. IWS's letters further informed Defendants that their wireless networks satisfied all of the limitations of at least claim 5 of the '264 Patent in at least the following manner:
 - a. The '264 Patent Accused Products allow wireless devices to connect to a network.
 - b. The '264 Patent Accused Products include an Ethernet interface for coupling to an Ethernet network. Ethernet is a CSMA/CD technology.
 - c. The '264 Patent Accused Products include a wireless interface for coupling to the wireless network which provides a wireless bidirectional communications path.
 - d. The '264 Patent Accused Products include a controller that implements a control protocol as defined in IEEE 802.11. In accordance with the wireless protocol, the controller provides information that controls when wireless devices connected to the network are allowed to transmit, thereby causing the communications over the wireless network to occur in a half-duplex manner.
 - e. The '264 Patent Accused Products include a first buffer that holds frames received from the Ethernet network via the Ethernet interface and then supplies those frames via the wireless interface to the wireless network.
 - f. The '264 Patent Accused Products include a second buffer that holds frames received from the wireless network via the wireless interface

and then supplies those frames via the Ethernet interface to the Ethernet network.

- 27. IWS's letters further informed Defendants that they were inducing infringement of the '264 Patent under 35 U.S.C. § 271(b) by actively aiding and abetting others to engage in the following actions that constitute direct infringement: (1) performing the steps of the method claims in connection with use of the '264 Patent Accused Products; (2) using the '264 Patent Accused Products; and (3) combining the '264 Patent Accused Products with other components to form the claimed invention. These letters further explained that such other entities include, for example, Defendants' partners, customers and end users of the '264 Patent Accused Products. These letters further explained that Defendants' acts of inducement include but are not limited to advertising, offering for sale, and selling the '264 Patent Accused Products, and providing user manuals, product documentation, and other instructions regarding the use of the wireless networking features of the '264 Patent Accused Products.
- 28. Defendants have had actual knowledge of the '264 Patent and their infringement of that patent since at least the dates that Defendants received the notice letters from IWS.
- 29. In violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a), Defendants have directly infringed and continue to directly infringe, both literally and under the doctrine of equivalents, the '264 Patent by making, using, offering to sell, and selling in the United States, and importing into the United States, products that practice the subject matter claimed in one or more claims of the '264 Patent, including but not limited to claim 5, without the authority of IWS. The '264 Patent Accused Products include, but are not limited to, Defendants' wireless base stations, wireless access points and wireless routers including, but not limited to, Defendants' IEEE 802.11 compliant wireless access points and wireless routers such as their XN-2050 Wireless LAN Router.

- 30. Upon information and belief, Defendants have induced and continue to 1 induce others to infringe the '264 Patent under 35 U.S.C. § 271(b) by, and with 2 specific intent or willful blindness, actively aiding and abetting others to engage in 3 the following actions that constitute direct infringement: (1) performing the steps 4 of the method claims in connection with use of the '264 Patent Accused Products; 5 (2) using the '264 Patent Accused Products; and (3) combining the '264 Patent 6 Accused Products with other components to form the claimed invention. Such 7 other entities include, for example, Defendants' partners, customers and end users 8 of the '264 Patent Accused Products. Defendants' acts of inducement include 9 advertising, offering for sale, and selling the '264 Patent Accused Products, and 10 providing user manuals, product documentation, and other instructions regarding 11 the use of the wireless networking features of the '264 Patent Accused Products. 12 On information and belief, Defendants have engaged in such actions with specific 13 intent to cause infringement or with willful blindness to the resulting infringement 14 because Defendants have had actual knowledge of the '264 Patent and that their 15 acts were inducing others to infringe the '264 Patent since at least the dates they 16 received the notice letters from IWS notifying Defendants of their infringement of 17 the '264 Patent. 18
 - 31. IWS has been harmed by the Defendants' infringing activities.
 - 32. IWS notified Defendants of their infringement of the '264 Patent including an identification of the particular infringing products and features, but Defendants thereafter continued to infringe the '264 Patent by continuing the activities described in Paragraph 25-27. On information and belief, Defendants have not obtained an opinion of counsel regarding the '264 Patent. The Defendants' continued infringement has therefore been in reckless disregard of IWS's patent rights. On information and belief, the Defendants' infringement has been and continues to be willful.

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COUNT III

(INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 6,587,473)

- 33. The allegations set forth in the foregoing paragraphs 1 through 32 are hereby realleged and incorporated herein by reference.
- 34. IWS provided actual notice to Defendants of their infringement of the '473 Patent in letters from IWS to Defendants dated October 18, 2013 and January 3, 2014. In these letters, IWS informed Defendants that they were infringing the '473 Patent by making, using, offering for sale, selling, and/or importing wireless access points and/or routers capable of connecting to an Ethernet network and an IEEE 802.11 wireless network (the "'473 Patent Accused Products") to provide wireless Internet access.
- 35. IWS's letters further informed Defendants that their wireless network satisfied all of the limitations of at least claim 40 of the '473 Patent in at least the following manner:
 - a. The '473 Patent Accused Products provide communication between a CSMA/CD network (an Ethernet network) and a bidirectional communications path (the wireless path).
 - b. The '473 Patent Accused Products include an Ethernet interface that contains an Ethernet modem that receives information packets from an Ethernet network.
 - c. The '473 Patent Accused Products transmit the information packets over the wireless path in a direction towards a station.
 - d. The '473 Patent Accused Products include a controller that implements the control protocol as defined in IEEE 802.11. In accordance with that protocol, the controller provides information that controls when stations connected to the network are allowed to transmit, thereby causing the communications over the wireless network to occur in a half-duplex manner.

- e. The '473 Patent Accused Products receive information corresponding to information packets from the wireless path at the Ethernet modem and transmit those information packets over the Ethernet network.
- 36. IWS's letters further informed Defendants that they were inducing infringement of the '473 Patent under 35 U.S.C. § 271(b) by actively aiding and abetting others to engage in the following actions that constitute direct infringement: (1) performing the steps of the method claims in connection with use of the '473 Patent Accused Products; (2) using the '473 Patent Accused Products; and (3) combining the '473 Patent Accused Products with other components to form the claimed invention. These letters further explained that such other entities include, for example, Defendant's partners, customers and end users of the '473 Patent Accused Products. These letters further explained that Defendants' acts of inducement include but are not limited to advertising, offering for sale, and selling the '473 Patent Accused Products, and providing user manuals, product documentation, and other instructions regarding the use of the wireless networking features of the '473 Patent Accused Products.
- 37. IWS's letters also informed Defendants that they were contributing to infringement of the '473 Patent under 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) by providing the '473 Patent Accused Products to others, including their partners, customers, and end users, because the '473 Patent Accused Products constitute a material part of the invention, were especially made or especially adapted for use in an infringement of the '473 Patent, and have no substantial non-infringing uses. IWS further identified within these letters that, for example, the '473 Patent Accused Products constitute a material part of the claimed invention at least because they contain the components that interface a wireless network to an Ethernet network and provide control information to the wireless devices as claimed in the '473 Patent. Further, IWS explained the '473 Patent Accused Products were made or especially adapted for use in an infringement of the '473 Patent and have no substantial non-infringing

uses at least because they contain components whose only purpose is to interface a wireless network to an Ethernet network and provide control information to the wireless devices as claimed in the '473 Patent.

- 38. Defendants have had actual knowledge of the '473 Patent and their infringement of that patent since at least the dates that Defendants received the notice letters from IWS.
- 39. In violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a), Defendants have directly infringed and continue to directly infringe, both literally and under the doctrine of equivalents, the '473 Patent by making, using, offering to sell, and selling in the United States, and importing into the United States, products that practice the subject matter claimed in one or more claims of the '473 Patent, including but not limited to claim 40, without the authority of IWS. The '473 Patent Accused Products include, but are not limited to, Defendants' wireless base stations, wireless access points and wireless routers including, but not limited to, Defendants' IEEE 802.11 compliant wireless access points and wireless routers such as their XN-2050 Wireless LAN Router.
- 40. Upon information and belief, Defendants have induced and continue to induce others to infringe the '473 Patent under 35 U.S.C. § 271(b) by, among other things, and with specific intent or willful blindness, actively aiding and abetting others to engage in the following actions that constitute direct infringement: (1) performing the steps of the method claims in connection with use of the '473 Patent Accused Products; (2) using the '473 Patent Accused Products; and (3) combining the '473 Patent Accused Products with other components to form the claimed invention. Such other entities include, for example, Defendants' partners, customers and end users of the '473 Patent Accused Products. Defendants' acts of inducement include advertising, offering for sale, and selling the '473 Patent Accused Products, and providing user manuals, product documentation, and other instructions regarding the use of the wireless networking features of the '473 Patent

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Accused Products. On information and belief, Defendants have engaged in such actions with specific intent to cause infringement or with willful blindness to the resulting infringement because Defendants have had actual knowledge of the '473 Patent and that their acts were inducing others to infringe the '473 Patent since at least the dates they received the notice letters from IWS notifying Defendants of their infringement of the '473 Patent.

- 41. Upon information and belief, Defendants have committed and continue to commit acts of contributory infringement of the '473 Patent under 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) by offering to sell and selling the '473 Patent Accused Products. The '473 Patent Accused Products constitute a material part of the invention, were especially made or especially adapted for use in an infringement of the '473 Patent, and have no substantial non-infringing uses. The '473 Patent Accused Products constitute a material part of the claimed invention at least because they contain the components that interface a wireless network to an Ethernet network and provide control information to the wireless devices as claimed in the '473 Patent. Further, the '473 Patent Accused Products were made or especially adapted for use in an infringement of the '473 Patent and have no substantial non-infringing uses at least because they contain components whose only purpose is to interface a wireless network to an Ethernet network and provide control information to the wireless devices as claimed in the '473 Patent. Defendants have known or remained willfully blind to these facts since at least the dates they received the notice letters from IWS detailing their infringement of the '473 Patent.
 - 42. IWS has been harmed by the Defendants' infringing activities.
- 43. IWS notified Defendants of their infringement of the '473 Patent including an identification of the particular infringing products and features, but Defendants thereafter continued to infringe the '473 Patent by continuing the activities described in Paragraph 34-37. On information and belief, Defendants have not obtained an opinion of counsel regarding the '473 Patent. The

1	Defendants' continued infringement has therefore been in reckless disregard	of
2	IWS's patent rights. On information and belief, the Defendants' infringement h	ıas
3	been and continues to be willful.	
4	JURY DEMAND	
5	IWS demands a jury trial on all issues and claims so triable.	
6	PRAYER FOR RELIEF	
7	WHEREFORE, IWS prays for judgment as follows:	
8	a. An adjudication that Defendants have infringed one or more claims	of
9	each of the patents-in-suit;	
10	b. An award of damages to be paid by Defendants adequate	to
11	compensate IWS for past infringement of the patents-in-suit, and any continuing	or
12	future infringement through the date such judgment is entered, including intere	st,
13	costs, expenses and an accounting of all infringing acts including, but not limit	ed
14	to, those acts not presented at trial;	
15	c. An order that Defendants must pay an ongoing royalty in an amount	to
16	be determined for any continued infringement after the date judgment is entered;	
17	d. An award of treble damages under 35 U.S.C. § 284;	
18	e. A declaration finding this to be an exceptional case, and awarding IW	VS
19	attorney fees under 35 U.S.C. § 285; and	
20	f. For such further relief at law and in equity as the Court may deem ju	ıst
21	and proper.	
22	DATED: January 15, 2014 /s/ Jonathan D. Baker Jonathan D. Baker	
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24	Attorneys for Plaintiff Innovative Wireless Solutions, LLC	
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