		FILED
1 2 3 4 5 6	JOSEPH A. WALKER, State Bar No. 47 JASON MATTHEW LAMB, State Bar No. THE WALKER LAW FIRM, A Professional Corporation 1301 Dove Street, Suite 720 Newport Beach, CA 92660-2464 Telephone: (949) 752-2522 Facsimile: (949) 752-0439 e-mail: jwalker@twlf.net & jlamb@t Attorneys for Plaintiff, PANAVISE PRODUCTS, INC.	2014 AUG 22 PM 2: 14 CLERK U.S. DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DIST. OF CALIF. LOS ANGELES BY:
8	UNITED STATES	DISTRICT COURT
9	FOR THE CENTRAL DI	STRICT OF CALIFORNIA
10		DIVISION
11121314	PANAVISE PRODUCTS, INC., a Nevada) corporation, Plaintiff, v. AMERICA DIGITAL ACCESSORIES	Case No.: 8:1477 DOC-AN, Assigned to Hon. COMPLAINT FOR: 1. PATENT INFRINGEMENT; 2. TRADE DRESS INFRINGEMENT
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	AMERICA DIGITAL ACCESSORIES CORP., an entity of unknown status and origin d.b.a. DIGI- POWER, Defendant.)))))))))))))	UNDER 15 U.S.C. § 1125(A); 3. VIOLATION UNDER § 43(A) OF THE LANHAM ACT; 4. STATE AND COMMON LAW MISAPPROPRIATION AND UNFAIR COMPETITION; 5. STATUTORY UNFAIR COMPETITION IN VIOLATION OF CALIFORNIA BUSINESS & PROFESSIONS CODE §§ 17200, ET SEQ.; AND 6. PASSING OFF UNDER § 43(A) OF LANHAM ACT, 15 U.S.C. § 1125(A).
22)	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL
23	COMES NOW Plaintiff, PANAVISE	
24	corporation ("PanaVise Products" ar	
25		DIGITAL ACCESSORIES CORP., an entity
26	of unknown status and origin d.b.a.	,
27	"Defendant"), complaining and alleg	ging as follows:
28		AND THE RESERVE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT

COMPLAINT

F:\JASON\Pleadings\146-92 Complaint.wpd

Case 8:14-cv-01347-DOC-AN Document 1 Filed 08/22/14 Page 1 of 26 Page ID #:1

2

3

4 5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13 14

15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22 23

24

25

26

27

28

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 1. This Court has original jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338. This is an action for patent infringement arising under the patent laws of the United States of America, Title 35 U.S.C. § 271, et seq., United States Code; trade dress infringement arising under the Trademark Laws of the United States, 15 U.S.C. §§ 1051, et seq., 15 U.S.C. § 1125(a) and under § 43 of the Lanham Act, and, as such, this Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this action under Lanham Act § 39(a), 15 U.S.C. § 1121(a) and 28 U.S.C. § 1338(a). Plaintiff invokes supplemental jurisdiction of this Court under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1338(b) and 1367(a) to consider claims arising under state law.
- 2. Venue is proper in this Court under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b) and (c).

THE PARTIES

- PanaVise Products is a Nevada corporation, organized and existing under the laws of the State of Nevada, with its principal place of business located at 7540 Colbert Drive, in the City of Reno, County of Washoe, State of Nevada. PanaVise Products is engaged in the manufacture, distribution, and sale of suction cup mounts under the registered trademark "PANAVISE" and the common law trademark "PV-809".
- Plaintiff is informed and believes, and upon such information and belief alleges that Defendant is a business entity of unknown status, and organized and existing under the laws of an unknown jurisdiction, with its principal place of business located at 16031 Arrow Highway, Unit H & I, in the City of Irwindale, County of Los Angeles, State of California. Plaintiff is informed and believes,

and upon such information and belief alleges that Defendant also does business as DIGI-POWER and has not filed any fictitious business name record for same anywhere. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and upon such information and belief alleges that Defendant, through its agents, employees, shareholders, and attorneys, is engaged in the manufacture, importation, distribution, and/or sales of suction cup mounts (identified by Defendant as "Gopromate (TM) Suction Cup Mount For GoPro Hero 1,2,3 with 1/4 Inch Tripod Mount Adapter") on a nationwide basis, including within the Central District of California, by direct retail sales and/or shipments directly to consumers via the internet, including but not limited to through an interactive store front on Amazon < www.amazon.com > .

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Patent Infringement - United States Patent No. D521850)

- Plaintiff realleges, refers to and herein incorporates by reference each and every allegation contained in Paragraphs 1 through 4 of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- On May 30, 2006, United States Patent No. D521850 (the "'850 Patent"), for a design entitled "Window Grip," was duly and legally issued in the names of Inventors, Gary Lee Richter and Bruce Edward Richter. By virtue of proper assignment, PanaVise Products has acquired and duly owns all right, title, and interest in the '850 Patent, including the right to sue and recover for infringement thereof. Attached hereto as EXHIBIT A is a true and correct copy of the `850 Patent, and the assignment which are incorporated herein by reference as though fully set forth.

27

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

- 3
- 5
- 8
- 10
- 12
- 13
- 14
- 15
- 16
- 17
- 18
- 19
- 20
- 21 22
- 23
- 24
- 25 26
- 27
- 28

- Since or about November 20, 2003, Window Grips manufactured, 7. distributed, and sold by Plaintiff have been marked to indicate that such products were subject to a pending patent.
- Since or about May 30, 2006, Window Grips manufactured, distributed, and sold by Plaintiff have been marked to indicate that such products are patented under the '850 Patent.
- 9. Defendant, through its agents, employees, shareholders, and attorneys, have infringed the '850 Patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. Section 271 by:
 - (a) directly infringing through the acts of manufacturing, importing, distributing, offering to sell, and/or selling suction cup mounts embodying the ornamental design of the Window Grip as shown and described therein;
 - contributorily infringing through the acts of (b) manufacturing, importing, distributing, offering to sell, and/or selling components of suction cup mounts constituting a material part of such design knowing the components to be especially made or adapted for use in infringing the '850 Patent and not commodities suitable for substantial noninfringing use; and/or
 - (C) inducing infringement through the acts of manufacturing, importing, distributing, offering to sell, and/or selling components constituting a material part of such design, knowing the components to be especially made or adapted for use in infringing the '850 Patent and not commodities suitable for substantial non-infringing use.

Defendant, through its agents, employees, shareholders, and attorneys, have committed the above-mentioned acts within this judicial district and throughout the United States of America, and will continue to do so unless enjoined by this Court.

- 10. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and upon such information and belief alleges that Defendant's acts of infringement have been committed willfully and with knowledge of Plaintiff's patent rights.
- 11. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and upon such information and belief alleges that Defendant, through its agents, employees, shareholders, and attorneys, are unlikely to cease its infringing acts upon receipt of this Complaint.
- 12. Plaintiff has suffered and is suffering damages, including impairment of the value of the '850 Patent, in an amount yet to be determined.
- 13. Defendant's acts of infringement are causing irreparable harm to Plaintiff and will continue to cause irreparable harm unless enjoined by this Court.
- 14. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and upon such information and belief alleges that the Defendant's acts of infringement have resulted and are currently resulting in substantial unjust profits and unjust enrichment on the part of Defendant in an amount yet to be determined.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Trade Dress Infringement, 15 U.S.C. § 1125(a))

15. Plaintiff realleges, refers to and herein incorporates by reference each and every allegation contained in Paragraphs 1 through 14 of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.

- 16. Plaintiff has been and is engaged in the business of manufacturing, distributing, and selling suction cup mounts. Since at least as early as 2003, Plaintiff has actively advertised, promoted and publicized its products to the trade and the public. Plaintiff has acquired and developed substantial and valuable goodwill for itself and its products among those in the trade and the public as a result of: (a) Plaintiff's extensive sales and distribution throughout the United States of America and internationally of its products; (b) the high quality of Plaintiff's products; and (c) Plaintiff's advertising and publicity of its products.
- 17. Plaintiff began to use a certain size, shape, color, and texture as features in the PanaVise Products' suction cup mounts at least as early as 2003 as a trade dress for its goods.
- 18. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and upon such information and belief alleges that the Defendant's sales of suction cup mounts (identified by Defendant as "Gopromate(TM) Suction Cup Mount For GoPro Hero 1,2,3 with 1/4 Inch Tripod Mount Adapter") for use with various products are facsimiles of Plaintiff's trade dress for its suction cup mounts (identified by Plaintiff as WINDOWGRIP DELUXE®, model no. PV-809), when considered as a whole (with regard to size, shape, color, and textures).
- 19. Defendant, through its agents, employees, shareholders, and attorneys, began to use substantially similar sizes, shapes, colors, and textures on his suction cup mounts in an area where Plaintiff was already advertising and selling their suction cup mounts.
- 20. The design and appearance of the trade dress of Plaintiff's suction cup mounts were all original creations developed expressly by and for Plaintiff. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and upon such

.5

information and belief alleges that Plaintiff was the first to make use of the design and trade dress.

- 21. Defendant's use of Plaintiff's design and trade dress was without the consent of Plaintiff.
 - 22. Plaintiff's trade dress is non-functional.
 - 23. Plaintiff's trade dress has acquired secondary meaning.
- 24. Defendant's trade dress has caused, and is likely to cause, confusion among ordinary purchasers as to the source of Plaintiff's and Defendants' goods.
- 25. As a result of Defendant's actions, Plaintiff has sustained and continues to experience special and general damages in an amount of \$ 100,000.00 or more to be determined according to proof at the time of trial.

THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Violation Under § 43(a) of Lanham Act)

- 26. Plaintiff realleges, refers to and herein incorporates by reference each and every allegation contained in Paragraphs 1 through 25 of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 28. Plaintiff has caused the trade and public to recognize the product design and trade dress of Plaintiff's suction cup mounts as symbols of Plaintiff's goods by virtue of: (a) its original use of the design and appearance of the trade dress of its suction cup mounts; (b) its advertising, publicity and promotion of its suction cup mounts; and (c) its commercial success of its suction cup mounts throughout the trade and with the public. The design and trade dress which Plaintiff has created symbolizes goodwill of significant value. As a result of the Defendant's actions, Plaintiff has sustained and

/ / /

continues to experience special and general damages in an amount to be determined according to proof at the time of trial.

- 28. Defendant, through its agents, employees, shareholders, and attorneys, are now manufacturing, importing, distributing, advertising and selling in interstate commerce, including within the State of California and the Central District of California, suction cup mounts which imitate the distinctive design and trade dress of Plaintiff's suction cup mounts in their overall appearance and shape.
- 29. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and upon such information and belief alleges that Defendant, through its agents, employees, shareholders, and attorneys, have advertised, promoted and publicized their suction cup mounts throughout the trade and with the public.
- 30. Plaintiff learned of Defendant's appropriation of the appearance and design and Plaintiff's trade dress of its suction cup mounts in or about July 2014.
- 31. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and upon such information and belief alleges that Defendant's distribution and sale of Defendant's suction cup mounts within and outside of this judicial district, and in commerce, continues at present.
- 32. Plaintiff's design and trade dress have come to serve as a designation of origin of Plaintiff's suction cup mounts and as a symbol of the goodwill which Plaintiff has established for its product by virtue of: (a) its original design and appearance of its suction cup mounts; (b) its extensive advertising, publicity and promotion of its suction cup mounts; and (c) its extensive sales of its suction cup mounts.

- 33. Defendant's use of Plaintiff's suction cup mounts' design and trade dress constitutes a false designation or representation, which has misled, and is likely to continue to mislead, the public into believing that Defendant's suction cup mounts are manufactured by Plaintiff or produced under its supervision and control or with its endorsement or approval. As a result of the public acceptance of Plaintiff's suction cup mounts, Defendant's suction cup mounts have been and will continue to be mistaken for Plaintiff's suction cup mounts.
- 34. Defendant's aforementioned acts of false designation of origin and false descriptions and representation have damaged Plaintiff in an amount to be determined according to proof at the time of trial.
- 35. Defendant's acts of false designation of origin and false descriptions and misrepresentations in violation of § 43(a) of the Lanham act (15 U.S.C. §1125(a)) have caused irreparable harm, for which Plaintiff has no adequate remedy at law.

FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(State and Common Law Misappropriation and Unfair Competition)

- 36. Plaintiff realleges, refers to and herein incorporates by reference each and every allegation contained in Paragraphs 1 through 35 of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 37. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and upon such information and belief alleges that Defendant, through its agents, employees, shareholders, and attorneys, has distributed, sold, advertised, publicized, and promoted its products within the State of California. Defendant's use of Plaintiff's suction cup mounts design,

pictures, text, appearance, and trade dress has caused and is likely to cause confusion between Defendant and his products and Plaintiff and its products, and such use by Defendant, through its agents, employees, shareholders, and attorneys, infringes the valuable common law right of Plaintiff in its product design and appearance and its trade dress.

- 38. Defendant's activities also constitute unfair competition with Plaintiff by creating confusion as to the source or sponsorship of the suction cup mounts distributed and sold by Defendant, and by misappropriating the fine reputation of Plaintiff in its product design, appearance, and trade dress, thereby injuring that reputation and goodwill and diverting from Plaintiff the benefits arising from that reputation and goodwill.
- 39. As a result of Defendant's acts of infringement, unfair competition, and misappropriation, Defendant, through its agents, employees, shareholders, and attorneys, has damaged Plaintiff who has sustained and continues to experience special and general damages in an amount to be determined according to proof at the time of trial.
- 40. Defendant's aforementioned acts of infringement, unfair competition and misappropriation have caused irreparable harm to Plaintiff and, unless enjoined by this Court, will continue to cause such irreparable harm, for which Plaintiff has no adequate remedy at law.

```
24 | / / /
```

^{25 | / / /}

^{26 | / / /}

^{27 / / /}

^{28 / / /}

1 FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Statutory Unfair Competition In Violation of California
Business & Professions Code § 17200, et seq.)

- 41. Plaintiff realleges, refers to and herein incorporates by reference each and every allegation contained in Paragraphs 1 through 40 of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 42. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and upon such information and belief alleges that the above-described conduct of Defendant was (1) an unlawful business practice, (2) an unfair business practice, (3) a fraudulent business practice, and (4) deceptive, unfair, false and misleading advertising, which constitutes unfair competition under California Business & Professions Code § 17200, et seq.
- 43. As a result of Defendant's actions, Plaintiff has suffered injury in fact and has lost money.
- 44. As a result of Defendant's actions, Plaintiff has sustained and continues to experience damages in an amount to be determined according to proof at the time of trial.
- 45. By reason of Defendant's actions alleged herein, Plaintiff has suffered, and will continue to suffer, irreparable harm unless and until the Defendant's conduct is enjoined.

SIXTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Passing Off Under § 43(a)

of Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. §1125(a))

46. Plaintiff realleges, refers to and herein incorporates by reference each and every allegation contained in Paragraphs 1 through 45 of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.

28 / / /

. . 1

- 47. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and upon such information and belief alleges that Defendant, through its agents, employees, shareholders, and attorneys, have distributed, sold, advertised, publicized, and promoted their products in interstate commerce.
- 48. Defendant's use of Plaintiff's trade dress is a false designation or false representation that has caused and is likely to mislead consumers into believing that the Defendant's suction cup mounts are manufactured by Plaintiff or produced under its supervision and control or with its endorsement or approval. The passing off occurs because there is a likelihood of consumer confusion. As a result of the public acceptance of Plaintiff's suction cup mounts, the Defendant's suction cup mounts have been and will continue to be purchased as, and for, Plaintiff's suction cup mounts.
 - 49. Plaintiff's trade dress is non-functional.
 - 50. Plaintiff's trade dress has acquired secondary meaning.
- 51. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and upon such information and belief alleges that Defendant's suction cup mounts are facsimiles of Plaintiff's trade dress for its suction cup mounts, when considered as a whole (with regard to size, shape, color, and textures).
- 52. The aforementioned acts of false designation of origin and false representation by Defendant, through its agents, employees, shareholders, and attorneys, has damaged Plaintiff in an amount to be determined according to proof at the time of trial.
- 53. By reason of Defendant's actions alleged herein, Plaintiff has suffered, and will continue to suffer, irreparable harm unless and until the Defendant's conduct is enjoined.

28 /

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, PanaVise Products prays for judgment as follows:

AS TO ALL CLAIMS FOR RELIEF

- A. For preliminary and permanent injunctions enjoining
 Defendant, its divisions, subsidiaries, parents, affiliates and its
 respective officers, agents, servants, employees and attorneys, and
 those persons in active concert or participation with any of them,
 from:
 - 1. Making, using, selling, offering for sale, or importing within the United States, its territories and possessions, the Plaintiff's products covered by the '850 Patent;
 - 2. Reproducing, copying, counterfeiting, colorably imitating or otherwise using Plaintiff's trade dress;
 - 3. Offering for distribution, distributing, offering for sale, selling, advertising, publicizing or promoting any suction cup mounts whose design, appearance and trade dress so resemble the distinctive design, appearance, and trade dress of Plaintiff's suction cup mounts as to be likely to cause confusion, mistake, or deception;
 - 4. Using in connection with the Defendants' products any false or deceptive designation, representation or description of it or its products, whether by words, symbols, product design or appearance, or trade dress, which would damage Plaintiff;
 - 5. Using any false designation of origin, false advertising, false impression or false representation that tends to pass off the Defendant's products as those of

PanaVise Products in a way that is likely to cause confusion, or likely to deceive as to the affiliation;

- 6. Engaging in any acts of state or common law infringement or unfair competition which injure or would tend to injure PanaVise Products;
- 7. Engaging in any acts causing injury to the business reputation of PanaVise Products or dilution of the distinctive quality of its product design and appearance or trade dress;
- 8. Trading upon or appropriating the goodwill and business reputation of PanaVise Products; and/or
- 9. Inducing, encouraging, aiding, abetting or contributing to any of the aforementioned acts.
- B. That Defendant files with the Court and serve on PanaVise Products' counsel within thirty (30) days after service on Defendant of an injunction order, or within such extended period as this Court may direct, a report in writing and under oath, setting forth in detail the manner and form in which Defendant has complied with the injunction order;
- C. That all suction cup mounts, in the possession or under control of Defendant, and all plates, molds, matrices and other means of manufacturing or making the same, which might, if used, violate the order herein granted, be delivered up and destroyed as the Court shall direct;
- D. That Defendant be required to account and pay over to PanaVise Products all gains, profits, advantages, benefits derived by the from sales of suction cup mounts that infringe the '850 Patent, and, in addition, pay the damages which PanaVise Products has

2 3 4

sustained from or by reason of the Defendant's acts of infringement of the '850 Patent, together with legal interest accrued from the date thereof, and that the total amount of damages be increased to a sum not exceeding three times the amount thereof as provided for by 35 U.S.C. Section 284;

- E. That Defendant be required to account to Plaintiff for Defendant's profits and the actual damages suffered by Plaintiff as a result of Defendants' acts of trademark infringement, false designation of origin, unfair competition, and unfair and deceptive trade practices, together with interest, and that Plaintiff's recovery be trebled, pursuant to Section 35 of the Lanham Act (15 U.S.C. § 1117);
- F. That Defendant be required to account and pay over to
 PanaVise Products all gains, profits, advantages, benefits derived by
 the and, in addition, the damages which PanaVise Products has
 sustained from or by reason of the Defendant's acts of unfair
 competition, unlawful business practice, unfair business practice,
 fraudulent business practice, deceptive, unfair, false and misleading
 advertising, false and deceptive designation and description, unlawful
 trading upon and appropriation of the good will and reputation of
 PanaVise Products in violation of California Statutes, together with
 legal interest accrued from the date thereof, and that the total
 amount of damages be increased to a sum not exceeding three times the
 amount thereof as provided for by 35 U.S.C. Section 284;
- G. That Defendant be required to pay Plaintiff, Plaintiff's lost profits due to Defendant's acts of patent infringement, unfair competition, unlawful business practice, unfair business practice, fraudulent business practice, deceptive, unfair, false and misleading

advertising, false and deceptive designation and description, unlawful trading upon and appropriation of the good will and reputation of PanaVise Products in violation of California Statutes, together with legal interest accrued from the date thereof, and that the total amount of damages be increased to a sum not exceeding three times the amount thereof as provided for by 35 U.S.C. Section 284;

- H. For general damages in the amount of \$100,000.00, or more according to proof;
- I. For special damages in the amount of \$100,000.00, or more according to proof;
 - J. For punitive damages in an amount according to proof;
 - K. For reasonable attorneys' fees;
 - L. For costs of the suit; and
- M. That PanaVise Products have such other and further relief as this Court deems just and proper.

AS TO THE FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

- N. That the present case be found exceptional and that attorney's fees be awarded to PanaVise Products under 35 U.S.C. Section 285; and
- O. That PanaVise Products be awarded additional remedy for infringement of a design patent, as appropriate, under 35 U.S.C. Section 289.

AS TO THE THIRD AND SIXTH CLAIMS FOR RELIEF

- P. That the present case be found exceptional and that attorney's fees be awarded to PanaVise Products under Lanham Act §35 (15 U.S.C. Section 1117).
- 27 | / /

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

28 | / / /

1 2 3 4 5	DATE: August <u>19</u> , 2014	By:	THE WALKER LAW FIRM, A Professional Corporation JOSEPH A. WALKER JASON MATTHEW LAMB Attorneys for Plaintiff, PANAVISE PRODUCTS, INC.
6			
7			
8 9			
10			
11			
12			
13			
14			
15			
16	·		
17			
18			
19			
19 20			
19 20 21			
19 20 21 22			
19 20 21 22 23			
19 20 21 22 23 24			
19 20 21 22 23			
19 20 21 22 23 24 25			

ase 8:14-cv-01347-DOC-AN Document 1 Filed 08/22/14 Page 17 of 26 Page ID #:17

DEMAND FOR A JURY TRIAL Plaintiff, PANAVISE PRODUCTS, INC., hereby demands trial by jury as provided by Rule 38 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and Local Rule 38-1. DATE: August 19 THE WALKER LAW FIRM, A Professional Corporation By: JOSEPH A. JASON MATTHEW LAMB Attorneys for Plaintiff, PANAVISE PRODUCTS, INC.

EXHIBIT A

(12) United States Design Patent (10) Patent No.: Richter et al.

(45) Date of Patent:

US D521,850 S ** May 30, 2006

(54)	WINDOW GRIP		D439,135 S * 3/2001 Elmer			
(75)	Inventors:	Gary Lee Richter, Reno, NV (US);	6,467,227 B1 * 10/2002 Elmer			
• •		Bruce Edward Richter, Reno, NV (US)	* cited by examiner			
(73)	Assignee:	Panavise Products, Inc., Reno, NV (US)	Primary Examiner—Holly H. Baynham (74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm—The Walker Law Firm; Allan Grant			
(**)	Term:	14 Years	(57) CLAIM			
(21)	Appl. No.:	29/194,089	The ornamental design of a window grip, as shown and as described.			
(22)	Filed:	Nov. 20, 2003	DESCRIPTION			
(51)	LOC (8) (Cl				
(· ~)	(4)		FIG 1 is a perspective view from the left side of the window			

References Cited

(56)

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

5,102,090 A	*	4/1992	Farris et al 248/674
D360,710 S	*	7/1995	Colwell D30/121
5,909,758 A	*	6/1999	Kitamura 16/406

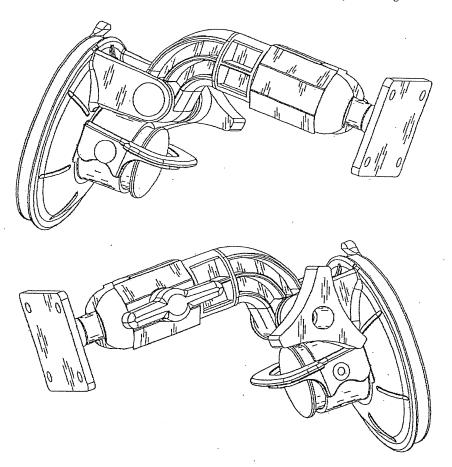
Field of Classification Search D8/349,

See application file for complete search history.

D8/354; 248/205.4, 205.6; 52/235; 16/406

FIG. 1 is a perspective view from the left side of the window grip showing the front, side, and top; FIG. 2 is a perspective view from the right side of the widow grip showing the front, side and top; FIG. 3 is a side view of the window grip. FIG. 4 is a top view of the window grip. FIG. 5 is a bottom view of the window grip. FIG. 6 is a back view of the window grip; and, FIG. 7 is a front view of the grip.

1 Claim, 3 Drawing Sheets



U.S. Patent

May 30, 2006

Sheet 1 of 3

US D521,850 S

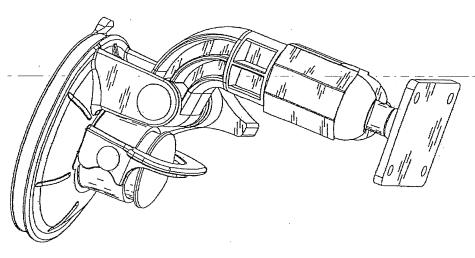


Fig. 1

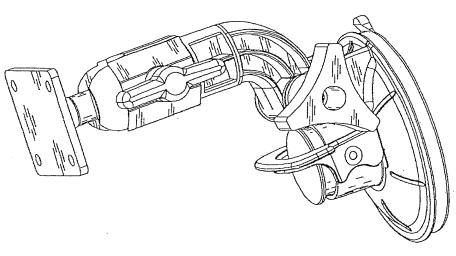


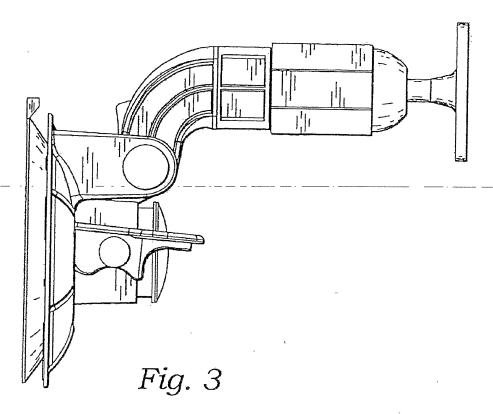
Fig. 2

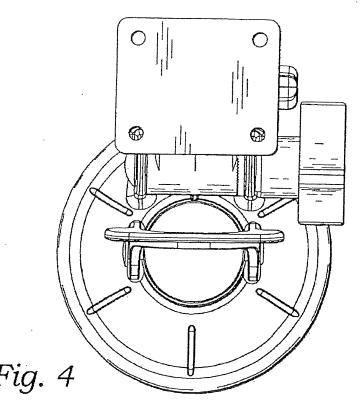
U.S. Patent

May 30, 2006

Sheet 2 of 3

US D521,850 S



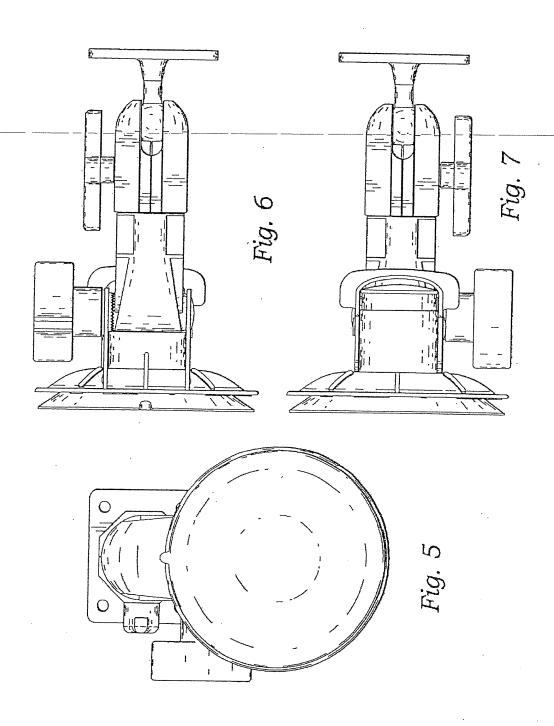


U.S. Patent

May 30, 2006

Sheet 3 of 3

US D521,850 S



UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA CIVIL COVER SHEET

		0	in oo this office.						
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS (Chec PANAVISE PRODUCTS, IN		enting yourself	l	DEFENDANTS (Check box if you are representing yourself) AMERICAN DIGITAL ACCESSORIES CORP.					
(b) Attorneys (Firm Name, A are representing yourself, pr JOSEPH A. WALKER and J THE WALKER LAW FIRM, 1301 Dove Street, Suite 720 Newport Beach, California 9 Telephone: 949.752.2522; F	rovide same information ASON MATTHEW LAW A Professional Corporat 2660-2464	i.) MB dion		(b) Attorneys (Firm Name, Address and Telephone Number. If you are representing yourself, provide same information.)					
II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION (Place an X in one box only.)									
1.U.S. Government Plaintiff	X 3. Federal Que	estion (U.S. Ci		(Place an X in one box for plaintiff and one for defendant) PTF DEF en of This State 1					
2. U.S. Government Defendant	4. Diversity (In of Parties in Ite		tizen or Subject of a preign Country						
IV. ORIGIN (Place an X in	n one box only.)		5 Tm	nsferred from Another 6	. Multi-				
Λ	emoved from 3. ate Court	Remanded from Appellate Court		rict (Specify)	District itigation				
V. REQUESTED IN COM	PLAINT: JURY DEN	MAND: X Yes	No (Check "Yes" o	nly if demanded in comp	plaint.)				
CLASS ACTION under F	.R.Cv.P. 23: Y	es X No	MONEY DEMAN	NDED IN COMPLAINT:	\$100,000				
VI. CAUSE OF ACTION (Patent Infringement (35 U.S.		under which you are filing	and write a brief statement o	f cause. Do not cite jurisdiction	nal statutes unless diversity.)				
VII. NATURE OF SUIT (F	Place an X in one box	only).							
OTHER STATUTES	CONTRACT	REAL PROPERTY CON	T. IMMIGRATION	PRISONER PETITIONS	PROPERTY RIGHTS				
375 False Claims Act	110 Insurance	240 Torts to Land	462 Naturalization	Habeas Corpus:	820 Copyrights				
400 State	120 Marine	245 Tort Product	Application	463 Alien Detainee	X 830 Patent				
Reapportionment	130 Miller Act	Liability 290 All Other Real	465 Other Immigration Actions	510 Motions to Vacate Sentence	840 Trademark				
410 Antitrust 430 Banks and Banking	140 Negotiable	Property	TORTS	530 General	SOCIAL SECURITY				
450 Commerce/ICC	Instrument	TORTS PERSONAL PROPERTY	PERSONAL PROPERTY 370 Other Fraud	535 Death Penalty Other:	861 HIA (1395ff)				
Rates/Etc.	150 Recovery of Overpayment &	310 Airplane			862 Black Lung (923)				
460 Deportation	Enforcement of	315 Airplane	371 Truth in Lending	540 Mandamus/Other 550 Civil Rights	863 DIWC/DIWW (405 (g))				
470 Racketeer Influ-	Judgment 151 Medicare Act	Product Liability 320 Assault, Libel &	380 Other Personal Property Damage	555 Prison Condition	864 SSID Title XVI				
enced & Corrupt Org. 480 Consumer Credit		Slander	385 Property Damage	560 Civil Detainee	865 RSI (405 (g))				
490 Cable/Sat TV	152 Recovery of Defaulted Student	330 Fed. Employers Liability	Product Liability BANKRUPTCY	Conditions of Confinement	FEDERAL TAX SUITS				
850 Securities/Com-	Loan (Excl. Vet.)	340 Marine	422 Appeal 28	FORFEITURE/PENALTY	870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant)				
modities/Exchange	153 Recovery of Overpayment of	345 Marine Product	USC 158	625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21	871 IRS-Third Party 26 USC 7609				
890 Other Statutory Actions	Vet. Benefits	350 Motor Vehicle	423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157	USC 881 690 Other	7000				
891 Agricultural Acts	160 Stockholders' Suits	355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability	CIVIL RIGHTS						
893 Environmental Matters	190 Other Contract	360 Other Personal	440 Other Civil Rights	710 Fair Labor Standards	,				
895 Freedom of Info.	195 Contract	362 Personal Injury- Med Malpratice	442 Employment	Act 720 Labor/Mgmt.					
Act	Product Liability	365 Personal Injury-	443 Housing/	Relations					
896 Arbitration	196 Franchise	Product Liability	Accomodations 445 American with	740 Railway Labor Act					
899 Admin. Procedures	REAL PROPERTY	367 Health Care/ —— Pharmaceutical	Disabilities-	751 Family and Medical					
Act/Review of Appeal of Agency Decision	Condemnation	Personal Injury Product Liability	Employment	790 Other Labor	V 2 6				
950 Constitutionality of	220 Foreclosure	368 Asbestos	446 American with Disabilities-Other	Litigation					
State Statutes	230 Rent Lease & Ejectment	Personal Injury Product Liability	448 Education	448 Education 791 Employee Ret. Inc. Security Act					
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY:	FOR OFFICE USE ONLY: Case Number: 8',147								

CV-71 (09/13)

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA CIVIL COVER SHEET

VIII. VENUE: Your answers to the questions below will determine the division of the Court to which this case will most likely be initially assigned. This initial assignment is subject to change, in accordance with the Court's General Orders, upon review by the Court of your Complaint or Notice of Removal.

Question A: Was this case removed from state court?	STATE CASE W	AS PENDING IN	THE	COUNTY OF:	INITIA	L DIVISION IN	CACD IS:
Yes X No	Los Angeles					Western	
If "no, " go to Question B. If "yes," check the	Ventura, Santa Barbara, or San Luis Obispo				Western		
box to the right that applies, enter the corresponding division in response to	Orange				Southern		
Question D, below, and skip to Section IX.	Riverside or San Ber	nardino			Eastern		
Question B: Is the United States, or one of its agencies or employees, a party to this action? Yes X No If "no, " go to Question C. If "yes," check the box to the right that applies, enter the corresponding division in response to Question D, below, and skip to Section IX.	If the United States, or one of its ager A PLAINTIFF? Then check the box below for the county in which the majority of DEFENDANTS reside. Los Angeles Ventura, Santa Barbara, or San Luis Obispo Orange Riverside or San Bernardino		A DEFENDANT? A DEFENDANT? Then check the box below for the cour which the majority of PLAINTIFFS res Los Angeles Ventura, Santa Barbara, or SObispo Orange Riverside or San Bernarding		county in or reside.	INITIAL DIVISION IN CACD IS: inty in side. Western San Luis Western Southern	
		iardino [
	Other Other		(Other		Western	
Question C: Location of plaintiffs, defendants, and claims? Indicate the location in which a majority of plaintiffs reside: Indicate the location in which a majority of defendants reside: Indicate the location in which a majority of claims arose: C.1. Is either of the following true? If so, che a only 1 answer in Column C only 1 answer in Column C and no Your case will initially be SOUTHERN D Enter "Southern" in response the If none applies, answer questions.	eck the one that applies: answers in Column D assigned to the VISION. o Question D, below. tion C2 to the right.	C.2. Is eit	ther of 2 or only	Enter "Eastern" in respo	so, check the D ally be assign DIVISION nse to Ques	ers in Column C ned to the I. Ition D, below.	
Your case will initially be assigned to the WESTERN DIVISION. Enter "Western" in response to Question D below.							
Question D: Initial Division? Enter the initial division determined by Question	A, B, or C above:	SOUTHER	RN	INITIAL DIVISI	ON IN CACE		

CIVIL COVER SHEET

Page 2 of 3

CV-71 (09/13)

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA CIVIL COVER SHEET

IX(a). IDENTICAL CA	SES: Has this a	action been previously filed in this court and dismissed, remanded or closed?	X NO	YES
If yes, list case num	nber(s):			
IX(b). RELATED CASE	ES: Have any ca	ases been previously filed in this court that are related to the present case?	X NO	YES
If yes, list case num	nber(s):			
Civil cases are deemed	related if a previ	iously filed case and the present case:		
(Check all boxes that app	ly) A. Aris	e from the same or closely related transactions, happenings, or events; or		•
	B. Call	for determination of the same or substantially related or similar questions of law and factors	ct; or	
	C. For	other reasons would entail substantial duplication of labor if heard by different judges; of	or	
	D. Invo	olve the same patent, trademark or eppyright <u>, and</u> one of the factors identified above in	a, b or c also	is present.
X. SIGNATURE OF AT (OR SELF-REPRESEN		T):	August	2014
other papers as required by la	aw. This form, ap e Court for the pur	JASON MATTHEW LAMB 1) Civil Cover Speet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement th proved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required purspose of statistics, venue and initiating the civil docket sheet. (For more detailed instruction	suant to Local	Rule 3-1 is not filed
Nature of Suit Code	Abbreviation	Substantive Statement of Cause of Action		
861	HIA	All claims for health insurance benefits (Medicare) under Title 18, Part A, of the Social include claims by hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, etc., for certification as providers (42 U.S.C. 1935FF(b))	Security Act, s of services	as amended. Also, under the program.
862	BL	All claims for "Black Lung" benefits under Title 4, Part B, of the Federal Coal Mine Health 923)	າ and Safety A	Act of 1969. (30 U.S.C
863	DIWC	All claims filed by insured workers for disability insurance benefits under Title 2 of the Strall claims filed for child's insurance benefits based on disability. (42 U.S.C. 405 (g))	ocial Security	Act, as amended; plu
863	DIWW	All claims filed for widows or widowers insurance benefits based on disability under Ti amended. (42 U.S.C. 405 (g))	tle 2 of the So	ocial Security Act, as
864	SSID	All claims for supplemental security income payments based upon disability filed under amended.	Title 16 of the	Social Security Act, a
865	RSI	All claims for retirement (old age) and survivors benefits under Title 2 of the Social Sect (42 U.S.C. 405 (g))	ırity Act, as aı	mended.