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14	PATRIOT SCIENTIFIC CORPORATION						
15	UNITED STATES	S DISTRICT COURT					
16	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA						
17	TECHNOLOGY PROPERTIES LIMITED	Case No. 3:12-cv-03865-VC					
18	LLC, PHOENIX DIGITAL SOLUTIONS LLC, and PATRIOT SCIENTIFIC	FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR					
19	CORPORATION,	PATENT INFRINGEMENT					
	Plaintiffs,	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL					
20	vs.						
21	HUAWEI TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD.,						
22	HUAWEI DEVICE CO., LTD., HUAWEI DEVICE USA INC., FUTUREWEI						
23	TECHNOLOGIES, INC., and HUAWEI						
24	TECHNOLOGIES USA INC.,						
25	Defendants.						
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FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT

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and Patriot Scientific Corporation ("PTSC") (collectively "Plaintiffs") hereby allege for their First Amended Complaint for Patent Infringement ("Complaint") against Defendants Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd., Huawei Device Co., Ltd., Huawei Device USA Inc., Futurewei Technologies, Inc., and Huawei Technologies USA Inc. (collectively "Defendants") on personal knowledge as to their own actions and on information and belief as to the actions of Defendants, as follows:

Technology Properties Limited LLC ("TPL"), Phoenix Digital Solutions LLC ("PDS")

PARTIES

- 1. Plaintiff Technology Properties Limited LLC is a California limited liability company with its principal place of business at 20883 Stevens Creek Blvd., Suite 100, Cupertino, California 95014.
- 2. Plaintiff Phoenix Digital Solutions LLC is a Delaware limited liability company with its principal place of business at 20883 Stevens Creek Blvd., Suite 100, Cupertino, California 95014.
- 3. Plaintiff Patriot Scientific Corporation is a Delaware limited liability company with its principal place of business at 701 Palomar Airport Road, Suite 170, Carlsbad, California 92011.
- 4. On information and belief, Defendant Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd. is a Chinese corporation with a principal place of business at Huawei Industrial Base, Bantian Longgang, Shenzhen, China.
- 5. On information and belief, Defendant Huawei Device Co., Ltd. is a Chinese corporation with a principal place of business at Section B, Huawei Administration Building, Bantian, Longgang, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. China, 518129.
- 6. On information and belief, Defendant Huawei Device USA Inc. is a Texas corporation with a principal place of business at 5700 Tennyson Parkway, Suite 600, Plano, Texas 75024.

- 7. On information and belief, Defendant Futurewei Technologies, Inc. is a Texas corporation with a principal place of business at 5700 Tennyson Parkway, Suite 4500, Plano, TX 75024.
- 8. On information and belief, Defendant Huawei Technologies USA Inc. is a Texas corporation with a principal place of business at 5700 Tennyson Parkway, Suite 500, Plano, TX 75024.

JURISDICTION, VENUE AND INTRADISTRICT ASSIGNMENT

- 9. This is an action for damages and injunctive relief based on patent infringement arising under the patent laws of the United States, Title 35 of the United States Code.
- This Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this action pursuant to 28
 U.S.C. § 1331 and 28 U.S.C. § 1338.
- 11. On information and belief, Defendants have transacted business in this District, contracted to supply goods or services in this District directly or through their agents, have offered for sale, sold and/or advertised their products and services in this District, and have otherwise purposely availed themselves of the privileges and benefits of the laws of the State of California. This Court has jurisdiction over Defendants because Defendants have committed acts of patent infringement during the course of their business in this District.
- 12. Venue is proper in this District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1400(a) and (b) and 28 U.S.C. § 1391.
- 13. This matter is an intellectual property action and is not subject to intradistrict assignment under Civil L.R. 3-2(c).

THE ASSERTED PATENTS

The '749 Patent

14. United States Patent No. 5,440,749 ("the '749 Patent"), entitled "High Performance, Low Cost Microprocessor Architecture," issued on August 8, 1995 to Charles H. Moore and Russell H. Fish, III. A true and correct copy of the '749 Patent is attached as Exhibit A to this Complaint.

15. The '749 Patent teaches a processor that fetches multiple instructions at a time, and then supplies them to the CPU's instruction register in parallel during the same memory cycle they are fetched. Since memory is generally slower than the CPU, being able to fetch and supply more than one instruction at a time increases the number of instructions the CPU can receive in a given time, and thus increases instruction bandwidth.

16. Plaintiffs TPL, PDS and PTSC collectively hold all substantial rights to the '749 Patent.

The '890 Patent

- 17. United States Patent No. 5,530,890 ("the '890 Patent"), entitled "High Performance, Low Cost Microprocessor," issued on June 25, 1996 to Charles H. Moore and Russell H. Fish, III. A true and correct copy of the '890 Patent is attached as Exhibit B to this Complaint.
- 18. The '890 Patent teaches a dual stack architecture and the use of stack pointers that can reference memory in any location to provide more architectural flexibility and faster access to data elements. A stack architecture is sometimes analogized to a spring-loaded stack of plates of the kind used in a restaurant. The last plate placed (or "pushed") on the top of the stack is the first plate removed (or "popped") off the stack when needed. Like plates, data elements can be "pushed" onto or "popped" off the stack. However, by using a "stack pointer," the CPU does not need to be an actual top-to-bottom "spring-loaded" stack. Instead, the stack pointer keeps track of where the "top of stack" item is in a "virtual stack," so it can be accessed directly as if it were on the "top." Combining this with other features, such as a memory controller and direct memory access, the '890 Patent allows the CPU to off-load memory transfer of data to achieve further efficiencies and higher performance.
- 19. Plaintiffs TPL, PDS and PTSC collectively hold all substantial rights to the '890 Patent.

The '336 Patent

- 20. United States Patent No. 5,809,336 ("the '336 Patent"), entitled "High Performance Microprocessor Having Variable Speed System Clock," was duly and legally issued on September 15, 1998 to Charles H. Moore and Russell H. Fish, III. A true and correct copy of the '336 Patent is attached as Exhibit C to this Complaint.
- 21. The '336 Patent teaches the use of two independent clocks in a microprocessor system: (1) an on-chip clock to time the CPU; and (2) a second independent clock to time the input/output (I/O) interface. This innovation was widely adopted by the industry and became fundamental to the increased speed and efficiency of modern microprocessors. Decoupling the system clock from the I/O clock allows the clocks to run independently (or "asynchronously").
- 22. Plaintiffs TPL, PDS and PTSC collectively hold all substantial rights to the '336 Patent.

COUNT I

INFRINGEMENT OF THE '749 PATENT

- 23. Plaintiffs reallege and incorporate herein by reference the allegations contained in paragraphs 1-22.
- 24. On information and belief, without a license or permission from Plaintiffs, Defendants have infringed and continue to infringe at least claim 1 of the '749 Patent. Defendants' infringing activities in the United States and in this District include importing, making, using, offering to sell, and/or selling products and devices that embody and/or practice the patented invention, including but not limited to the M835.
- 25. On information and belief, Defendants' direct infringement of the '749 Patent has caused and continues to cause substantial damage to Plaintiffs.
- 26. On information and belief, Defendants' direct infringement of the '749 Patent has been and continues to be willful and deliberate, entitling Plaintiffs to enhanced damages and attorneys' fees.

COUNT II

INFRINGEMENT OF THE '890 PATENT

- 27. Plaintiffs reallege and incorporate herein by reference the allegations contained in paragraphs 1-26.
- 28. On information and belief, without a license or permission from Plaintiffs,
 Defendants have infringed and continue to infringe at least claim 7 of the '890 Patent.

 Defendants' infringing activities in the United States and in this District include importing,
 making, using, offering to sell, and/or selling products and devices that embody and/or practice
 the patented invention, including but not limited to the M835.
- 29. On information and belief, Defendants' direct infringement of the '890 Patent has caused and continues to cause substantial damage to Plaintiffs.
- 30. On information and belief, Defendants' direct infringement of the '890 Patent has been and continues to be willful and deliberate, entitling Plaintiffs to enhanced damages and attorneys' fees.

COUNT III

INFRINGEMENT OF THE '336 PATENT

- 31. Plaintiffs reallege and incorporate herein by reference the allegations contained in paragraphs 1-30.
- 32. On information and belief, without a license or permission from Plaintiffs, Defendants have infringed and continue to infringe, induced others to infringe and continue to induce others to infringe, and/or have committed and continue to commit acts of contributory infringement, literally or under the doctrine of equivalents, at least claim 1 of the '336 Patent. Defendants' infringing activities in the United States and in this District include importing, making, using, offering to sell, and/or selling products and devices that embody and/or practice the patented invention, including but not limited to the M835, and contributing to, and inducing consumers and users to make and use the patented invention and to practice the claimed methods.

FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT

- 33. On information and belief, Defendants induce others to infringe at least claim 1 of the '336 Patent by encouraging and facilitating others to perform actions known by Defendants to infringe and with the intent that performance of the actions will infringe. TPL provided Defendants notice of the '336 Patent by letter (with an enclosed disk identifying the MMP patents) dated September 18, 2006.
- 34. On information and belief, Defendants induce consumers to make and use the claimed inventions and to practice the claimed methods by (i) providing the M835 with a USB input/output interface for connecting the accused devices to a peripheral device, the peripheral device having a clock independent of the CPU clock (*e.g.*, ring oscillator) connected to the central processing unit on the microprocessors of the M835, and (ii) instructing consumers to connect the accused product to a peripheral device such that the combination includes each element of the asserted apparatus claims of the '336 Patent and use of the combination, as intended, practices each of the elements of at least claim 1 of the '336 Patent.
- 35. On information and belief, consumers make and use the claimed inventions and practice the claimed methods by using the M835 in combination with a peripheral device having a clock that originates clock signals from a source other than the clock connected to the central processing unit on the microprocessors of the M835, thereby directly infringing at least claim 1 of the '336 Patent.
- 36. On information and belief, Defendants' direct, induced and/or contributory infringement of the '336 Patent has caused and continues to cause substantial damage to Plaintiffs.
- 37. On information and belief, Defendants' direct, induced and/or contributory infringement of the '336 Patent has been and continues to be willful, entitling Plaintiffs to enhanced damages and attorneys' fees.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Technology Properties Limited, Phoenix Digital Solutions LLC, and Patriot Scientific Corporation pray for judgment and relief as follows:

	1							
1	A.	A judgment that Defendants have infringed one or more cla	ims of the Asserted					
2	Patents;							
3	B.	An award of damages in an amount adequate to compensate	Plaintiffs for					
4	Defendants'	infringement of the Asserted Patents;						
5	C.	A declaration that Defendants' infringement of the Asserted	l Patents was willful					
6	and that this	and that this case is exceptional pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285;						
7	D.	An award of Plaintiffs' costs, expenses and attorney fees ind	curred in bringing and					
8	prosecuting t	this action;						
9	E.	An award of enhanced damages resulting from Defendants'	willful infringement,					
10	and all other categories of damages allowed by 35 U.S.C. § 284;							
11	F.	An award of pre-judgment interest; and						
12	G.	Such other and further relief as this Court may deem just an	d appropriate.					
13		DEMAND EOD HIDV TDIAI						
14	Drawer	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL want to Dula 28(h) of the Federal Dulas of Civil Dressdure. Dla	intiffe demand a jump					
15		uant to Rule 38(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Pla	inuits demand a jury					
16		l issues so triable.						
17	Dated: Nove	rember 12, 2014 Respectfully submitted,						
18		AGILITY IP LAW, LLP						
19		/s/ James C. Otteson						
20		James C. Otteson						
21		Attorneys for Plaintiffs TECHNOLOGY PROPERTI						
22		and PHOENIX DIGITAL SO	LUTIONS LLC					
23		KIRBY NOONAN LANCE &	t HOGE LLP					
24								
25		/s/ Charles T. Hoge Charles T. Hoge						
26		Attorneys for Plaintiff	anon Arross					
27		PATRIOT SCIENTIFIC COF	RPORATION					

FILER'S A	ATTESTATION	PURSUANT T	O L.R.	5-1((i)(3))
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I, James C. Otteson am the ECF User whose ID and password are being used to file the "FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT." I hereby attest that concurrence in the filing of this document has been obtained from each of the other signatories.

Dated: November 12, 2014 By: <u>/s/ James C. Otteson</u>
James C. Otteson

FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT