IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS MARSHALL DIVISION

DYNAMIC HOSTING COMPANY LLC,

Plaintiff,

Defendants.

v.

 T-MOBILE USA, INC.; AND
T-MOBILE US, INC. F/K/A METROPCS COMMUNICATIONS, INC., CIVIL ACTION NO. 2:14-cv-1138

ORIGINAL COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

Plaintiff Dynamic Hosting Company LLC ("Dynamic Hosting") files this original complaint against the above-named defendants, alleging, based on its own knowledge as to itself and its own actions, and based on information and belief as to all other matters, as follows:

PARTIES

1. Dynamic Hosting is a limited liability company formed under the laws of the State of Texas, with a principal place of business in Tyler, Texas.

2. Defendant T-Mobile USA, Inc. is a corporation organized under the laws of Delaware with a principal place of business in Bellevue, WA. It can be served through its resident agent for service of process in Texas: Corporation Service Company; 211 E. 7th Street, Suite 620, Austin, TX 78701-3218.

 Defendant T-Mobile US, Inc. f/k/a MetroPCS Communications, Inc. is a corporation organized under the laws of Delaware, with a principal place of business in Bellevue,
WA. It can be served with process by serving the Texas Secretary of State, 1019 Brazos Street,
Austin, Texas 78701, as its agent for service because it engages in business in Texas but has not

designated or maintained a resident agent for service of process in Texas as required by statute. It has a principal place of business at 12920 SE 38th Street, Bellevue, WA 98006.

4. T-Mobile USA, Inc. is a subsidiary of T-Mobile US, Inc. f/k/a MetroPCS Communications, Inc. The companies will be collectively referred to as defendant "T-Mobile."

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

5. This is an action for infringement of a United States patent arising under 35 U.S.C. §§ 271, 281, and 284–85, among others. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction of the action under 28 U.S.C. § 1331 and § 1338(a).

6. Venue is proper in this district under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391 and 1400(b). Upon information and belief, defendant has transacted business in this district and has committed acts of patent infringement in this district.

7. Defendant is subject to this Court's specific and general personal jurisdiction under due process and/or the Texas Long Arm Statute due at least to defendant's substantial business in this forum, including: (i) at least a portion of the infringements alleged herein; and (ii) regularly doing or soliciting business, engaging in other persistent courses of conduct, and/or deriving substantial revenue from goods and services provided to individuals in Texas and in this district.

KNOWLEDGE

8. This lawsuit involves, as will be further described below, infringement of U.S. Patent Nos. 5,826,026 and 6,216,156.

9. Defendant has or will have knowledge of the patents-in-suit at least of the filing date and/or service date of this complaint.

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10. Defendant's infringement is willful at least as of the filing date and/or service date of this complaint.

COUNT I: INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 5,826,026

11. On Oct. 20, 1998, United States Patent No. 5,826,026 ("the 026 patent") was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent and Trademark Office for an invention titled "Internet Message Communicator With Direct Output To A Hard Copy Device."

12. Dynamic Hosting is the owner of the 026 patent with all substantive rights in and to that patent, including the sole and exclusive right to prosecute this action and enforce the 026 patent against infringers, and to collect damages for all relevant times.

13. T-Mobile made, had made, used, imported, provided, supplied, distributed, sold, and/or offered for sale mobile phones with a visual voicemail app that connects over cellular networks (including, based on information on its or other websites, at least the following models: Alcatel ONE TOUCH Evolve, Alcatel ONE TOUCH Evolve2, Alcatel ONE TOUCH Fierce, Alcatel ONE TOUCH Fierce 2, Apple iPhone 4, Apple iPhone 4S, Apple iPhone 5, Apple iPhone 5C, Apple iPhone 5S, Apple iPhone 6, Apple iPhone 6 Plus, Blackberry Torch, Blackberry Bold, Blackberry Curve, Garmin-ASUS Garminfone, HTC Windows Phone 8X, HTC HD7, HTC Radar 4G, HTC T-Mobile myTouch 3G Slide, HTC T-Mobile myTouch 4G, HTC T-Mobile myTouch 4G Slide, HTC Wildfire S, HTC Sensation 4G, HTC Amaze 4G, HTC One S, HTC One (M8), HTC One (M8) for Windows, Huawei Summit, Huawei T-Mobile myTouch, Huawei T-Mobile myTouch Q, Huawei Ascend, Kyocera Hydro Life, Kyocera Hydro Xtrm, LG G3, LG Optimus L70, LG Optimus L90, LG Optimus F3Q, LG G Flex, LG G2, LG Optimus F6, LG Optimus F3, LG Spirit 4G, LG Optimus L9, LG Motion 4G, LG Optimus M+, LG Connect 4G, Nokia Lumia 800, Nokia Lumia 710, Nokia Lumia 810, Nokia Lumia 521,

Nokia Lumia 925, Nokia Lumia 530, Motorola Cliq XT, Motorola Cliq 2, Motorola Defy, Motorola Moto X, Motorola Moto X2, Samsung Galaxy Note Edge, Samsung Galaxy Note 4, Samsung Galaxy Avant, Samsung Galaxy S5, Samsung Galaxy Note 3, Samsung Galaxy S4, Samsung Galaxy Note II, Samsung Galaxy SIII, Samsung Gravity Q, Samsung Galaxy S Relay 4G, Samsung Galaxy Light, Samsung Galaxy Exhibit, Samsung Galaxy S Blaze 4G, Samsung Galaxy SII, Samsung Galaxy Note, Sony Mobile Xperia Z, Sony Mobile Xperia Z1s, Sony Mobile Xperia Z3, ZTE ZMAX, ZTE Concord II, ZTE Score M) that directly infringed one or more claims of the 026 patent.

14. In addition, customers of T-Mobile used mobile phones with a visual voicemail app that connects over cellular networks (including, based on information on its or other websites, at least the following models: Alcatel ONE TOUCH Evolve, Alcatel ONE TOUCH Evolve2, Alcatel ONE TOUCH Fierce, Alcatel ONE TOUCH Fierce 2, Apple iPhone 4, Apple iPhone 4S, Apple iPhone 5, Apple iPhone 5C, Apple iPhone 5S, Apple iPhone 6, Apple iPhone 6 Plus, Blackberry Torch, Blackberry Bold, Blackberry Curve, Garmin-ASUS Garminfone, HTC Windows Phone 8X, HTC HD7, HTC Radar 4G, HTC T-Mobile myTouch 3G Slide, HTC T-Mobile myTouch 4G, HTC T-Mobile myTouch 4G Slide, HTC Wildfire S, HTC Sensation 4G, HTC Amaze 4G, HTC One S, HTC One (M8), HTC One (M8) for Windows, Huawei Summit, Huawei T-Mobile myTouch, Huawei T-Mobile myTouch Q, Huawei Ascend, Kyocera Hydro Life, Kyocera Hydro Xtrm, LG G3, LG Optimus L70, LG Optimus L90, LG Optimus F3Q, LG G Flex, LG G2, LG Optimus F6, LG Optimus F3, LG Spirit 4G, LG Optimus L9, LG Motion 4G, LG Optimus M+, LG Connect 4G, Nokia Lumia 800, Nokia Lumia 710, Nokia Lumia 810, Nokia Lumia 521, Nokia Lumia 925, Nokia Lumia 530, Motorola Cliq XT, Motorola Cliq 2, Motorola Defy, Motorola Moto X, Motorola Moto X2, Samsung Galaxy Note Edge, Samsung

Galaxy Note 4, Samsung Galaxy Avant, Samsung Galaxy S5, Samsung Galaxy Note 3, Samsung Galaxy S4, Samsung Galaxy Note II, Samsung Galaxy SIII, Samsung Gravity Q, Samsung Galaxy S Relay 4G, Samsung Galaxy Light, Samsung Galaxy Exhibit, Samsung Galaxy S Blaze 4G, Samsung Galaxy SII, Samsung Galaxy Note, Sony Mobile Xperia Z, Sony Mobile Xperia Z1s, Sony Mobile Xperia Z3, ZTE ZMAX, ZTE Concord II, ZTE Score M), thus directly infringing one or more claims of the 026 patent.

15. T-Mobile induced the infringement of the abovementioned customers.

16. T-Mobile took active steps, directly and/or through contractual relationships with others, to cause infringement with both knowledge of the 026 patent and the specific intent to cause the abovementioned customers to use mobile phones with a visual voicemail app that connects over cellular networks in a manner that infringed the 026 patent. Such steps by T-Mobile included, among other things, advising or directing the abovementioned customers to use mobile phones with a visual voicemail app that connects over cellular networks in an infringing manner; advertising and promoting the use of mobile phones with a visual voicemail app that connects over cellular networks in an infringing manner; and/or distributing instructions that guide users to use the mobile phones with a visual voicemail app that connects over cellular networks in an infringing manner.

17. T-Mobile contributed to the infringement of the abovementioned customers.

18. The infringing mobile phones with a visual voicemail app that connects over cellular networks used by the abovementioned customers have hardware and/or software components that are especially designed to be used with a visual voicemail functionality, and are especially designed to be used in an infringing way. These components in these mobile phones with a visual voicemail app that connects over cellular networks constitute a material part of the

invention of one or more asserted claims of the 026 patent and are not staple articles of commerce suitable for substantial non-infringing use. These distinct and separate components are used only to carry out the visual voicemail functionality in an infringing way and not any other mobile phone functionality.

19. Dynamic Hosting has been damaged as a result of the infringing conduct by defendant alleged above. Thus, defendant is liable to Dynamic Hosting in an amount that adequately compensates Dynamic Hosting for such infringements, which, by law, cannot be less than a reasonable royalty, together with interest and costs as fixed by this Court under 35 U.S.C. § 284.

20. Dynamic Hosting and/or its predecessors-in-interest have satisfied all statutory obligations required to collect pre-filing damages for the full period allowed by law.

COUNT II: INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 6,216,156

21. On April 10, 2001, United States Patent No. 6,216,156 ("the 156 patent") was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent and Trademark Office for an invention titled "Internet Message Communicator With Direct Output To A Hard Copy Device."

22. Dynamic Hosting is the owner of the 156 patent with all substantive rights in and to that patent, including the sole and exclusive right to prosecute this action and enforce the 156 patent against infringers, and to collect damages for all relevant times.

23. T-Mobile made, had made, used, imported, provided, supplied, distributed, sold, and/or offered for sale mobile phones with a visual voicemail app that connects over cellular networks (including, based on information on its or other websites, at least the following models: Alcatel ONE TOUCH Evolve, Alcatel ONE TOUCH Evolve2, Alcatel ONE TOUCH Fierce, Alcatel ONE TOUCH Fierce 2, Apple iPhone 4, Apple iPhone 4S, Apple iPhone 5, Apple

iPhone 5C, Apple iPhone 5S, Apple iPhone 6, Apple iPhone 6 Plus, Blackberry Torch, Blackberry Bold, Blackberry Curve, Garmin-ASUS Garminfone, HTC Windows Phone 8X, HTC HD7, HTC Radar 4G, HTC T-Mobile myTouch 3G Slide, HTC T-Mobile myTouch 4G, HTC T-Mobile myTouch 4G Slide, HTC Wildfire S, HTC Sensation 4G, HTC Amaze 4G, HTC One S, HTC One (M8), HTC One (M8) for Windows, Huawei Summit, Huawei T-Mobile myTouch, Huawei T-Mobile myTouch Q, Huawei Ascend, Kyocera Hydro Life, Kyocera Hydro Xtrm, LG G3, LG Optimus L70, LG Optimus L90, LG Optimus F3Q, LG G Flex, LG G2, LG Optimus F6, LG Optimus F3, LG Spirit 4G, LG Optimus L9, LG Motion 4G, LG Optimus M+, LG Connect 4G, Nokia Lumia 800, Nokia Lumia 710, Nokia Lumia 810, Nokia Lumia 521, Nokia Lumia 925, Nokia Lumia 530, Motorola Cliq XT, Motorola Cliq 2, Motorola Defy, Motorola Moto X, Motorola Moto X2, Samsung Galaxy Note Edge, Samsung Galaxy Note 4, Samsung Galaxy Avant, Samsung Galaxy S5, Samsung Galaxy Note 3, Samsung Galaxy S4, Samsung Galaxy Note II, Samsung Galaxy SIII, Samsung Gravity Q, Samsung Galaxy S Relay 4G, Samsung Galaxy Light, Samsung Galaxy Exhibit, Samsung Galaxy S Blaze 4G, Samsung Galaxy SII, Samsung Galaxy Note, Sony Mobile Xperia Z, Sony Mobile Xperia Z1s, Sony Mobile Xperia Z3, ZTE ZMAX, ZTE Concord II, ZTE Score M) that directly infringed one or more claims of the 156 patent.

24. In addition, customers of T-Mobile used mobile phones with a visual voicemail app that connects over cellular networks (including, based on information on its or other websites, at least the following models: Alcatel ONE TOUCH Evolve, Alcatel ONE TOUCH Evolve2, Alcatel ONE TOUCH Fierce, Alcatel ONE TOUCH Fierce 2, Apple iPhone 4, Apple iPhone 4S, Apple iPhone 5, Apple iPhone 5C, Apple iPhone 5S, Apple iPhone 6, Apple iPhone 6 Plus, Blackberry Torch, Blackberry Bold, Blackberry Curve, Garmin-ASUS Garminfone, HTC

Windows Phone 8X, HTC HD7, HTC Radar 4G, HTC T-Mobile myTouch 3G Slide, HTC T-Mobile myTouch 4G, HTC T-Mobile myTouch 4G Slide, HTC Wildfire S, HTC Sensation 4G, HTC Amaze 4G, HTC One S, HTC One (M8), HTC One (M8) for Windows, Huawei Summit, Huawei T-Mobile myTouch, Huawei T-Mobile myTouch Q, Huawei Ascend, Kyocera Hydro Life, Kyocera Hydro Xtrm, LG G3, LG Optimus L70, LG Optimus L90, LG Optimus F3Q, LG G Flex, LG G2, LG Optimus F6, LG Optimus F3, LG Spirit 4G, LG Optimus L9, LG Motion 4G, LG Optimus M+, LG Connect 4G, Nokia Lumia 800, Nokia Lumia 710, Nokia Lumia 810, Nokia Lumia 521, Nokia Lumia 925, Nokia Lumia 530, Motorola Cliq XT, Motorola Cliq 2, Motorola Defy, Motorola Moto X, Motorola Moto X2, Samsung Galaxy Note Edge, Samsung Galaxy Note 4, Samsung Galaxy Avant, Samsung Galaxy S5, Samsung Galaxy Note 3, Samsung Galaxy S4, Samsung Galaxy Note II, Samsung Galaxy SIII, Samsung Gravity Q, Samsung Galaxy S Relay 4G, Samsung Galaxy Light, Samsung Galaxy Exhibit, Samsung Galaxy S Blaze 4G, Samsung Galaxy SII, Samsung Galaxy Note, Sony Mobile Xperia Z, Sony Mobile Xperia Z1s, Sony Mobile Xperia Z3, ZTE ZMAX, ZTE Concord II, ZTE Score M), thus directly infringing one or more claims of the 156 patent.

25. T-Mobile induced the infringement of the abovementioned customers.

26. T-Mobile took active steps, directly and/or through contractual relationships with others, to cause infringement with both knowledge of the 156 patent and the specific intent to cause the abovementioned customers to use mobile phones with a visual voicemail app that connects over cellular networks in a manner that infringed the 156 patent. Such steps by T-Mobile included, among other things, advising or directing the abovementioned customers to use mobile phones with a visual voicemail app that an infringing manner; advertising and promoting the use of mobile phones with a visual voicemail app that

connects over cellular networks in an infringing manner; and/or distributing instructions that guide users to use the mobile phones with a visual voicemail app that connects over cellular networks in an infringing manner.

27. T-Mobile contributed to the infringement of the abovementioned customers.

28. The infringing mobile phones with a visual voicemail app that connects over cellular networks used by the abovementioned customers have hardware and/or software components that are especially designed to be used with a visual voicemail functionality, and are especially designed to be used in an infringing way. These components in these mobile phones with a visual voicemail app that connects over cellular networks constitute a material part of the invention of one or more asserted claims of the 156 patent and are not staple articles of commerce suitable for substantial non-infringing use. These distinct and separate components are used only to carry out the visual voicemail functionality in an infringing way and not any other mobile phone functionality.

29. Dynamic Hosting has been damaged as a result of the infringing conduct by defendant alleged above. Thus, defendant is liable to Dynamic Hosting in an amount that adequately compensates Dynamic Hosting for such infringements, which, by law, cannot be less than a reasonable royalty, together with interest and costs as fixed by this Court under 35 U.S.C. § 284.

30. Dynamic Hosting and/or its predecessors-in-interest have satisfied all statutory obligations required to collect pre-filing damages for the full period allowed by law.

JURY DEMAND

Dynamic Hosting hereby requests a trial by jury on all issues so triable by right.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Dynamic Hosting requests that the Court find in its favor and against defendant and that the Court grant Dynamic Hosting the following relief:

a. Judgment that one or more claims of the 026 and 156 patents have been infringed, either literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, by defendant;

b. Judgment that defendant account for and pay to Dynamic Hosting all damages to and costs incurred by Dynamic Hosting because of defendant's infringing activities and other conduct complained of herein;

c. That defendant's infringement be found to be willful, and that the Court award treble damages for the period of such willful infringement under 35 U.S.C. § 284;

d. A permanent injunction enjoining defendant and its respective officers, directors, agents, servants, affiliates, employees, divisions, branches, subsidiaries, parents, and all others acting in active concert therewith from infringement of the 026 and 156 patents;

e. Pre-judgment and post-judgment interest on the damages caused by defendant's infringing activities and other conduct complained of herein;

f. A declaration by the Court that this an exceptional case and an award to Dynamic Hosting its reasonable attorneys' fees and costs in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 285; and

g. Other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper under the circumstances.

Dated: December 18, 2014

Respectfully submitted,

<u>/s/ Matthew J. Antonelli</u> Matthew J. Antonelli (lead attorney) Texas Bar No. 24068432 matt@ahtlawfirm.com Zachariah S. Harrington Texas Bar No. 24057886 zac@ahtlawfirm.com Larry D. Thompson, Jr.

Texas Bar No. 24051428 larry@ahtlawfirm.com ANTONELLI, HARRINGTON & THOMPSON LLP 4306 Yoakum Blvd., Ste. 450 Houston, TX 77006 (713) 581-3000 (713) 581-3020 fax

Stafford Davis State Bar No. 24054605 THE STAFFORD DAVIS FIRM, PC 305 S. Broadway, Suite 406 Tyler, Texas 75702 (903) 593-7000 sdavis@stafforddavisfirm.com

Attorneys for Dynamic Hosting Company LLC