

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA

LEADING EDGE NOVELTY, INC. and  
TSAN-YAO CHEN,

Case No. 9:14-cv-81454-Middlebrooks

Plaintiffs,

v.

TIGERDIRECT, INC., LUMISOURCE,  
INC., and LUMISOURCE LLC,

Defendants.

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**SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT  
INJUNCTIVE RELIEF DEMANDED  
DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL**

Plaintiffs, LEADING EDGE NOVELTY, INC. and TSAN-YAO CHEN, sue Defendants  
TIGERDIRECT, INC. and LUMISOURCE, LLC, and state the following in support thereof:

**I. NATURE OF THE ACTION**

1. This action is for patent infringement arising under the patent laws of the United States, 35 U.S.C. §§ 271, *et seq.*, to enjoin and obtain damages resulting from Defendants' unauthorized manufacture, use, sale, offer to sell and/or importation into the United States for subsequent use or sale of products, methods, processes, services and/or systems that infringe one or more claims of United States Patent No. 7,617,624 entitled "Musical Water Tank." Plaintiffs seek injunctive relief to prevent Defendants from continuing to infringe Plaintiffs' patent and recovery of monetary damages resulting from Defendants' past infringement of the patent.

**II. JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

2. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1338(a).

3. Venue is proper in this judicial district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) and 28 U.S.C. § 1400(b) because (a) Defendants reside in this judicial district and division and/or (b) and the acts complained of occurred within this judicial district and division, and/or (c) Defendants have committed acts of infringement within this judicial district and division and have a regular and established place of business within this judicial district and division.

4. The activities of Defendants as alleged in this First Amended Complaint occurred in interstate commerce within the United States and within this judicial district.

5. Defendants are subject to personal jurisdiction in Florida because Defendants have solicited, transacted and done business within this judicial district. In addition, Defendants unlawful conduct has taken place within this judicial district. Furthermore, jurisdiction over the Defendants will not offend traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.

### **III. PARTIES**

6. Leading Edge Novelty, Inc. (“LEN”) is a New York corporation with offices in New York and Florida.

7. Tsan-Yao Chen (“Chen”) is an individual who resides in Taipei City, Taiwan.

8. TigerDirect, Inc. (“Tiger”) is a Florida corporation with its principal place of business located at 7795 West Flagler Street, Miami, FL 33144. Tiger can be served with process via its registered agent, The Prentice Hall Corporation System, Inc., 1201 Hays Street, Tallahassee, FL 32301. Tiger maintains a regular and established place of business within this judicial district and division, and has committed acts of infringement within this judicial district and division.

9. Lumisource, LLC (“Lumisource”) is a limited liability company organized and existing under the laws of the State of Illinois, having its principal place of business at 2950 Old

Higgins Road, Elk Grove Village, IL 60007. Lumisource has committed acts of infringement within this judicial district and division.

#### **IV. FACTS**

10. Prior to November 17, 2009, Chen invented a musical water tank.

11. Chen's idea combines an audio speaker that plays music with a colored light show whereby clear liquid encased in a transparent container "dances" to the beat of the music playing through the speakers.

12. The combination of musical sound and lighting effects produced by Chen's idea delivers a unique and attractive experience to consumers over traditional speakers.

13. Chen applied for and obtained United States Patent No. 7,617,624 entitled "Musical Water Tank" (the "'624 Patent"). A true and correct copy of the '624 Patent is attached hereto as Exhibit A. Chen is the sole owner of the '624 Patent.

14. LEN is an innovative marketer and distributor of novelty products. Since 2012, LEN has been marketing and distributing unique novelty products under license from Chen known as water dancing speakers that practice the claims in the '624 Patent.

15. All the water dancing speaker products marketed and distributed under the authority of the '624 Patent, have been sold in packaging prominently marked with the '624 Patent. Attached hereto as Exhibit B is an image of the packaging for LEADING EDGE WATER DANCING SPEAKERS showing the prominent marking indicating that LEN's product is manufactured under the '624 Patent.

16. LEN is one of only a few marketers and distributors in the U.S. licensed to sell products protected by the '624 Patent.

17. Chen has granted LEN an exclusive license to prosecute all past, present and future infringements of the '624 Patent.

18. Defendants are engaged in the business of importing, making, using, offering to sell, and selling consumer novelty products.

19. Among the products that defendants import, make, use, offer to sell and sell are water dancing speakers.

20. Lumisource has imported into the United States for distribution a water dancing speaker product under the Boom2O brand called Speakers.

21. Tiger has offered to sell and sold Lumisource's water dancing speakers Boom2O brand Speakers, as shown in Exhibit C attached hereto.

22. The water dancing speaker products the Defendants import, make, use, offer to sell and sell, including but not limited to the Boom2O brand Speakers, infringe one or more claims of the '624 Patent.

23. Plaintiff LEN purchased Lumisource's water dancing speakers Boom2O brand Speakers from Tiger online and Tiger shipped them to LEN in the Palm Beach County division of the Southern District of Florida.

24. At all times during which Defendants imported, made, used, offered to sell and sold water dancing speaker products that infringe one or more claims of the '624 Patent, Defendants had knowledge of the '624 Patent.

25. Plaintiffs have been irreparably harmed by Defendants' infringement of their valuable patent rights.

26. Defendants' unauthorized, infringing use of Plaintiffs' patented musical water tank has threatened the value of their intellectual property because Defendants' conduct results in

Plaintiffs' loss of its lawful patent rights to exclude others from importing, making, using, selling, offering to sell and/or importing the patented inventions.

27. Defendants' disregard for Plaintiffs' property rights similarly threatens Plaintiffs' relationships with potential licensees of this intellectual property.

28. Defendants will derive a competitive advantage from using Plaintiffs' patented technology without paying compensation for such use.

29. Unless and until Defendants' continued acts of infringement are enjoined, Plaintiffs will suffer further irreparable harm for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

30. Plaintiffs have engaged the undersigned attorneys and agreed to pay them a reasonable fee.

#### **COUNT I –PATENT INFRINGEMENT**

31. Plaintiffs repeat and re-allege the allegations of paragraphs 1 through 30 as though fully set forth herein.

32. This is a count for patent infringement under the laws of the United States against Defendants.

33. Defendants make, use, sell, offer to sell and/or import into the United States for subsequent sale or use products, services, methods or processes that directly infringe, or which employ systems, components and/or steps that make use of other systems or processes that directly infringe, at least claim 1 of the '624 Patent. A preliminary claim chart demonstrating infringement is attached hereto as Exhibit D.

34. Defendants have been and continue to infringe one or more of the claims of the '624 Patent through the aforesaid acts, and will continue to do so unless enjoined by this Court.

35. Defendants' wrongful conduct has caused Plaintiffs to suffer irreparable harm resulting from the loss of its lawful patent rights to exclude others from making, using, selling, offering to sell and importing the patented inventions.

36. Defendants' infringement has been willful, deliberate and with knowledge of Plaintiffs' rights under the '624 Patent, and unless Defendants are enjoined by this Court, such acts of willful infringement will continue. Therefore, Plaintiffs are without adequate remedy at law.

37. Plaintiffs are entitled to recover damages adequate to compensate for the infringement of the '624 Patent, as well as additional damages for willful infringement.

**PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

WHEREFORE, LEN and CHEN demand judgment and relief against Tiger and Lumisource and respectfully requests that this Court:

- A. Such damages as Plaintiffs may have suffered but in no event less than a reasonable royalty pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;
- B. A finding of willful infringement and an enhancement of damages;
- C. A determination that this is an exceptional case;
- D. An injunction preliminarily and permanently enjoining infringement;
- E. An award to Plaintiffs of their attorneys' fees under 35 U.S.C. § 285;
- F. An award to Plaintiffs of their costs; and
- G. Such other and further relief as to the Court appears just and proper.

**DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL**

Plaintiffs demand a trial by jury on all claims so triable.

DATED: January 28, 2015

Respectfully submitted,

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