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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
ECLIPSE IP LLC, a Florida Limited) Case No. 2:13-cv-06652-SJO-FFM	
Liability Company,		
Plaintiff,	FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT	
V)) TRIAL BY JURY DEMANDED	
)	
Corporation,))	
Defendant.)	
	molavi@olavidunne.com Brian J. Dunne, Esq. (Bar No. 275689) bdunne@olavidunne.com OLAVI DUNNE LLP 800 Wilshire Blvd., Suite 320 Los Angeles, California 90017 Telephone: (213) 516-7900 Facsimile: (213) 516-7910 Attorneys for Plaintiff Eclipse IP LLC UNITED STATES CENTRAL DISTRICE ECLIPSE IP LLC, a Florida Limited Liability Company, Plaintiff, v. VIRGIN AMERICA, INC., a Delaware Corporation,	

FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT

Plaintiff Eclipse IP LLC ("Eclipse"), by and through counsel, complains against Virgin America, Inc. ("Virgin America") as follows:

NATURE OF LAWSUIT

1. This is a suit for patent infringement arising under the patent laws of the United States, Title 35 of the United States Code § 1 *et seq*. This Court has exclusive jurisdiction over the subject matter of the Complaint under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).

PARTIES AND PATENTS

- 2. Eclipse is a company organized under the laws of Florida and having a principal place of business at 115 NW 17th St, Delray Beach, Florida 33444.
- 3. Eclipse owns all right, title, and interest in and has standing to sue for infringement of United States Patent No.7,482,952 ("the '952 patent"), entitled "Response systems and methods for notification systems for modifying future notifications" (Exhibit A).
- 4. On information and belief, Virgin America is a corporation existing under the laws of Delaware.
- 5. On information and belief, Virgin America does regular business in this Judicial District and conduct leading to Virgin America's acts of infringement has occurred in this Judicial District.

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JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 6. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Virgin America because it has engaged in continuous and systematic business in California; upon information and belief, derives substantial revenues from commercial activities in California; and, upon information and belief, is operating and/or supporting products or services that fall within one or more claims of Eclipse's patents in this District.
- 7. Venue is proper in this District under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b) and (c) and 28 U.S.C. § 1400(a) at least because the claim arises in this Judicial District, Virgin America may be found and transacts business in this Judicial District, and injuries suffered by Plaintiff took place in this Judicial District. Virgin America is subject to the general and specific personal jurisdiction of this Court at least because of its contacts with the State of California.

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

- 8. On information and belief, Virgin America is an airline that offers flights from cities across the United States, including many from Los Angeles.
- 9. On information and belief, Virgin America creates and maintains a timetable for every scheduled Virgin America flight, which includes a scheduled departure time and a scheduled arrival time for every Virgin America flight.
- 10. On information and belief, Virgin America, either on its own or through its agents, monitors the location of its various airplanes, and based at least in part on the location a given airplane, determines whether a particular flight will

depart from its scheduled departure city and/or whether a particular flight will arrive at its scheduled arrival city earlier than the scheduled time, at the scheduled time, or later than the scheduled time.

- On information and belief, Virgin America also uses the location of its 11. various airplanes to determine whether or not to cancel flights.
- On information and belief, Virgin America uses, makes, deploys, 12. advertises, and/or operates at least one system and/or service (the "Virgin America System") that can automatically notify one or more individuals about the status of a flight.
- On information and belief, as one non-limiting example, the Virgin 13. America System can automatically notify one or more individuals whether a flight is on time, delayed, or cancelled a set number of hours before the flight is scheduled to depart.
- On information and belief, as another non-limiting example, the Virgin 14. America System can automatically notify one or more individuals that the departure of a scheduled flight will be delayed.
- On information and belief, these notifications can occur through at least 15. one communications method, including but not limited to through email and SMS messages, and that the one or more individuals can select which of the at least one communications method should be used.

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VIRGIN AMERICA'S ACTS OF PATENT INFRINGEMENT

- 16. Eclipse reiterates and reincorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1 through 15 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 17. Virgin America owns, uses, deploys, and/or operates at least one computerized service and/or system, the Virgin America System, for notifying one or more individuals regarding flight departure and/or arrival times.
- 18. Based at least in part on the location of a Virgin America airplane, the Virgin America System provides electronic notifications to one or more individuals regarding flight departure and/or arrival times.

CLAIMS FOR RELIEF

COUNT 1

(Patent Infringement of U.S. Patent No. 7,482,952 Under 35 U.S.C. § 271 et seq.)

- 19. Eclipse reiterates and reincorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1 through 18 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 20. On January 27, 2009, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 7,482,952, entitled "Response systems and methods for notification systems for modifying future notifications." Eclipse is the owner of the entire right, title and interest in and to the '952 patent. A true and correct copy of the '952 patent is attached as Exhibit A to this Complaint.
 - 21. The '952 patent is valid and enforceable.

- 22. Eclipse is informed and believes, and thereupon alleges, that: (1) Virgin America has infringed and continues to infringe one or more claims of the '952 patent, literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents and additionally and/or in the alternative, (2) Virgin America has actively induced and continues to actively induce and/or has contributed to and continues to contribute to the infringement of one or more claims of the '952 patent in this District and elsewhere in the United States.
- On information and belief, Virgin America has directly infringed and continues to directly infringe one or more claims of the '952 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a), by, among other things, making, using, offering for sale, and/or selling a method for a computer-based notification system to, for example: schedule a notification to a personal communications device regarding a flight; determine changes in schedule of the flight; notify one or more individuals of the change in schedule; and allow the one or more individuals to cancel the later-scheduled notification.
- America has actively induced and continues to actively induce and/or has contributed to and continues to contribute to the infringement of one or more claims of the '952 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b) and/or (c), by, among other things, actively, knowingly, and intentionally encouraging, aiding, and/or abetting others to make, use, offer for sale, and/or sell portions of a computer-based

notification system that infringes one or more claims of the '952 patent, with the specific intent to encourage infringement and with the knowledge that the making, using, offering to sell, and/or selling of such a system would constitute infringement.

- 25. On information and belief, Virgin America has had knowledge of the '952 patent at least as early as September 16, 2013, the day that it was served with a copy of the Complaint, which set forth factual allegations of Virgin America's infringement. *See* Dkt. No. 13. Additionally, at least as early as September 16, 2013, Virgin America knew or should have known that its continued offering, use, deployment, and/or operation of the at least one flight notification service and/or system and its continued support of others, if those parties perform any limitations of one or more of the claims of the '952 patent, would induce direct infringement of the '952 patent, as it had actual knowledge of the patent and factual allegations of its infringement thereof.
- 26. On information and belief, Virgin America has not changed or modified its infringing behavior since September 16, 2013.
- 27. Virgin America's aforesaid infringing activity has directly and proximately caused damage to Plaintiff Eclipse, including loss of profits from sales and/or licensing revenues it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Eclipse for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff Eclipse asks this Court to enter judgment against Virgin America and against each of Virgin America's respective subsidiaries, affiliates, agents, servants, employees and all persons in active concert or participation with it, granting the following relief:

- 1. A judgment that Virgin America has infringed each and every one of the Eclipse Patents;
- 2. A permanent injunction against Virgin America, its respective officers, agents, servants, employees, attorneys, parent and subsidiary corporations, assigns and successors in interest, and those persons in active concert or participation with them, enjoining them from direct and indirect infringement of each and every one of the Eclipse Patents;
- 3. An award of damages adequate to compensate Eclipse for the infringement that has occurred, together with prejudgment interest from the date infringement of the Eclipse Patents began;
- 4. A reasonable royalty for Virgin America's use of Eclipse's patented technology, as alleged herein;
- 5. An award to Eclipse of all remedies available under 35 U.S.C. §§ 284 and 285; and,
- 6. Such other and further relief as this Court or a jury may deem proper and just.

1	DATED: October 21, 2013	OLAVI DUNNE LLP
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3		By: <u>/s/ Matt Olavi</u>
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5		Matt Olavi Brian J. Dunne
6		Attorneys for Plaintiff
7		Eclipse IP LLC
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9	JURY DEMAND	
10	Eclipse demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable pursuant to Federal	
11	Rule of Civil Procedure 38.	
12	Rule of Civil Flocedule 38.	
13	DATED: October 21, 2013	OLAVI DUNNE LLP
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16		By: <u>/s/ Matt Olavi</u>
17		Matt Olavi
18		Brian J. Dunne Attorneys for Plaintiff
19		Eclipse IP LLC
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