IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS MARSHALL DIVISION

§	
§	
§	
§	
§	CIVIL ACTION NO. 2:15-cv-1397
§	
§	JURY TRIAL DEMANDED
§	
§	
§	
§	
§	
	§

PLAINTIFF'S FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT

Plaintiff Max Blu Technologies, LLC (hereinafter, "Plaintiff" or "Max Blu"), by and through its undersigned counsel, files this First Amended Complaint for Patent Infringement against Defendants Echo Bridge Entertainment, LLC (hereinafter, "Echo Bridge") and Platinum Disc, LLC d/b/a Echo Bridge Home Entertainment (hereinafter, "Platinum Disc") (collectively, "Defendants") as follows:

NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. This is a patent infringement action to stop Defendants' infringement of the following patents (collectively, the "Patents-in-Suit"), which were duly and legally issued by the United States Patent and Trademark Office (hereinafter, the "USPTO"), copies of which are attached hereto as **Exhibits A through E**, respectively.

	Patent No.	Title
A.	7,352,685	REVERSE OPTICAL MASTERING FOR DATA
		STORAGE DISK REPLICAS
B.	7,801,016	REVERSE OPTICAL MASTERING FOR DATA
		STORAGE DISK REPLICAS
C.	8,593,931	REPLICA DISK FOR DATA STORAGE
D.	RE44633	REVERSE OPTICAL MASTERING FOR DATA
		STORAGE DISK REPLICAS
E.	8,705,334	REPLICA DISK FOR DATA STORAGE

- 2. Each of the Patents-in-Suit traces its priority date back to Application No. 09/055,825 (hereinafter, "the '825 Application"), which was filed with the USPTO on April 6, 1998, and was the parent to Application No. 09/730,246 (hereinafter, "the '246 Application"), which was filed with the USPTO on December 5, 2000 and issued as United States Patent No. 6,890,704. Application No. 09/850,252 (hereinafter, "the '252 Application") was a continuation-in-part application of the '246 Application, which was filed with the USPTO on May 7, 2001 and issued as United States Patent No. 6,728,196 on April 27, 2004.
- 3. Plaintiff is the owner of the Patents-in-Suit and possesses all right, title and interest in the Patents-in-Suit, including the right to enforce the Patents-in-Suit, the right to license the Patents-in-Suit, and the right to sue Defendants for infringement and recover past damages. Plaintiff seeks injunctive relief and monetary damages.

PARTIES

- 4. Max Blu is a limited liability company organized and existing under the laws of the State of Texas and maintains its principal place of business at 104 East Houston Street, Suite 150, Marshall, Texas, 75670 (Harrison County).
- 5. Upon information and belief, Defendant Echo Bridge is a limited liability company duly organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware since April 15, 2003 with its principal place of business located at 75 Second Avenue, Suite 500, Needham,

Massachusetts, 02494 (Norfolk County). Defendant Echo Bridge has been registered with the

Secretary of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts since April 29, 2003 as a foreign corporation

and may be served through its registered agent, Corporation Service Company, which is located

at 84 State Street, Boston, Massachusetts, 02109.

6. Upon information and belief, Defendant Platinum Disc is a limited liability

company organized under the laws of Minnesota since January 14, 2005 with its principal place

of business located at 3089 Airport Road, La Crosse, Wisconsin, 54603 (La Crosse County).

Defendant Platinum Disc has been registered with the Wisconsin Department of Financial

Institutions since at least December 20, 2010 and possibly as early as January 19, 2005 as a

Foreign LLC and may be served through its registered agent, Corporation Service Company,

which is located at 8040 Excelsior Drive, Suite 400, Madison Wisconsin, 53717.

7. Upon information and belief, Platinum Disc is a subsidiary of Echo Bridge.

8. Upon information and belief, Defendants ship, distribute, make, use, offer for

sale, sell, and/or advertise Blu-ray disk products and services, with such disks including, but not

limited to, Visible Scars (the "Blu-ray Disks").

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

9. This action arises under the Patent Laws of the United States, 35 U.S.C. § 1 et

seq., including 35 U.S.C. §§ 271, 281, 283, 284, and 285. This Court has subject matter

jurisdiction over this case for patent infringement under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).

10. The Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendants because: Defendants have

minimum contacts within the State of Texas and in the Eastern District of Texas; Defendants

have purposefully availed themselves of the privileges of conducting business in the State of

Texas and in the Eastern District of Texas; Defendants have sought protection and benefit from

the laws of the State of Texas; Defendants regularly conduct business within the State of Texas

and within the Eastern District of Texas, and Plaintiff's causes of action arise directly from

Defendants' business contacts and other activities in the State of Texas and in the Eastern

District of Texas.

11. More specifically, Defendants, directly and/or through their intermediaries, ship,

distribute, make, use, import, offer for sale, sell, and/or advertise their products and affiliated

services in the United States, the State of Texas, and the Eastern District of Texas. Upon

information and belief, Defendants have committed patent infringement in the State of Texas and

in the Eastern District of Texas. Defendants solicit customers in the State of Texas and in the

Eastern District of Texas. Defendants have many paying customers who are residents of the

State of Texas and the Eastern District of Texas and who use Defendants' products in the State

of Texas and in the Eastern District of Texas.

12. Venue is proper in the Eastern District of Texas pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391

and 1400(b).

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

13. The Patents-in-Suit were duly and legally issued by the United States Patent and

Trademark Office after full and fair examinations. Plaintiff is the owner of the Patents-in-Suit,

and possesses all right, title and interest in the Patent-in-Suit including the right to enforce the

Patents-in-Suit, the right to license the Patents-in-Suit, and the right to sue Defendants for

infringement and recover past damages.

14. Defendants sell, advertise, offer for sale, use, or otherwise provide the Blu-ray

Disks (collectively, the "Accused Products"). A picture of the representative packaging for the

Accused Products is attached as **Exhibit F** (packaging for *Visible Scars*).

15. Upon information and belief, Defendants own, operate, advertise, and/or control

the websites www.echobridgeentertainment.com, www.ebhe.com, www.echobridgehe.com, and

www.ebellc.com, through which Defendants advertise, sell, offer to sell, provide and/or educate customers about the Accused Products. Evidence obtained from Defendants' websites regarding these products is provided in **Exhibit G** (sale of *Visible Scars*) and **Exhibit H** (sale of other Blu-

16. A representative analysis of the physical characteristics of the Accused Products is attached as **Exhibit I** (analysis of *Visible Scars*).

ray disks).

<u>COUNT I</u> INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 7,352,685

- 17. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference each of Paragraphs 1-16 above.
- 18. United States Patent No. 7,352,685 (hereinafter, the "'685 Patent") was duly and legally issued by the USPTO on April 1, 2008 to its inventors, Jathan D. Edwards and Donald J. Kerfeld, and was initially assigned to Imation Corporation. See Ex. A.
- 19. The '685 Patent was issued after full and fair examination of application number 10/790,970 which was filed with the USPTO on March 2, 2004 as a continuation of application number 09/850,252 (which itself issued as United States Patent No. 6,728,196). See **Ex. A**.
- 20. A Certificate of Correction was issued for the '685 Patent on February 16, 2010.

 See Ex. A.
- 21. Plaintiff is informed and believes that Defendants have infringed and continue to infringe the '685 Patent either literally or under the doctrine of equivalents through the manufacture and sale of infringing products. More specifically, Defendants have infringed and continue to infringe one or more claims of the '685 Patent, including at least Claims 1, 2-4, 7, 10, 19-26, 29, and 30-33, (the "'685 Patent Claims") because they ship, distribute, make, use, import, offer for sale, sell, and/or advertise the Accused Products. Specifically, Defendants' Accused Products infringe the '685 Patent Claims by providing to their customers optical disks

with the physical characteristics as claimed in the '685 Patent Claims. See, e.g., Ex. F; Ex. I. Upon information and belief, Defendants' Accused Products are available for sale on their websites and through various retailers located in this district and throughout the United States. See, e.g., Ex. G; Ex. H.

22. Upon information and belief, Defendants have intentionally induced and continue to induce infringement of the '685 Patent Claims in this district and elsewhere in the United States, by their intentional acts which have successfully, among other things, encouraged, instructed, enabled, and otherwise caused Defendants' customers to use the Accused Products in an infringing manner. Despite knowledge of the '685 Patent as early as the date of service of the Original Complaint in this action, Defendants, upon information and belief, continue to encourage, instruct, enable, and otherwise cause their customers to use their systems and methods, in a manner which infringes the '685 Patent. Based upon information and belief, Defendants' source of revenue and business focus is the provision of and sale of the Accused Products. Upon information and belief, Defendants have specifically intended their customers to use their systems and methods in such a way that infringes the '685 Patent by, at a minimum, providing and supporting the Accused Products and instructing their customers on how to use them in an infringing manner, at least through information available on Defendants' websites including information brochures, promotional material, and contact information. See Ex. G, Ex.-H. Upon information and belief, Defendants knew that their actions, including, but not limited to any of the aforementioned systems and methods, would induce, have induced, and will continue to induce infringement by their customers by continuing to sell, support, and instruct their customers on using the Accused Products. Id.

23. Defendants' aforesaid activities have been without authority and/or license from

Plaintiff.

24. Plaintiff is entitled to recover from Defendants the damages sustained by Plaintiff

as a result of Defendants' wrongful acts in an amount subject to proof at trial, which, by law,

cannot be less than a reasonable royalty, together with interest and costs as fixed by this Court

under 35 U.S.C. § 284.

25. Defendants' infringement of Plaintiff's rights under the '685 Patent will continue

to damage Plaintiff, causing irreparable harm to Plaintiff for which there is no adequate remedy

at law, unless enjoined by this Court.

COUNT II
INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 7,801,016

26. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference each of Paragraphs 1-16 above.

27. United States Patent No. 7,801,016 (hereinafter, the "'016 Patent") was duly and

legally issued by the USPTO on September 21, 2010 to its inventors, Jathan D. Edwards and

Donald J. Kerfeld, and was initially assigned to Imation Corporation. See Ex. B.

28. The '016 Patent was issued after full and fair examination of application number

12/584,454 which was filed with the USPTO on September 4, 2009 as a continuation of

application number 10/790,965 (which itself issued as United States Patent No. 7,600,992). See

Ex. B.

29. Plaintiff is informed and believes that Defendants have infringed and continue to

infringe the '016 Patent either literally or under the doctrine of equivalents through the

manufacture and sale of infringing products. Upon information and belief, Defendants have

infringed and continue to infringe one or more claims of the '016 Patent, including at least

Claims 1, 5, 7, and 8 (the "'016 Patent Claims") because they ship, distribute, make, use, import,

offer for sale, sell, and/or advertise the Accused Products. Specifically, Defendants' Accused Products infringe the '016 Patent Claims by providing to their customers optical disks with the physical characteristics as claimed in the '016 Patent Claims. See, e.g., Ex. F; Ex. I. Upon information and belief, Defendants' Accused Products are available for sale on their websites and through various retailers located in this district and throughout the United States. See, e.g., Ex. G; Ex. H.

30. Upon information and belief, Defendants have intentionally induced and continue to induce infringement of the '016 Patent Claims in this district and elsewhere in the United States, by their intentional acts which have successfully, among other things, encouraged, instructed, enabled, and otherwise caused Defendants' customers to use the Accused Products in an infringing manner. Despite knowledge of the '016 Patent as early as the date of service of the Original Complaint in this action, Defendants, upon information and belief, continue to encourage, instruct, enable, and otherwise cause their customers to use their systems and methods, in a manner which infringes the '016 Patent. Based upon information and belief, Defendants' source of revenue and business focus is the provision of and sale of the Accused Products. Upon information and belief, Defendants have specifically intended their customers to use their systems and methods in such a way that infringes the '016 Patent by, at a minimum, providing and supporting the Accused Products and instructing their customers on how to use them in an infringing manner, at least through information available on Defendants' websites including information brochures, promotional material, and contact information. See Ex. G, Ex.-H. Upon information and belief, Defendants knew that their actions, including, but not limited to any of the aforementioned systems and methods, would induce, have induced, and will

continue to induce infringement by their customers by continuing to sell, support, and instruct

their customers on using the Accused Products. Id.

31. Defendants' aforesaid activities have been without authority and/or license from

Plaintiff.

32. Plaintiff is entitled to recover from Defendants the damages sustained by Plaintiff

as a result of Defendants' wrongful acts in an amount subject to proof at trial, which, by law,

cannot be less than a reasonable royalty, together with interest and costs as fixed by this Court

under 35 U.S.C. § 284.

33. Defendants' infringement of Plaintiff's rights under the '016 Patent will continue

to damage Plaintiff, causing irreparable harm to Plaintiff for which there is no adequate remedy

at law, unless enjoined by this Court.

COUNT IIIINFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 8,593,931

34. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference each of Paragraphs 1-16 above.

35. United States Patent No. 8,593,931 (hereinafter, the "'931 Patent") was duly and

legally issued by the USPTO on November 26, 2013 to its inventors, Jathan D. Edwards and

Donald J. Kerfeld, and was initially assigned to Legger Col. A.B. LLC. See Ex. C.

36. The '931 Patent was issued after full and fair examination of application number

13/730,733 which was filed with the USPTO on December 28, 2012 as a continuation of

application number 13/089,994 (which itself issued as United States Patent No. 8,363,534). See

Ex. C.

37. Plaintiff is informed and believes that Defendants have infringed and continue to

infringe the '931 Patent either literally or under the doctrine of equivalents through the

manufacture and sale of infringing products. Upon information and belief, Defendants have

infringed and continue to infringe one or more claims of the '931 Patent, including at least Claims 1, 3-5, 7, 9, and 11 (the "'931 Patent Claims") because they ship, distribute, make, use, import, offer for sale, sell, and/or advertise the Accused Products. Specifically, Defendants' Accused Products infringe the '931 Patent Claims by providing to their customers optical disks with the physical characteristics as claimed in the '931 Patent Claims. See, e.g., Ex. F; Ex. I. Upon information and belief, Defendants' Accused Products are available for sale on their websites and through various retailers located in this district and throughout the United States. See, e.g., Ex. G; Ex. H.

38. Upon information and belief, Defendants have intentionally induced and continue to induce infringement of the '931 Patent Claims in this district and elsewhere in the United States, by their intentional acts which have successfully, among other things, encouraged, instructed, enabled, and otherwise caused Defendants' customers to use the Accused Products in an infringing manner. Despite knowledge of the '931 Patent as early as the date of service of the Original Complaint in this action, Defendants, upon information and belief, continue to encourage, instruct, enable, and otherwise cause their customers to use their systems and methods, in a manner which infringes the '931 Patent. Based upon information and belief, Defendants' source of revenue and business focus is the provision of and sale of the Accused Products. Upon information and belief, Defendants have specifically intended their customers to use their systems and methods in such a way that infringes the '931 Patent by, at a minimum, providing and supporting the Accused Products and instructing their customers on how to use them in an infringing manner, at least through information available on Defendants' websites including information brochures, promotional material, and contact information. See Ex. G, Ex.-H. Upon information and belief, Defendants knew that their actions, including, but not limited to any of the aforementioned systems and methods, would induce, have induced, and will

continue to induce infringement by their customers by continuing to sell, support, and instruct

their customers on using the Accused Products. Id.

39. Defendants' aforesaid activities have been without authority and/or license from

Plaintiff.

40. Plaintiff is entitled to recover from Defendants the damages sustained by Plaintiff

as a result of Defendants' wrongful acts in an amount subject to proof at trial, which, by law,

cannot be less than a reasonable royalty, together with interest and costs as fixed by this Court

under 35 U.S.C. § 284.

41. Defendants' infringement of Plaintiff's rights under the '931 Patent will continue

to damage Plaintiff, causing irreparable harm to Plaintiff for which there is no adequate remedy

at law, unless enjoined by this Court.

COUNT IV INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. RE44633

42. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference each of Paragraphs 1-16 above.

43. United States Reissued Patent No. RE44633 (hereinafter, the "'633 Patent") was

duly and legally issued by the USPTO on December 10, 2013 to its inventors, Jathan D. Edwards

and Donald J. Kerfeld, and was initially assigned to Legger Col. A.B. LLC. See Ex. D. The

'633 Patent was filed with the USPTO on September 23, 2011 as application number

13/243,939. *Id*.

44. The reexamination that resulted in the issuance of the '633 Patent was based on

United States Patent No. 7,952,986 (the "'986 Patent"), which issued on May 31, 2011 from

Application No. 12/852,139 and was filed with the USPTO on August 6, 2010, as a continuation

of application number 12/584,454 (which itself issued as United States Patent No. 7,801,016) See Ex. D.

45. Plaintiff is informed and believes that Defendants have infringed and continue to infringe the '633 Patent either literally or under the doctrine of equivalents through the manufacture and sale of infringing products. Upon information and belief, Defendants have infringed and continue to infringe one or more claims of the '633 Patent, including at least Claims 1, 2, 15, 16, 18, and 19 (the "'633 Patent Claims") because they ship, distribute, make, use, import, offer for sale, sell, and/or advertise the Accused Products. Specifically, Defendants' Accused Products infringe the '633 Patent Claims by providing to their customers optical disks with the physical characteristics as claimed in the '633 Patent Claims. See, e.g., Ex. F; Ex. I. Upon information and belief, Defendants' Accused Products are available for sale on their websites and through various retailers located in this district and throughout the United States. See, e.g., Ex. G; Ex. H.

46. Upon information and belief, Defendants have intentionally induced and continue to induce infringement of the '633 Patent Claims in this district and elsewhere in the United States, by their intentional acts which have successfully, among other things, encouraged, instructed, enabled, and otherwise caused Defendants' customers to use the Accused Products in an infringing manner. Despite knowledge of the '633 Patent as early as the date of service of the Original Complaint in this action, Defendants, upon information and belief, continue to encourage, instruct, enable, and otherwise cause their customers to use their systems and methods, in a manner which infringes the '633 Patent. Based upon information and belief, Defendants' source of revenue and business focus is the provision of and sale of the Accused Products. Upon information and belief, Defendants have specifically intended their customers to

use their systems and methods in such a way that infringes the '633 Patent by, at a minimum,

providing and supporting the Accused Products and instructing their customers on how to use

them in an infringing manner, at least through information available on Defendants' websites

including information brochures, promotional material, and contact information. See Ex. G,

Ex.-H. Upon information and belief, Defendants knew that their actions, including, but not

limited to any of the aforementioned systems and methods, would induce, have induced, and will

continue to induce infringement by their customers by continuing to sell, support, and instruct

their customers on using the Accused Products. Id.

47. Defendants' aforesaid activities have been without authority and/or license from

Plaintiff.

48. Plaintiff is entitled to recover from Defendants the damages sustained by Plaintiff

as a result of Defendants' wrongful acts in an amount subject to proof at trial, which, by law,

cannot be less than a reasonable royalty, together with interest and costs as fixed by this Court

under 35 U.S.C. § 284.

49. Defendants' infringement of Plaintiff's rights under the '633 Patent will continue

to damage Plaintiff, causing irreparable harm to Plaintiff for which there is no adequate remedy

at law, unless enjoined by this Court.

COUNT V **INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 8,705,334**

50. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference each of Paragraphs 1-16 above.

United States Patent No. 8,705,334 (hereinafter, the "'334 Patent") was duly and 51.

legally issued by the USPTO on April 22, 2014 to its inventors, Jathan D. Edwards and Donald J.

Kerfeld, and was initially assigned to Legger Col. A.B. LLC. See Exhibit E.

52. The '334 Patent was issued after full and fair examination of application number

14/065,337, which was filed with the USPTO on October 28, 2013 as a continuation of

application number 13/730,733 (which itself issued as United States Patent No. 8,593,931). See

Exhibit E.

53. Plaintiff is informed and believes that Defendants have infringed and continue to

infringe the '334 Patent either literally or under the doctrine of equivalents through the

manufacture and sale of infringing products. Upon information and belief, Defendants have

infringed and continue to infringe one or more claims of the '334 Patent, including at least

Claims 1 and 18 (the "'334 Patent Claims") because they ship, distribute, make, use, import,

offer for sale, sell, and/or advertise the Accused Products. Specifically, Defendants' Accused

Products infringe the '334 Patent Claims by providing to their customers optical disks with the

physical characteristics as claimed in the '334 Patent Claims. See, e.g., Ex. F; Ex. I. Upon

information and belief, Defendants' Accused Products are available for sale on their websites

and through various retailers located in this district and throughout the United States. See, e.g.,

Ex. G; Ex. H.

54. Upon information and belief, Defendants have intentionally induced and continue

to induce infringement of the '334 Patent Claims in this district and elsewhere in the United

States, by their intentional acts which have successfully, among other things, encouraged,

instructed, enabled, and otherwise caused Defendants' customers to use the Accused Products in

an infringing manner. Despite knowledge of the '334 Patent as early as the date of service of the

Original Complaint in this action, Defendants, upon information and belief, continue to

encourage, instruct, enable, and otherwise cause their customers to use their systems and

methods, in a manner which infringes the '334 Patent. Based upon information and belief,

Defendants' source of revenue and business focus is the provision of and sale of the Accused

Products. Upon information and belief, Defendants have specifically intended their customers to

use their systems and methods in such a way that infringes the '334 Patent by, at a minimum,

providing and supporting the Accused Products and instructing their customers on how to use

them in an infringing manner, at least through information available on Defendants' websites

including information brochures, promotional material, and contact information. See Ex. G,

Ex.-H. Upon information and belief, Defendants knew that their actions, including, but not

limited to any of the aforementioned systems and methods, would induce, have induced, and will

continue to induce infringement by their customers by continuing to sell, support, and instruct

their customers on using the Accused Products. Id.

55. Defendants' aforesaid activities have been without authority and/or license from

Plaintiff.

56. Plaintiff is entitled to recover from Defendants the damages sustained by Plaintiff

as a result of Defendants' wrongful acts in an amount subject to proof at trial, which, by law,

cannot be less than a reasonable royalty, together with interest and costs as fixed by this Court

under 35 U.S.C. § 284.

57. Defendants' infringement of Plaintiff's rights under the '334 Patent will continue

to damage Plaintiff, causing irreparable harm to Plaintiff for which there is no adequate remedy

at law, unless enjoined by this Court.

JURY DEMAND

58. Plaintiff demands a trial by jury on all issues.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

59. Plaintiff respectfully requests the following relief:

- A. An adjudication that one or more claims of the Patents-in-Suit has been infringed, either literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, by the Defendants;
- B. An adjudication that Defendants have induced infringement of one or more claims of the Patents-in-Suit;
- C. An award of damages to be paid by Defendants adequate to compensate Plaintiff for Defendants' past infringement and any continuing or future infringement up until the date such judgment is entered, including interest, costs, and disbursements as justified under 35 U.S.C. § 284 and, if necessary to adequately compensate Plaintiff for Defendants' infringement, an accounting of all infringing sales including, but not limited to, those sales not presented at trial;
- D. A grant of permanent injunction pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 283, enjoining the Defendants and their respective officers, agents, servants, employees, and attorneys, and those persons in active concert or participation with them who receive actual notice of the order by personal service or otherwise, from further acts of infringement with respect to any one or more of the claims of the Patents-in-Suit;
- E. That this Court declare this to be an exceptional case and award Plaintiff its reasonable attorneys' fees and costs in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 285; and,
- F. Any further relief that this Court deems just and proper.

Dated: September 2, 2015 Respectfully submitted,

By: /s/ William E. Davis, III

William E. Davis, III

Texas State Bar No. 24047416

THE DAVIS FIRM P.C.

213 North Fredonia Street, Suite 230

Longview, Texas 75601 Telephone: (903) 230-9090 Facsimile: (903) 230-9661

E-mail: bdavis@bdavisfirm.com

Of Counsel:

James F. McDonough, III (Bar No. 117088, GA)

Jacqueline K. Burt (Bar No. 425322, GA)

Jonathan R. Miller (Bar No. 507179, GA)

HENINGER GARRISON DAVIS, LLC

3621 Vinings Slope, Suite 4320

Atlanta, Georgia 30339

Telephone: (404) 996-0869, 0861, 0863 Facsimile: (205) 547-5502, 5504, 5506 Email: jmcdonough@hgdlawfirm.com

Email: jburt@hgdlawfirm.com Email: jmiller@hgdlawfirm.com

Timothy C. Davis (Bar No. ASB-6834-D63T, AL)

Admission papers forthcoming

HENINGER GARRISON DAVIS, LLC

2224 1st Avenue North

Birmingham, Alabama 35203 Telephone: (205) 327-9115 Facsimile: (205) 326-3332 Email: tim@hgdlawfirm.com

René A. Vazquez (Bar No. 41988, VA)

HENINGER GARRISON DAVIS, LLC

18296 St. Georges Ct. Leesburg, Virginia 20176

Telephone: (571) 206-1375 Facsimile: (205) 327-9114

Email: rvazquez@hgdlawfirm.com

Attorneys for Plaintiff
Max Blu Technologies, LLC

E.D. Tex.: Max Blu Technologies, LLC v. Echo Bridge Entertainment, LLC.
PLAINTIFF'S FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned certifies that the foregoing document was filed electronically in

compliance with Local Rule CV-5(a). As such, the foregoing was served on all counsel of

record who have consented to electronic service. Local Rule CV-5(a)(3)(A). Pursuant to Fed. R.

Civ. P. 5(d) and Local Rule CV-5(d), all others not deemed to have consented to electronic

service were served with a true and correct copy of the foregoing via email on this 2nd day of

September, 2015.

/s/ William E. Davis, III

William E. Davis, III