IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS MARSHALL DIVISION

PARTHENON UNIFIED MEMORY	§	Case No. 2:15-cv-00621
ARCHITECTURE LLC,	§	
	§	Jury Trial Requested
Plaintiff,	§	_
	§	
v.	§	
	§	
APPLE INC.,	§	
	§	
Defendant.	§	
	§	
	§	
	§	

PARTHENON UNIFIED MEMORY ARCHITECTURE LLC'S
SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT

Plaintiff Parthenon Unified Memory Architecture LLC ("PUMA" or "Plaintiff") hereby submits this Complaint against Defendant Apple Inc. ("Apple" or "Defendant") and states as follows:

THE PARTIES

- 1. PUMA is a Texas limited liability company, having a principal place of business at 2400 Dallas Parkway, Suite 200, Plano, Texas 75093.
- 2. On information and belief, Defendant Apple Inc. is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of California, having a principal place of business at 1 Infinite Loop, Cupertino, California 95014. Defendant Apple has made an appearance in this action.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 3. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a) because this action arises under the patent laws of the United States, 35 U.S.C. §§ 101 *et seq.*
- 4. Venue is proper in this federal district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§1391(b)–(c) and 1400(b) in that Defendant has done business in this District, has committed acts of infringement as described below in this District, and continues to commit acts of infringement as described below in this District, entitling PUMA to relief.

COUNT I: INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 5,812,789

5. On September 22, 1998, the United States Patent and Trademark Office ("USPTO") duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 5,812,789 ("the '789 Patent"), entitled "Video And/Or Audio Decompression And/Or Compression Device That Shares a Memory Interface." PUMA holds all rights, title, and interest in and to the '789 Patent. Apple is

not licensed to the '789 Patent, yet Apple knowingly, actively, and lucratively practices the patents.

- 6. Upon information and belief, Apple has infringed directly and continues to infringe directly the '789 Patent. The infringing acts include, but are not limited to, the manufacture, use, sale, importation, and/or offer for sale of products and/or methods encompassed by the claims of the '789 Patent. Apple's infringing products include, but are not limited to, at least the Apple iPhone products, including but not limited to the 3G, 3GS, 4, 4S, 5, 5C, 5S, 6 and 6 Plus; the Apple iPad products, including but not limited to the iPad, iPad Air, and iPad Mini; the iPod Touch; and the Apple TV media player.
- 7. The acts of infringement by Apple have caused damage to PUMA, and PUMA is entitled to recover from Apple the damages sustained by PUMA as a result of Apple's wrongful acts in an amount subject to proof at trial. The infringement of PUMA's exclusive rights under the '789 Patent by Apple has damaged and will continue to damage PUMA, causing irreparable harm, for which there is no adequate remedy at law, unless enjoined by this Court.
- 8. On or around May 1, 2014, Apple was notified, as required under 35 U.S.C. § 287, of its alleged infringement of the '789 Patent.
- 9. At least as early as its receipt of this Complaint, Apple has had knowledge of the '789 Patent and written notice of the infringement. PUMA intends to seek discovery on the issue of willfulness and reserves the right to amend its complaint to seek a willfulness finding and increased damages under 35 U.S.C. § 284 and to attorneys' fees and costs incurred in prosecuting this action under 35 U.S.C. § 285.

COUNT II: INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 5,960,464

- 10. On September 28, 1999, the USPTO duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 5,960,464 ("the '464 Patent"), entitled "Memory Sharing Architecture For A Decoding In A Computer System." PUMA holds all rights, title, and interest in and to the '464 Patent. Apple is not licensed to the '464 Patent, yet Apple knowingly, actively, and lucratively practices the patents.
- 11. Upon information and belief, Apple has infringed directly and continues to infringe directly the '464 Patent. The infringing acts include, but are not limited to, the manufacture, use, sale, importation, and/or offer for sale of products and/or methods encompassed by the claims of the '464 Patent. Apple's infringing products include, but are not limited to, at least the Apple iPhone products, including but not limited to the 3G, 3GS, 4, 4S, 5, 5C, 5S, 6 and 6 Plus; the Apple iPad products, including but not limited to the iPad, iPad Air, and iPad Mini; the iPod Touch; and the Apple TV media player.
- 12. The acts of infringement by Apple have caused damage to PUMA, and PUMA is entitled to recover from Apple the damages sustained by PUMA as a result of Apple's wrongful acts in an amount subject to proof at trial. The infringement of PUMA's exclusive rights under the '464 Patent by Apple has damaged and will continue to damage PUMA, causing irreparable harm, for which there is no adequate remedy at law, unless enjoined by this Court.
- 13. On or around May 1, 2014, Apple was notified, as required under 35 U.S.C. § 287, of its alleged infringement of the '464 Patent.

14. At least as early as its receipt of this Complaint, Apple has had knowledge of the '464 Patent and written notice of the infringement. PUMA intends to seek discovery on the issue of willfulness and reserves the right to amend its complaint to seek a willfulness finding and increased damages under 35 U.S.C. § 284 and to attorneys' fees and costs incurred in prosecuting this action under 35 U.S.C. § 285.

COUNT III: INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 7,321,368

- 15. On January 22, 2008, the USPTO duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 7,321,368 ("the '368 Patent"), entitled "Electronic System And Method For Display Using A Decoder And Arbiter To Selectively Allow Access To A Shared Memory." PUMA holds all rights, title, and interest in and to the '368 Patent. Apple is not licensed to the '368 Patent, yet Apple knowingly, actively, and lucratively practices the patents.
- 16. Upon information and belief, Apple has infringed directly and continues to infringe directly the '368 Patent. The infringing acts include, but are not limited to, the manufacture, use, sale, importation, and/or offer for sale of products and/or methods encompassed by the claims of the '368 Patent. Apple's infringing products include, but are not limited to, at least the Apple iPhone products, including but not limited to the 3G, 3GS, 4, 4S, 5, 5C, 5S, 6 and 6 Plus; the Apple iPad products, including but not limited to the iPad, iPad Air, and iPad Mini; the iPod Touch; and the Apple TV media player.
- 17. The acts of infringement by Apple have caused damage to PUMA, and PUMA is entitled to recover from Apple the damages sustained by PUMA as a result of Apple's wrongful acts in an amount subject to proof at trial. The infringement of PUMA's exclusive rights under the '368 Patent by Apple has damaged and will continue to damage PUMA, causing irreparable harm, for which there is no adequate remedy at law, unless enjoined by this Court.

- 18. On or around May 1, 2014, Apple was notified, as required under 35 U.S.C. § 287, of its alleged infringement of the '368 Patent.
- 19. At least as early as its receipt of this Complaint, Apple has had knowledge of the '368 Patent and written notice of the infringement. PUMA intends to seek discovery on the issue of willfulness and reserves the right to amend its complaint to seek a willfulness finding and increased damages under 35 U.S.C. § 284 and to attorneys' fees and costs incurred in prosecuting this action under 35 U.S.C. § 285.

COUNT IV: INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 7,542,045

- 20. On June 2, 2009, the USPTO duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 7,542,045 ("the '045 Patent"), entitled "Electronic System And Method For Display Using A Decoder And Arbiter To Selectively Allow Access To A Shared Memory." PUMA holds all rights, title, and interest in and to the '045 Patent. Apple is not licensed to the '045 Patent, yet Apple knowingly, actively, and lucratively practices the patents.
- 21. Upon information and belief, Apple has infringed directly and continues to infringe directly the '045 Patent. The infringing acts include, but are not limited to, the manufacture, use, sale, importation, and/or offer for sale of products and/or methods encompassed by the claims of the '045 Patent. Apple's infringing products include, but are not limited to, at least the Apple iPhone products, including but not limited to the 3G, 3GS, 4, 4S, 5, 5C, 5S, 6 and 6 Plus; the Apple iPad products, including but not limited to the iPad, iPad Air, and iPad Mini; the iPod Touch; and the Apple TV media player.
- 22. The acts of infringement by Apple have caused damage to PUMA, and PUMA is entitled to recover from Apple the damages sustained by PUMA as a result of Apple's wrongful acts in an amount subject to proof at trial. The infringement of PUMA's exclusive rights under

the '045 Patent by Apple has damaged and will continue to damage PUMA, causing irreparable harm, for which there is no adequate remedy at law, unless enjoined by this Court.

- 23. On or around May 1, 2014, Apple was notified, as required under 35 U.S.C. § 287, of its alleged infringement of the '045 Patent.
- 24. At least as early as its receipt of this Complaint, Apple has had knowledge of the '045 Patent and written notice of the infringement. PUMA intends to seek discovery on the issue of willfulness and reserves the right to amend its complaint to seek a willfulness finding and increased damages under 35 U.S.C. § 284 and to attorneys' fees and costs incurred in prosecuting this action under 35 U.S.C. § 285.

COUNT V: INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 7,777,753

- 25. On August 17, 2010, the USPTO duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 7,777,753 ("the '753 Patent"), entitled "Electronic System And Method For Selectively Allowing Access To A Shared Memory." PUMA holds all rights, title, and interest in and to the '753 Patent. Apple is not licensed to the '753 Patent, yet Apple knowingly, actively, and lucratively practices the patents.
- 26. Upon information and belief, Apple has infringed directly and continues to infringe directly the '753 Patent. The infringing acts include, but are not limited to, the manufacture, use, sale, importation, and/or offer for sale of products and/or methods encompassed by the claims of the '753 Patent. Apple's infringing products include, but are not limited to, at least the Apple iPhone products, including but not limited to the 3G, 3GS, 4, 4S, 5, 5C, 5S, 6 and 6 Plus; the Apple iPad products, including but not limited to the iPad, iPad Air, and iPad Mini; the iPod Touch; and the Apple TV media player.

- 27. The acts of infringement by Apple have caused damage to PUMA, and PUMA is entitled to recover from Apple the damages sustained by PUMA as a result of Apple's wrongful acts in an amount subject to proof at trial. The infringement of PUMA's exclusive rights under the '753 Patent by Apple has damaged and will continue to damage PUMA, causing irreparable harm, for which there is no adequate remedy at law, unless enjoined by this Court.
- 28. On or around May 1, 2014, Apple was notified, as required under 35 U.S.C. § 287, of its alleged infringement of the '753 Patent.
- 29. At least as early as its receipt of this Complaint, Apple has had knowledge of the '753 Patent and written notice of the infringement. PUMA intends to seek discovery on the issue of willfulness and reserves the right to amend its complaint to seek a willfulness finding and increased damages under 35 U.S.C. § 284 and to attorneys' fees and costs incurred in prosecuting this action under 35 U.S.C. § 285.

JURY DEMAND

30. PUMA hereby demands a trial by jury on all issues.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, PUMA requests entry of judgment in its favor and against Apple as follows:

- a. A declaration that Apple has infringed and is infringing the '789, '464, '368, '045, and '753 Patents;
- b. An Order permanently enjoining Apple, its officers, agents, employees, and those acting in privity with it, from further direct infringement of the '789, '464, '368, '045, and '753 Patents, or in the alternative for a running royalty for future direct infringement;
- c. An award of damages to PUMA arising out of Apple's infringement of the '789, '464, '368, '045, and '753 Patents, together with prejudgment and post-judgment interest, in an amount according to proof;
- d. An award of attorneys' fees pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285 or as otherwise permitted by law; and,
- e. Granting PUMA its costs and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

Dated: August 24, 2015 Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Amir Alavi

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ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFF PARTHENON UNIFIED MEMORY ARCHITECTURE LLC

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned hereby certifies that all counsel of record who are deemed to have consented to electronic service are being served with a copy of this document via the Court's CM/ECF system per Local Rule CV-5(a)(3) on September 9, 2015.

/s/ Amir Alavi	
Amir Alavi	

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