

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

ALLERGAN, INC.,

Plaintiff,

v.

INNOPHARMA, INC. and PFIZER, INC.,

Defendants.

Civil Action No. _____

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

ALLERGAN, INC.’S COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT

Plaintiff Allergan, Inc. (“Allergan” or “Plaintiff”), for its Complaint against Defendants InnoPharma, Inc. and Pfizer, Inc. (collectively, “InnoPharma”), by its attorneys, alleges as follows:

NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. This is an action for infringement of United States Patent Nos. 8,629,111 (“the ‘111 Patent”), 8,633,162 (“the ‘162 Patent”), 8,642,556 (“the ‘556 Patent”), 8,648,048 (“the ‘048 Patent”), and 8,685,930 (“the ‘930 Patent”) under the Patent Laws of the United States, 35 U.S.C. § 1 *et seq.*, relating to Allergan’s treatment for chronic dry eye, Restasis®.

2. This is also an action under 35 U.S.C. §§ 2201-02 for a declaratory judgment of infringement of the ‘111, ‘556, and ‘930 Patents under 35 U.S.C. § 271 (a), (b), and (c), and for a declaratory judgment of infringement of the ‘162 and ‘048 Patents under 35 U.S.C. § 271 (b) and (c).

THE PARTIES

3. Allergan is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of Delaware with a principal place of business at 2525 Dupont Drive, Irvine, California 92612.

4. On information and belief, InnoPharma, Inc. is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of Delaware, having a principal place of business at 10 Knightsbridge Road, Piscataway, New Jersey 008854.

5. On information and belief, InnoPharma, Inc. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Pfizer, Inc.

6. On information and belief, Pfizer, Inc. is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of Delaware with its principal place of business located at 235 East 42nd Street, New York, New York 10017.

7. On information and belief, InnoPharma, Inc. and Pfizer, Inc. are agents of each other and/or work in active concert with respect to the development, regulatory approval, marketing, sale and distribution of pharmaceutical products.

8. On information and belief, InnoPharma, Inc. is in the business of researching and developing generic drug products.

9. On information and belief, InnoPharma, Inc. partners with other pharmaceutical companies for the purposes of marketing, manufacturing, selling, and distributing the generic drug products that InnoPharma, Inc. develops throughout the United States, including in this judicial district. On its website, InnoPharma, Inc. states that it “focuses on difficult to make products and has worked with the top 3 generic pharmaceutical companies to commercialize its products.”

10. On information and belief, InnoPharma, Inc. does not market, sell, or distribute drugs itself, but does these activities only through its partners.

11. Allergan contacted InnoPharma, Inc. regarding its paragraph IV letter, and asked InnoPharma, Inc. for information regarding its marketing partner for its proposed Cyclosporine

Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% described in ANDA No. 206835. InnoPharma, Inc. refused to provide Allergan with that information.

12. On information and belief, Pfizer, Inc. has at least two subsidiaries, Hospira, Inc. and Greenstone LLC, each of which are in the business of manufacturing, marketing, selling, and distributing generic pharmaceutical products.

13. On information and belief, Pfizer, Inc. works in active concert with Hospira, Inc. and Greenstone LLC with respect to the development, regulatory approval, marketing, sale and distribution of pharmaceutical products.

14. On information and belief, InnoPharma, Inc. intends to market, sell, and or distribute its proposed Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% through Pfizer, Inc. or Pfizer, Inc.'s subsidiaries.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

15. This action arises under the patent laws of the United States of America, 35 U.S.C. § 1, *et seq.* This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over the action under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338.

16. On information and belief, InnoPharma, Inc. and Pfizer, Inc. have purposefully conducted and continue to conduct business in this District, including by availing themselves of the rights, protections, and benefits of Delaware law.

17. InnoPharma, Inc. and Pfizer, Inc. are each incorporated in Delaware, thus specifically availing themselves of the rights, protections, and benefits of Delaware law.

18. InnoPharma, Inc. has previously been sued in this judicial district without objecting on the basis of lack of personal jurisdiction and has availed itself to this judicial district through the assertion of counterclaims. *Celgene Corp. et al. v. InnoPharma, Inc.*, 1:14-cv-

01188, D.I. 12 at 2, 3, 9-15 (D. Del.); *Spectrum Pharmaceuticals, Inc. et al. v. InnoPharma, Inc.*, 1:12-cv-00260, D.I. 9 at 3, 11-16 (D. Del.).

19. Pfizer, Inc. has availed itself to this judicial district by filing numerous lawsuits in this District. *Pfizer, Inc. et al. v. Mylan, Inc. et al.*, 1:15-cv-00026, D.I. 1 (D. Del.); *Pfizer, Inc. et al. v. Apotex, Inc. et al.*, 1:13-cv-01613, D.I. 1 (D. Del.).

20. Venue is proper in this judicial district under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(c) and 1400(b).

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

A. Patents-In-Suit

1. U.S. Patent No. 8,629,111

21. On January 14, 2014, the ‘111 Patent, titled “Methods of Providing Therapeutic Effects Using Cyclosporin Components,” was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent and Trademark Office (“USPTO”) to inventors Andrew Acheampong, Diane D. Tang-Liu, James N. Chang, and David F. Power. A true and correct copy of the ‘111 Patent is attached to this complaint as Exhibit 1.

22. Allergan, as assignee, owns the entire right, title, and interest in the ‘111 Patent.

23. Allergan is the holder of approved New Drug Application (“NDA”) No. 50-790 for Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05%, sold under the RESTASIS® trademark.

24. The ‘111 Patent is listed in *Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations* (the “Orange Book”) for RESTASIS®.

25. RESTASIS® and/or methods of using RESTASIS® are covered by at least one claim of the ‘111 Patent.

2. U.S. Patent No. 8,633,162

26. On January 21, 2014, the ‘162 Patent, titled “Methods of Providing Therapeutic

Effects Using Cyclosporin Components,” was duly and legally issued by the USPTO to inventors Andrew Acheampong, Diane D. Tang-Liu, James N. Chang, and David F. Power. A true and correct copy of the ‘162 Patent is attached to this complaint as Exhibit 2.

27. Allergan, as assignee, owns the entire right, title, and interest in the ‘162 Patent.

28. Allergan is the holder of approved New Drug Application (“NDA”) No. 50-790 for Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05%, sold under the RESTASIS® trademark.

29. The ‘162 Patent is listed in the Orange Book for RESTASIS®.

30. RESTASIS® and/or methods of using RESTASIS® are covered by at least one claim of the ‘162 Patent.

3. U.S. Patent No. 8,642,556

31. On February 4, 2014, the ‘556 Patent, titled “Methods of Providing Therapeutic Effects Using Cyclosporin Components,” was duly and legally issued by the USPTO to inventors Andrew Acheampong, Diane D. Tang-Liu, James N. Chang, and David F. Power. A true and correct copy of the ‘556 Patent is attached to this complaint as Exhibit 3.

32. Allergan, as assignee, owns the entire right, title, and interest in the ‘556 Patent.

33. Allergan is the holder of approved New Drug Application (“NDA”) No. 50-790 for Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05%, sold under the RESTASIS® trademark.

34. The ‘556 Patent is listed in the Orange Book for RESTASIS®.

35. RESTASIS® and/or methods of using RESTASIS® are covered by at least one claim of the ‘556 Patent.

4. U.S. Patent No. 8,648,048

36. On February 11, 2014, the ‘048 Patent, titled “Methods of Providing Therapeutic Effects Using Cyclosporin Components,” was duly and legally issued by the USPTO to inventors

Andrew Acheampong, Diane D. Tang-Liu, James N. Chang, and David F. Power. A true and correct copy of the '048 Patent is attached to this complaint as Exhibit 4.

37. Allergan, as assignee, owns the entire right, title, and interest in the '048 Patent.

38. Allergan is the holder of approved New Drug Application ("NDA") No. 50-790 for Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05%, sold under the RESTASIS® trademark.

39. The '048 Patent is listed in the Orange Book for RESTASIS®.

40. RESTASIS® and/or methods of using RESTASIS® are covered by at least one claim of the '048 Patent.

5. U.S. Patent No. 8,685,930

41. On April 1, 2014, the '930 Patent, titled "Methods of Providing Therapeutic Effects Using Cyclosporin Components," was duly and legally issued by the USPTO to inventors Andrew Acheampong, Diane D. Tang-Liu, James N. Chang, and David F. Power. A true and correct copy of the '930 Patent is attached to this complaint as Exhibit 5.

42. Allergan, as assignee, owns the entire right, title, and interest in the '930 Patent.

43. Allergan is the holder of approved New Drug Application ("NDA") No. 50-790 for Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05%, sold under the RESTASIS® trademark.

44. The '930 Patent is listed in the Orange Book for RESTASIS®.

45. RESTASIS® and/or methods of using RESTASIS® are covered by at least one claim of the '930 Patent.

B. Acts Giving Rise to This Action

46. On information and belief, InnoPharma submitted ANDA No. 206835 to the FDA under section 505(j) of the FDCA, seeking FDA approval to engage in the commercial manufacture, use, importation, sale, or offer for sale of Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion,

0.05%, a generic version of Allergan's RESTASIS® product.

47. On information and belief, pursuant to § 505(j)(2)(A)(vii)(IV) of the FDCA, InnoPharma included with its ANDA No. 206835 a Paragraph IV certification alleging that the claims of patents listed in the Orange Book as covering RESTASIS® are invalid, unenforceable, and/or will not be infringed by the manufacture, use, or sale of InnoPharma's Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835. Plaintiff received written notification of ANDA No. 206835 and its § 505(j)(2)(A)(vii)(IV) allegations with respect to the '111, '162, '556, '048, and '930 patents on or about August 3, 2015.

48. On information and belief, the FDA has not yet approved InnoPharma's ANDA No. 206835.

49. On information and belief, InnoPharma has made, and continues to make, substantial preparation in the United States to manufacture, offer to sell, sell, and/or import a generic version of Allergan's RESTASIS® product before expiration of the patents-in-suit.

50. On information and belief, InnoPharma continues to seek approval of ANDA No. 206835 from the FDA and intends to continue in the commercial manufacture, marketing, and sale of its proposed generic version of Allergan's RESTASIS® product.

51. On information and belief, following FDA approval of its ANDA No. 206835, InnoPharma will sell the approved generic version of Allergan's RESTASIS® product throughout the United States, including this judicial district.

COUNT I

(Infringement of the '111 Patent Under 35 U.S.C. § 271(e)(2) by InnoPharma's Proposed Generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05%)

52. Allergan incorporates each of the preceding paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.

53. InnoPharma submitted ANDA No. 206835 to the FDA under section 505(j) of the

FDCA to obtain approval to engage in the commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, or importation of its proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product throughout the United States. By submitting this application, InnoPharma has committed an act of infringement of the '111 Patent under 35 U.S.C. § 271(e)(2)(A).

54. The commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, and/or importation of InnoPharma's proposed Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 will constitute an act of direct infringement of the '111 Patent.

55. On information and belief, InnoPharma became aware of the '111 Patent no later than the date on which that patent was listed in the Orange Book.

56. On information and belief, InnoPharma knows or should know that the commercial offer for sale and sale of InnoPharma's proposed Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835, will constitute an act of induced infringement and will contribute to actual infringement of the '111 Patent.

57. On information and belief, InnoPharma knows or should know that its proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 will be especially made for or especially adapted for an infringement of the '111 Patent, and is not a staple article or commodity of commerce suitable for substantial non-infringing use, and that its commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, and/or importation of its proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 will actively contribute to the actual infringement of the '111 Patent.

58. The commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, and/or importation of InnoPharma's proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in

ANDA No. 206835 in violation of Allergan's patent rights will cause harm to Allergan for which damages are inadequate.

COUNT II

**(Declaratory Judgment of Infringement of the
'111 Patent Under 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by InnoPharma)**

59. Allergan incorporates each of the preceding paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.

60. These claims arise under the Declaratory Judgment Act, 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202.

61. There is an actual case or controversy such that the Court may entertain Allergan's request for declaratory relief consistent with Article III of the United States Constitution, and that actual case or controversy requires a declaration of rights by this Court.

62. The commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, and/or importation of InnoPharma's proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 will constitute an act of direct infringement of one or more claims of the '111 Patent.

63. On information and belief, InnoPharma will engage in the commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, and/or importation of InnoPharma's proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 immediately and imminently upon approval of ANDA No. 206835.

64. The foregoing actions by InnoPharma will constitute infringement of the '111 Patent.

65. InnoPharma will commit those acts of infringement without license or authorization.

66. Allergan is entitled to a declaratory judgment that future commercial

manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, and/or importation of InnoPharma's proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 by InnoPharma will infringe the '111 Patent.

67. Unless InnoPharma is enjoined from infringing the '111 Patent, Allergan will suffer irreparable injury for which damages are an inadequate remedy.

COUNT III

(Declaratory Judgment of Infringement of the '111 Patent Under 35 U.S.C. § 271(b) and (c) by InnoPharma's Proposed Generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05%)

68. Allergan incorporates each of the preceding paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.

69. These claims arise under the Declaratory Judgment Act, 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202.

70. There is an actual case or controversy such that the Court may entertain Allergan's request for declaratory relief consistent with Article III of the United States Constitution, and that actual case or controversy requires a declaration of rights by this Court.

71. InnoPharma has actual knowledge of the '111 Patent.

72. On information and belief, InnoPharma became aware of the '111 Patent no later than the date on which that patent was listed in the Orange Book.

73. On information and belief, InnoPharma has acted with full knowledge of the '111 Patent and without a reasonable basis for believing that it would not be liable for actively inducing or contributing to the infringement of the '111 Patent.

74. The commercial manufacture, use, sale, offer for sale, and/or importation of InnoPharma's proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 will induce the actual infringement of the '111 Patent.

75. On information and belief, InnoPharma knows or should know that their commercial manufacture, use, sale, offer for sale, and/or importation of the proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 will actively induce the actual infringement of the '111 Patent.

76. On information and belief, InnoPharma will encourage another's infringement of the '111 Patent by and through the commercial manufacture, use, sale, offer for sale, and/or importation of its proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835, which is covered by certain claims of the '111 Patent.

77. InnoPharma's acts of infringement will be done with knowledge of the '111 Patent and with the intent to encourage infringement.

78. The foregoing actions by InnoPharma will constitute active inducement of infringement of the '111 Patent.

79. On information and belief, InnoPharma knows or should know that its proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 will be especially made or especially adapted for use in an infringement of the '111 Patent, and is not a staple article or commodity of commerce suitable for substantial non-infringing use.

80. The commercial manufacture, use, sale, offer for sale, and/or importation of InnoPharma's proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product will contribute to the actual infringement of the '111 Patent.

81. On information and belief, InnoPharma knows or should know that its offer for sale, sale, and/or importation of its proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 will contribute to the actual infringement of the '111 Patent.

82. The foregoing actions by InnoPharma will constitute contributory infringement of the '111 Patent.

83. On information and belief, InnoPharma intends to, and will, actively induce and contribute to the infringement of the '111 Patent when ANDA No. 206835 is approved, and plan and intend to, and will, do so immediately and imminently upon approval.

84. Allergan is entitled to a declaratory judgment that future commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, and/or importation of InnoPharma's proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 by InnoPharma will induce and/or contribute to the infringement of the '111 Patent.

85. The commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale and/or importation of InnoPharma's proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835, which will actively induce and/or contribute to infringement of the '111 Patent, in violation of Allergan's patent rights, will cause harm to Allergan for which damages are inadequate.

86. Unless InnoPharma is enjoined from actively inducing and contributing to the infringement of the '111 Patent, Allergan will suffer irreparable injury for which damages are an inadequate remedy.

87. On information and belief, despite having actual notice of the '111 Patent, InnoPharma continues to willfully, wantonly, and deliberately prepare to actively induce and/or contribute to infringement of the '111 Patent in disregard of Allergan's rights, making this case exceptional and entitling Allergan to reasonable attorneys' fees pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285.

COUNT IV

**(Infringement of the '162 Patent Under 35 U.S.C. § 271(e)(2) by
InnoPharma's Proposed Generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05%)**

88. Allergan incorporates each of the preceding paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.

89. InnoPharma submitted ANDA No. 206835 to the FDA under section 505(j) of the FDCA to obtain approval to engage in the commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, or importation of its proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product throughout the United States. By submitting this application, InnoPharma has committed an act of infringement of the '162 Patent under 35 U.S.C. § 271(e)(2)(A).

90. On information and belief, InnoPharma became aware of the '162 Patent no later than the date on which that patent was listed in the Orange Book.

91. On information and belief, InnoPharma knows or should know that the commercial offer for sale and sale of InnoPharma's proposed Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835, will constitute an act of induced infringement and will contribute to actual infringement of the '162 Patent.

92. On information and belief, InnoPharma knows or should know that its proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 will be especially made for or especially adapted for an infringement of the '162 Patent, and is not a staple article or commodity of commerce suitable for substantial non-infringing use, and that its commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, and/or importation of its proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 will actively contribute to the actual infringement of the '162 Patent.

93. The commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, and/or importation of InnoPharma's proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in

ANDA No. 206835 in violation of Allergan's patent rights will cause harm to Allergan for which damages are inadequate.

COUNT V

(Declaratory Judgment of Infringement of the '162 Patent Under 35 U.S.C. § 271(b) and (c) by InnoPharma's Proposed Generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05%)

94. Allergan incorporates each of the preceding paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.

95. These claims arise under the Declaratory Judgment Act, 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202.

96. There is an actual case or controversy such that the Court may entertain Allergan's request for declaratory relief consistent with Article III of the United States Constitution, and that actual case or controversy requires a declaration of rights by this Court.

97. InnoPharma has actual knowledge of the '162 Patent.

98. On information and belief, InnoPharma became aware of the '162 Patent no later than the date on which that patent was listed in the Orange Book.

99. On information and belief, InnoPharma has acted with full knowledge of the '162 Patent and without a reasonable basis for believing that it would not be liable for actively inducing or contributing to the infringement of the '162 Patent.

100. The commercial manufacture, use, sale, offer for sale, and/or importation of InnoPharma's proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 will induce the actual infringement of the '162 Patent.

101. On information and belief, InnoPharma knows or should know that its commercial manufacture, use, sale, offer for sale, and/or importation of its proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 will actively induce the actual infringement of the '162 Patent.

102. On information and belief, InnoPharma will encourage another's infringement of the '162 Patent by and through the commercial manufacture, use, sale, offer for sale, and/or importation of its proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835, which is covered by certain claims of the '162 Patent.

103. InnoPharma's acts of infringement will be done with knowledge of the '162 Patent and with the intent to encourage infringement.

104. The foregoing actions by InnoPharma will constitute active inducement of infringement of the '162 Patent.

105. On information and belief, InnoPharma knows or should know that its proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 will be especially made or especially adapted for use in an infringement of the '162 Patent, and is not a staple article or commodity of commerce suitable for substantial non-infringing use.

106. The commercial manufacture, use, sale, offer for sale, and/or importation of InnoPharma's proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 will contribute to the actual infringement of the '162 Patent.

107. On information and belief, InnoPharma knows or should know that its offer for sale, sale, and/or importation of its proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 will contribute to the actual infringement of the '162 Patent.

108. The foregoing actions by InnoPharma will constitute contributory infringement of the '162 Patent.

109. On information and belief, InnoPharma intends to, and will, actively induce and contribute to the infringement of the '162 Patent when ANDA No. 206835 is approved, and plan and intend to, and will, do so immediately and imminently upon approval.

110. Allergan is entitled to a declaratory judgment that future commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, and/or importation of InnoPharma's proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 by InnoPharma will induce and/or contribute to the infringement of the '162 Patent.

111. The commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale and/or importation of InnoPharma's proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835, which will actively induce and/or contribute to infringement of the '162 Patent, in violation of Allergan's patent rights, will cause harm to Allergan for which damages are inadequate.

112. Unless InnoPharma is enjoined from actively inducing and contributing to the infringement of the '162 Patent, Allergan will suffer irreparable injury for which damages are an inadequate remedy.

113. On information and belief, despite having actual notice of the '162 Patent, InnoPharma continues to willfully, wantonly, and deliberately prepare to actively induce and/or contribute to infringement of the '162 Patent in disregard of Allergan's rights, making this case exceptional and entitling Allergan to reasonable attorneys' fees pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285.

COUNT VI

(Infringement of the '556 Patent Under 35 U.S.C. § 271(e)(2) by InnoPharma's Proposed Generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05%)

114. Allergan incorporates each of the preceding paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.

115. InnoPharma submitted ANDA No. 206835 to the FDA under section 505(j) of the FDCA to obtain approval to engage in the commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, or importation of its proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product throughout the United States. By submitting this application, InnoPharma has committed an act of infringement of the '556 Patent under 35 U.S.C. § 271(e)(2)(A).

116. The commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, and/or importation of InnoPharma's proposed Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 will constitute an act of direct infringement of the '556 Patent.

117. On information and belief, InnoPharma became aware of the '556 Patent no later than the date on which that patent was listed in the Orange Book.

118. On information and belief, InnoPharma knows or should know that the commercial offer for sale and sale of InnoPharma's proposed Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835, will constitute an act of induced infringement and will contribute to actual infringement of the '556 Patent.

119. On information and belief, InnoPharma knows or should know that its proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 will be especially made for or especially adapted for an infringement of the '556 Patent, and is not a staple article or commodity of commerce suitable for substantial non-infringing use, and that its commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, and/or importation of its proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 will actively contribute to the actual infringement of the '556 Patent.

120. The commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, and/or importation of InnoPharma's proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in

ANDA No. 206835 in violation of Allergan's patent rights will cause harm to Allergan for which damages are inadequate.

COUNT VII

**(Declaratory Judgment of Infringement of the
'556 Patent Under 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by InnoPharma)**

121. Allergan incorporates each of the preceding paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.

122. These claims arise under the Declaratory Judgment Act, 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202.

123. There is an actual case or controversy such that the Court may entertain Allergan's request for declaratory relief consistent with Article III of the United States Constitution, and that actual case or controversy requires a declaration of rights by this Court.

124. The commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, and/or importation of InnoPharma's proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product will constitute an act of direct infringement of one or more claims of the '556 Patent.

125. On information and belief, InnoPharma will engage in the commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, and/or importation of InnoPharma's proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 immediately and imminently upon approval of ANDA No. 206835.

126. The foregoing actions by InnoPharma will constitute infringement of the '556 Patent.

127. InnoPharma will commit those acts of infringement without license or authorization.

128. Allergan is entitled to a declaratory judgment that future commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, and/or importation of InnoPharma's proposed generic

Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 by InnoPharma will infringe the '556 Patent.

129. Unless InnoPharma is enjoined from infringing the '556 Patent, Allergan will suffer irreparable injury for which damages are an inadequate remedy.

COUNT VIII

(Declaratory Judgment of Infringement of the '556 Patent Under 35 U.S.C. § 271(b) and (c) by InnoPharma's Proposed Generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05%)

130. Allergan incorporates each of the preceding paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.

131. These claims arise under the Declaratory Judgment Act, 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202.

132. There is an actual case or controversy such that the Court may entertain Allergan's request for declaratory relief consistent with Article III of the United States Constitution, and that actual case or controversy requires a declaration of rights by this Court.

133. InnoPharma has actual knowledge of the '556 Patent.

134. On information and belief, InnoPharma became aware of the '556 Patent no later than the date on which that patent was listed in the Orange Book.

135. On information and belief, InnoPharma has acted with full knowledge of the '556 Patent and without a reasonable basis for believing that it would not be liable for actively inducing or contributing to the infringement of the '556 Patent.

136. The commercial manufacture, use, sale, offer for sale, and/or importation of InnoPharma's proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product will induce the actual infringement of the '556 Patent.

137. On information and belief, InnoPharma knows or should know that its commercial manufacture, use, sale, offer for sale, and/or importation of its proposed generic

Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 will actively induce the actual infringement of the '556 Patent.

138. On information and belief, InnoPharma will encourage another's infringement of the '556 Patent by and through the commercial manufacture, use, sale, offer for sale, and/or importation of its proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835, which is covered by certain claims of the '556 Patent.

139. InnoPharma's acts of infringement will be done with knowledge of the '556 Patent and with the intent to encourage infringement.

140. The foregoing actions by InnoPharma will constitute active inducement of infringement of the '556 Patent.

141. On information and belief, InnoPharma knows or should know that its proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 will be especially made or especially adapted for use in an infringement of the '556 Patent, and is not a staple article or commodity of commerce suitable for substantial non-infringing use.

142. The commercial manufacture, use, sale, offer for sale, and/or importation of InnoPharma's proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 will contribute to the actual infringement of the '556 Patent.

143. On information and belief, InnoPharma knows or should know that its offer for sale, sale, and/or importation of its proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 will contribute to the actual infringement of the '556 Patent.

144. The foregoing actions by InnoPharma will constitute contributory infringement of the '556 Patent.

145. On information and belief, InnoPharma intends to, and will, actively induce and contribute to the infringement of the '556 Patent when ANDA No. 206835 is approved, and plan and intend to, and will, do so immediately and imminently upon approval.

146. Allergan is entitled to a declaratory judgment that future commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, and/or importation of InnoPharma's proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 by InnoPharma will induce and/or contribute to the infringement of the '556 Patent.

147. The commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale and/or importation of InnoPharma's proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835, which will actively induce and/or contribute to infringement of the '556 Patent, in violation of Allergan's patent rights, will cause harm to Allergan for which damages are inadequate.

148. Unless InnoPharma is enjoined from actively inducing and contributing to the infringement of the '556 Patent, Allergan will suffer irreparable injury for which damages are an inadequate remedy.

149. On information and belief, despite having actual notice of the '556 Patent, InnoPharma continues to willfully, wantonly, and deliberately prepare to actively induce and/or contribute to infringement of the '556 Patent in disregard of Allergan's rights, making this case exceptional and entitling Allergan to reasonable attorneys' fees pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285.

COUNT IX

(Infringement of the '048 Patent Under 35 U.S.C. § 271(e)(2) by InnoPharma's Proposed Generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05%)

150. Allergan incorporates each of the preceding paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.

151. InnoPharma submitted ANDA No. 206835 to the FDA under section 505(j) of the

FDCA to obtain approval to engage in the commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, or importation of its proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product throughout the United States. By submitting this application, InnoPharma has committed an act of infringement of the '048 Patent under 35 U.S.C. § 271(e)(2)(A).

152. On information and belief, InnoPharma became aware of the '048 Patent no later than the date on which that patent was listed in the Orange Book.

153. On information and belief, InnoPharma knows or should know that the commercial offer for sale and sale of InnoPharma's proposed Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835, will constitute an act of induced infringement and will contribute to actual infringement of the '048 Patent.

154. On information and belief, InnoPharma knows or should know that its proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product will be especially made for or especially adapted for an infringement of the '048 Patent, and is not a staple article or commodity of commerce suitable for substantial non-infringing use, and that its commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, and/or importation of its proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 will actively contribute to the actual infringement of the '048 Patent.

155. The commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, and/or importation of InnoPharma's proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 in violation of Allergan's patent rights will cause harm to Allergan for which damages are inadequate.

COUNT X

(Declaratory Judgment of Infringement of the '048 Patent Under 35 U.S.C. § 271(b) and (c) by InnoPharma's Proposed Generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05%)

156. Allergan incorporates each of the preceding paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.

157. These claims arise under the Declaratory Judgment Act, 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202.

158. There is an actual case or controversy such that the Court may entertain Allergan's request for declaratory relief consistent with Article III of the United States Constitution, and that actual case or controversy requires a declaration of rights by this Court.

159. InnoPharma has actual knowledge of the '048 Patent.

160. On information and belief, InnoPharma became aware of the '048 Patent no later than the date on which that patent was listed in the Orange Book.

161. On information and belief, InnoPharma has acted with full knowledge of the '048 Patent and without a reasonable basis for believing that it would not be liable for actively inducing or contributing to the infringement of the '048 Patent.

162. The commercial manufacture, use, sale, offer for sale, and/or importation of InnoPharma's proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 will induce the actual infringement of the '048 Patent.

163. On information and belief, InnoPharma knows or should know that its commercial manufacture, use, sale, offer for sale, and/or importation of its proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 will actively induce the actual infringement of the '048 Patent.

164. On information and belief, InnoPharma will encourage another's infringement of the '048 Patent by and through the commercial manufacture, use, sale, offer for sale, and/or

importation of its proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835, which is covered by certain claims of the '048 Patent.

165. InnoPharma's acts of infringement will be done with knowledge of the '048 Patent and with the intent to encourage infringement.

166. The foregoing actions by InnoPharma will constitute active inducement of infringement of the '048 Patent.

167. On information and belief, InnoPharma knows or should know that its proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 will be especially made or especially adapted for use in an infringement of the '048 Patent, and is not a staple article or commodity of commerce suitable for substantial non-infringing use.

168. The commercial manufacture, use, sale, offer for sale, and/or importation of InnoPharma's proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 will contribute to the actual infringement of the '048 Patent.

169. On information and belief, InnoPharma knows or should know that its offer for sale, sale, and/or importation of its proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 will contribute to the actual infringement of the '048 Patent.

170. The foregoing actions by InnoPharma will constitute contributory infringement of the '048 Patent.

171. On information and belief, InnoPharma intends to, and will, actively induce and contribute to the infringement of the '048 Patent when ANDA No. 206835 is approved, and plan and intend to, and will, do so immediately and imminently upon approval.

172. Allergan is entitled to a declaratory judgment that future commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, and/or importation of InnoPharma's proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 by InnoPharma will induce and/or contribute to the infringement of the '048 Patent.

173. The commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale and/or importation of InnoPharma's proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835, which will actively induce and/or contribute to infringement of the '048 Patent, in violation of Allergan's patent rights, will cause harm to Allergan for which damages are inadequate.

174. Unless InnoPharma is enjoined from actively inducing and contributing to the infringement of the '048 Patent, Allergan will suffer irreparable injury for which damages are an inadequate remedy.

175. On information and belief, despite having actual notice of the '048 Patent, InnoPharma continues to willfully, wantonly, and deliberately prepare to actively induce and/or contribute to infringement of the '048 Patent in disregard of Allergan's rights, making this case exceptional and entitling Allergan to reasonable attorneys' fees pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285.

COUNT XI

(Infringement of the '930 Patent Under 35 U.S.C. § 271(e)(2) by InnoPharma's Proposed Generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05%)

176. Allergan incorporates each of the preceding paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.

177. InnoPharma submitted ANDA No. 206835 to the FDA under section 505(j) of the FDCA to obtain approval to engage in the commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, or importation of its proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product

throughout the United States. By submitting this application, InnoPharma has committed an act of infringement of the '930 Patent under 35 U.S.C. § 271(e)(2)(A).

178. The commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, and/or importation of InnoPharma's proposed Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 will constitute an act of direct infringement of the '930 Patent.

179. On information and belief, InnoPharma became aware of the '930 Patent no later than the date on which that patent was listed in the Orange Book.

180. On information and belief, InnoPharma knows or should know that the commercial offer for sale and sale of InnoPharma's proposed Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835, will constitute an act of induced infringement and will contribute to actual infringement of the '930 Patent.

181. On information and belief, InnoPharma knows or should know that its proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 will be especially made for or especially adapted for an infringement of the '930 Patent, and is not a staple article or commodity of commerce suitable for substantial non-infringing use, and that its commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, and/or importation of its proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 will actively contribute to the actual infringement of the '930 Patent.

182. The commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, and/or importation of InnoPharma's proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 in violation of Allergan's patent rights will cause harm to Allergan for which damages are inadequate.

COUNT XII

**(Declaratory Judgment of Infringement of the
'930 Patent Under 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by InnoPharma)**

183. Allergan incorporates each of the preceding paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.

184. These claims arise under the Declaratory Judgment Act, 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202.

185. There is an actual case or controversy such that the Court may entertain Allergan's request for declaratory relief consistent with Article III of the United States Constitution, and that actual case or controversy requires a declaration of rights by this Court.

186. The commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, and/or importation of InnoPharma's proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 will constitute an act of direct infringement of one or more claims of the '930 Patent.

187. On information and belief, InnoPharma will engage in the commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, and/or importation of InnoPharma's proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 immediately and imminently upon approval of ANDA No. 206835.

188. The foregoing actions by InnoPharma will constitute infringement of the '930 Patent.

189. InnoPharma will commit those acts of infringement without license or authorization.

190. Allergan is entitled to a declaratory judgment that future commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, and/or importation of InnoPharma's proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 by

InnoPharma will infringe the '930 Patent.

191. Unless InnoPharma is enjoined from infringing the '930 Patent, Allergan will suffer irreparable injury for which damages are an inadequate remedy.

COUNT XIII

(Declaratory Judgment of Infringement of the '930 Patent Under 35 U.S.C. § 271(b) and (c) by InnoPharma's Proposed Generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05%)

192. Allergan incorporates each of the preceding paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.

193. These claims arise under the Declaratory Judgment Act, 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202.

194. There is an actual case or controversy such that the Court may entertain Allergan's request for declaratory relief consistent with Article III of the United States Constitution, and that actual case or controversy requires a declaration of rights by this Court.

195. InnoPharma has actual knowledge of the '930 Patent.

196. On information and belief, InnoPharma became aware of the '930 Patent no later than the date on which that patent was listed in the Orange Book.

197. On information and belief, InnoPharma has acted with full knowledge of the '930 Patent and without a reasonable basis for believing that it would not be liable for actively inducing or contributing to the infringement of the '930 Patent.

198. The commercial manufacture, use, sale, offer for sale, and/or importation of InnoPharma's proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 will induce the actual infringement of the '930 Patent.

199. On information and belief, InnoPharma knows or should know that its commercial manufacture, use, sale, offer for sale, and/or importation of its proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 will

actively induce the actual infringement of the '930 Patent.

200. On information and belief, InnoPharma will encourage another's infringement of the '930 Patent by and through the commercial manufacture, use, sale, offer for sale, and/or importation of its proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835, which is covered by certain claims of the '930 Patent.

201. InnoPharma's acts of infringement will be done with knowledge of the '930 Patent and with the intent to encourage infringement.

202. The foregoing actions by InnoPharma will constitute active inducement of infringement of the '930 Patent.

203. On information and belief, InnoPharma knows or should know that its proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 will be especially made or especially adapted for use in an infringement of the '930 Patent, and is not a staple article or commodity of commerce suitable for substantial non-infringing use.

204. The commercial manufacture, use, sale, offer for sale, and/or importation of InnoPharma's proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 will contribute to the actual infringement of the '930 Patent.

205. On information and belief, InnoPharma knows or should know that its offer for sale, sale, and/or importation of its proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 will contribute to the actual infringement of the '930 Patent.

206. The foregoing actions by InnoPharma will constitute contributory infringement of the '930 Patent.

207. On information and belief, InnoPharma intends to, and will, actively induce and

contribute to the infringement of the '930 Patent when ANDA No. 206835 is approved, and plan and intend to, and will, do so immediately and imminently upon approval.

208. Allergan is entitled to a declaratory judgment that future commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, and/or importation of InnoPharma's proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835 by InnoPharma will induce and/or contribute to the infringement of the '930 Patent.

209. The commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale and/or importation of InnoPharma's proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835, which will actively induce and/or contribute to infringement of the '930 Patent, in violation of Allergan's patent rights, will cause harm to Allergan for which damages are inadequate.

210. Unless InnoPharma is enjoined from actively inducing and contributing to the infringement of the '930 Patent, Allergan will suffer irreparable injury for which damages are an inadequate remedy.

211. On information and belief, despite having actual notice of the '930 Patent, InnoPharma continues to willfully, wantonly, and deliberately prepare to actively induce and/or contribute to infringement of the '930 Patent in disregard of Allergan's rights, making this case exceptional and entitling Allergan to reasonable attorneys' fees pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Allergan respectfully prays for the following relief:

1. A finding that the '111, '162, '556, '048, and '930 Patents are valid and enforceable;

2. That a judgment be entered that InnoPharma has infringed the ‘111, ‘162, ‘556, ‘048, and ‘930 Patents under 35 U.S.C. § 271(e)(2)(A) by submitting an ANDA under Section 505(j) of the FDCA;

3. That a declaration be issued under 28 U.S.C. § 2201 that if InnoPharma, its officers, agents, servants, employees, licensees, representatives, and attorneys, and all other persons acting or attempting to act in active concert or participation with them or acting on their behalf engage in the commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale and/or importation of InnoPharma’s proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835, it will constitute an act of infringement of the ‘111, ‘556, and ‘930 Patents under 35 U.S.C. § 271(a), (b), and (c);

4. That a declaration be issued under 28 U.S.C. § 2201 that if InnoPharma, its officers, agents, servants, employees, licensees, representatives, and attorneys, and all other persons acting or attempting to act in active concert or participation with them or acting on their behalf engage in the commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale and/or importation of InnoPharma’s proposed generic Cyclosporine Ophthalmic Emulsion, 0.05% product described in ANDA No. 206835, it will constitute an act of infringement of the ‘162 and ‘048 Patents under 35 U.S.C. § 271(b) and (c);

5. That an order be issued under 35 U.S.C. § 271(e)(4)(A) that the effective date of any FDA approval of InnoPharma’s ANDA shall be a date which is not earlier than the latest expiration date of the ‘111, ‘162, ‘556, ‘048, and ‘930 Patents, including any extensions or periods of exclusivity;

6. That an injunction be issued under 35 U.S.C. § 271(e)(4)(B) permanently enjoining InnoPharma, its officers, agents, servants, employees, licensees, representatives, and

attorneys, and all other persons acting or attempting to act in active concert or participation with it or acting on its behalf, from engaging in the commercial manufacture, use, offer to sell, or sale within the United States, or importation into the United States, of any drug product covered by the '111, '162, '556, '048, and '930 Patents;

7. If InnoPharma attempts to engage in the commercial manufacture, use, offer to sell, sale, or importation of InnoPharma's generic product disclosed in its ANDA prior to the expiration of the '111, '162, '556, '048, and '930 Patents, including any extensions or periods of exclusivity, a preliminary injunction be entered enjoining such conduct;

8. If InnoPharma attempts to engage in the commercial manufacture, use, offer to sell, sale, or importation of InnoPharma's generic product disclosed in its ANDA prior to the expiration of the '111, '162, '556, '048, and '930 Patents, including any extensions or periods of exclusivity, judgment awarding Allergan damages resulting from such infringement under 35 U.S.C. § 271(e)(4)(C), increased to treble the amount found or assessed together with interest pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;

9. An accounting for any infringing sales not presented at trial and an award by the Court of any additional damages for any such infringing sales;

10. A finding that this action for infringement is an exceptional case under 35 U.S.C. § 285, and that Allergan be awarded reasonable attorneys' fees and costs; and

11. An award of any such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

DEMAND FOR TRIAL BY JURY

Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 38(b), Allergan hereby demands a trial by jury of all issues so triable.

Dated: September 14, 2015

Respectfully submitted,

FISH & RICHARDSON P.C.

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