Plaintiff Infinity Headwear & Apparel, LLC ("Infinity"), by and through its undersigned counsel of record, hereby complains against Defendant Hoodsbee, LLC ("Hoodsbee") as follows.

### **PARTIES**

- 1. Infinity is an Arkansas limited liability company with its principal place of business in Rogers, Arkansas.
- 2. Hoodsbee is a California limited liability company with its principal place of business at 2301 E. 7th Street, Suite A106, Los Angeles, California, 90023.

### **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

- 3. This is a civil action for patent infringement under Title 35, United States Code.
- 4. Subject-matter jurisdiction is conferred upon this Court by 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).
- 5. Venue is proper in this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b) and 1400(b) as Hoodsbee has committed the acts of patent infringement complained of herein in this District and has a regular and established place of business in this District.
- 6. Hoodsbee has placed its infringing goods, systems, methods, compositions, and/or services, including, without limitation, the Hoodsbee hoodie and stuffed animal product ("Infringing Product"), into the stream of commerce throughout the United States, which goods, systems, methods, compositions, and/or services have been offered for sale, sold, and/or used in this District.
- 7. Hoodsbee, directly or through its subsidiaries, divisions, groups, or distributors, have committed acts of infringement in this District, is subject to personal jurisdiction in this District, and/or is doing business in this District.

### **FACTUAL BACKGROUND**

## **Infinity Is An Innovative Leader in Consumer Products**

8. Infinity is a leading manufacturer, merchandiser, and marketer of

innovative consumer products.

3 4 9. Infinity has over 16 years of experience in designing, developing, and sourcing high quality products for many of the world's leading retailers and consumer product companies.

Among many products, Infinity is the creator of the highly successful

Infinity has invested substantially in securing and protecting various

intellectual property rights and interests in its products, including the ComfyCritters

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and innovative ComfyCritters huggable hooded blanket, available at www.mycomfycritters.com.

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product.

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11. The ComfyCritters product was first introduced to the market in 2011.

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**Hoodsbee's Infringing Product** 

13 14 13. Upon information and belief, Hoodsbee's Infringing Product was introduced into the market sometime in 2014.

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14. The Infringing Product is marketed by Hoodsbee as being "patented" despite Hoodsbee not having any patent rights in and to the Infringing Product.

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15. Specifically, Hoodsbee markets the Infringing Product as a "patented hooded blanket that transforms into a plush toy . . . Kids wear hoodies, but often take them off with no place to put them. Now they can transform them into a plush toy."

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16. Despite not having any patented rights in and to the Infringing Product, Hoodsbee has entered into license agreements and has received royalty payments for its Infringing Product.

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17. Moreover, Hoodsbee has plans to further license the Infringing Product to include "a variety of categories such as blankets, towels, accessories, and more utilizing the patented Hoodsbee technology."

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### FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

### (Infringement of United States Patent No. 8,864,544)

- 18. On October 21, 2014, U.S. Patent No. 8,864,544 ("the '544 Patent"), entitled "Hooded Blanket and Stuffed Toy Combination," a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit A, was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent and Trademark Office.
- Infinity is the owner of the '544 Patent, including the right to sue for and recover all past, present, and future damages for infringement of the '544 Patent.
- 20. Hoodsbee, directly or through its subsidiaries, divisions, licensees, or groups, has infringed and continues to infringe the '544 Patent by making, using, selling, and/or offering to sell, or allowing others to make, use, sell, and/or offer to sell, in the United States and this District, goods, systems, methods, compositions, and/or services that are covered by one or more of the claims of the '544 Patent, including, without limitation, the Infringing Product.
- 21. Hoodsbee is liable for infringement of the '544 Patent under 35 U.S.C. § 271.
- Hoodsbee's acts of infringement have caused damage to Infinity, and 22. Infinity is entitled to recover from Hoodsbee the damages sustained by Infinity as a result of Hoodsbee's wrongful acts in an amount to be proven at trial.
- 23. As a consequence of the infringement complained of herein, Infinity has been irreparably damaged to an extent not yet determined and will continue to be irreparably damaged by such acts in the future unless Hoodsbee is enjoined by the Court from committing further acts of infringement.
- 24. Moreover, Hoodsbee's acts of infringement have been or will be undertaken with knowledge of the '544 Patent. Such acts constitute willful infringement and make this case exceptional pursuant to 35 U.S.C. §§ 284 and 285, and further entitle Infinity to enhanced damages and attorneys' fees.

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### SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

### (False Patent Marking Under 35 U.S.C. §§ 287 & 292)

- 25. Infinity realleges and incorporates by reference all of the foregoing paragraphs.
- 26. Hoodsbee, directly or through its subsidiaries, divisions, licensees, or groups, has marked or marketed its Infringing Product as the "patented Hoodsbee technology" or some similar variation thereof claiming patent rights in and to the Infringing Product.
- 27. Hoodsbee has no and never has had any patent rights in and to the Infringing Product.
- 28. As such, Hoodsbee has failed to comply with the requirements of Section 287 of Title 35 of the United States Code. Specifically, Hoodsbee, directly or through its subsidiaries, divisions, licensees, or groups, does not and has not marked the Infringing Product, the packaging containing the Infringing Product, and/or the marketing materials for the Infringing Product with the number or numbers of the patent(s) and/or patent application(s) alleged to convey any patent rights in and to the Infringing Product.
- 29. Hoodsbee has alternatively failed to comply with the requirements of Section 287 of Title 35 of the United States Code in that Hoodsbee, directly or through its subsidiaries, divisions, licensees, or groups, does not and have not marked the Infringing Product, the packaging containing the Infringing Product, and/or the marketing materials for the Infringing Product with an address of an Internet posting where the number or numbers of the patent(s) and/or patent application(s) alleged to convey any patent rights in and to the Infringing Product are accessible to the public without charge.
- 30. Hoodsbee has alternatively failed to comply with the requirements of Section 287 of Title 35 of the United States Code inasmuch as Hoodsbee, directly or through its subsidiaries, divisions, licensees, or groups, has marked the Infringing

Product, the packaging containing the Infringing Product, and/or the marketing materials for the Infringing Product as having patent protection.

- 31. Hoodsbee has falsely marked the Infringing Product for the purpose of deceiving the public and to derive a financial benefit from such deception.
- 32. Hoodsbee is liable for false patent marking under 35 U.S.C. §§ 287 and/or 292.
- 33. Hoodsbee's acts of false patent marking have caused damage to Infinity and have caused a competitive injury to Infinity, and Infinity is entitled to recover from Hoodsbee the damages sustained by Infinity as a result of Hoodsbee's wrongful acts and/or violations of 35 U.S.C. §§ 287 and/or 292 in an amount to be proven at trial.
- 34. As a consequence of the false patent marking complained of herein, Infinity has been irreparably damaged to an extent not yet determined and will continue to be irreparably damaged by such acts in the future unless Hoodsbee is enjoined by the Court from committing further acts of false patent marking.

### THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF

# (False Advertising and/or Deceptive Trade Practices Under the Lanham Act and/or Common Law)

- 35. Infinity realleges and incorporates by reference all of the foregoing paragraphs.
- 36. Infinity competes directly with Hoodsbee in the marketplace for stuffed plush toys.
- 37. Indeed, Infinity's ComfyCritters product directly competes in the marketplace with Hoodsbee's Infringing Product.
- 38. Hoodsbee, directly or through its subsidiaries, divisions, licensees, or groups, marks or has marked the Infringing Product, the packaging containing the Infringing Product, and/or the marketing materials for the Infringing Product as having patent protection.

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- 39. Hoodsbee does not have and has never had patent rights in and to its Infringing Product.
- Moreover, Hoodsbee did not have patent rights in and to the Infringing 40. Product when it began falsely marking the Infringing Product.
- 41. As such, Hoodsbee's public assertion or notice of patent rights in and to its Infringing Product is false and/or misleading.
- Hoodsbee's false or misleading public assertion of patent rights in and 42. to its Infringing Product has deceived, or has the capacity to deceive, a substantial portion of the intended audience and/or the intended distributors and/or consumers of Infinity's ComfyCritters product, as well as the intended distributors and/or consumers Infinity's ComfyCritters product.
- 43. Hoodsbee's false or misleading public assertion of patent rights in and to its Infringing Product is material inasmuch as it is likely to influence purchasing decisions by relevant distributors and/or consumers.
- Hoodsbee has placed its false or misleading public assertion of patent 44. rights in and to its Infringing Product in interstate commerce by virtue of selling the Infringing Product, the packaging and/or marketing which bears the false or misleading statement at issue, into interstate commerce.
- 45. Hoodsbee is liable for false advertising and/or deceptive trade practices under the Lanham Act and/or common law.
- Hoodsbee's acts of false advertising have caused damage to Infinity, or 46. have otherwise caused a competitive injury to Infinity in the form of either a direct diversion of sales or by lessening the goodwill associated with Infinity's ComfyCritters product, and Infinity is entitled to recover from Hoodsbee the damages sustained by Infinity as a result of Hoodsbee's wrongful acts in an amount to be proven at trial.
- 47. As a consequence of the false advertising complained of herein, Infinity has been irreparably damaged to an extent not yet determined and will continue to

be irreparably damaged by such acts in the future unless Hoodsbee is enjoined by the Court from committing further acts of false advertising.

48. One or more of Hoodsbee's acts of false advertising have been willful further entitling Infinity to enhanced damages and reasonable attorneys' fees.

### PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Infinity prays for judgment as follows:

- A. That Hoodsbee has infringed the '544 Patent;
- B. Hoodsbee account for and pay to Infinity all damages caused by its infringement of the '544 Patent, and to enhance such damages as appropriate in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 284;
- C. Hoodsbee account for and pay to Infinity all royalties received from any license agreement(s) entered into by Hoodsbee wherein it has received or will receive royalty payments for the Infringing Product;
- D. Infinity be granted permanent injunctive relief pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 283, permanently enjoining Hoodsbee, its officers, agents, servants, employees, licensees, and those persons in active concert or participation with it from further acts of patent infringement;
- E. That Hoodsbee and its principals, agents, representatives, servants, licensees, and employees and any person in active concert or participation with them be ordered to recall and deliver up for destruction all products that infringe the '544 Patent, including, without limitation, the Infringing Product;
- F. Infinity be granted pre-judgment and post-judgment interest on the damages caused to it by reason of Hoodsbee's patent infringement;
- G. The Court declare this an exceptional case and that Infinity be granted its reasonable attorneys' fees in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 285;
- H. The Court declare Hoodsbee's patent infringement willful and increase the damages to which Infinity is entitled up to three (3) times in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 284;

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COMPLAINT