IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS MARSHALL DIVISION

UNILOC USA, INC. and
UNILOC LUXEMBOURG, S.A.,

Plaintiffs,

V.

PATENT CASE

LG ELECTRONICS U.S.A., INC.,
LG ELECTRONICS, INC. AND
LG ELECTRONICS MOBILECOMM
USA, INC.,

Defendant.

Defendant.

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT

Plaintiffs, Uniloc USA, Inc. and Uniloc Luxembourg, S.A. (together "Uniloc"), as and for their complaint against defendants, LG Electronics U.S.A., Inc., LG Electronics, Inc. and LG Electronics MobileComm USA, Inc. (collectively "LGE"), allege as follows:

THE PARTIES

- 1. Uniloc USA, Inc. ("Uniloc USA") is a Texas corporation having a principal place of business at Legacy Town Center I, Suite 380, 7160 Dallas Parkway, Plano Texas 75024. Uniloc also maintains a place of business at 102 N. College, Suite 603, Tyler, Texas 75702.
- 2. Uniloc Luxembourg S.A. ("Uniloc Luxembourg") is a Luxembourg public limited liability company having a principal place of business at 15, Rue Edward Steichen, 4th Floor, L-2540, Luxembourg (R.C.S. Luxembourg B159161).
- 3. Uniloc Luxembourg owns a number of patents in the field of text/voice instant messaging.

- 4. Upon information and belief, LG Electronics, Inc. is a South Korean company headquartered in Yeouido-dong, Seoul, South Korea, and does business in Houston, Texas and through sales in the judicial Eastern District of Texas. LG Electronics, Inc. may be served in accordance with the terms of the Hague Convention at its principal place of business at LG Twin Towers, 20 Yeoeuido-dong, Yeongdeungpo-gu, Seoul, South Korea.
- 5. Upon information and belief, LG Electronics U.S.A., Inc. is a Delaware corporation having a principal place of business in Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey and does business in Houston, Texas and through sales in the judicial Eastern District of Texas. LG Electronics U.S.A., Inc. is a subsidiary of LG Electronics, Inc. LG Electronics U.S.A., Inc. may be served with process through its registered agent for service of process in Texas: Corporation Service Company, 211 E. 7th Street, Suite 620, Austin, Texas 78701-3218.
- 6. Upon information and belief, LG Electronics MobileComm USA, Inc. is a California corporation having a principal place of business in Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey and does business in Houston, Texas and through sales in the judicial Eastern District of Texas. LG Electronics MobileComm USA, Inc. is a subsidiary of LG Electronics, Inc. LG Electronics MobileComm USA, Inc. may be served with process through its registered agent for service of process in Texas: Corporation Service Company, 211 E. 7th Street, Suite 620, Austin, Texas 78701-3218.
- 7. LGE, including at least LG Electronics, Inc., manufactures the LG Android IVM smartphones and imports them into the United States.
- 8. LGE, including at least LG Electronics MobileComm USA, Inc., uses, imports, offers for sale and/or sells the LG Android IVM smartphones in the United States.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 9. Uniloc brings this action for patent infringement under the patent laws of the United States, 35 U.S.C. § 271 *et seq*. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1338(a) and 1367.
- 10. Venue is proper in this judicial district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(c) and 1400(b). Upon information and belief, LGE is deemed to reside in this judicial district, has committed acts of infringement in this judicial district, and/or has purposely transacted business involving the accused products in this judicial district, including sales of the accused devices to one or more customers in Texas.
- 11. LGE is subject to this Court's jurisdiction pursuant to due process and/or the Texas Long Arm Statute due at least to its substantial business in this State and judicial district, including: (A) at least part of its past infringing activities, (B) regularly doing or soliciting business in Texas and/or (C) engaging in persistent conduct and/or deriving substantial revenue from goods, including the accused devices, and services provided to customers in Texas.

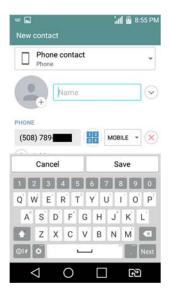
<u>COUNT I</u> (INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 8,724,622)

- 12. Uniloc incorporates paragraphs 1-11 above by reference.
- 13. Uniloc Luxembourg is the owner, by assignment, of U.S. Patent No. 8,724,622 ("the '622 Patent"), entitled SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR INSTANT VOIP MESSAGING that issued on May 13, 2014. A true and correct copy of the '622 Patent is attached as Exhibit A hereto.
- 14. Uniloc USA is the exclusive licensee of the '622 Patent with ownership of all substantial rights therein, including the right to grant sublicenses, to exclude others, and to enforce, sue and recover past damages for the infringement thereof.

15. Upon information and belief, the following illustrates the About Phone screen on an LG Android smartphone having instant voice messaging and/or instant video with audio messaging ("IVM") capability in a packet-switched network:



16. Upon information and belief, the following illustrates a new contact screen on an LG Android IVM smartphone in a packet-switched network:



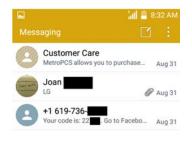
17. Upon information and belief, the following illustrates a contact screen on an LG Android IVM smartphone in a packet-switched network:



18. Upon information and belief, the following illustrates a contact screen on an LG Android IVM smartphone in a packet-switched network:

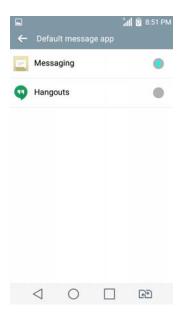


19. Upon information and belief, the following illustrates a messaging screen on an LG Android IVM smartphone in a packet-switched network:

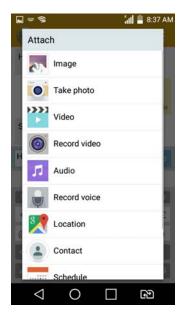




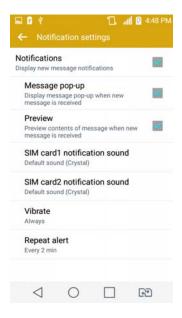
20. Upon information and belief, the following illustrates a default message app screen on an LG Android IVM smartphone in a packet-switched network:



21. Upon information and belief, the following illustrates a screen listing available attachments on an LG Android IVM smartphone in a packet-switched network:



22. Upon information and belief, the following illustrates the notification settings on an LG Android IVM smartphone in a packet-switched network:



23. Upon information and belief, the following illustrates a blank message screen indicating presence of a SIM card on an LG Android IVM smartphone in a packet-switched network:

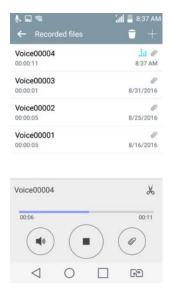




24. Upon information and belief, the following illustrates a Voice Recorder screen on an LG Android IVM smartphone in a packet-switched network:



25. Upon information and belief, the following illustrates a screen listing voice message files on an LG Android IVM smartphone in a packet-switched network:



26. Upon information and belief, the following illustrates a message screen on an LG Android IVM smartphone in a packet-switched network:



27. Upon information and belief, the following illustrates a message screen on an LG Android IVM smartphone in a packet-switched network:



28. Upon information and belief, the following illustrates a message screen indicating a voice message being sent from an LG Android IVM smartphone in a packet-switched network:



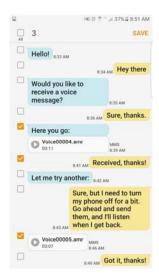
29. Upon information and belief, the following illustrates a message screen indicating receipt of a voice message on an LG Android IVM smartphone in a packet-switched network:



30. Upon information and belief, the following illustrates a message screen on an LG Android IVM smartphone in a packet-switched network:



31. Upon information and belief, the following illustrates an exchange of instant messages on an LG Android IVM smartphone in a packet-switched network:



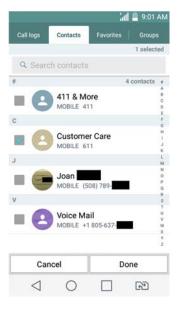
32. Upon information and belief, the following illustrates attaching and sending a photo file with a voice message on an LG Android IVM smartphone in a packet-switched network:



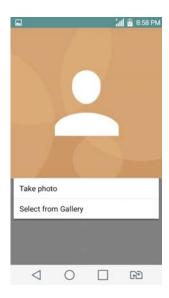
33. Upon information and belief, the following illustrates the receipt of a photo file with a voice message on an LG Android IVM smartphone in a packet-switched network:



34. Upon information and belief, the following illustrates a Contacts screen on an LG Android IVM smartphone in a packet-switched network:



35. Upon information and belief, the following illustrates a photo option screen on an LG Android IVM smartphone in a packet-switched network:



36. Upon information and belief, the following illustrates a Message Options notice on an LG Android IVM smartphone in a packet-switched network:



37. LGE has directly infringed, and continues to directly infringe one or more claims of the '622 Patent in this judicial district and elsewhere in Texas, including at least claims 3, 4, 6-8, 10-19, 21, 23-35, and 38 literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, by or through making, using, importing, offering for sale and/or selling numerous versions of the LG Android IVM smartphones (together "LG Android IVM smartphones") during the pendency of the '622

Patent which devices and associated servers perform instant voice messaging over Wi-Fi and the

Internet between persons using cellphones and/or other devices capable of instant voice

messaging; wherein digitized audio files are transmitted between a plurality of recipients on a

packet switched network and a list of one or more currently potential recipients is displayed on

the device. Upon information and belief, the additional Android devices identified in Exhibit E

also provide such functionality and, thereby, infringe as set forth in this Count.

38. In addition, should the LG Android IVM smartphones be found to not literally

infringe the asserted claims of the '622 Patent, the LG Android IVM smartphones would

nevertheless infringe the asserted claims of the '622 Patent. More specifically, the accused

smartphones perform substantially the same function (instant voice messaging), in substantially

the same way (via a digitized audio files in a client/server environment), to yield substantially the

same result (delivering voice messages to available intended recipients). LGE would thus be

liable for direct infringement under the doctrine of equivalents.

39. LGE has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe at least claims 3,

4, 6-8, 10-19, 21, 23-35, and 38 of the '622 Patent in this judicial district and elsewhere in the

United States by, among other things, actively inducing the using, offering for sale, selling, or

importing the LG Android IVM smartphones. LGE's customers who purchase the LG Android

IVM smartphones and operate such devices in accordance with LGE's instructions directly

infringe one or more of the foregoing claims of the '622 Patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271.

LGE directly and/or indirectly instructs its customers through training videos, demonstrations,

brochures, installation and/or user guides, such as those located at the following:

www.lg.com

https://lg-support-tool.en

15

www.youtube.com

LGE is thereby liable for infringement of the '622 Patent under 35 U.S.C. § 271(b).

- 40. LGE has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe at least claims 3, 4, 6-8, 10-19, 21, 23-35, and 38 of the '622 Patent in this judicial district and elsewhere in the United States by, among other things, contributing to the direct infringement by others including, without limitation customers using the LG Android IVM smartphones, by making, offering to sell, selling and/or importing into the United States, a component of a patented machine, manufacture or combination, or an apparatus for use in practicing a patented process, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing the same to be especially made or especially adapted for use in infringing the '622 Patent and not a staple article or commodity of commerce suitable for substantial non-infringing use.
- 41. For example, the LG Android IVM smartphones are components of a patented machine, manufacture, or combination, or an apparatus for use in practicing a patent process. Furthermore, the LG Android IVM smartphones are material parts of the claimed inventions and upon information and belief are not a staple article or commodity of commerce suitable for substantial non-infringing use. LGE is, therefore, liable for infringement under 35 U.S.C. § 271(c).
- 42. LGE will have been on notice of the '622 Patent since, at the latest, the service of this complaint upon LGE. By the time of trial, LGE will have known and intended (since receiving such notice) that its continued actions would actively induce, and contribute to, the infringement of one or more of claims 3, 4, 6-8, 10-19, 21, 23-35, and 38 of the '622 Patent.

- 43. LGE may have infringed the '622 Patent through other devices utilizing the same or reasonably similar functionality, including other versions of the LG Android smartphones. Uniloc reserves the right to discover and pursue all such additional infringing software/devices.
- 44. Uniloc has been damaged, reparably and irreparably, by LGE's infringement of the '622 Patent and such damage will continue unless and until LGE is enjoined.

COUNT II (INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 8,995,433)

- 45. Uniloc incorporates paragraphs 1-44 above by reference.
- 46. Uniloc Luxembourg is the owner, by assignment, of U.S. Patent No. 8,995,433 ("the '433 Patent'), entitled SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR INSTANT VOIP MESSAGING that issued on March 31, 2015. A true and correct copy of the '433 Patent is attached as Exhibit B hereto.
- 47. Uniloc USA is the exclusive licensee of the '433 Patent with ownership of all substantial rights therein, including the right to grant sublicenses, to exclude others, and to enforce, sue and recover past damages for the infringement thereof.
- 48. LGE has directly infringed, and continues to directly infringe one or more claims of the '433 Patent in this judicial district and elsewhere in Texas, including at least claims 1-5, 8-9, 11-12, 14-17, 25 and 26 literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, by or through making, using, importing, offering for sale and/or selling the LG Android IVM smartphones during the pendency of the '433 Patent which devices and associated servers perform instant voice messaging over Wi-Fi and the Internet between persons using cellphones and/or other devices capable of instant voice messaging; wherein a list of one or more potential recipients is displayed on the device, the instant messages are temporarily stored using a unique identifier, and a file manager stores, retrieves and/or deletes the messages in response to the users request.

Upon information and belief, the additional Android devices identified in Exhibit E also provide

such functionality and, thereby, infringe as set forth in this Count.

49. In addition, should the LG Android IVM smartphones be found to not literally

infringe the asserted claims of the '433 Patent, the LG Android IVM smartphones would

nevertheless infringe the asserted claims of the '433 Patent. More specifically, the accused LG

Android IVM smartphones perform substantially the same function (instant voice messaging), in

substantially the same way (identifying potentially available recipients, storing messages using

unique identifiers and a file manager for storing, retrieving and/or deleting the messages), to

yield substantially the same result (delivering voice messages to available intended recipients

and wherein the messages may be stored, retrieved and/or deleted). LGE would thus be liable

for direct infringement under the doctrine of equivalents.

50. LGE has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe at least claims 1-

5, 8-9, 11-12, 14-17, 25 and 26 of the '433 Patent in this judicial district and elsewhere in the

United States by, among other things, actively inducing the using, offering for sale, selling, or

importing the LG Android IVM smartphones. LGE's customers who purchase the LG Android

IVM smartphones and operate the devices in accordance with LGE's instructions directly

infringe one or more of the foregoing claims of the '433 Patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271.

LGE directly and/or indirectly instructs its customers through training videos, demonstrations,

brochures, installation and/or user guides, such as those located at the following:

www.lg.com

https://lg-support-tool.en

www.youtube.com

LGE is thereby liable for infringement of the '433 Patent under 35 U.S.C. § 271(b).

- 51. LGE has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe at least claims 1-5, 8-9, 11-12, 14-17, 25 and 26 of the '433 Patent in this judicial district and elsewhere in the United States by, among other things, contributing to the direct infringement by others including, without limitation customers using the LG Android IVM smartphones, by making, offering to sell, selling and/or importing into the United States, a component of a patented machine, manufacture or combination, or an apparatus for use in practicing a patented process, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing the same to be especially made or especially adapted for use in infringing the '433 Patent and not a staple article or commodity of commerce suitable for substantial non-infringing use.
- 52. For example, the LG Android IVM smartphones are components of a patented machine, manufacture, or combination, or an apparatus for use in practicing a patent process. Furthermore, the LG Android IVM smartphones are material parts of the claimed inventions and upon information and belief are not a staple article or commodity of commerce suitable for substantial non-infringing use. LGE is, therefore, liable for infringement under 35 U.S.C. § 271(c).
- 53. LGE will have been on notice of the '433 Patent since, at the latest, the service of this complaint upon LGE. By the time of trial, LGE will have known and intended (since receiving such notice) that its continued actions would actively induce, and contribute to, the infringement of one or more of claims 1-5, 8-9, 11-12, 14-17, 25 and 26 of the '433 Patent.
- 54. LGE may have infringed the '433 Patent through other devices utilizing the same or reasonably similar functionality, including other versions of the LG Android smartphones. Uniloc reserves the right to discover and pursue all such additional infringing software/devices.

55. Uniloc has been damaged, reparably and irreparably, by LGE's infringement of the '433 Patent and such damage will continue unless and until LGE is enjoined.

COUNT III (INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 7,535,890)

- 56. Uniloc incorporates paragraphs 1-55 above by reference.
- 57. Uniloc Luxembourg is the owner, by assignment, of U.S. Patent No. 7,535,890 ("the '890 Patent"), entitled SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR INSTANT VOIP MESSAGING that issued on May 19, 2009. A true and correct copy of the '890 Patent is attached as Exhibit C hereto.
- 58. Uniloc USA is the exclusive licensee of the '890 Patent with ownership of all substantial rights therein, including the right to grant sublicenses, to exclude others, and to enforce, sue and recover past damages for the infringement thereof.
- 59. LGE has directly infringed, and continues to directly infringe one or more claims of the '890 Patent in this judicial district and elsewhere in Texas, including at least claims 1-3, 5-6, 9, 14, 17, 19, 20, 23, 40, 42, 43, 51, 53, 54, and 57 literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, by or through making, using, importing, offering for sale and/or selling the LG Android IVM smartphones during the pendency of the '890 Patent which devices and associated servers perform instant voice messaging over Wi-Fi and the Internet between persons using cellphones and/or other devices capable of instant voice messaging; wherein the instant messages are temporarily stored if an intended message recipient is unavailable and thereafter delivered once the intend recipient becomes available. Upon information and belief, the additional Android devices identified in Exhibit E also provide such functionality and, thereby, infringe as set forth in this Count.

In addition, should the LG Android IVM smartphones be found to not literally

infringe the asserted claims of the '890 Patent, the LG Android IVM smartphones would nevertheless infringe the asserted claims of the '890 Patent. More specifically, the accused LG Android IVM smartphones perform substantially the same function (instant voice messaging), in

substantially the same way (via a client/server environment), to yield substantially the same

result (delivering voice messages to available intended recipients). LGE would thus be liable for

direct infringement under the doctrine of equivalents.

61. LGE has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe at least claims 1-3, 5-6, 9, 14, 17, 19, 20, 23, 40, 42, 43, 51, 53, 54, and 57 of the '890 Patent in this judicial district and elsewhere in the United States by, among other things, actively inducing the using, offering for sale, selling, or importing the LG Android IVM smartphones. LGE's customers who purchase the LG Android IVM smartphones and operate such devices in accordance with LGE's instructions directly infringe one or more of the foregoing claims of the '890 Patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271. LGE directly and/or indirectly instructs its customers through training videos, demonstrations, brochures, installation and/or user guides, such as those located at the

www.lg.com

following:

60.

https://lg-support-tool.en

www.youtube.com

LGE is thereby liable for infringement of the '890 Patent under 35 U.S.C. § 271(b).

62. LGE has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe at least claims 1-3, 5-6, 9, 14, 17, 19, 20, 23, 40, 42, 43, 51, 53, 54, and 57 of the '890 Patent in this judicial district and elsewhere in the United States by, among other things, contributing to the direct

infringement by others including, without limitation customers using the LG Android IVM smartphones, by making, offering to sell, selling and/or importing into the United States, a component of a patented machine, manufacture or combination, or an apparatus for use in practicing a patented process, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing the same to be especially made or especially adapted for use in infringing the '890 Patent and not a staple article or commodity of commerce suitable for substantial non-infringing use.

- 63. For example, the LG Android IVM smartphones are components of a patented machine, manufacture, or combination, or an apparatus for use in practicing a patent process. Furthermore, the LG Android IVM smartphones are material parts of the claimed inventions and upon information and belief are not a staple article or commodity of commerce suitable for substantial non-infringing use. LGE is, therefore, liable for infringement under 35 U.S.C. § 271(c).
- 64. LGE will have been on notice of the '890 Patent since, at the latest, the service of this complaint upon LGE. By the time of trial, LGE will have known and intended (since receiving such notice) that its continued actions would actively induce, and contribute to, the infringement of one or more of claims 1-3, 5-6, 9, 14, 17, 19, 20, 23, 40, 42, 43, 51, 53, 54, and 57 of the '890 Patent.
- 65. LGE may have infringed the '890 Patent through other devices utilizing the same or reasonably similar functionality, including other versions of the LG Android smartphones. Uniloc reserves the right to discover and pursue all such additional infringing software/devices.
- 66. Uniloc has been damaged, reparably and irreparably, by LGE's infringement of the '890 Patent and such damage will continue unless and until LGE is enjoined.

COUNT IV

(INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 8,199,747)

- 67. Uniloc incorporates paragraphs 1-66 above by reference.
- 68. Uniloc Luxembourg is the owner, by assignment, of U.S. Patent No. 8,199,747 ("the '747 Patent"), entitled SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR INSTANT VOIP MESSAGING that issued on June 12, 2012. A true and correct copy of the '747 Patent is attached as Exhibit D hereto.
- 69. Uniloc USA is the exclusive licensee of the '747 Patent with ownership of all substantial rights therein, including the right to grant sublicenses, to exclude others, and to enforce, sue and recover past damages for the infringement thereof.
- 70. LGE has directly infringed, and continues to directly infringe one or more claims of the '747 Patent in this judicial district and elsewhere in Texas, including at least claims 1 and 13 literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, by or through making, using, importing, offering for sale and/or selling the LG Android IVM smartphones during the pendency of the '747 Patent which devices and associated servers perform instant voice messaging over Wi-Fi and the Internet between persons using cellphones and/or other devices capable of instant voice messaging; wherein the instant message audio file is generated and one or more files attached thereto and transmitting the files to available recipients and temporarily storing the message if an intended recipient is unavailable and thereafter delivered once the intend recipient becomes available. Upon information and belief, the additional Android devices identified in Exhibit E also provide such functionality and, thereby, infringe as set forth in this Count.
- 71. In addition, should the LG Android IVM smartphones be found to not literally infringe the asserted claims of the '747 Patent, the LG Android IVM smartphones would nevertheless infringe the asserted claims of the '747 Patent. More specifically, the accused LG

Android IVM smartphones perform substantially the same function (instant voice messaging), in substantially the same way (recording and transmitting a message to be audibly played by one or more recipients and temporarily storing messages for a recipient who is unavailable), to yield substantially the same result (delivering voice messages with attached file(s) to available intended recipients). LGE would thus be liable for direct infringement under the doctrine of equivalents.

72. LGE has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe at least claims 1 and 13 of the '747 Patent in this judicial district and elsewhere in the United States by, among other things, actively inducing the using, offering for sale, selling, or importing the LG Android IVM smartphones. LGE's customers who purchase the LG Android IVM smartphones and operate such devices in accordance with LGE's instructions directly infringe one or more of the foregoing claims of the '747 Patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271. LGE directly and/or indirectly instructs its customers through training videos, demonstrations, brochures, installation and/or user guides, such as those located at the following:

www.lg.com

https://lg-support-tool.en

www.youtube.com

LGE is thereby liable for infringement of the '747 Patent under 35 U.S.C. § 271(b).

73. LGE has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe at least claims 1 and 13 of the '747 Patent in this judicial district and elsewhere in the United States by, among other things, contributing to the direct infringement by others including, without limitation customers using the LG Android IVM smartphones, by making, offering to sell, selling and/or importing into the United States, a component of a patented machine, manufacture or

combination, or an apparatus for use in practicing a patented process, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing the same to be especially made or especially adapted for use in infringing the '747 Patent and not a staple article or commodity of commerce suitable for substantial non-infringing use.

- 74. For example, the LG Android IVM smartphones are components of a patented machine, manufacture, or combination, or an apparatus for use in practicing a patent process. Furthermore, the LG Android IVM smartphones are material parts of the claimed inventions and upon information and belief are not a staple article or commodity of commerce suitable for substantial non-infringing use. LGE is, therefore, liable for infringement under 35 U.S.C. § 271(c).
- 75. LGE will have been on notice of the '747 Patent since, at the latest, the service of this complaint upon LGE. By the time of trial, LGE will have known and intended (since receiving such notice) that its continued actions would actively induce, and contribute to, the infringement of one or more of claims 1 and 13 of the '747 Patent.
- 76. LGE may have infringed the '747 Patent through other devices utilizing the same or reasonably similar functionality, including other versions of the LG Android smartphones. Uniloc reserves the right to discover and pursue all such additional infringing software/devices.
- 77. Uniloc has been damaged, reparably and irreparably, by LGE's infringement of the '747 Patent and such damage will continue unless and until LGE is enjoined.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Uniloc requests that the Court enter judgment against LGE as follows:

(A) that LGE has infringed the '622 Patent, the '433 Patent, the '890 Patent and the '747 Patent;

(B) awarding Uniloc its damages suffered as a result of LGE's infringement of the '622 Patent, the '433 Patent, the '890 Patent and the '747 Patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;

(C) enjoining LGE, its officers, directors, agents, servants, affiliates, employees, divisions, branches, subsidiaries and parents, and all others acting in concert or privity with it from infringing the '622 Patent, the '433 Patent, the '890 Patent and the '747 Patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 283;

(D) awarding Uniloc its costs, attorneys' fees, expenses and interest, and

(E) granting Uniloc such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Uniloc hereby demands trial by jury on all issues so triable pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 38.

Dated: December 8, 2016 Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Craig Tadlock

Craig Tadlock

Texas State Bar No. 00791766

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Email: pjh@c-m.com

Email: kgannon@c-m.com

ATTORNEYS FOR THE PLAINTIFFS

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that Defendant will be served with this Amended Complaint in accordance with Fed. R. Civ. P. 4. All counsel of record who have consented to electronic service are being served with a copy of this document via the Court's CM/ECF system per Local Rule CV-5(a)(3) on December 8, 2016.

<u>/s/ Craig Tadlock</u>
Craig Tadlock