IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

IPA TECHNOLOGIES INC.,	
Plaintiff,	C.A. No
v.	JURY TRIAL DEMANDED
SONY CORPORATION; SONY	
ELECTRONICS INC.; SONY	
CORPORATION OF AMERICA; SONY	
MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS AB;	
SONY MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS	
(USA) INC.; and SONY MOBILE	

COMMUNICATIONS, INC.,

Defendants.

COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT

Plaintiff IPA Technologies Inc. ("IPA") as and for its complaint against Sony Corporation, Sony Electronics Inc., Sony Corporation of America, Sony Mobile Communications AB, Sony Mobile Communications (USA) Inc., and Sony Mobile Communications, Inc. (collectively, "Sony" or "Defendants") alleges as follows:

PARTIES

- IPA is a Delaware corporation with a principal place of business at 600
 Anton Blvd., Suite 1350, Costa Mesa, California 92626.
- 2. On information and belief, Defendant Sony Corporation is a Japanese corporation with its principal place of business at 1-7-1 Konan, Minatoku, Tokyo 108-0075, Japan. Sony Corporation can be served with process pursuant to the Delaware Long Arm Statute, 10 *Del. C.* § 3104.
- 3. On information and belief, Defendant Sony Electronics Inc. is a California corporation with its principal place of business at 16530 Via Esprillo, San Diego, CA

- 92127. Sony Electronics Inc. can be served through its registered agent, Corporation Service Company, 2711 Centerville Road, Suite 400, Wilmington, Delaware 19808.
- 4. On information and belief, Sony Corporation of America is a New York corporation with its principal place of business at 25 Madison Avenue, 26th Floor, New York, New York 10010-8601. Sony Corporation of America can be served through its registered agent, The Corporation Trust Company, Corporation Trust Center, 1209 Orange Street, Wilmington, Delaware 19801.
- 5. On information and belief, Sony Mobile Communications AB is a wholly owned subsidiary of Sony Corp. and is incorporated under the laws of Sweden with its principal place of business at Nya Vattentornet SE-221, 88 Lund, Sweden. Sony Mobile Communications AB can be served with process pursuant to the Delaware Long Arm Statute, 10 *Del. C.* § 3104.
- 6. On information and belief, Sony Mobile Communications (USA) Inc. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Sony Mobile Communications AB and is incorporated under the laws of the state of Delaware, with its principal place of business at 2207 Bridgepointe Parkway, San Mateo, CA 94404. Sony Mobile Communications (USA) Inc. can be served through its registered agent, Capitol Services, Inc., 165 State Street, Suite B, Dover, Delaware 19901.
- 7. On information and belief, Defendant Sony Mobile Communications, Inc. is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of Japan with its principal place of business at Shinagawa Seaside TS Tower, 4-12-3, Higashi-shinagawa, Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo, 140-0002, Japan. Sony Mobile Communications, Inc. can be served with process pursuant to the Delaware Long Arm Statute, 10 *Del. C.* § 3104.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 8. This action arises under the patent laws of the United States, Title 35 of the United States Code. Accordingly, this Court has subject matter jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).
- 9. This Court has specific and general personal jurisdiction over Defendants pursuant to due process and/or the Delaware Long Arm Statute, due to Defendant Sony Mobile Communications (USA) Inc. having availed itself of the rights and benefits of Delaware by incorporating under Delaware law and due to Defendants' substantial business in this forum, including: (i) at least a portion of the infringement alleged herein; and (ii) regularly doing or soliciting business, engaging in other persistent courses of conduct, and/or deriving substantial revenue from goods and services provided to individuals in Delaware and in this Judicial District.
- 10. Venue is proper in this District under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391 (b)-(c) and 1400(b) because Defendants are subject to personal jurisdiction in this District.

BACKGROUND

- 11. SRI International, Inc. ("SRI"), the original owner of the patents-in-suit, is an independent, not-for-profit research institute that conducts client-supported research and development for government agencies, commercial businesses, foundations, and other organizations.
- 12. Among its many areas of research, SRI has engaged in fundamental research and development related to personal digital assistants and speech-based navigation of electronic data sources.

- 13. SRI's innovative work on personal digital assistants was a key area of development in one of the world's largest artificial intelligence projects, the Cognitive Assistant that Learns and Organizes ("CALO"). The vision for the SRI-led CALO project, which was funded by the U.S. Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency ("DARPA"), was to create groundbreaking software that could revolutionize how computers support decision-makers.
- 14. SRI's work on personal digital assistants and speech-based navigation of electronic data sources, which started before the launch of the CALO project, developed further as part of the project. SRI's engineers were awarded numerous patents on their groundbreaking personal digital assistant and speech-based navigation inventions.
- 15. To bring the personal digital assistant and speech-based navigation technology to the marketplace, SRI formed the spin-off company Siri, Inc. in 2007, and granted it a non-exclusive license to the patent portfolio. The technology was demonstrated as an iPhone app at technology conferences and later released as an iPhone 3GS app in February 2010. In April 2010, Apple Inc. acquired Siri, Inc. In 2011, the Siri personal digital assistant was released as an integrated feature of the iPhone 4S.
- 16. Speech-based navigation of electronic data sources has continued to be implemented as an effective and user-friendly solution for interacting with electronic devices.
- 17. On May 6, 2016, IPA acquired the SRI speech-based navigation patent portfolio. IPA is a wholly-owned subsidiary of WiLAN, a leading technology innovation and licensing business actively engaged in research, development, and licensing of new technologies.

BACKGROUND ON ACCUSED PRODUCTS

- 18. Defendants' accused products include and use the Android operating system.
- 19. The Google Now digital assistant has been included with the Android operating system since at least July 2012. Since at least October 2016, the functionality of the Google Now digital assistant has been included in Google's Voice Actions and use of the term "Google Now" has apparently been discontinued. The terms "Google Now" and "Google Now digital assistant" as used herein include but are not limited to the Voice Actions functionalities relating to the Google Now digital assistant.
- 20. The Google Now digital assistant uses features of the Android operating system such as voice search and cards for the display of selected information.
- 21. Voice search allows users to interact with the Google Now digital assistant using natural spoken language.
- 22. Cards present visual representations of voice search results, and allow further user interaction with the Google Now digital assistant through touch response.
- 23. Google Now can retrieve and display a variety of types of information such as directions, calendar, weather, flight, sports, and restaurant information.
- 24. Defendants' infringing products include mobile telephone and tablet products having the Google Now digital assistant, including but not limited to Xperia TL, Xperia L, Xperia SP, Xperia ZR, Xperia M, Xperia Z Ultra, Xperia C, Xperia Z1, Xperia Z1 Compact, Xperia T2 Ultra, Xperia E1, Xperia Z2, Xperia M2, Xperia M2 Dual, Xperia Z2a, Xperia C3, Xperia C3 Dual, Xperia M2 Aqua, Xperia T3, Xperia E3, Xperia Z3, Xperia Z3 Compact, Xperia Z3 Dual, Xperia Z3v, Xperia E4, Xperia E4g, Xperia 3rg

- (Dual SIM), Xperia M4 Aqua, Xperia Z4, Xperia C4, Xperia C4 Dual, Z3+, Z3+ Dual, Xperia Z4v, Xperia E, Xperia Z, Xperia ZL, Xperia Z1s, Xperia Z5, Xperia Z5 Compact, Xperia X, Xperia XA, Xperia Tablet Z, Xperia Tablet Z 4G LTE, Xperia Z2 Tablet, Xperia Z2 Tablet LTE, Xperia Z3 Tablet Compact, Xperia Z4 Tablet, and related products and/or processes ("Sony Google Now-enabled products").
- 25. Android is also used for smartwatch products in a version of the operating system called Android Wear. Android Wear includes voice capabilities that involve speech-based navigation of electronic data sources.
- 26. Defendants' infringing products include smartwatch products with Android Wear, including but not limited to SmartWatch 3 SWR50, and related products and/or processes ("Sony Android Wear products").
- 27. Android is also used for television products in a version of the operating system called Android TV. Android TV includes voice capabilities that involve speech-based navigation of electronic data sources.
- 28. Defendants' infringing products include television products with Android TV, including but not limited to Z9D 4K HDR with Android TV (XBR Z9D Series), X940E / X930E 4K HDR TV with Slim Backlight Drive+ (X940E / X930E Series), X930D / X940D 4K HDR with Android TV (XBR X930D / X940D Series), X850D 4K HDR with Android TV (XBR X850D Series), X800D 4K HDR with Android TV (XBR X800D Series), X750D / X700D 4K HDR with Android TV (XBR X750D / X700D Series), X940C / X930C 4K Ultra HD with Android TV (XBR X940C / X930C Series), X910C / X900C 4K Ultra HD with Android TV (XBR X910C / X900C Series), X850C 4K HDR with Android TV (XBR X850C Series), X830C 4K Ultra HD

with Android TV (XBR X830C Series), X810C 4K with Android TV (XBR X810C Series), and W850C / W800C Full HD with Android TV (W850C / W800C Series), and related products and/or processes ("Sony Android TV products").

ASSERTED PATENTS

- 29. IPA is the owner by assignment of U.S. Patent No. 6,742,021 (the "'021 Patent"). The '021 Patent is entitled "Navigating Network-Based Electronic Information Using Spoken Input With Multimodal Error Feedback." The '021 Patent issued on May 25, 2004. A true and correct copy of the '021 Patent is attached hereto as Exhibit A.
- 30. IPA is the owner by assignment of U.S. Patent No. 6,523,061 (the "'061 Patent"). The '061 Patent is entitled "System, Method, and Article of Manufacture For Agent-Based Navigation in a Speech-Based Data Navigation System." The '061 Patent issued on February 18, 2003. A true and correct copy of the '061 Patent is attached hereto as Exhibit B.
- 31. IPA is the owner by assignment of U.S. Patent No. 6,757,718 (the "718 Patent"). The '718 Patent is entitled "Mobile Navigation of Network-Based Electronic Information Using Spoken Input." The '718 Patent issued on June 29, 2004. A true and correct copy of the '718 Patent is attached hereto as Exhibit C.

COUNT I (Infringement of U.S. Patent No. 6,742,021)

- 32. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations in the foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
- 33. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and on that basis alleges, that Defendants have infringed and are currently infringing one or more claims (*e.g.*, claim 1) of the '021 Patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271.

34. Defendants have infringed and are currently infringing literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, by, among other things, making, using, offering for sale, selling, and/or importing within this judicial district and elsewhere in the United States, without license or authority, Sony Google Now-enabled products and Sony Android Wear products falling within the scope of one or more claims of the '021 Patent, including claim 1. Exemplary claim 1 is reproduced below:

A method for speech-based navigation of an electronic data source, the electronic data source being located at one or more network servers located remotely from a user, comprising the steps of:

- (a) receiving a spoken request for desired information from the user;
- (b) rendering an interpretation of the spoken request;
- (c) constructing at least part of a navigation query based upon the interpretation;
- (d) soliciting additional input from the user, including user interaction in a non-spoken modality different than the original request without requiring the user to request said non-spoken modality;
- (e) refining the navigation query, based upon the additional input;
- (f) using the refined navigation query to select a portion of the electronic data source; and
- (g) transmitting the selected portion of the electronic data source from the network server to a client device of the user.
- 35. Defendants' acts of making, using, offering for sale, selling, and/or importing infringing products having the Google Now digital assistant, including but not limited to Sony Google Now-enabled products, satisfy, literally or under the doctrine of equivalents, each and every claim limitation, including but not limited to limitations of

claim 1. For example, the Sony Google Now-enabled products use speech-based navigation of an electronic data source. The Sony Google Now-enabled products receive a spoken request for desired information from the user (such as directions, calendar, weather, flight, sports, and restaurant information), render an interpretation of the spoken request, construct at least part of a navigation query based on the spoken request, solicit additional input from the user, including user interaction in a non-spoken modality different than the original request without requiring the user to request the non-spoken modality, and transmit the selected portion from a network server to the Sony Google Now-enabled products.

36. Defendants' acts of making, using, offering for sale, selling, and/or importing infringing products having Android Wear, including but not limited to Sony Android Wear products, satisfy, literally or under the doctrine of equivalents, each and every claim limitation, including but not limited to limitations of claim 1.² For example, the Sony Android Wear products use speech-based navigation of an electronic data source. The Sony Android Wear products receive a spoken request for desired information from the user, render an interpretation of the spoken request, construct at least part of a navigation query based on the spoken request, solicit additional input from the user, including user interaction in a non-spoken modality different than the original request without requiring the user to request the non-spoken modality, and transmit the

¹ Plaintiff reserves the right to identify additional asserted claims as this litigation proceeds. For example, Plaintiff expressly reserves the right to identify additional asserted claims in its infringement contentions to be served during the discovery process.

² Plaintiff reserves the right to identify additional asserted claims as this litigation proceeds. For example, Plaintiff expressly reserves the right to identify additional asserted claims in its infringement contentions to be served during the discovery process.

selected portion from a network server to the Sony Android Wear products.

- 37. Defendants have also infringed indirectly and continue to infringe indirectly the '021 Patent by active inducement under 35 U.S.C. § 271(b).
- 38. On information and belief, Defendants gained knowledge of the '021 Patent no later than the filing of this complaint or shortly thereafter.
- 39. On information and belief, Defendants have intended, and continue to intend, to induce patent infringement by their users and have had knowledge that the inducing acts would cause infringement or has been willfully blind to the possibility that its inducing acts would cause infringement. For example, Defendants encourage and instruct end users to perform speech-based navigation of an electronic data source using a method as claimed in claim 1 of the '021 Patent through the very nature of the products. On information and belief, Defendants also encourage and instruct end users to perform speech-based navigation of an electronic data source using a method as claimed in claim 1 of the '021 Patent through materials and information made available to users, including product manuals and technical information. See also, e.g., Google Search and Now, available at http://support.sonymobile.com/us/xperiaxcompact/userguide/Google-Search-&-Now/ (providing instructions for activation and use of Google Now). By using the infringing products to perform speech-based navigation of an electronic data source, users directly infringe at least claim 1 of the '021 Patent. By continuing to provide instructions to users on how to use the infringing products to perform speech-based navigation of an electronic data source using a method as claimed in claim 1 of the '021 Patent, and by continuing to encourage such use, Defendants have and continue to specifically intend to induce infringement of the '021 Patent.

- 40. To the extent that facts learned in discovery show that Defendants' infringement of the '021 Patent is or has been willful, Plaintiff reserves the right to request such a finding at the time of trial.
- 41. To the extent applicable, the requirements of 35 U.S.C. § 287(a) have been met with respect to the '021 Patent.
- 42. As a result of Defendants' infringement of the '021 Patent, Plaintiff has suffered monetary damages in an amount adequate to compensate for Defendants' infringement, but in no event less than a reasonable royalty for the use made of the invention by Defendants, together with interest and costs as fixed by the Court, and Plaintiff will continue to suffer damages in the future unless Defendants' infringing activities are enjoined by this Court.
- 43. Unless a permanent injunction is issued enjoining Defendants and their agents, servants, employees, representatives, affiliates, and all others acting or in active concert therewith from infringing the '021 Patent, Plaintiff will be greatly and irreparably harmed.

COUNT II (Infringement of U.S. Patent No. 6,523,061)

- 44. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations in the foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
- 45. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and on that basis alleges, that Defendants have infringed and are currently infringing one or more claims (*e.g.*, claim 1) of the '061 Patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271.
- 46. Defendants have infringed and are currently infringing literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, by, among other things, making, using, offering for

sale, selling, and/or importing within this judicial district and elsewhere in the United States, without license or authority, Sony Google Now-enabled products, Sony Android Wear products, and Sony Android TV products falling within the scope of one or more claims of the '061 Patent, including claim 1. Exemplary claim 1 is reproduced below:

A method for utilizing agents for speech-based navigation of an electronic data source, comprising the steps of:

- (a) receiving a spoken request for desired information from a user;
- (b) rendering an interpretation of the spoken request;
- (c) constructing a navigation query based upon the interpretation;
- (d) routing the navigation query to at least one agent, wherein the at least one agent utilizes the navigation query to select a portion of the electronic data source; and
- (e) invoking a user interface agent for outputting the selected portion of the electronic data source to the user, wherein a facilitator manages data flow among multiple agents and maintains a registration of each of said agents' capabilities.
- 47. Defendants' acts of making, using, offering for sale, selling, and/or importing infringing products having the Google Now digital assistant, including but not limited to Sony Google Now-enabled products, satisfy, literally or under the doctrine of equivalents, each and every claim limitation, including but not limited to limitations of claim 1.³ For example, Defendants' Sony Google Now-enabled products use speech-based navigation of an electronic data source. The Sony Google Now-enabled products receive a spoken request for desired information from the user (such as directions, calendar, weather, flight, sports, and restaurant information), render an interpretation of

³ Plaintiff reserves the right to identify additional asserted claims as this litigation proceeds. For example, Plaintiff expressly reserves the right to identify additional asserted claims in its infringement contentions to be served during the discovery process.

the spoken request, construct a navigation query based on the interpretation, route the navigation query to at least one agent that utilizes the navigation query to select a portion of the electronic data source, and invoke a user interface agent for outputting the selected portion of the electronic data source wherein a facilitator manages data flow among multiple agents and maintains a registration of each of the agents' capabilities.

- 48. Defendants' acts of making, using, offering for sale, selling, and/or importing infringing products having Android Wear, including but not limited to Sony Android Wear products, satisfy, literally or under the doctrine of equivalents, each and every claim limitation, including but not limited to limitations of claim 1. For example, Defendants' Sony Android Wear products use speech-based navigation of an electronic data source. The Sony Android Wear products receive a spoken request for desired information from the user, render an interpretation of the spoken request, construct a navigation query based on the interpretation, route the navigation query to at least one agent that utilizes the navigation query to select a portion of the electronic data source, and invoke a user interface agent for outputting the selected portion of the electronic data source wherein a facilitator manages data flow among multiple agents and maintains a registration of each of the agents' capabilities.
- 49. Defendants' acts of making, using, offering for sale, selling, and/or importing infringing products having Android TV, including but not limited to Sony Android TV products, satisfy, literally or under the doctrine of equivalents, each and

⁴ Plaintiff reserves the right to identify additional asserted claims as this litigation proceeds. For example, Plaintiff expressly reserves the right to identify additional asserted claims in its infringement contentions to be served during the discovery process.

every claim limitation, including but not limited to limitations of claim 1.⁵ For example, Defendants' Sony Android TV products use speech-based navigation of an electronic data source. The Sony Android TV products receive a spoken request for desired information from the user, render an interpretation of the spoken request, construct a navigation query based on the interpretation, route the navigation query to at least one agent that utilizes the navigation query to select a portion of the electronic data source, and invoke a user interface agent for outputting the selected portion of the electronic data source wherein a facilitator manages data flow among multiple agents and maintains a registration of each of the agents' capabilities.

- 50. Defendants have also infringed indirectly and continue to infringe indirectly the '061 Patent by active inducement under 35 U.S.C. § 271(b).
- 51. On information and belief, Defendants gained knowledge of the '061 Patent at least as early as February 2009, when the '061 Patent was cited in prosecution of Sony Corporation's own patent, U.S. Patent No. 7,587,731. In any event, on information and belief, Defendants gained knowledge of the '061 Patent no later than the filing of this complaint or shortly thereafter.
- 52. On information and belief, Defendants have intended, and continue to intend, to induce patent infringement by their users and have had knowledge that the inducing acts would cause infringement or have been willfully blind to the possibility that their inducing acts would cause infringement. For example, Defendants encourage and instruct end users to perform speech-based navigation of an electronic data source using a

⁵ Plaintiff reserves the right to identify additional asserted claims as this litigation proceeds. For example, Plaintiff expressly reserves the right to identify additional asserted claims in its infringement contentions to be served during the discovery process.

method as claimed in claim 1 of the '061 Patent through the very nature of the products. On information and belief, Defendants also encourage and instruct users to use the infringing products to perform speech-based navigation of an electronic data source using a method as claimed in claim 1 of the '061 Patent through materials and information made available to users, including product manuals and technical information. *See also*, *e.g.*, Google Search and Now, *available at*http://support.sonymobile.com/us/xperiaxcompact/userguide/Google-Search-&-Now/
(providing instructions for activation and use of Google Now). By using the infringing products to perform speech-based navigation of an electronic data source, users directly infringe at least claim 1 of the '061 Patent. By continuing to provide instructions to users on how to use the infringing products to perform speech-based navigation of an electronic data source using a method as claimed in claim 1 of the '061 Patent, and by continuing to encourage such use, Defendants have and continue to specifically intend to induce infringement of the '061 Patent.

- 53. Defendants have been and still are willfully infringing the '061 Patent. On information and belief, at least as early as February 2009, Defendants had actual knowledge of the '061 Patent. Despite having actual knowledge of the '061 Patent, Defendants have continued to willfully, wantonly, and deliberately infringe the '061 Patent. Accordingly, Plaintiff seeks enhanced damages pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284 and a finding that this is an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285, entitling Plaintiff to its attorneys' fees and expenses.
- 54. To the extent applicable, the requirements of 35 U.S.C. § 287(a) have been met with respect to the '061 Patent.

- 55. As a result of Defendants' infringement of the '061 Patent, Plaintiff has suffered monetary damages in an amount adequate to compensate for Defendants' infringement, but in no event less than a reasonable royalty for the use made of the invention by Defendants, together with interest and costs as fixed by the Court, and Plaintiff will continue to suffer damages in the future unless Defendants' infringing activities are enjoined by this Court.
- 56. Unless a permanent injunction is issued enjoining Defendants and their agents, servants, employees, representatives, affiliates, and all others acting or in active concert therewith from infringing the '061 Patent, Plaintiff will be greatly and irreparably harmed.

COUNT III (Infringement of U.S. Patent No. 6,757,718)

- 57. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations in the foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
- 58. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and on that basis alleges, that Defendants have infringed and are currently infringing one or more claims (*e.g.*, claim 1) of the '718 Patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271.
- 59. Defendants have infringed and are currently infringing literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, by, among other things, making, using, offering for sale, selling, and/or importing within this judicial district and elsewhere in the United States, without license or authority, Sony Android TV products falling within the scope of one or more claims of the '718 Patent, including claim 1. Exemplary claim 1 is reproduced below:

A method for speech-based navigation of an electronic data source located at one or more network servers located remotely from a user, wherein a data link is established between a mobile information appliance of the user and the one or more network servers, comprising the steps of:

- (a) receiving a spoken request for desired information from the user utilizing the mobile information appliance of the user, wherein said mobile information appliance comprises a portable remote control device or a set-top box for a television;
- (b) rendering an interpretation of the spoken request;
- (c) constructing a navigation query based upon the interpretation;
- (d) utilizing the navigation query to select a portion of the electronic data source; and
- (e) transmitting the selected portion of the electronic data source from the network server to the mobile information appliance of the user.
- 60. Defendants' acts of making, using, offering for sale, selling, and/or importing infringing products having Android TV, including but not limited to Sony Android TV products, satisfy, literally or under the doctrine of equivalents, each and every claim limitation, including but not limited to limitations of claim 1.6 For example, Defendants' Sony Android TV products use speech-based navigation and include a portable remote control device. The Sony Android TV products receive a spoken request for desired information from the user, render an interpretation of the spoken request, construct a navigation query, utilize the navigation query to select a portion of an electronic data source, and transmit the selected portion from network servers to the Sony Android TV devices.

⁶ Plaintiff reserves the right to identify additional asserted claims as this litigation proceeds. For example, Plaintiff expressly reserves the right to identify additional asserted claims in its infringement contentions to be served during the discovery process.

- 61. Defendants have also infringed indirectly and continue to infringe indirectly the '718 Patent by active inducement under 35 U.S.C. § 271(b).
- 62. On information and belief, Defendants gained knowledge of the '718 Patent no later than the filing of this complaint or shortly thereafter.
- 63. On information and belief, Defendants have intended, and continue to intend, to induce patent infringement by its users and have had knowledge that the inducing acts would cause infringement or have been willfully blind to the possibility that their inducing acts would cause infringement. For example, Defendants encourage end users to perform speech-based navigation of an electronic data source using a method as claimed in claim 1 of the '718 Patent through the very nature of the products. As a further example, Defendants instruct users on how to use the infringing products to perform speech-based navigation of an electronic data source using a method as claimed in claim 1 of the '718 Patent (e.g., http://www.sony.com/electronics/smart-tv-featuresapps-and-internet ("Take it easy, use your voice[.] No more inputting text. Voice Search lets you easily find great content and deals simply by talking.")). By using the infringing products to perform speech-based navigation of an electronic data source, users directly infringe at least claim 1 of the '718 Patent. By continuing to provide instructions to users on how to use the infringing products to perform speech-based navigation of an electronic data source using a method as claimed in claim 1 of the '718 Patent, and by continuing to encourage such use, Defendants have and continue to specifically intend to induce infringement of the '718 Patent.
- 64. Defendants have also infringed indirectly and continue to infringe indirectly the '718 Patent by contributory infringement under 35 U.S.C. § 271(c).

- 65. To the extent that facts learned in discovery show that Defendants' infringement of the '718 Patent is or has been willful, Plaintiff reserves the right to request such a finding at the time of trial.
- 66. To the extent applicable, the requirements of 35 U.S.C. § 287(a) have been met with respect to the '718 Patent.
- 67. As a result of Defendants' infringement of the '718 Patent, Plaintiff has suffered monetary damages in an amount adequate to compensate for Defendants' infringement, but in no event less than a reasonable royalty for the use made of the invention by Defendants, together with interest and costs as fixed by the Court, and Plaintiff will continue to suffer damages in the future unless Defendants' infringing activities are enjoined by this Court.
- 68. Unless a permanent injunction is issued enjoining Defendants and their agents, servants, employees, representatives, affiliates, and all others acting or in active concert therewith from infringing the '718 Patent, Plaintiff will be greatly and irreparably harmed.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Plaintiff prays for the following relief:

- A. A judgment that Defendants have infringed one or more claims of the '021,'061, and '718 Patents;
- B. A permanent injunction enjoining Defendants and their officers, directors, agents, servants, affiliates, employees, divisions, branches, subsidiaries, parents, and all others acting in active concert or participation with Defendants, from infringing the '021,'061, and '718 Patents;

- C. An award of damages resulting from Defendants' acts of infringement in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 284;
- D. A judgment and order finding that this is an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285 and awarding to Plaintiff its reasonable attorneys' fees against Defendants.
- E. A judgment and order requiring Defendant to provide accountings and to pay supplemental damages to Plaintiff, including, without limitation, prejudgment and post-judgment interest; and
 - F. Any and all other relief to which Plaintiff may show itself to be entitled.

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury of all issues so triable.

Dated: January 19, 2017

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