ZIPRIS LAVALLE P.A. David C. LaValle, Esq. (FL Bar No. 072081) 12000 Biscayne Boulevard, Suite 401 North Miami, FL 33181 Telephone: (305) 899-2023 dlavalle@ziprislaw.com

PATENT LAW OFFICES OF RICK MARTIN, P.C. Ralph (Rick) Martin (FL Bar No. 501141) Post Office Box 1839 Longmont, Colorado 80502 Telephone: (303) 651-2177 rmartin@patentcolorado.com SHAVER & SWANSON, LLP. Scott Swanson (Pro Hac Vice to be requested) P.O. Box No. 877 Boise, ID 83701 Telephone: (208) 345-1122 swanson@shaverswanson.com

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA

FlyDive, Inc, a Delaware Corporation,)) Civil Action No. 1:17-cv-21317)
Plaintiff,) FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT) (Patent Infringement)
-V-)
Panameri Corp dba Atlantic Flyboard, a Florida corporation; David E. Duprat, an individual; PowerFly Products, Inc., a Florida corporation; and Mark and Sabrina Baxter, husband and wife.))) (Jury Trial Demanded)))
Defendants.))) _)

For its complaint against Defendants Panameri Corp., David E. Duprat, PowerFly Products, Inc., and Mark and Sabrina Baxter (collectively hereinafter "Defendants"), Plaintiff Flydive, Inc. alleges as follows:

1. Plaintiff, Flydive Inc. (hereinafter "Plaintiff"), is a Delaware corporation having a principle place of business address at 4630 Santa Fe St., San Diego, CA 92109.

 Upon information and belief, Defendant Panameri Corp (hereinafter "Panameri") is a Florida corporation having a business address at 1385 SW 4th Terrace, Pompano Beach, FL, 33060.

3. Upon information and belief, Defendant David E. Duprat (hereinafter "Duprat") is the owner and corporate officer of Panameri and having a residence at 1385 4th Terrace, Pompano Beach, FL, 33060.

 Upon information and belief, PowerFly Products, Inc. (hereinafter "PowerFly") is a Florida corporation having a business address at 127 Carmen Street, Melbourne Beach, FL, 32951.

5. Upon information and belief, Defendants Mark and Sabrina Baxter (hereinafter Mr. and Mrs. Baxter) are the owners and corporate officers of PowerFly and have a residence at 127 Carmen St., Melbourne Beach , FL, 32951.

6. This is an action arising under the Patent Laws of the United States, Title 35 of the United States Code. Original jurisdiction is predicated under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1332 and 1338. Venue in the Southern District of Florida is proper under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391 and 1400.

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

7. Plaintiff is the owner by assignment of U.S. Patent No. 9,555,863 titled EASY MAINTENANCE FLYING BOARD (the " '863 Patent"). The '863 Patent issued on January 31, 2017 from an application filed June 25, 2015 with U.S. provisional patent application No. 62/018,268 filed 6/27/2014 and 62/121,073 filed on 2/26/2015 as priority dates. A copy of the '863 Patent is attached hereto as <u>Exhibit A.</u> 8. Plaintiff is the owner by assignment of U.S. Patent No. 9,440,714 titled FORWARD PROPELLED HOVER BOARD (the "'714 Patent'). The '714 Patent issued on September 13, 2016 from an application filed August 25, 2015 as a continuation of U.S. patent application no. 14/066,997 filed 10/30/2013 that claimed priority to U.S. provisional patent application No. 61/720,791 filed 10/31/2012 as a priority date. A copy of the '714 Patent is attached hereto as <u>Exhibit B.</u>

9. Defendant Panameri and Defendant Duprat are infringing the '863 Patent by using, importing, offering to sell, and/or selling in the United States products or processes that infringe at least claim 1 of the '863 Patent, including the Flyboard 2015 Pro Series, manufactured by Personal Water Craft Product, LeRove, France. Copies of the web pages advertising the Flyboard 2015 Pro Series on the Panameri website are attached hereto as <u>Exhibit C.</u>

10. Defendant Panameri and Defendant Duprat are infringing the '714 Patent by using, importing, offering to sell, and/or selling in the United States products or processes that infringe on at least claim one of the '714 Patent, including the Hoverboard. Copies of the web pages advertising the Hoverboard on the Panameri website are attached hereto as <u>Exhibit D.</u>

11. Defendant PowerFly and Defendants Mr. and Mrs. Baxter are infringing the '863 Patent by using, importing, offering to sell, and/or selling in the United States products or processes that infringe at least claim 1 of the '863 Patent, including the 2016/2017 Flyboard Pro Series and the 2015/2016 Flyboard Pro Series. Copies of the web pages advertising the 2016/2017 Flyboard Pro Series, the 2015/2016 Flyboard Pro Series on the PowerFly sales website are attached hereto as <u>Exhibit E.</u>

12. Defendant PowerFly and Defendants Mr. and Mrs. Baxter are infringing the '714 Patent by using, importing, offering to sell, and/or selling in the United States products or processes that infringe on at least claim one of the '714 Patent, including the Hoverboard. Copies of the web pages advertising the Hoverboard on the Powerfly sales website are attached hereto as <u>Exhibit F.</u> 13. Defendant Panameri and Defendant Duprat market and sell the above identified products directly to consumers through a website at www.atlanticflyboard.com.

14. Defendant PowerFly and Defendants Mr. and Mrs. Baxter market and sell the above identified products directly to consumers through a website at www.powerflyproducts.com.

15. Defendants have profited through their respective infringement of the '863 Patent and the '714 Patent. As a result of Defendants' unlawful infringing activities, Plaintiff has suffered and will continue to suffer damage. Plaintiff is entitled to recover from each of the Defendants the damages suffered by Plaintiff, including at least a reasonable royalty, as a result of each Defendant's unlawful acts.

CLAIMS FOR RELIEF

COUNT I

(PATENT INFRINGEMENT)

against Panameri and Duprat

16. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and re-alleges each of the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 15 as if set forth fully herein.

17. By manufacturing, using, importing, selling and/or offering products, including the Flyboard 2015 Pro Series for sale in the United States without authority from Plaintiff, Defendant Panameri and Defendant Duprat have infringed, and continue to infringe, one or more claims of the '863 Patent.

18. Plaintiff has suffered and will continue to suffer damages on account of Panameri's and Duprat's infringement and continuing infringement of the '863 Patent.

19. Plaintiff is entitled to damages adequate to compensate for Panameri's and Duprat's wrongful acts as provided by 35 U.S.C. § 284 including, but not limited to, a reasonable royalty from the sales of infringing products and parts therefore and for its lost profits.

20. Plaintiff is entitled to recover its costs as provided by 35 U.S.C. § 284.

21. Plaintiff is entitled to recover its attorneys' fees as provided by 35 U.S.C. §285.

COUNT II

(PATENT INFRINGMENT)

against Panameri and Duprat

22. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and re-alleges each of the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 15 as if set forth fully herein.

23. By manufacturing, using, importing, selling and/or offering products, including the Hoverboard for sale in the United States without authority from Plaintiff, Defendant Panameri and Defendant Duprat have infringed, and continue to infringe, one or more claims of the '741 Patent.

24. Plaintiff has suffered and will continue to suffer damages on account of Panameri's and Duprat's infringement and continuing infringement of the '741 Patent.

25. Plaintiff is entitled to damages adequate to compensate for Panameri's and Duprat's wrongful acts as provided by 35 U.S.C. § 284 including, but not limited to, a reasonable royalty from the sales of infringing products and parts therefore and for its lost profits.

26. Plaintiff is entitled to recover its costs as provided by 35 U.S.C. § 284.

27. Plaintiff is entitled to recover its attorneys' fees as provided by 35 U.S.C. §285.

COUNT III

(PATENT INFRINGMENT)

against PowerFly and Mark and Sabrina Baxter

28. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and re-alleges each of the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 15 as if set forth fully herein.

29. By manufacturing, using, importing, selling and/or offering products, including the 2016/2017 Flyboard Pro Series and the 2015/2016 Flyboard Pro Series for sale in the United States without authority from Plaintiff, Defendant PowerFly and Defendants Mr. and Mrs. Baxter have infringed, and continue to infringe, one or more claims of the '863 Patent.

30. Plaintiff has suffered and will continue to suffer damages on account of PowerFly's and Mr. and Mrs. Baxter's infringement and continuing infringement of the '863 Patent.

31. Plaintiff is entitled to damages adequate to compensate for PowerFly's and Mr. and Mrs. Baxter's wrongful acts as provided by 35 U.S.C. § 284 including, but not limited to, a reasonable royalty from the sales of infringing products and parts therefore and for its lost profits.

32. Plaintiff is entitled to recover its costs as provided by 35 U.S.C. § 284.

33. Plaintiff is entitled to recover its attorneys' fees as provided by 35 U.S.C. §285.

COUNT IV

(PATENT INFRINGMENT)

against Powerfly and Mark and Sabrina Baxter

34. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and re-alleges each of the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 15 as if set forth fully herein.

35. By manufacturing, using, importing, selling and/or offering products, including the Hoverboard for sale in the United States without authority from Plaintiff, Defendant PowerFly and Defendants Mr. and Mrs. Baxter have infringed, and continue to infringe, one or more claims of the '741 Patent.

36. Plaintiff has suffered and will continue to suffer damages on account of PowerFly's and Mr. and Mrs. Baxter's infringement and continuing infringement of the '741 Patent. 37. Plaintiff is entitled to damages adequate to compensate for PowerFly's and Mr.

and Mrs. Baxter's wrongful acts as provided by 35 U.S.C. § 284 including, but not limited to, a reasonable royalty from the sales of infringing products and parts therefore and for its lost profits.

38. Plaintiff is entitled to recover its costs as provided by 35 U.S.C. § 284.

39. Plaintiff is entitled to recover its attorneys' fees as provided by 35 U.S.C. §285.

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

40. Pursuant to Rule 38(b) of the Federal Riles of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff respectfully requests a trial by jury of all issues properly triable by jury.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for relief as follows:

- A. For a judgment declaring that Defendant Panameri and Defendant Duprat have infringed the '863 and the '741 Patents;
- B. For a judgment awarding Plaintiff compensatory damages as a result of Panameri's and Duprat's infringement of the '863 and the '741 Patents, together with interest and costs, and in no event less than a reasonable royalty;
- C. For a judgment declaring that Panameri's and Duprat's infringement of the '863 and the '741 Patents has been willful and deliberate; since the date of service of this lawsuit;
- D. For a judgment awarding Plaintiff treble damages and pre-judgment interest under 35
 U.S.C. § 284 as a result of Panameri's and Duprat's willful and deliberate infringement of the '863 and '741 Patents;
- E. For an injunction prohibiting Defendant Panameri and Defendant Duprat from further infringement of the '863 Patent and the '741 Patents;
- F. For a judgment declaring that Defendant PowerFly and Defendant's Mr. and Mrs. Baxter have infringed the '863 and the '741 Patents;

- G. For a judgment awarding Plaintiff compensatory damages as a result of PowerFly's and Mr. and Mrs. Baxter's infringement of the '863 and the '741 Patents, together with interest and costs, and in no event less than a reasonable royalty;
- H. For a judgment declaring that PowerFly's and Mr. and Mrs. Baxter's infringement of the '863 and the '741 Patents has been willful and deliberate; since the date of service of this lawsuit;
- I. For a judgment awarding Plaintiff treble damages and pre-judgment interest under 35
 U.S.C. § 284 as a result of PowerFly's and Mr. and Mrs. Baxter's willful and deliberate infringement of the '863 and '741 Patents;
- J. For a judgment declaring that this case is exceptional and awarding Plaintiff its expenses, costs, and attorneys' fees in accordance with 35 U.S.C. §§ 284 and 285 and Rule 54(d) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure;
- K. For an injunction prohibiting Defendant PowerFly and Defendants Mr. and Mrs.Baxter from further infringement of the '863 Patent and the '741 Patents; and
- L. For such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

DATED this 20th day of April, 2017.

By:/s/ David LaValle, Esq. David LaValle (FL Bar No. 072081) Zipris LaValle, P.A. 12000 Biscayne Boulevard, Suite 401 North Miami, FL 33181

> Scott D. Swanson (pro hac vice to be requested) Shaver & Swanson, LLP P.O. Box 877 Boise, ID 83701

Rick Martin (FL Bar No. 0501140) **Patent Law Offices of Rick Martin, P.C.** P.O. Box 1839 Longmont, CO 80502 Case 1:17-cv-21317-KMM Document 8 Entered on FLSD Docket 04/20/2017 Page 9 of 71

Exhibit "A"

US009555863B2

(12) United States Patent Robinson

KUDIIISUII

(54) EASY MAINTENANCE FLYING BOARD

- (71) Applicant: FlyDive, Inc., San Diego, CA (US)
- (72) Inventor: **Brandon Robinson**, Fruitland Park, FL (US)
- (73) Assignee: FLYDIVE, INC., San Diego, CA (US)
- (*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 35 days.
- (21) Appl. No.: 14/750,542
- (22) Filed: Jun. 25, 2015

(65) **Prior Publication Data**

US 2015/0375833 A1 Dec. 31, 2015

Related U.S. Application Data

- (60) Provisional application No. 62/018,268, filed on Jun.
 27, 2014, provisional application No. 62/121,073, filed on Feb. 26, 2015.
- (51) Int. Cl.

B63B 35/73	(2006.01)
B64C 39/02	(2006.01)
B63H 11/00	(2006.01)

- (58) Field of Classification Search CPC ... B64C 39/026; B63B 35/731; B63H 11/107; B63H 11/113

See application file for complete search history.

(10) Patent No.: US 9,555,863 B2

of 71

(45) **Date of Patent:** Jan. 31, 2017

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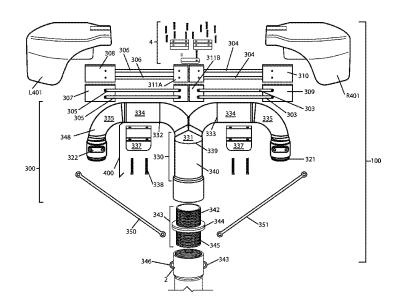
Primary Examiner — Joseph W Sanderson

(74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm — Patent Law Offices of Rick Martin, P.C.

(57) ABSTRACT

A water propelled flying board has a left and a right thrust nozzle. Each thrust nozzle has a knuckle joint attachment to a pressure water manifold. The thrust nozzles can be independently swiveled forward, backward, sideways or other directions relative to the rider. A left foot and a right foot platform are independently secured to the respective nozzle inlet to allow the rider to go toe up of toe down, they can rotate 360 degrees independently with each foot. This enables trick flying maneuvers including spinning like a top. The knuckle joint can be either a hose segment or a bearing. The left and right foot platforms or center blocks can be locked together and can have a spring return to neutral assembly.

9 Claims, 8 Drawing Sheets



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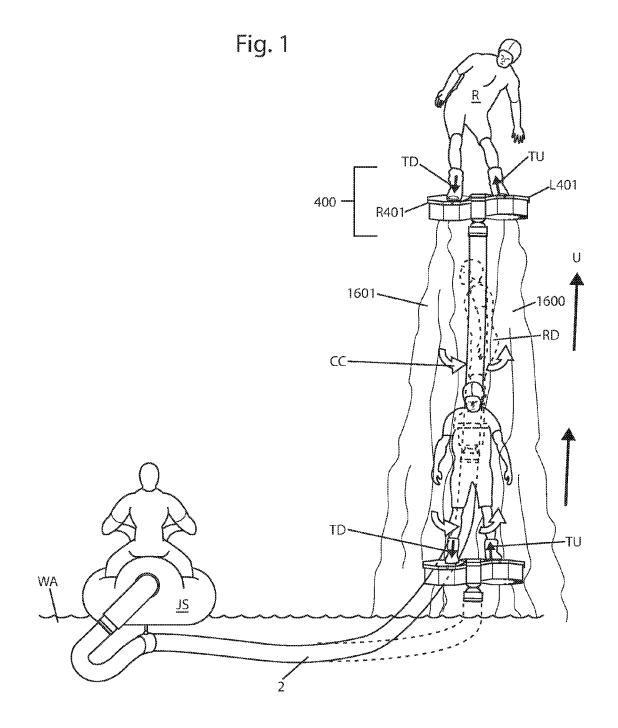
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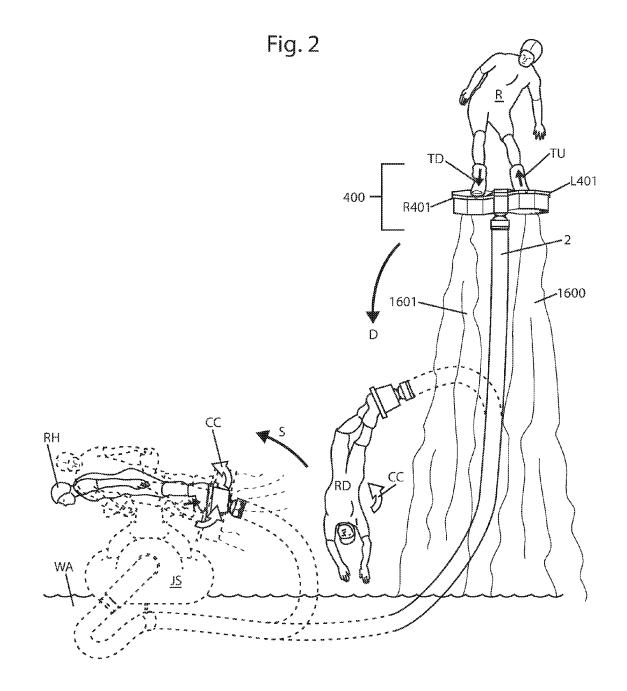
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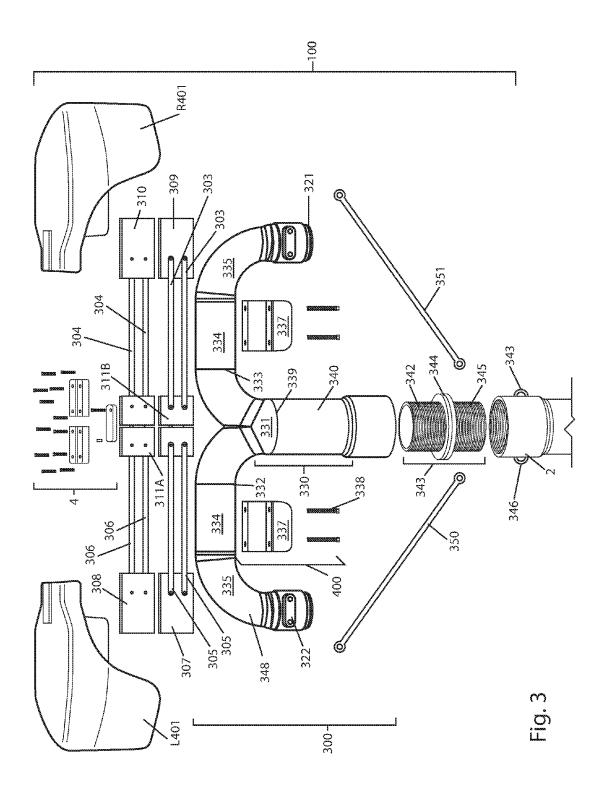
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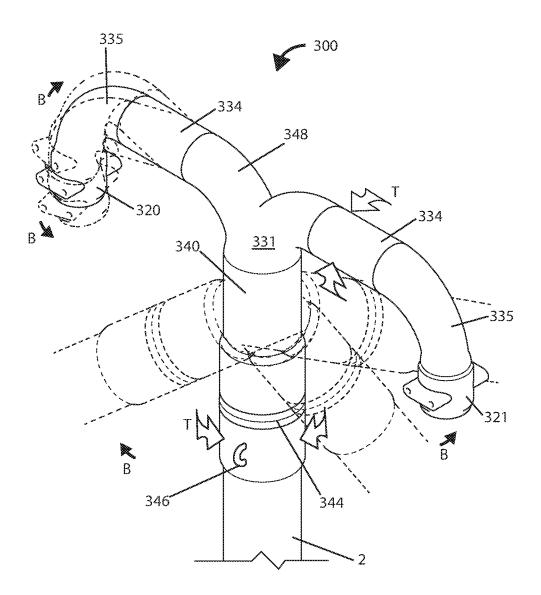


Fig. 4

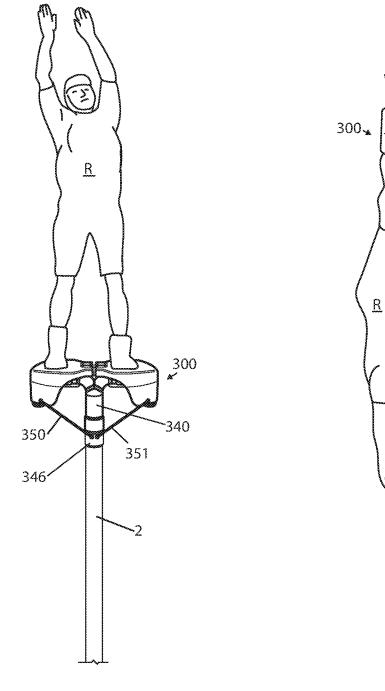
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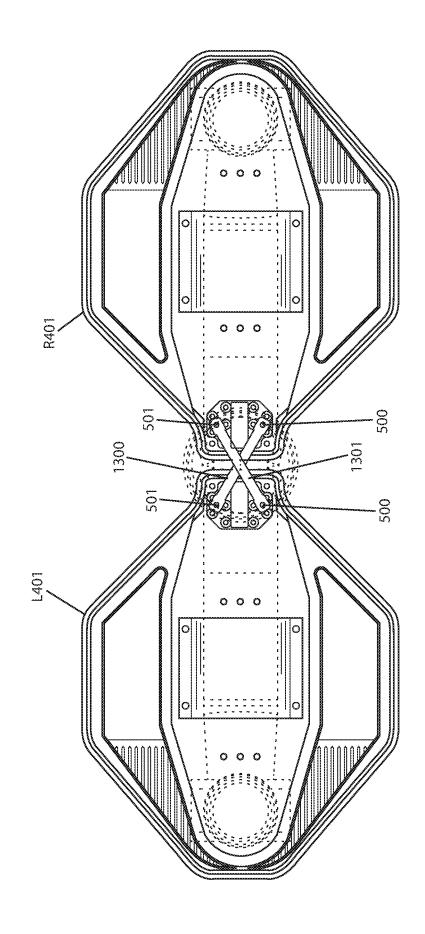
Fig. 5A

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Fig. 6



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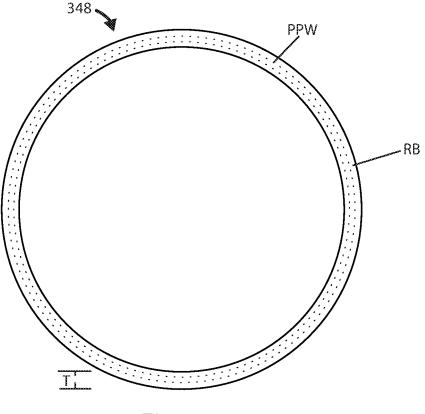
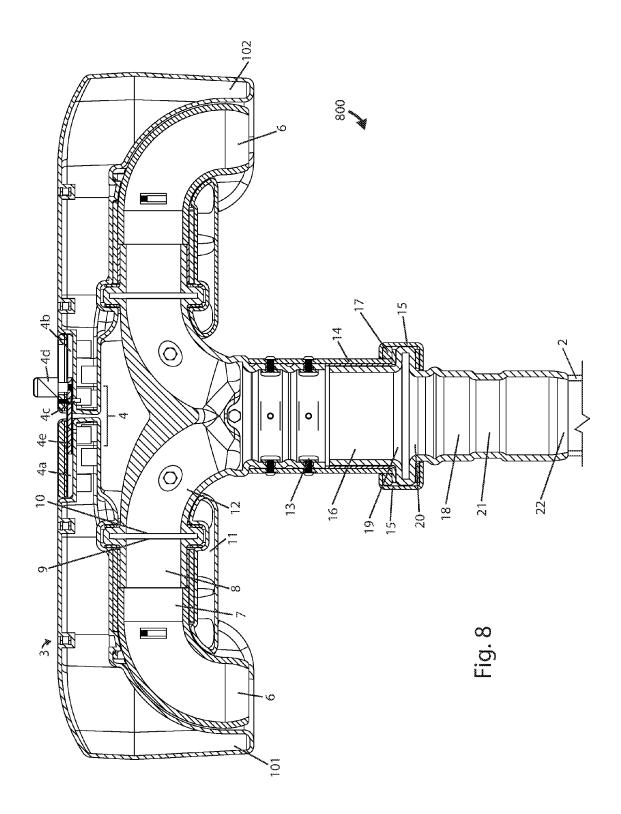


Fig. 7

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EASY MAINTENANCE FLYING BOARD

CROSS-REFERENCES TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This is a non-provisional patent application claiming priority from provisional patent application no. 62/121.073 filed Feb. 26, 2015 and 62/018,268 filed Jun. 27, 2014 both of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entirety.

FIELD OF INVENTION

The present invention relates to an improved simple design for a water propelled flying board, wherein the basic design is described in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 14/066,997 issued as U.S. Pat. No. 9,145,206 on Sep. 29, 2015) and provisional application nos. 62/018,268 and 62/121,073, all of which are incorporated herein by refer-20 ence in their entirety.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The above referenced patent applications describe a flying board wherein the left and the right lift nozzles can be 25 independently rotated forward and backward relative to the central Y housing that receives the high pressure water (from a jet ski). No prior art features of a spring return of the left and right platform segments or a locking of these segments exists. 30

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present design uses a new and twistable rubber hose or a bushing assembly that is easily replaced after wear and 35 water WA and powers the hose 2. In FIG. 1 the rider R has tear. There is also disclosed a least expensive method of plastic manufacturing to provide a complete system. Some parts are roto molded (rotational molding). Metal screws and bolts thread into brass inserts for all couplings.

A newly available competitor's model uses an expensive 40 pair of watertight bearings to allow the powered nozzles to rotate. The present invention replaces those bearings with bendable rubber hoses. This greatly reduces the product cost and reduces maintenance issues with bearing replacements as sand always exists in the water. Thus, any bearing in a 45 system like this will eventually wear out.

The present invention does have one main inlet bearing. But the two foot platforms, one on each arm of the Y tube, now rotate using a new, useful hose segment.

The present invention provides a spring return of the left 50 and right platform segments and a locking of these segments.

The main aspect of the present invention is to provide water propelled flying board that has an independently rotatable nozzle under the left and the right foot platform 55 with a spring return to a neutral position.

Another aspect of the present invention is to manually lock or unlock the foot platforms.

Another aspect of the present invention is to provide a low cost rubber hose bearing which is easily replaced to take the 60 majority of the wear and tear of the rotational friction of the foot platforms under power.

Another aspect of the present invention is to use some roto molded parts with metal connectors.

Another aspect of the present invention is to provide a 65 custom built hose to enable both a twisting and a bending motion.

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Other aspects of this invention will appear from the following description and appended claims, reference being made to the accompanying drawings forming a part of this specification wherein like reference characters designate corresponding parts in the several views.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a front elevation view of a flyer maneuvering an 10 easy maintenance swivel platform flying board.

FIG. 2 is a front elevation view of a flyer shown doing tricks on the easy maintenance swivel platform flying board.

- FIG. 3 is an exploded view of a hose bearing embodiment. FIG. 4 is a front elevation view of the hose Y pipe assembly.
- FIG. 5A is a front elevation view of the hose Y pipe embodiment going straight up.
- FIG. 5B is a front elevation view of the hose Y pipe embodiment going straight down.
- FIG. 6 is a bottom plan view of the hose embodiment showing the tension straps 2, 3.

FIG. 7 is a cross sectional view of the hose.

FIG. 8 is a longitudinal sectional view of one embodiment assembled which uses a plastic bearing.

Before explaining the disclosed embodiment of the present invention in detail, it is to be understood that the invention is not limited in its application to the details of the particular arrangement shown, since the invention is capable of other embodiments. Also, the terminology used herein is for the purpose of description and not of limitation.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Referring first to FIGS. 1, 2 the jet ski JS floats on the his left foot toe up TU and his right foot toe down TD. Thus, water thrust 1600 could force his left shoulder back while water thrust 1601 could force his right shoulder forward. The rider R spins in a counter clockwise CC pattern. The rider R depicted in dots RD shows him rotationally three fourths through his full 360° rotation while travelling up U.

In FIG. 2 the rider R starts high above the water WA. Then rider R dives down D while spinning counter clockwise CC as shown by rider RD. Then rider R surfaces S and proceeds horizontally as shown by rider RH. All this time he is rotating counter clockwise CC. He could reverse his rotation by changing his toe up/down positions.

In FIG. 3 the Y pipe hose 348 can be made completely from silicone and fiber or other synthetic rubber.

FIG. 6 shows how crisscrossed elastic bands 1300 (attaches at 501, 500), 1301 (attaches at 500, 501) urge the left and right foot platforms L401, R401 to be parallel. Thus, the rider must push harder and harder as he increases the angular opposition between the left and the right platforms. This feature also protects the rider from injury. The elastic bands 1300, 1301, could be mounted parallel. The tension bands can be replaced by elastic metal springs.

Referring next to FIGS. 3, 4 a flying board 100 has a left foot platform L401 which can bend and twist independently from a right foot platform R401. A lock assembly 4 can be attached to the platform or the center blocks, and it allows the rider to lock the left and right foot platforms together or the left and right center blocks 311A and 311B together. A stabilizing assembly 300 keeps the nozzles 320, 321 from flaring in or out or sideways, and it allows the nozzles to move 360 degrees. The center blocks 311A, 311B are supported by the Y pipe assembly 330 and are able to rotate.

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The (metal) arms **303**, **304**, **305**, **306** attach to the foot platforms via bolts (not shown) and anchors **307**, **308**, **309**, **310** respectively. Design choice could add more or less arms. Brackets **322** attach to the respective foot platforms.

The Y pipe assembly 330 comprises a (plastic or metal) stiff central base built into the silicone hose 331. The left branch comprises a hose segment 334 connected to the port 332. The Y pipe hose 348 can be a one piece silicone hose or it can be made from other synthetic rubber. The hose can have metal or plastic parts built into it. The arrows B show how hose segment 334 can bend. The arms of the Y pipe hose are one piece 335,334, 333 and 332, and they can twist or bend. Hollow arrows T show how hose segment 334 can twist. Hose segment 335 bends downward to support the nozzle 320. Clamps 337 with bolts 338 form clasp 400 and secure the hose segment 334 to the respective foot platform.

A hose segment **340** attaches to the bottom port **339** of the central base **331**. This hose segment **340** can bend 180 degrees as shown in FIGS. **4**, **5**B. It can be about six inches long or longer. This bending allows the rider R to do back flips or move forward or backward or sideways.

A threaded mender **343** connects the base of the Y pipe hose **340** to top **342**, and the other end of the mender **345** connects to the fire hose **2**. The mender section **344** can spin 360 degrees. A spinning type bearing (can be made with or without ball bearings) **344** allows lower threaded pipe **345** to spin relative to top **342**. Support rods or cables **350**, **351**, can be stainless steel. They attach the respective boot platform to the collars **346**, **343**, thereby taking the (250 pound) weight of the hose **2** off the Y pipe assembly **330**. FIG. **5A** shows the rider R going straight up with hose segment **340** straight. FIG. **5A** shows the rider R going straight down with hose segment **340** bent 180 degrees.

The hoses are made preferably of silicone rubber and polyester plain woven, used as a reinforcement ply. Other choices of synthetic rubber are equivalents.

FIG. 7 shows hose segment **348** with a silicone rubber body RB reinforced by polyester plain woven fibers PPW.

Nominal thickness T ranges from 0.10 inches to 0.50 inches.

Referring next to FIG. 8 a plastic bearing flying board is numbered 800. The parts are described below. The boards 400 and 800 perform the same.

The flying board **400** of FIG. **1** has a left foot platform L**401** and a right foot platform R**401**.

Part Number	Description
101	Right Platform (rider facing out)
102	Left Platform

- 1. Platform—Binding (Boots) fasten on top of the platforms 101, 102 to enable a person to stand and have his feet fasten on top of each platform. Each platform can rotate 55 with the nozzle 6 to provide more maneuverability, more tricks and more spins than when the platforms 101, 102 are locked together.
- 2. Platform Indented Surface—This is where the latch assembly 4 fastens on to the platform segments 101, 102 60 with inserted screw threads.
- 3. Platform Mount is arrow 3—Six inserted screw threads can be used to fasten bindings with screws to the platform segments 101, 102. There can be less or more screw threads removed or added.
- 4. Latch Assembly 4 comprises parts 4a, 4b, 4c, 4d and 4e described below. The latch assembly locks and unlocks

the platforms 101, 102. This allows the person to have individual foot control or locks both platforms together. There can be one or more screws that fasten the latch assembly 4 on the platforms 101, 102.

4a. Latch Cover

- 4b. Latch Receiver
- 4c. Latch Adjustable Tension Screw
- 4d. Latch Handle
- 4e. Latch Plate
- **5**. Threaded Inserts—4 threaded brass screw inserts underneath the platform to allow platform clamps to be fastened on to the platform. There can be less or more screws removed or added. There are threaded screw inserts in the platform for all screws and bolts, which are preferably brass or SS.
- 6. Nozzle—The nozzles 6 is where the water releases and provides lift for the flying board 800.
- 7. Tube Nozzle—The tube nozzle 7 holds the Y pipe 12 and the nozzle 6 together.
- 8. Upper Bearing is item 8—It fits between the tube nozzle 7 and Y-pipe 12. An inexpensive replaceable bearing that the Y-pipe 12 and tube nozzle 7 rotate on, so that it can prevent wear and adds life to both parts.
- 25 9. Upper Thrust Bearing is item 9, it fits between the Y-pipe
 12 and tube nozzle 7. It is an inexpensive replaceable bearing that the Y-pipe 12 and tube nozzle 7 rotate against, so that it helps prevent wear and adds life to both parts.
 - **10**. Upper Thrust Bearing—This bearing is cut in half, the two halves fit between the Y-Pipe and Platform Clamp. It is an inexpensive replaceable bearing that the Y Pipe, Platform, and Platform Clamp rotate against, so that it helps prevent wear and adds life to all three parts.
 - 11. Clamp Platform—Four bolts fastens each clamp platform 11 to hold the Y-pipe 12 and the nozzle 6 to the platform 101/102, this provides easily removal and allows the parts to be put back together easily. It also provides easy cleaning to remove sand and debris or replacing inexpensive bearings and thrust bearings in minutes.
- 40 12. Y-Pipe—The Y-pipe 12 splits or channels the water to the two nozzles 6. The Y-pipe can rotate 180 degrees.
 - 13. Nut Plate Threaded and Screws 13 allow the tube bottom14 to fasten to the bottom of the Y-pipe 12.
 - 14. Tube Bottom 14 fastens onto the bottom of the Y-pipe. Provides the clamp 15 to hold together the Y-pipe and hole adapter 18.
 - **15**. Quick Release Clamp—A quick release clamp **15** holds or releases the tube bottom **14** and hose adapter **18**. This enables a user to quickly put together to operate or take apart for ease of portability.
 - 16. Lower Bearing 16 fits between the tube bottom 14 and hose adapter 18. An inexpensive replaceable bearing that is placed between the hose adapter 18 and tube bottom 14 to prevent wear and adds life to both parts. The hose adapter 8 rotates 360 degrees inside the clamp 15 and tube bottom 14.
 - 17. Quick Release Pin 17—Two pins that quick releases or hold the clamp together.
 - 18. Hose Adapter—The hose adapter 18 spins 360 degrees and is inserted into the tube bottom 14, plus it is held together by the quick release clamp 15. The hose 2 is fastened to the other end of the hose adapter 18. The end of the hose adapter 18 where the hose 2 fits on has an indentation to allow a clamp or clamps to hold the hose 2 onto the hose adapter 18.
 - **19**. Upper Thrust Bearing **19** fits between the tube bottom **14** and hose adapter **18**. It is an inexpensive replaceable

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bearing that the hose adapter **18** rotates against, so that it helps prevent wear and adds life.

- **20**. Lower Thrust Bearing **20** fits between the hose adapter **18** and the quick release clamp **15**. it is an inexpensive replaceable bearing that the hose adapter **18** rotates 5 against, so that it helps prevent wear and adds life.
- 21. Hose adapter recess is labeled 21.
- 22. Tip of hose adapter is labeled 22.
- Rotational Molding (BrE molding also called roto molded) involves a heated hollow mold which is filled with a 10 charge or shot weight of material. It is then slowly rotated (usually around two perpendicular axes) causing the softened material to disperse and stick to the walls of the mold. In order to maintain even thickness throughout the part, the mold continues to rotate at all times during the 15 heating phase and to avoid sagging or deformation also during the cooling phase. The process was applied to plastics in the 1940s but in the early years was little used because it was a slow process restricted to a small number of plastics. Over the past two decades, improvements in 20 process control and developments with plastic powders have resulted in a significant increase in usage.

Although the present invention has been described with reference to the disclosed embodiments, numerous modifications and variations can be made and still the result will 25 come within the scope of the invention. No limitation with respect to the specific embodiments disclosed herein is intended or should be inferred. Each apparatus embodiment described herein has numerous equivalents.

I claim:

- 1. A flying water board comprising:
- a central housing having a high pressure water inlet on a base pipe;
- said central housing having a left and a right elbow stemming from the base pipe;
- a swivel joint on each left and right elbow;
- a thrust nozzle mounted to each swivel joint at distal end thereof;
- a left foot platform having a mounting means functioning to secure the left foot platform to the left thrust nozzle⁴⁰ where tilting the left foot platform swivels the left thrust nozzle;
- a right foot platform having a mounting means functioning to secure the right foot platform to the right thrust nozzle where tilting the right foot platform swivels the ⁴⁵ right thrust nozzle independently from the left foot thrust nozzle;
- said swivel joint comprising a bearing to twist while allowing high pressure water to flow therethrough; and

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a lock means functioning to lock the left foot platform to the right foot platform.

2. The flying water board of claim **1**, wherein the base pipe further comprises a bearing above the high pressure water inlet, thereby enabling the base pipe to rotate.

3. The flying water board of claim **1**, wherein the thrust nozzle further comprises a solid nozzle with a connection means functioning to removably connect to the foot platform.

4. The flying water board of claim 1 further comprising a spring means functioning to urge each of the left and right foot platforms to a neutral position, parallel to each other, above their respective swivel joints.

5. The flying water board of claim 4, wherein the spring means further comprises a crisscrossed or parallel pair of elastic bands attached to an underside of the left and right foot platforms.

6. The flying water board of claim 4, wherein the spring means further comprises a spring attached to an underside of the left and right foot platforms.

7. The flying platform of claim 1, wherein the lock means further comprises a left foot platform mounting means comprising a left center block and the right foot platform mounting means further comprises a right center block; and an inter block lock means functioning to lock the left center block to the right center block.

8. A flying water board comprising:

a water hose inlet connected to a base of a Y housing;

- a rotating bearing on the base of the Y housing mounted on top of the water hose inlet;
- said Y housing having a left and right arm extending from the base of the Y housing;
- a bearing connected to a distal end of each arm of the Y housing which is in turn connected to a thrust nozzle;
- a left foot platform connected to the left bearing along with the left foot platform's respective thrust nozzle;
- a right foot platform connected to the right bearing along with the right foot platform's respective thrust nozzle;
- a manual latch locking and unlocking the left to the right foot platform; and
- wherein a rider can point his left and his right toes up, down, or any direction and rotate the respective boot platform forward and backward and sideways and other directions.

9. The flying platform of claim **8** further comprising a spring means functioning to urge the left and the right foot platform to a neutral position on top of the platform's respective bearings.

* * * * *

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Exhibit "B"



(12) United States Patent

Robinson

(54) FORWARD PROPELLED HOVER BOARD

- (71) Applicant: Brandon Robinson, Fruitland Park, FL (US)
- (72) Inventor: **Brandon Robinson**, Fruitland Park, FL (US)
- (*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.
- (21) Appl. No.: 14/834,814
- (22) Filed: Aug. 25, 2015
- (65) **Prior Publication Data**

US 2015/0360755 A1 Dec. 17, 2015

Related U.S. Application Data

- (63) Continuation of application No. 14/066,997, filed on Oct. 30, 2013, now Pat. No. 9,145,206.
- (60) Provisional application No. 61/720,791, filed on Oct. 31, 2012.
- (51) Int. Cl.

B63B 35/73	(2006.01)
B64C 39/00	(2006.01)
B63B 9/00	(2006.01)
B63H 11/04	(2006.01)
B63H 21/22	(2006.01)
B63H 23/26	(2006.01)
B63H 11/107	(2006.01)
B63H 11/00	(2006.01)

(10) Patent No.: US 9,440,714 B2

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(45) **Date of Patent:** Sep. 13, 2016

(58) Field of Classification Search
 CPC B63B 35/73; B63B 35/731; B63B 9/00
 See application file for complete search history.

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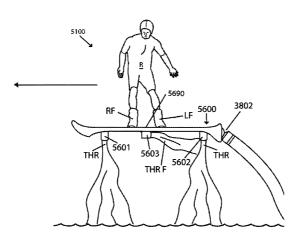
Primary Examiner — Justin Benedick

(74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm — Patent Law Offices of Rick Martin, P.C.

(57) ABSTRACT

A forward water propelled hover board comprising a rigid board having greater length than width. The rigid board having a rear end with a high pressure water outlet nozzle and a central pipe connecting a water hose inlet, wherein the outlet nozzle when fed with a high pressure water source from the water hose inlet provides a forward thrust to the water propelled hover board.

16 Claims, 25 Drawing Sheets



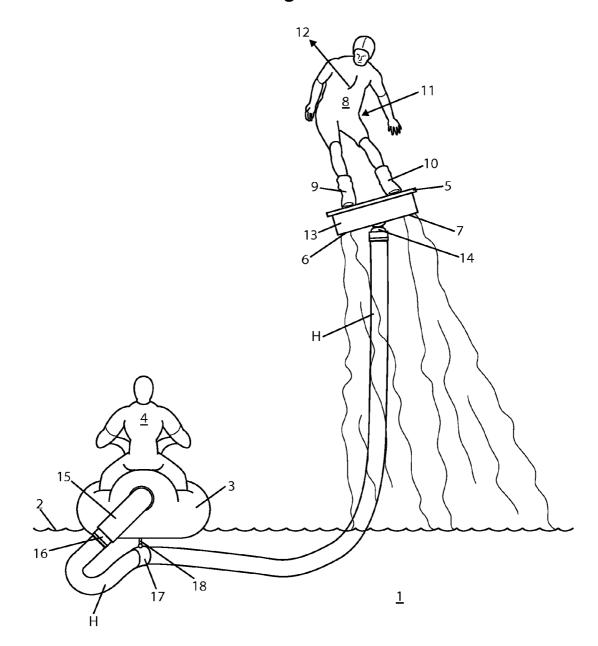
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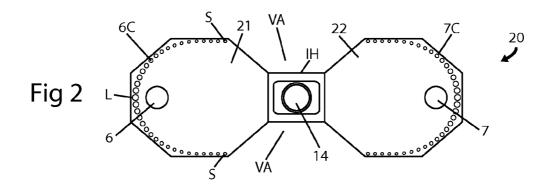
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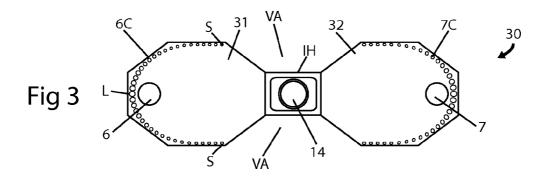


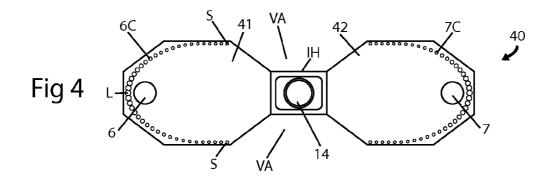


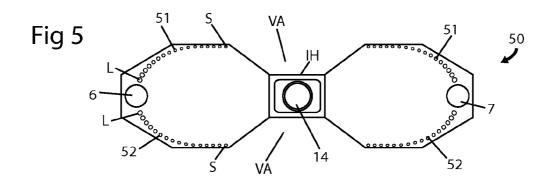
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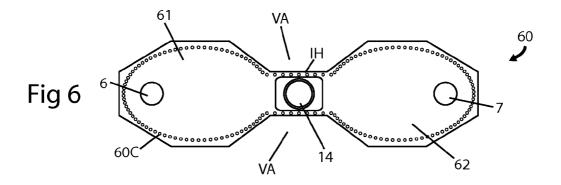


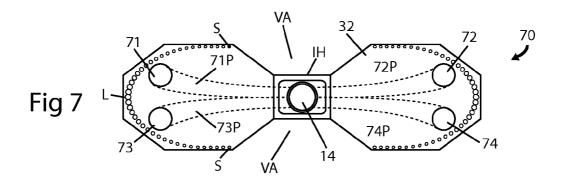


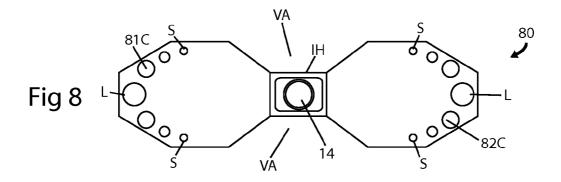


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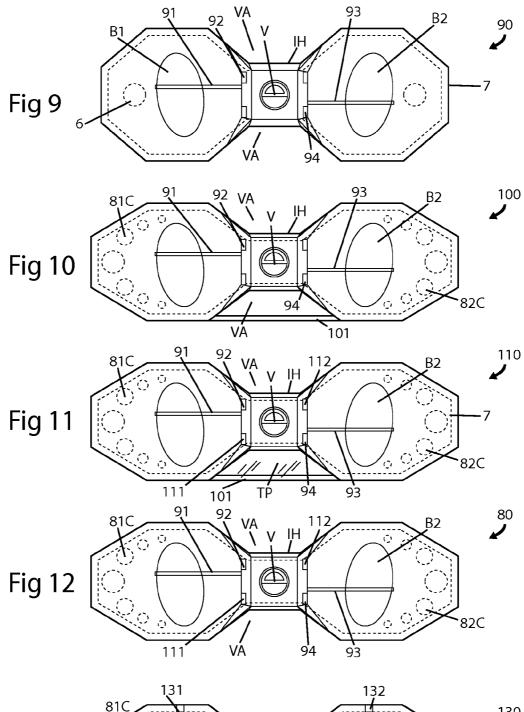


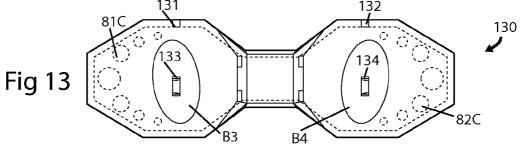


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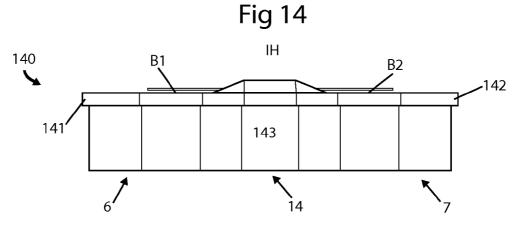
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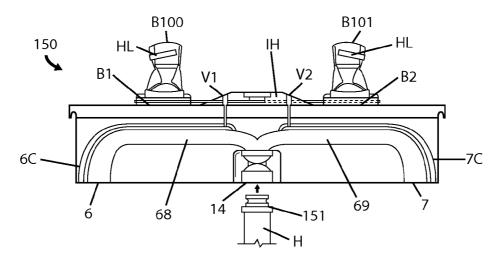


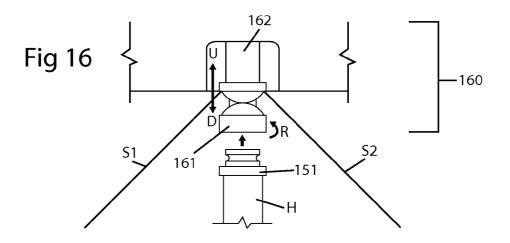
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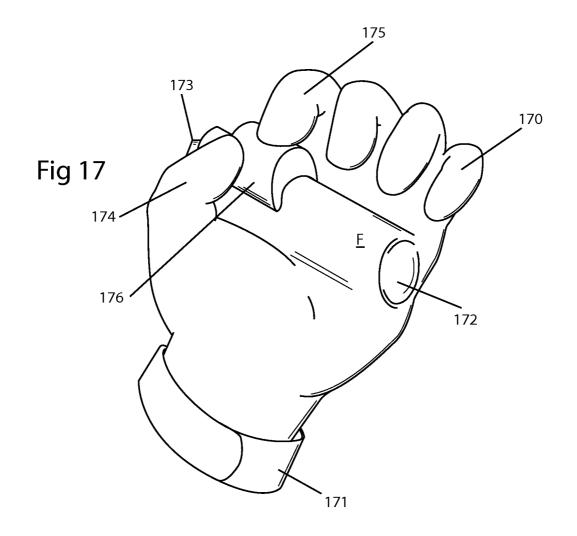




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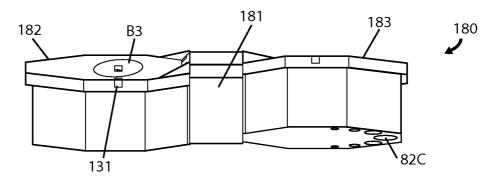
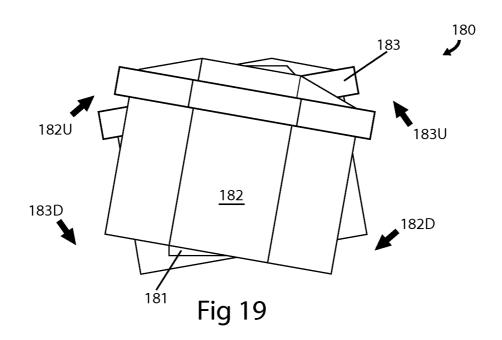
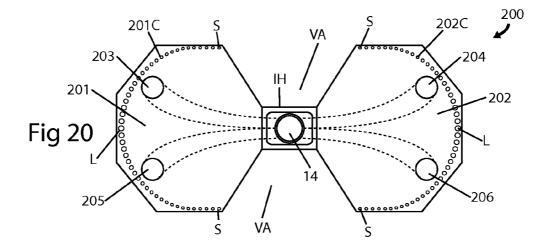


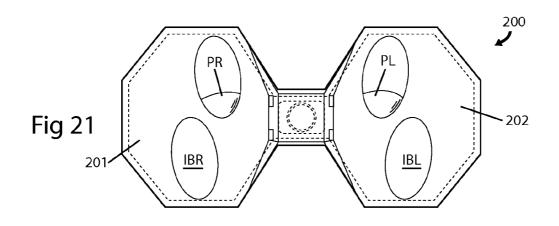
Fig 18

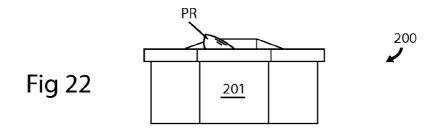


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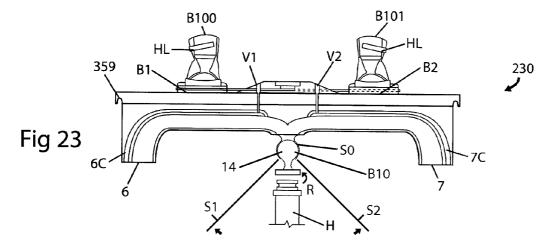


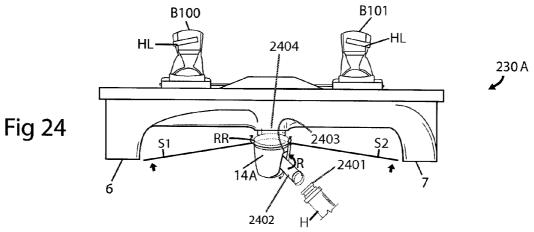


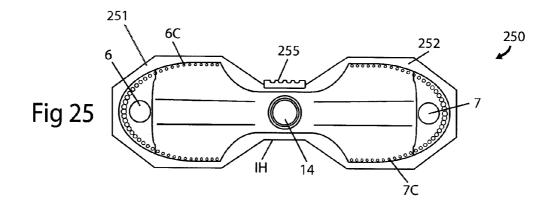


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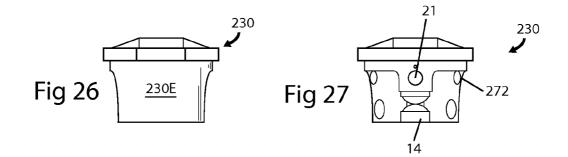
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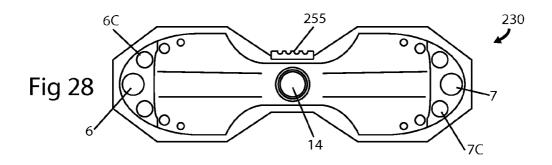


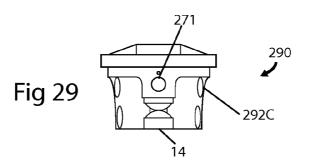


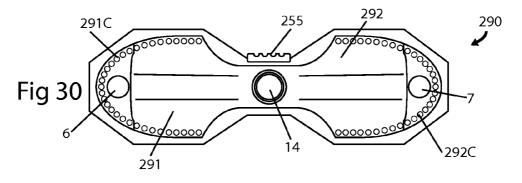


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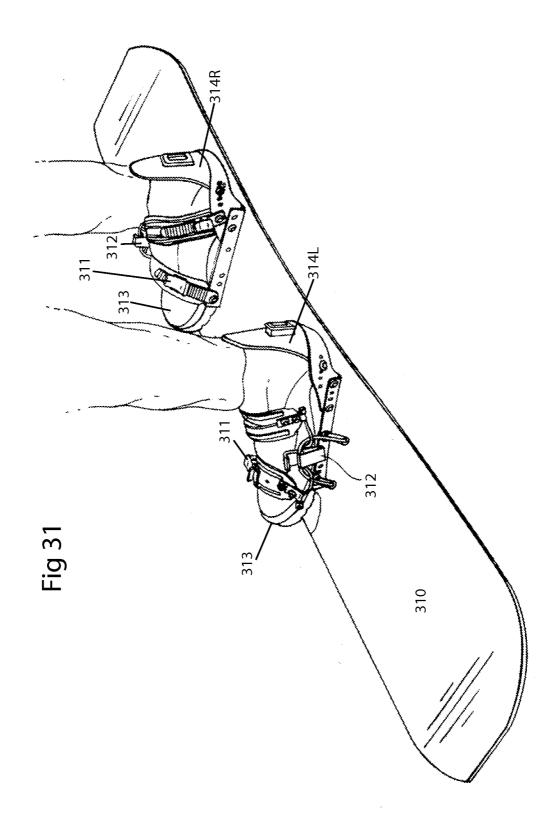




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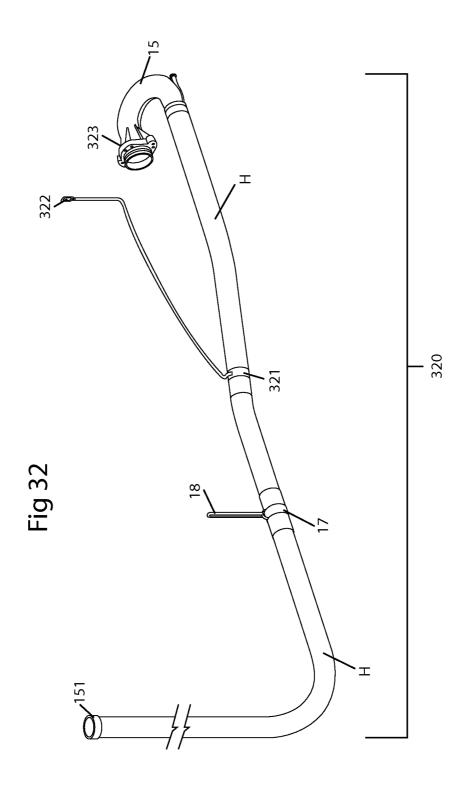
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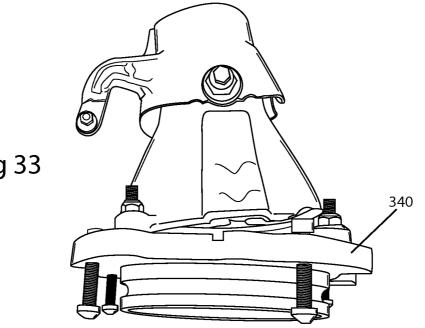
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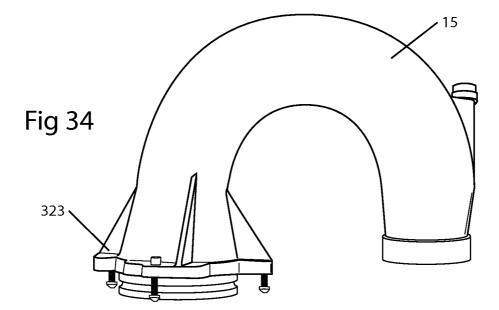
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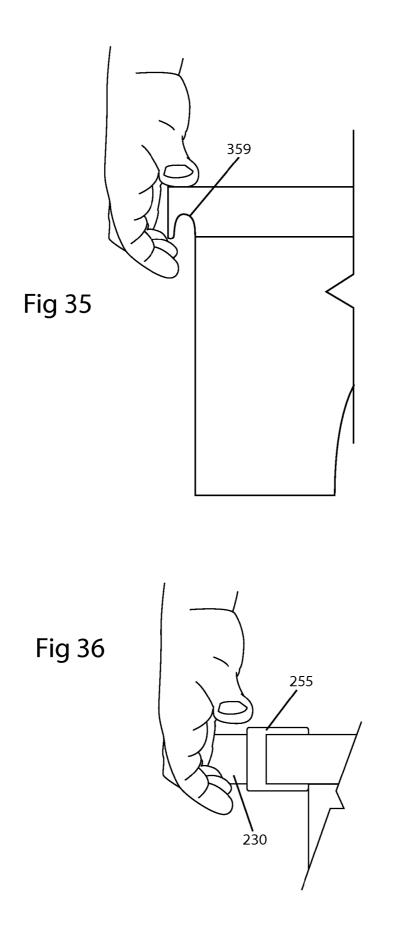






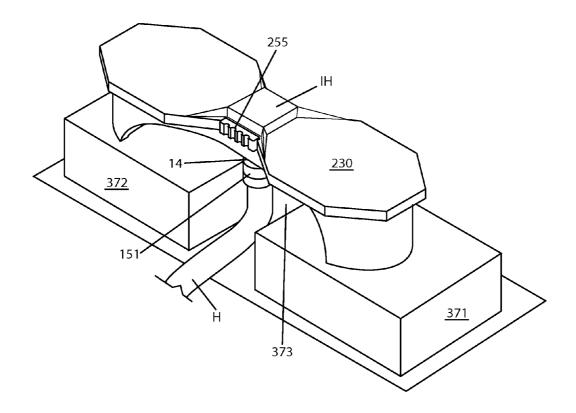
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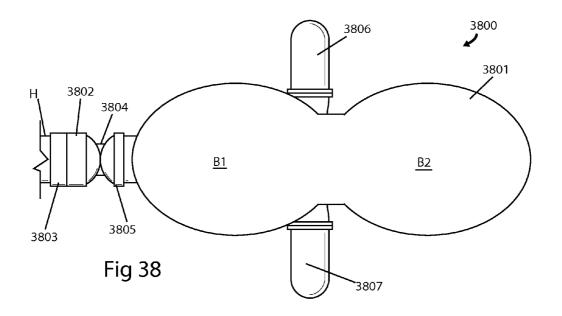
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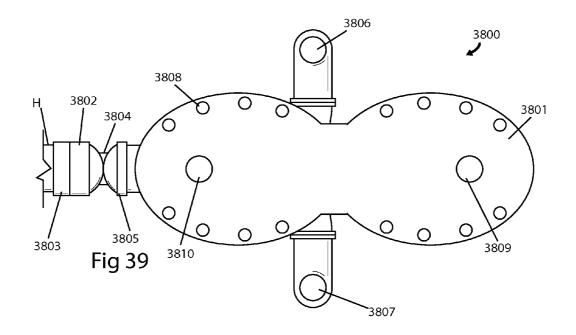
Fig 37



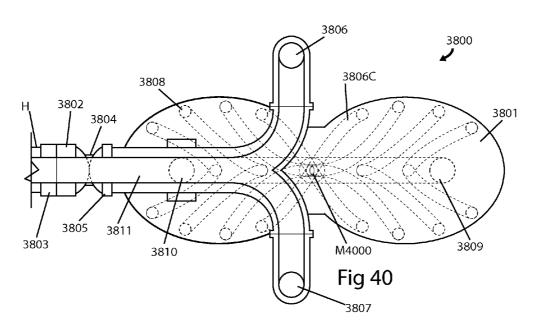
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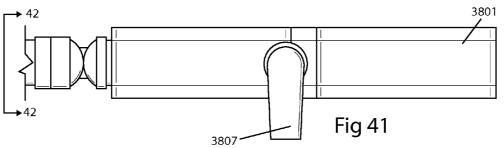
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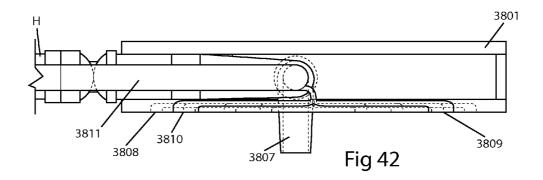




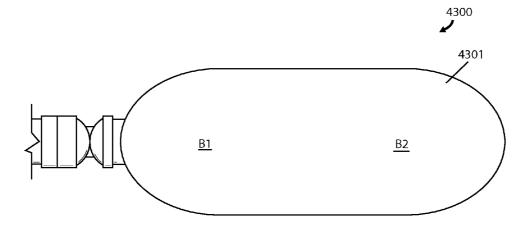
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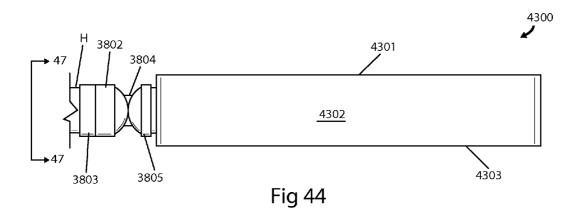




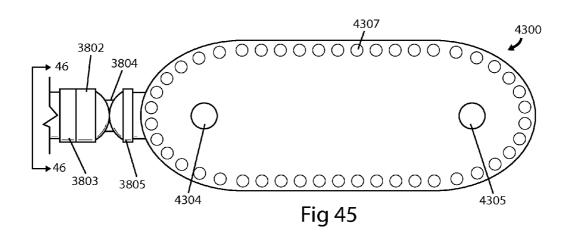
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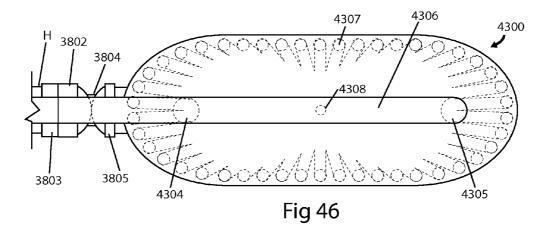


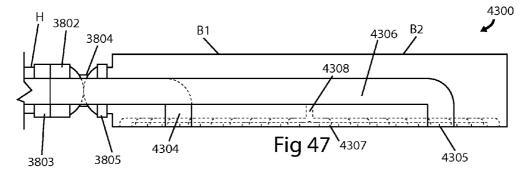




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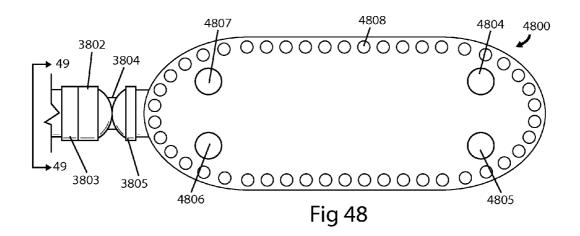


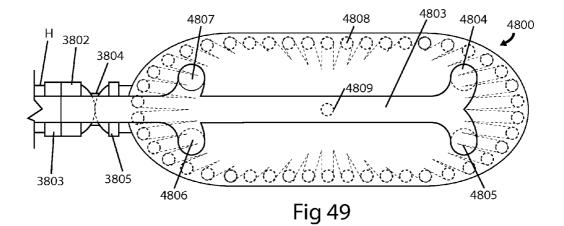


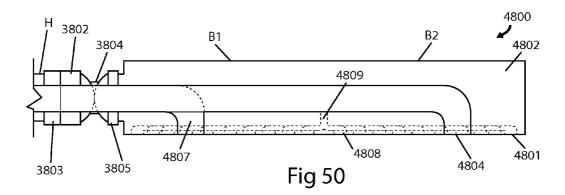


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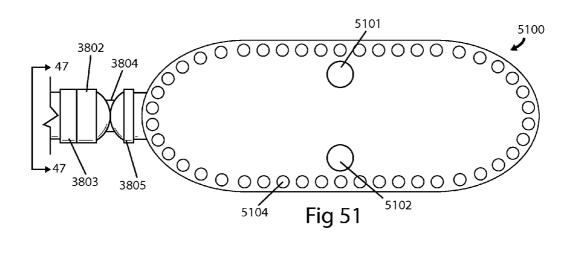
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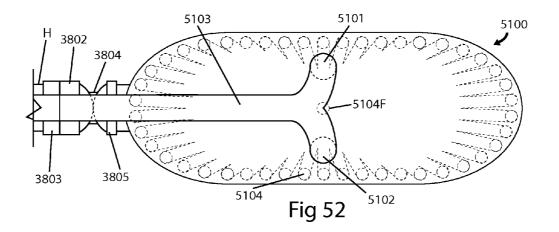


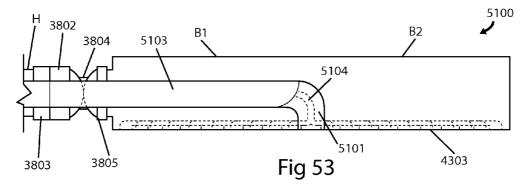




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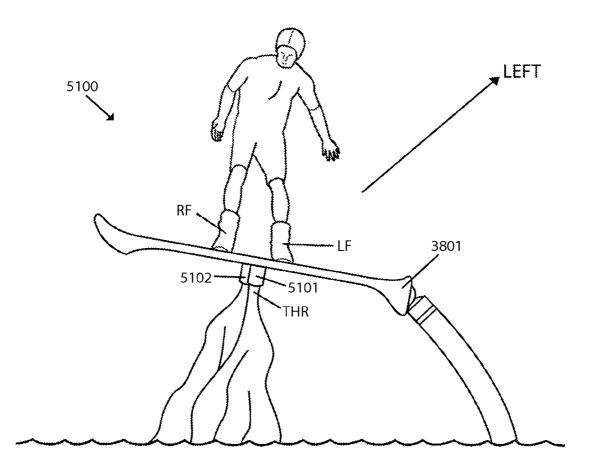


FIG. 54

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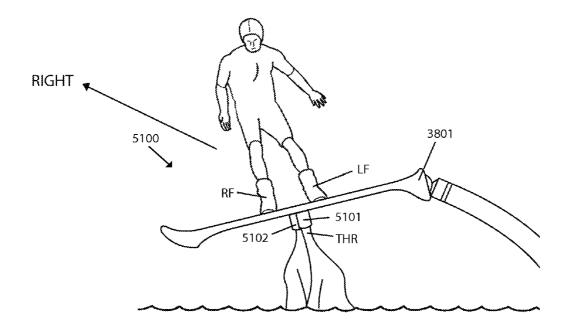


FIG. 55

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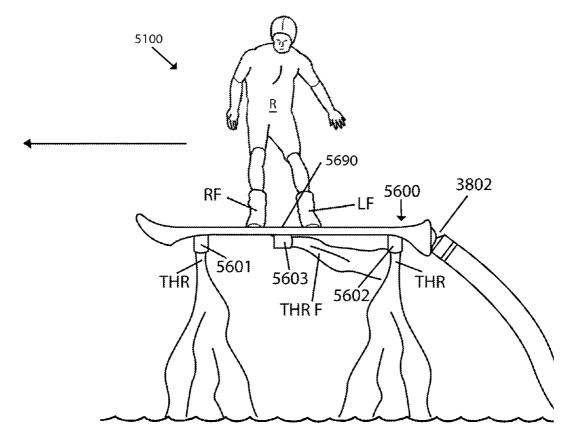


FIG. 56

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FIG. 57(a)

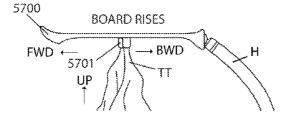


FIG. 57(b) BOARD GOES FORWARD AND DOWN

5700 BWD



FIG. 57(e)

5700

BOARD ADJUSTABLE NOZZLE

WILL GO FORWARD

FIG. 57(d) 5700 BOARD ADJUSTABLE NOZZLE BWD WILL GO FORWARD AND UP

BWD

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5

FORWARD PROPELLED HOVER BOARD

This application is a non-provisional application which is a continuation of the co-pending U.S. patent application Ser. No. 14/066,997 filed Oct. 30, 2013 of common inventorship. This application also claims priority to U.S. Provisional application No. 61/720,791 filed Oct. 31, 2013 of common inventorship. The present invention relates to a sports amusement device comprising a board that supports a flyer standing on the board, wherein the board is lifted in the air 10by water powered nozzles fed by a high pressure water hose connected to a quick connect pivoting ball joint assembly on the bottom of the board.

FIELD OF INVENTION

Background of the Invention

Water powered personal propulsion devices date back to at least 1966. See U.S. Pat. No. 3,277,858 to Athey. Athey 20 barefoot quick disconnect mount for the board. uses a floating internal combustion engine which powers a pump. A hose runs from the pump to a pair of hip mounted nozzles on a diver. The '858 patent only shows a diver being propelled through the water. However, a jet ski powering the '858 device shown in FIG. 1 has been demonstrated to fly a 25 rider hand grip under the board. rider several feet above the water.

A personal propulsion device trademarked as the FlyboardTM uses a jet ski with a diverter hose to power two nozzles on a metal Y shaped pipe mounted to the bottom of a plastic board. The flyer mounts his boots to the top of the 30 board. A companion on the jet ski can control the throttle to lift the flyer as high as forty feet above the water. Forearm mounted control nozzles are also powered from a portion of the high pressure water stream. The flyer can perform dolphin type maneuvers in and out of the water as well as 35 back flips and spinning maneuvers. The Y shaped metal diverter has a pair of ball bearings that mount on the plastic board bottom. This allows the hose to remain vertical as the board tilts toes down or toes up in relation to a horizontal orientation. An optional throttle cable can be controlled by 40 the flyer. It runs down the center of the hose. This is the closet known prior art.

Three U.S. patents describe a shoulder mounted pair of nozzles powered by a jet ski. They are U.S. Pat. Nos. 7,258,301, 7,735,772 and 7,900,867. This personal propul- 45 sion device mounts a pair of nozzles above the flyer's center of gravity. Lift and descent are controlled by a cross arm in front of the rider that controls the tilt angle of the pivotable nozzles. These nozzles are strapped at shoulder level to the rider's back. 50

What is needed in the art is a lightweight, plastic board assembly that floats. Quick disconnect boots and a quick disconnect hose are needed. Curtain nozzle patterns are needed to eliminate hand control nozzles. The present invention meets all these needs.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The main aspect of the present invention is to provide a snowboard type board with a built in pivotable nozzle on the 60 bottom, wherein the nozzle receives high pressure water, nominally from a jet ski, and diverts this water to two thrust nozzles under the board.

Another aspect of the present invention is to provide a built in land platform for the board to allow the rider to stand 65 with the hose resting on the land and stretched out from the board to the pump source.

Another aspect of the present invention is to provide a quick disconnect mount for the rider boots.

Another aspect of the present invention is to provide a curtain nozzle at each end of the board to help stabilize the board in flight.

Another aspect of the present invention is to provide a quick disconnect for the hose on the pivotable nozzle.

Another aspect of the present invention is to build the entire board assembly from light weight materials including injection molded plastic and flotation foam.

Another aspect of the present invention is to provide an electronic glove controller to control the throttle and emergency shut off on the jet ski.

Another aspect of the present invention is to provide a 15 boot tilt option on the board to allow the nozzles to be

independently tilted with their left and right board sections. Another aspect of the present invention is to provide a two rider board.

Another aspect of the present invention is to provide a

Another aspect of the present invention is to provide a multi-purpose mounting flange for a jet ski to allow normal use and quickly change to a hose connection.

Another aspect of the present invention is to provide a

Another aspect of the present invention is to provide a launch stand for the board.

Another aspect of the present invention is to provide a quick boot disconnect assembly powered by the high pressure water.

This flying board may be powered by a land based pump at an arena at a pool. Already the jet ski powered board is gaining attention worldwide. Double back flips from forty feet in the air are being done on the prior art FlyboardTM.

The present invention has a unibody construction with a Y shaped high pressure water diverter and a left and a right nozzle built in. Each nozzle has a diverter valve to adjust the flow to a secondary nozzle shaped like a C. This C shaped end nozzle, also called a curtain nozzle, provides platform stability, wherein beginners may divert most all of the water to the C shaped nozzle. Experts may execute their flips with full diversion to the main thrust nozzles.

Safety is improved with several versions of quick disconnect boots or a barefoot binding. A wireless glove mounted electronic trigger can divert the high pressure water to release the bindings.

In summary the present invention improves control with the C shaped nozzles, reduces costs and weight with a unibody design, and increases safety with less weight, elimination of hand nozzles, and a quick release boot system.

Other aspects of this invention will appear from the following description and appended claims, reference being made to the accompanying drawings forming a part of this 55 specification wherein like reference characters designate corresponding parts in the several views.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a perspective view of the flying board powered by a conventional jet ski.

FIG. 2 is a bottom plan view of a shorter width board with one main thrust nozzle and curtain nozzles.

FIG. 3 is a bottom plan view of a middle width board with one main thrust nozzle and curtain nozzles.

FIG. 4 is a bottom plan view of a wide width board with one main thrust nozzle and curtain nozzles.

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FIG. **5** is a bottom plan view of a board having the main thrust nozzle integrated with the curtain nozzle.

FIG. **6** is a bottom plan view of a board with curtain nozzles extending all around the board.

FIG. **7** is a bottom plan view of a board having four main 5 thrust nozzles and curtain nozzles.

FIG. **8** is a bottom plan view of a board with enlarged curtain nozzles and no main thrust nozzles.

FIG. 9 is a top plan view of a board with two main thrust nozzles and a central flow valve.

FIG. **10** is a top plan view of a board with only enlarged curtain nozzles and a hand grasp bar.

FIG. 11 is top plan view of a board as shown in FIG. 10 with a transparent window.

FIG. 12 is a top plan view of the board shown in FIG. 8. 15 FIG. 13 is a tip plan view of a board with no central flow

valve and quick disconnect boots. FIG. **14** is a front elevation view of a one piece flying board

FIG. 15 is a rear cutaway view of a board similar to that 20 of FIG. 48 shown in FIG. 14. FIG. 50

FIG. **16** is a rear elevation view of the quick disconnect hose.

FIG. **17** is a front perspective view of the glove mounted controller.

FIG. **18** is a front elevation view of a tilt board embodiment.

FIG. **19** is an end elevation view of the embodiment shown in FIG. **18**.

FIG. 20 is a bottom plan view of a two rider board.

FIG. 21 is a top plan view of the embodiment shown in FIG. 20.

FIG. **22** is an end elevation view of a two rider board with rear slip in foot compartments.

FIG. 23 is a cutaway view of another embodiment of a 35 single rider board.

FIG. **24** is a rear elevation view of the embodiment shown in FIG. **23**.

FIG. 25 is a bottom plan view of a hand hold embodiment.

FIG. **26** is an end elevation view of the embodiment 40 shown in FIG. **23**.

FIG. **27** is a sectional elevation view of the embodiment shown in FIG. **23** representing the nozzle configuration shown in FIG. **28**.

FIG. **28** is a bottom plan view of the embodiment shown 45 in FIG. **23**.

FIG. **29** is a sectional elevation view of the embodiment shown in FIG. **23** representing the nozzle configuration shown in FIG. **30**.

FIG. **30** is bottom plan another view of the embodiment 50 shown in FIG. **23**.

FIG. **31** is a rear perspective view of a barefoot binding embodiment.

FIG. **32** is a perspective view of the entire hose assembly including quick connects and hose safety and control attach- 55 ment.

FIG. **33** is a side perspective view of a jet ski nozzle adapter.

FIG. **34** is a side elevation view of a jet ski diverter coupling.

FIG. **35** is a close up view of a board hand hold.

FIG. 36 is a close up view of the centrally located cushioned hand hold shown in FIG. 28 and FIG. 29

FIG. **37** is a top perspective view of a launch stand.

FIG. **38** is a top plan view of a side to side nozzle 65 embodiment.

FIG. 39 is a bottom plan view of the FIG. 38 embodiment.

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FIG. 40 is a cross sectional view of the FIG. 39 embodiment.

FIG. **41** is a left side elevation view of the FIG. **38** embodiment.

FIG. **42** is a cross sectional view taken along line **42-42** of FIG. **41**.

FIG. **43** is a top plan view of another embodiment having front and rear thrust nozzles.

FIG. 44 is a left side elevation view of the FIG. 43 embodiment.

FIG. **45** is a bottom plan view of the FIG. **43** embodiment. FIG. **46** is a cross sectional view taken along line **46-46** of FIG. **45**.

FIG. **47** is a cross sectional view taken along line **47-47** of FIG. **44**.

FIG. **48** is a bottom plan view of a four nozzles embodiment.

FIG. **49** is a cross sectional view taken along line **49-49** of FIG. **48**.

- FIG. **50** is a cross sectional view of the FIG. **48** embodiment.
- FIG. **51** is a bottom plan view of another side to side nozzle board.

FIG. **52** is a cross sectional view taken along line **52-52** of FIG. **51**.

FIG. **53** is a cross sectional view of the FIG. **51** embodiment.

FIG. **54** is a side perspective view of a side to side nozzle steering vector right.

FIG. **55** is a side perspective view of a side to side nozzle steering vector left.

FIG. **56** is a side perspective view of a pivotable nozzle surf and fly embodiment.

FIG. 57 a thru 57e show an adjustable nozzle board in various angles of flight.

Before explaining the disclosed embodiment of the present invention in detail, it is to be understood that the invention is not limited in its application to the details of the particular arrangement shown, since the invention is capable of other embodiments. Also, the terminology used herein is for the purpose of description and not of limitation.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Referring first to FIG. 1 a body of water 1 has a surface 2, wherein a standard jet ski 3 floats on the surface 2. A jet ski driver 4 controls the throttle of the jet ski which in turn controls the thrust from the flying board 5 thrust nozzles 6, 7. The rider 8 controls the flying board 5 using his feet which are mounted in boots 9, 10 for tilting toe down, toe up. He uses the side to side angulation of his body indicated by arrow 11, and he uses the forward/backward lean of his body indicated by arrow 12. It is with these combined movements that flying, diving and doing a dolphin type diving are accomplished.

The flyboard board **5** has a unibody construction **13** preferably from an injection molding process. At the center of the unibody housing **13** is an inlet port **14** which is both a quick disconnect joint and a swivel joint. As seen this swivel joint **14** allows the hose H to remain about vertical as the flying board **5** tilts. The jet ski **3** has had its thrust nozzle replaced with a diverter conduit **15**. A quick connect coupling connects the hose H to the diverter conduit **15**.

A flexible collar **17** (preferably made of rubber) helps prevent pinching of the hose H. The collar **17** has an attachment **18** to the jet ski **3**.

Referring next to FIGS. 2, 3, 4 a flying board 20 has a shorter end to end footprint than the long flying board 40 shown in FIG. 4. The flying board 20 has a larger side to side width than the middle sized flying board **30** shown in FIG. 3. Otherwise all features of flying boards 20, 30, 40 are 5 identical.

Opposing ends 21, 22 and 31, 32 and 41, 42 are shaped as octagons. Separating each set of opposing ends is an inlet housing IH. The inlet housing IH has a smaller width than the opposing ends so as to create a rider viewing area VA 10 between the rider's feet. Thus, the rider can look down at the water as he flies above the water.

The thrust nozzles 6, 7 are powered with the high pressure water coming into inlet port 14. The curtain nozzles 6C, 7C assist the rider to balance the flying board. Before flying the 15 rider manually sets the divergence of water between the thrust nozzles 6, 7 and curtain nozzles 6c, 7c in any range of split from 0 to 100%.

The curtain nozzles 6C, 7C form a separate thrust pattern in roughly a semi-circular pattern around the thrust nozzles 20 6, 7. Each hole may be the same size. One option is to enlarge the hole sizes from smallest S to largest L in the center to smallest S at the opposite end of the pattern.

Referring next to FIG. 5 a flying board 50 has the curtain nozzles pattern 51, 52 interrupted by the thrust nozzles 6, 7. 25 a central inlet housing 181. A left foot platform 182 swivels Once again the hole sizes could be all the same or get larger from a smallest S to a largest L at the end position.

Referring next to FIG. 6 a flying board 60 has a pattern of curtain nozzles 60C that totally encircle the periphery of the flying board 60. They pass around opposing ends 61, 62 and 30 the inlet housing IH.

Referring next to FIG. 7 a one rider flying board to has two sets of nozzles, 71, 72, 73, 74 which are fed by respective feeder pipes 71P, 72P, 73P, 74P. Fire departments could use high power four nozzle systems to lift a fireman 35 and his own hose.

Referring next to FIG. 8 a flying board 80 does not have thrust nozzles at all. Instead the curtain nozzles 81C and 82C are oversized.

In FIG. 9 a flying board 90 shown in a top plan view has 40 no curtain nozzles. A control valve v can limit the flow to thrust nozzles 6, 7. Boot mounting pods B1, B2 have a quick release feature 91, 93 which is activated by buttons 92, 94.

In FIG. 10 a flying board 100 has the curtain nozzle pattern shown in FIG. 8. A rider hand grasp bar 101 is used 45 a quick connect fitting 2401 to a receiving pipe 2402. by experienced riders for acrobatic maneuvers.

In FIG. 11 a flying board 110 has a transparent panel TP attached to the hand grasp bar 101. Additional flow control valves 111, 112 can provide the rider additional tuning of his thrust.

In FIG. 12 the flying board 80 is shown in a top plan view. In FIG. 13 the flying board 130 uses a center boot latch 133, 134 for boot mounting pods 3, B3, B4. A button 131, 132 is depressed to release the respective latch 133, 134. U.S. Pat. Nos. 7,104,564, 6,769,711 and 6,659,494 are 55 23 is shown in further views. Each end 230E is a wall as seen incorporated herein by reference to provide quick dismount boot options. Water pressure could be used as a stored

energy source to release the boots. Referring next to FIG. 14 a flying board 140 has a wrap around vertical wall 143 supporting the opposite ends 141, 60 142 and the inlet housing IH. On land the wall 143 would rest on an unfilled hose (not shown) during the staging process.

Referring next to FIG. 15 a flying board 150 uses the thrust nozzles 6, 7 as support columns when staging on land. 65 The inlet port 14 is slightly recessed to allow an empty hose to extend outward from the flying board 150 on land. A quick

disconnect fitting 151 snaps into inlet port 14. The boots B100 and B101 have a hook and loop ankle release HL. Valves V1, V2 provide adjustment for flow diversion from the thrust nozzles pipes 68, 69 to the curtain nozzles 6C, 7C.

Referring next to FIG. 16 a telescoping inlet nozzle 160 has a sliding fixture 161 moving up and down on a fixed pipe 162. The concept is to connect the quick disconnect fitting 151 while the sliding fixture 161 is up shown by arrow U. Then when water pressure builds in hose H, the sliding fixture 161 pops out shown by arrow D. Then the swivel feature of inlet nozzle 160 allows a conical pattern of hose H movement shown between lines S1, S2. The sliding fixture 161 also rotates 360° as shown by arrow R. This swivel feature is shown in FIG. 1, wherein the rider does not have to fight the weight of a water filled hose H being lifted horizontally.

Referring next to FIG. 17 a control glove 170 has a wrist strap 171 containing a battery and a wireless transmitter and a control circuit. A cylindrical rail 172 has a kill switch 173 for the thumb 174. The forefinger 175 moves the throttle bar 176 from idle as shown to wide open at F. This control glove 170 is used when a rider-less jet ski is equipped with a wireless controller for throttle and kill switch.

Referring next to FIGS. 18, 19 a trick flying board 180 has independently from a right foot platform 183, arrows 182U and 182D show the left foot platform moving in relation to right foot platform arrows 183U, 183D.

Referring next to FIGS. 20, 21, 22 a two rider flying board 200 is shown. Left platform 202 has thrust nozzles 204, 206 and curtain nozzles 202C. Right platform 201 has thrust nozzles 203, 205 and curtain nozzles 201C.

The instructor has instructor boot left pod IBL and instructor boot right pod IBR. The passenger holds onto the instructor and places his feet into passenger binding left PL and passenger binding right PR. This device could be used at fairgrounds, water parks and amusement parks to give people a real flying experience with no training.

Referring next to FIG. 23, a flying board 230 is rectangular in shape. The inlet port 14 has a swivel design (as in a ball B10 and socket S10) to let the hose H move in the conical area between S1, S2. It also rotates per arrow R. The thrust nozzles 6, 7 provide support columns on land.

In FIG. 24 a flying board 230A shows the hose H having Receiving pipe 2402 can swivel up and down in the inlet housing 14A as shown by arrow R. The inlet housing 14A has a slot 2403 in which the receiving pipe 2402 swivels up and down thru a 90° arc. The inlet housing 14A rotates 360° in a base socket 2404 as shown by arrows RR. Thus, the hose H can move in the conical area S1, S2.

In FIG. 25 a flying board 250 has opposing ends 251, 252. A front hand grip 255 is designed into the inlet housing IH.

Referring next to FIGS. 26, 27, 28 the flying board of FIG. in FIG. 26. FIG. 27 shows the thrust nozzles built in pipe 270 and curtain nozzles 272.

Referring next to FIGS. 29, 30 a flying board 290 looks like flying board 230 but has a peripheral curtain wall 291C, 292C for each end 291, 292.

In FIG. 31 a rider wears rubber booties 313. The heel supports 314L, 314R prevent backward movement on the flying board **310**. The lower parts of the flying board are not shown. A simple toe strap assembly **311** holds the toes down. An upper arch strap assembly 312 holds the foot against the heel supports 314L, 314R. This is essentially a barefoot embodiment with the booties merely protecting skin abrasion. The rider can be completely barefoot when the straps are cushioned to protect the feet.

Referring next to FIGS. **32**, **33**, **34** the jet ski attachment assembly **320** is shown. First the jet ski rear thrust nozzles is removed. Then a universal adapter **340** is installed on the jet ski. This enables the diverter conduit **15** to be installed. The universal adapter also allows the original jet ski nozzles to be quickly reinstalled on the universal adapter **340**. The hose H has an anchor collar **321** that secures a rear tether **322** for attachment to the jet ski.

The hose H has a rubber anti-crimp collar **17** that affixes to the front of the jet ski with tether **18**. This tether **18** pulls the jet ski along if the rider controls his flying board to do so.

In FIG. **35** an end hand grasp **359** is built into the flying board as shown in FIG. **23**.

In FIG. **36** a front of inlet housing hand grasp **255** is shown as in FIG. **28**.

In FIG. **37** a stand **370** has pair of blocks **371**, **372** with $_{20}$ a separation area **373**. This allows the hose H to be pressurized and lift the rider right off a land base.

Referring next to FIGS. **38-42** a dual side to side nozzle board **3800** is shown. The board has a rear hose inlet port **3802** shown with a quick connect collar **3803** of hose H 25 inserted therein. A swivel joint **3804** allows the hose H to move in a cone pattern. A rotatable bearing **3805** allows the hose to orient 360° relative to the board **3801**.

Boot mounts B1, B2 allows either a left or right foot forward orientation as exists for snowboarders. Side thrust 30 nozzles 3806, 3807 are the primary lift nozzles, a curtain nozzle pattern for control is formed by peripheral nozzles 3808. Optional central forward nozzle 3809 and rear nozzle 3810 feed from internal built in pipe 3811. The curtain nozzles 3808 are powered by built in pipes C3808. All 35 piping is built into the board 3801 preferably in a one piece injection molded housing.

Controlling this board **3800** is shown in FIGS. **54**, **55**. The rider R is facing into the paper with the back of his head facing the reader. Just like in snowboarding the rider in FIG. 40 **55** weights his right foot RF and turns to his right shown by arrow RIGHT because the thrust THR is being moved under him to his left.

FIG. **54** shows the opposite turn control with the rider R weighting his left foot LF and turning left shown by arrow 45 LEFT. In this orientation he will drag the jet ski (not shown) along with him.

In FIG. 40 an optional microcontroller M4000 is battery powered. A gyroscope is built into the microcontroller M4000. Control valves (not shown) are controlled by the 50 microcontroller M4000 to divert water from side to side in curtain nozzles 3808 to maintain a level board 3801 and from nozzles 3809 and 3810 to maintain a level board 3801. This advanced self balancing system can help rental shops to quickly train new riders. 55

Referring next to FIGS. **43-47** a front to rear board **4300** is shown. Boot mounting pods B**1**, B**2** are on the board top **4301**. The bottom **4303** of the one piece housing **4302** is flat, making staging on land easier.

The front thrust nozzle **4305** and the rear thrust nozzle ⁶⁰ **4304** are powered by the built in pipe **4306**. The curtain nozzles **4307** are also powered by the pipe **4306** via feeder pipes **4308**.

Referring next to FIGS. **48-50** a board **4800** also has a flat bottom **4801** and a one piece housing **4802**. A central pipe 65 **4803** powers the front two thrust nozzles **4804**, **4805** and the rear two thrust nozzles **4806**, **4807**. The curtain nozzles **4808**

are also powered by central pipe **4803** via feeder pipes **4809**. This board **4800** could be a one or two person board.

Referring next to FIGS. **51-53** a board **5100** will fly and control as shown in FIGS. **54**, **55** due to its side to side thrust nozzles **5101**, **5102**. The housing **5104** contains a central pipe **5103** to power nozzles **5101**, **5102** and curtain nozzles **5104** which are fed by feeder pipes **5104**F.

Referring next to FIG. 56 a surf and fly board 5600 has optional fixed flight nozzles 5601, 5602 which provide lift thrust THR. A side to side nozzle pair 5603, 5604 are configured similar to the board 3800 shown in FIG. 38. However, the rider R can rotate this nozzle pair manually using tiller 5690 so as to face the nozzles 5603, 5604 rearward as shown. In this position the nozzles 5603, 5604 provide a forward thrust THRF. The rider R can now perform powered surfing on the surface of the water without flying.

The tiller **5690** may be a hand controlled pivotable rod as shown. Another embodiment (not shown) can use a small handle adjacent the boots to fix the rotating nozzles from a flying to a surfing orientation.

All embodiments could have a motorized jet ski throttle controller on the handle. This would be a wireless controller receiving signals from a rider's transmitter. A kill switch would be integral to this flying rider controlled jet ski embodiment.

In FIG. 57(*a*) thru (*e*) a flying board 5700 has the side to side nozzle pair as in FIG. 38, but the thrust nozzle pair 5701 are controllably angled backward, see arrow BWD. A second controller (not shown) similar to FIG. 17, perhaps on a glove on the opposite hand, controls the nozzle angle. FIG. 57(*a*) shows the nozzle 5701 angled straight down, forcing the flying board 5700 straight up, per arrow UP with thrust TT. 57(*b*) shows nozzle 5701 backward resulting in board going forward and down. 57(*c*) shows nozzle 5701 forward FWD and board going backward and board forward and up. 57(*e*) shows nozzle 5701 backward and board going flat and forward.

Although the present invention has been described with reference to the disclosed embodiments, numerous modifications and variations can be made and still the result will come within the scope of the invention. No limitation with respect to the specific embodiments disclosed herein is intended or should be inferred. Each apparatus embodiment described herein has numerous equivalents.

I claim:

1. A water propelled flying board comprising:

a rigid board having a length greater than a width;

- said rigid board having a top surface upon which a rider can ride;
- said rigid board having a rear end with a high pressure water hose inlet connection;
- said rigid board having at least one rearward facing high pressure water outlet nozzle;
- a central pipe connecting the water hose inlet connection to the outlet nozzle; and
- wherein the outlet nozzle, when fed with a high pressure water source from the water hose inlet connection, provides a forward thrust to the water propelled flying board.

2. The water propelled flying board of claim 1, wherein an angled position of the water outlet nozzle provides a lift thrust in addition to a forward thrust.

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3. The water propelled flying board of claim **2**, wherein the outlet nozzle further comprises an angle adjustment means functioning to adjust the angled position of the water outlet nozzle.

4. The water propelled flying board of claim **3**, wherein 5 the angle adjustment means further comprises a handle.

5. The water propelled flying board of claim **1**, wherein the at least one rearward facing high pressure water outlet nozzle further comprises two rearward facing high pressure water outlet nozzles.

6. The water propelled flying board of claim **1** further comprising a tiller means functioning to adjust a rearward tilt angle of the rearward facing high pressure water outlet nozzle.

7. The water propelled flying board of claim 1, wherein 15 the central pipe is located centrally along a longitudinal axis of the water propelled flying board.

8. The water propelled flying board of claim 1 further comprising a wireless controller for the rider to control a jet ski which powers the high pressure water. 20

9. The water propelled flying board of claim **6**, wherein a wireless controller controls the tiller means to adjust the rearward tilt angle.

10. The water propelled flying board of claim **1**, wherein the high pressure water hose inlet connection further com- ²⁵ prises a rotatable bearing allowing the flying board to orient 360° relative to a hose connected to the high pressure water hose inlet.

11. The water propelled flying board of claim 1, wherein the top surface further comprises a mounting means for a rider's feet functioning to hold the rider's feet onto the flying board.

12. The water propelled flying board of claim **2**, wherein the high pressure water hose inlet further comprises a quick disconnect fitting.

13. The water propelled flying board of claim **10**, wherein the high pressure water hose inlet further comprises a quick disconnect fitting.

14. The water propelled flying board of claim 2 further comprising a source of a high pressure water comprising a jet ski and a high pressure hose connected to the high pressure water hose inlet connection at an outlet end of the hose with a quick disconnect fitting and a rotatable bearing, and an input end of the hose connects to a universal adapter which is attached to a high pressure water outlet port located at a rear of the jet ski.

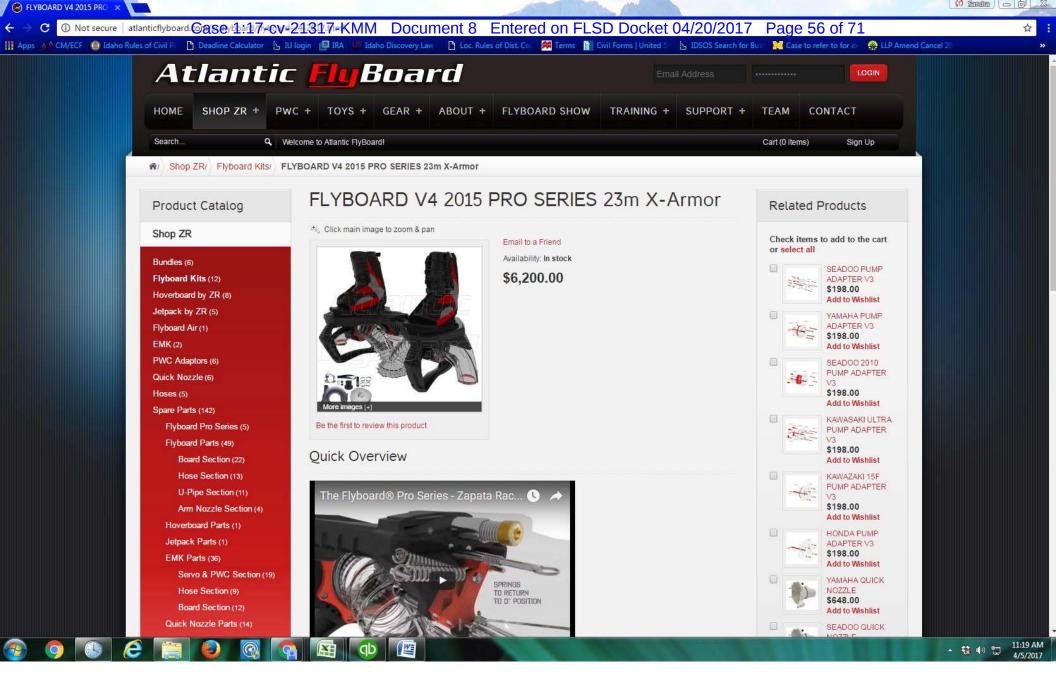
15. The water propelled flying board of claim **14**, wherein the universal adapter further comprises a diverter conduit which then connects to the input end of the hose.

16. The water propelled flying board of claim 15, wherein the universal adapter further comprises a mounting means functioning to provide a removable connection to a standard jet ski nozzle and a removable connection to the diverter conduit, one at a time, to an exit port of the universal adapter.

* * * * *

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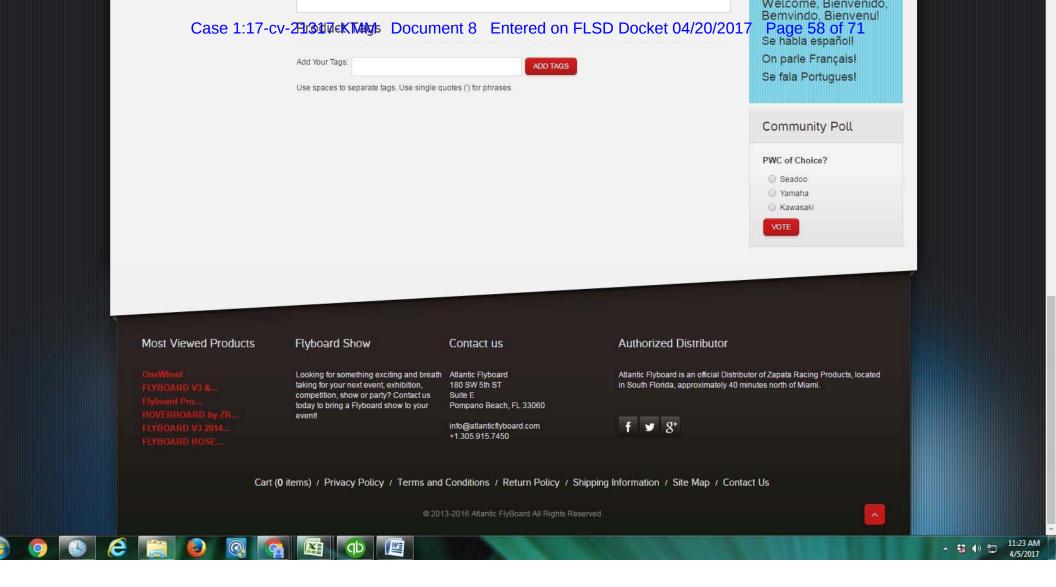
Exhibit "C"



Toys 💿	*PWC Adapter	Add to Wishlist	
Gear 💿	Please Select •	KAWASAKI ULTRA QUICK NOZZLE \$648.00	
Contact	* Required Fields	Add to Wishlist	
Newsletter	\$6,200.00	QUICK NOZZLE \$648.00 Add to Wishlist	
	Cty: 0 ADD TO CART	HONDA QUICK	
	Add to Wishlist Add to Compare	NOZZLE \$648.00 Add to Wishlist	
SUBSCRIBE	Description Additional Info Reviews		
	2015 Flyboard® Pro Series Kit comes complete ready to fly. This Kit includes everything* necessary for riding this	My Cart	
	amazing newly redesigned flying machine from Franky Zapata and features the new Standard Rider Hose which has been beefed up this year. Select either Medium (men's 6-11) or Large (men's 9-13) Bindings when ordering. This kit includes the following items: FB03A01 (1) Equipped Elbow Pipe FB03A03 (1) Hose Swivel FB03A08 (1) Equipped Pump Interface Plate FB02002 (1) 110mm Standard Main Hose 18 Meter FB02003 (4) ø104-112mm Main Hose Clamp FB02020 (1) Main Hose Strap FB02021 (1) Carabineer Hook FB02022 (1) Fastening Strap FB04B03 (1) Equipped Flyboard Pro Series Deck with Y Pipe *Requires a Bolt & Adapter Kit for connection to your particular PWC,	You have no items in your shopping cart.	
	sold separately.	Welcome, Bienvenido, Bemvindo, Bienvenu!	
	Product Tags		
		Se habla español!	
	Add Your Tags: ADD TAGS	On parle Français! Se fala Portugues!	
	Use spaces to separate tags. Use single quotes (') for phrases.	de laid i ortugues:	
		Community Poll	

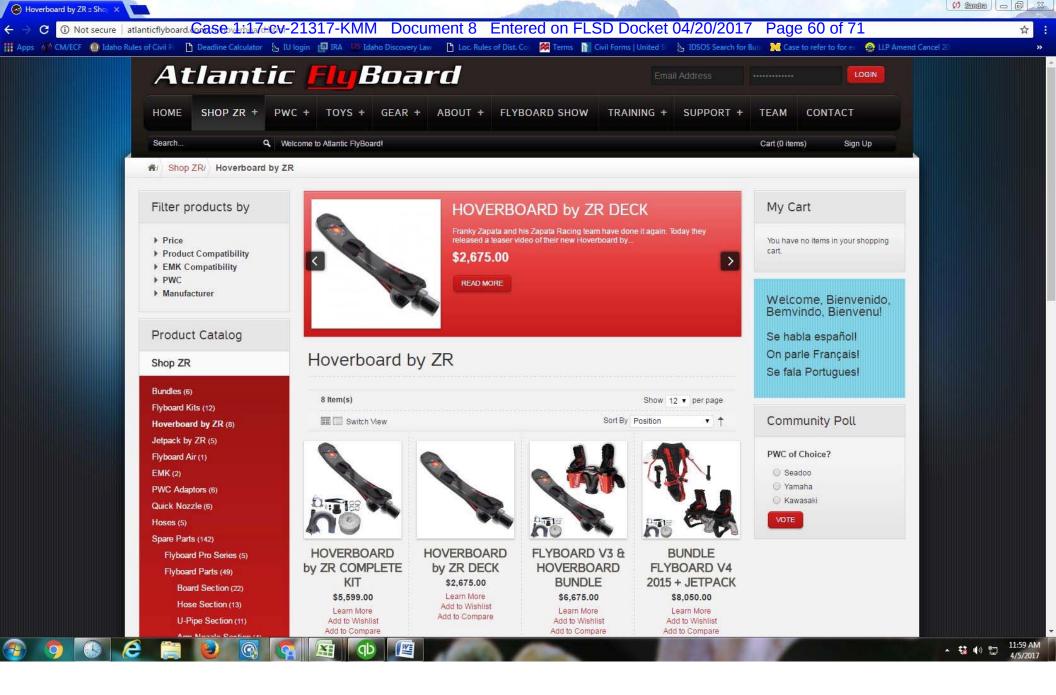
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Exhibit "D"



Hoverboard by ZR :: Sho ×

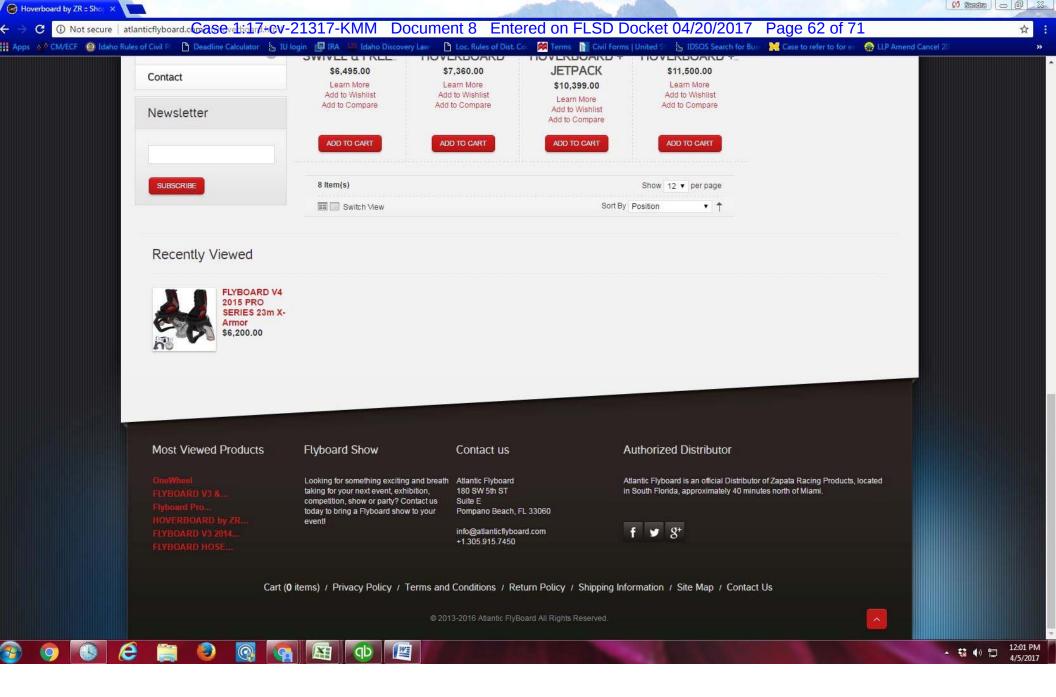
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Jetpack by ZR (5) Flyboard Air (1)			8_8		PWC of Choice?	
EMK (2)				(IN A	 Seadoo Yamaha 	
PWC Adaptors (6) Quick Nozzle (6)			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	▏▝▝♥▁▋▌	 Kawasaki 	
Hoses (5)		616	0.510	Pine Carl	VOTE	
Spare Parts (142)		-				
Flyboard Pro Series (5)	HOVERBOARD	HOVERBOARD	FLYBOARD V3 &	BUNDLE		
Flyboard Parts (49)	by ZR COMPLETE KIT	by ZR DECK \$2,675.00	HOVERBOARD BUNDLE	FLYBOARD V4 2015 + JETPACK		
Board Section (22)	\$5,599.00	Learn More	\$6,675.00	\$8,050.00		
Hose Section (13)	Learn More	Add to Wishlist Add to Compare	Learn More	Learn More		
U-Pipe Section (11) Arm Nozzle Section (4)	Add to Wishlist Add to Compare		Add to Wishlist Add to Compare	Add to Wishlist Add to Compare		
Hoverboard Parts (1)						
Jetpack Parts (1)						
EMK Parts (36)	ADD TO CART	ADD TO CART	ADD TO CART	ADD TO CART		
Servo & PWC Section (19)					
Hose Section (9)		📕 👗 📕				
Board Section (12)						
Quick Nozzle Parts (14) Flyboard Training (4)						
Tools (1)	Date:	Parties Andread		Partie Parts		
PWC				00		
Toys	BUNDLE FLYBOARD V4	BUNDLE FLYBOARD V4	BUNDLE FLYBOARD V4	BUNDLE FLYBOARD V4		
20	2015 DUAL	2015 &	2015 +	2015 +		
Gear	SWIVEL & FREE	HOVERBOARD	HOVERBOARD +	HOVERBOARD +		
Contact	\$6,495.00 Learn More	\$7,360.00 Learn More	JETPACK \$10,399.00	\$11,500.00 Learn More		
Newsletter	Add to Wishlist Add to Compare	Add to Wishlist Add to Compare	Learn More Add to Wishlist Add to Compare	Add to Wishlist Add to Compare		
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Exhibit "E"



FlyBoard® 6/2017 Flyboard Pro Series Kit by Zapata Racing



New Products | Zapata Racing

Select your Binding Size *Required

Select Below:

Select Your Flyboard Adapter Kit *Required

Choose Your Adapter Below: -

Upgrade to 2016 Double Swivel U-Pipe

Select Below:

Upgrade to the PowerFly DXP Pro Hose to go with your Kit OR a Longer X-Armor Hose

Choose your DXP Pro Hose Opti

Add the PowerFly Shock System PRO

Select Below to Add:



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Quantity
1
Price:

\$5,612.00



The New Flyboard Pro Series is now available from PowerFly Products. This is the complete kit with X-Armor 18 meter hose. Add upgrades and different variations to your Flyboard Kit here.

Flyboard® Pro Series is the evolution of the Flyboard® Legend. Asides from its appearance, Flyboard® Pro Series offers many new features and innovations. Among them is the Secure Twist system allowing the board to rotate on its axis from 10 to 20° with the force of the riders legs. This innovation is equipped with a return spring, allowing the rider to return to a neutral position, as well as stops to lock and limit the spin angle. This new board also has an ultra-resistant, transparent nozzles pipe made with plastic. (For those who purchase now with a black nozzle system, a transparent nozzle system will be shipped directly to you once available.) Zapata Racing's design team performed all tests and measurements of force and torque with advanced software comparable to those used in the design of Formula 1 vehicles. You are required to select an adapter kit in order to adapt the Flyboard to your personal watercraft.

The Flyboard® Pro Series kit:

- 1 pair of bindings
- 1 rotation system equipped with specific bearings
- 1 X-Armor Hose (18 meters)
- 1 U pipe which reverses the PWC water outlet (You can upgrade to the 2016 Double Swivel U-Pipe from the menu above – click here for additional details)
- 1 quick clip for an easy uncoupling between the Flyboard® and the PWC

** If you already own a 2014 Complete Flyboard Kit and you just want to upgrade your board, you can purchase the stand alone board only – click here.



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** If you already own a 2014 Complete Flyboard Kit and you just want to upgrade your board, you can purchase the stand alone board only - click here.

INNOVATIONS

Hydrodynamic efficiency improved by 32%

35% lighter than previous Flyboard® models

Rotating on its axis (from 10 to 20 degrees)

Index pin to lock the spin function and adapt to the users level

Adjustable Nozzles: Change the diameter, orientation and angle; forward or backwards to optimize the use and compatibility with your PWC power

Larger and more stable foot plate

Futuristic design with a transparent hydraulic system allowing users to see the water flow

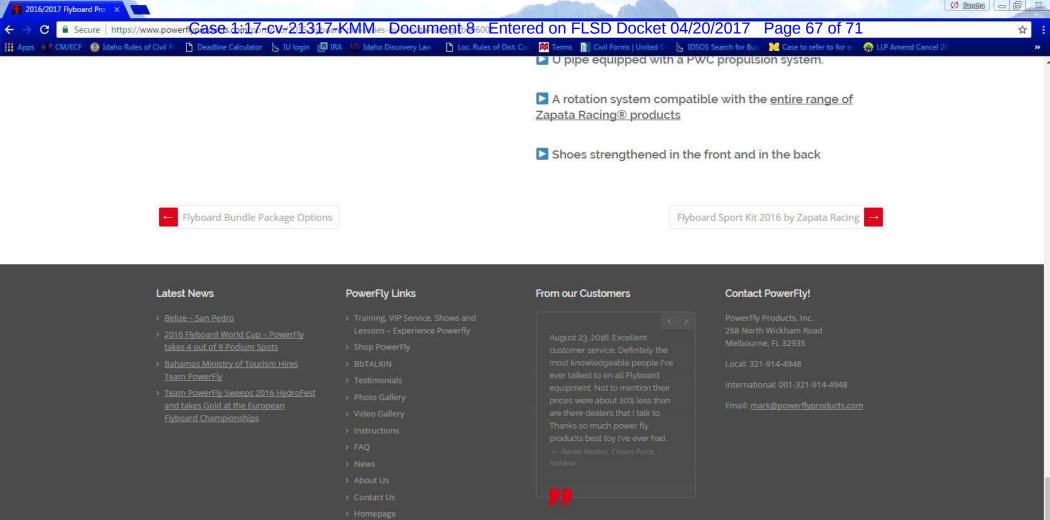
Turbine interface equipped with a Venturi effect (system) allowing an evacuation of the water while using the Flyboard®)

U pipe equipped with a PWC propulsion system.

A rotation system compatible with the entire range of Zapata Racing® products



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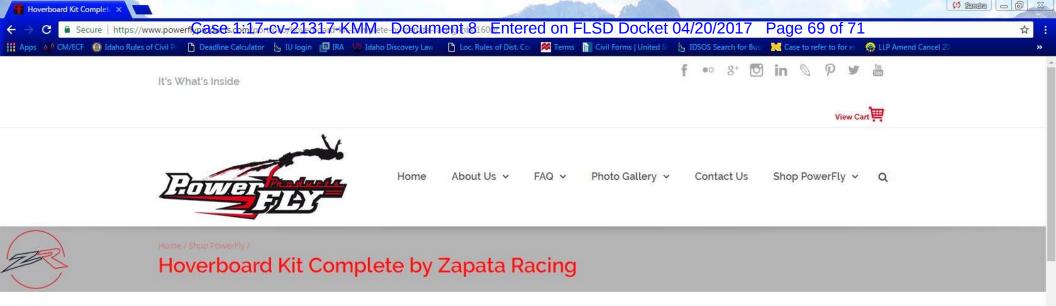


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Exhibit "F"





Zapata Racing

Select your Adapter Kit for your PWC *Required

Sele	t Below:	

Upgrade to 2016 Double Swivel U-Pipe

Select Below:

Add PowerFly DXP Pro Hose or 23m X-Armor



Add the PowerFly Shock System PRO

Select Below:



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Price:



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1 Price:

\$5,382.00

Add To Cart

The Hoverboard by ZR® is a hydro-propelled board, which allows the user to ride and surf in total freedom above the water. The Hoverboard connects to your PWC pump by a hose, the user can manage the board with ease and can reach up to 8 meters above the sea, to an average speed of 40 km/h. Many customers who have surf or wakeboard, love this new product. Spectators have compared this to the Hoverboard in the movie Back to the futureTM and the Fantastic Four's famous Silver surferTM. You are required to select an adapter kit in order to adapt the Hoverboard to your personal watercraft.

The Hoverboard by ZR® kit includes:

- Carbon fiber board equipped with foot straps and pads
- A propulsion system; an 'oval' made of foundry aluminium
- 1 X-Armor Hose at 18m (you can select different types/lengths of hoses here)
- A U pipe, allowing to invert the water exiting the PWC (You can upgrade to the 2016 Double Swivel U-Pipe from the menu above - click here for additional details)
- A fast clip interface allowing a rapid change between the Flyboard® and the PWC

If you already own a 2014-2015 Flyboard Kit, the connecting hardware is the same, therefore, you can purchase the individual Hoverboard and do not need to purchase the complete kit – click here.

INNOVATIONS

Molded board reinforced with Carbon Fiber, resistant to forces superior to 11 tons per m²



Hoverboard Kit Complet

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One Oval, founded from one piece of aluminum to decrease loss of pressure and power whilst also redirecting the water in the right direction

Change from goofy to regular mode without tools

Hoverboard by Zapata Racing - Stand Alone Board Only

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Stand Alone 2016/2017 Flyboard Sport by Zapata Racing

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👭 Hoverboard Kit Complet 🗙

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- > 2016 Flyboard World Cup PowerF takes 4 out of 9 Podium Spots
- <u>Bahamas Ministry of Tourism Hires</u> <u>Team PowerFly</u>
- Team PowerFly Sweeps 2016 HydroFest and takes Gold at the European Flyboard Championships

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From our Customers

August 23, 2016 Excellent customer service: Definitely the most knowledgeable people I've ever talked to on all Flyboard equipment. Not to mention their prices were about 20% less than are there dealers that I talk to. Thanks so much power fly products best toy I've ever had — Aaron Hacker, Crown Point, Indiana

Contact PowerFly!

PowerFly Products, Inc. 268 North Wickham Road Melbourne, FL 32935

Local: 321-914-4948

International: 001-321-914-4948

Email: mark@powerflyproducts.con

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