

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
AUSTIN DIVISION**

LUCIO DEVELOPMENT LLC,	§	
	§	
Plaintiff,	§	Case No: 1:17-cv-1155
	§	
vs.	§	PATENT CASE
	§	
NXP SEMICONDUCTORS USA, INC.,	§	
	§	
Defendant.	§	
	§	

COMPLAINT

Plaintiff Lucio Development LLC (“Plaintiff” or “Lucio”) files this Complaint against NXP Semiconductors USA, Inc. (“Defendant” or “NXP”) for infringement of United States Patent No. 7,069,546 (hereinafter “the ‘546 Patent”).

PARTIES AND JURISDICTION

1. This is an action for patent infringement under Title 35 of the United States Code. Plaintiff is seeking injunctive relief as well as damages.
2. Jurisdiction is proper in this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 (Federal Question) and 1338(a) (Patents) because this is a civil action for patent infringement arising under the United States patent statutes.
3. Plaintiff is a Texas limited liability company with its office address at 555 Republic Dr., Suite 200, Plano, Texas 75074.
4. On information and belief, Defendant is a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business located at 1109 McKay Drive, San Jose, CA 95131.
5. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because Defendant has

committed, and continues to commit, acts of infringement in this District, has conducted business in this District, and/or has engaged in continuous and systematic activities in this District.

6. On information and belief, Defendant's instrumentalities that are alleged herein to infringe were and continue to be used, imported, offered for sale, and/or sold in this District.

VENUE

7. Venue is proper in this District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1400(b) because acts of infringement are occurring in this District and Defendant has a regular and established place of business in this District. For instance, on information and belief, Defendant has a regular and established place of business at 6501 W. William Cannon Dr., Austin, TX 78735.

COUNT I
(INFRINGEMENT OF UNITED STATES PATENT NO. 7,069,546)

8. Plaintiff incorporates paragraphs 1 through 7 herein by reference.

9. This cause of action arises under the patent laws of the United States and, in particular, under 35 U.S.C. §§ 271, *et seq.*

10. Plaintiff is the owner by assignment of the '546 Patent with sole rights to enforce the '546 Patent and sue infringers.

11. A copy of the '546 Patent, titled "Generic Framework for Embedded Software Development," is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

12. The '546 Patent is valid, enforceable, and was duly issued in full compliance with Title 35 of the United States Code.

13. On information and belief, Defendant has infringed and continues to infringe one or more claims, including at least Claim 1, of the '546 Patent by making, using, importing, selling, and/or offering for sale a software platform for embedded software development,

which is covered by at least Claim 1 of the ‘546 Patent. Defendant has infringed and continues to infringe the ‘546 Patent directly in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271.

14. Defendant, sells, offers to sell, and/or uses embedded software development packages including, without limitation, the MCUXpresso software and tools (including, without limitation, MCUXpresso SDKilinx and MCUXpresso Config Tools), and any similar products (“Product”), which infringe at least Claim 1 of the ‘546 Patent.

15. The Product is a framework that is configured to create embedded software for multiple hardware modules (e.g., versions of a microcontroller, such as Kinetis and/or LPC). Defendant and/or its customers use the Product to produce embedded software. Certain elements of this limitation are illustrated in the screenshots below and in the screenshots referenced in connection with other elements herein.

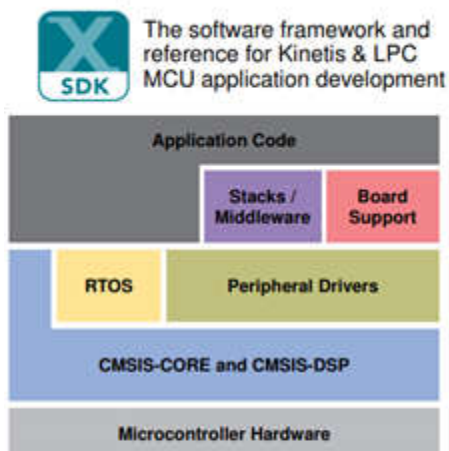
MCUXpresso Software and Tools

- Common toolkit across Kinetis and LPC microcontrollers
- Easy to use
- High quality
- Shared software experience and broader portfolio support
- Offers easy migration and scalability
- Supports large ARM® Cortex®-M ecosystem
- Built on the ‘best of’ Kinetis SDK, LPCXpresso and Kinetis Design Studio IDEs



Source: <https://www.nxp.com/docs/en/supporting-information/APF-DES-T2744-MCUXpresssor.pdf>

MCUXpresso SDK



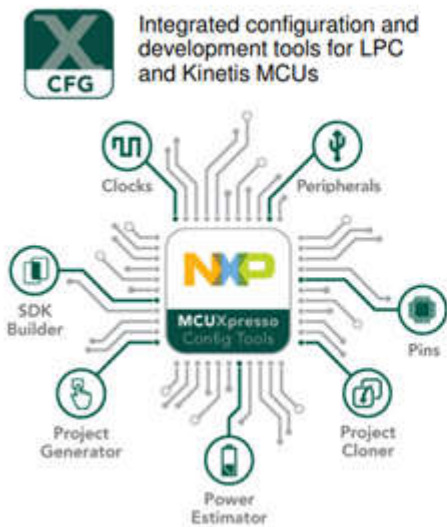
Product Features

- Architecture:**
- CMSIS-CORE compatible
 - Single driver for each peripheral
 - Transactional APIs w/ optional DMA support for communication peripherals
- Integrated RTOS:**
- FreeRTOS v9
 - RTOS-native driver wrappers
- Integrated Stacks and Middleware**
- USB Host, Device and OTG
 - lwIP, FatFS
 - Crypto acceleration plus wolfSSL & mbedTLS
 - SD and eMMC card support
- Reference Software:**
- Peripheral driver usage examples
 - Application demos
 - FreeRTOS usage demos
- License:**
- BSD 3-clause for startup, drivers, USB stack
- Toolchains:**
- MCUXpresso IDE
 - IAR®, ARM® Keil®, GCC w/ Cmake
- Quality**
- Production-grade software
 - MISRA 2004 compliance
 - Checked with Coverity® static analysis tools



Source: <https://www.nxp.com/docs/en/supporting-information/APF-DES-T2744-MCUXpresso.pdf>

MCUXpresso Config Tools



MCUXpresso Config Tools is a suite of evaluation and configuration tools that helps guide users from first evaluation to production software development.

- **SDK Builder** packages custom SDKs based on user selections of MCU, evaluation board, and optional software components.
- **Pins, Clocks, and Peripheral** tools generate initialization C code for custom board support. Features validation of inputs and cross-tool conflict resolution.
- **Project Generator** creates new SDK projects with generated Pins and Clocks source files.
- **Project Cloning** creates a standalone SDK project based on an example application available within SDK release.
- **Power Estimation** tool provides energy and battery-life estimates based on a user's application model. Available as a standalone tool for select devices.



16. The Product provides one or more generic application handler programs (e.g., MCUXpresso includes a CMSIS-CORE and CMSIS-DSP Hardware Abstraction Layer (HAL) as well as middleware that provide multiple generic application programming interfaces

(APIs). The generic programs comprise computer program code for performing generic application functions common to multiple types of hardware modules used in a communication environment (e.g., the generic code provides common and generic functions to multiple hardware modules (versions of a microcontroller, such as the Kinetis and/or LPC)). CMSIS provides vendor-independent hardware abstraction layer with generic drivers such as USB, USART, SPI, NAND, Flash, I2C and Ethernet. NXP Semiconductors includes CMSIS HAL code and middleware code in each MCUXpresso SDK distribution as well as in each custom SDK generated using MCUXpresso Config Tools. Such code is contained in at least the “CMSIS” and “middleware” folders. Certain elements of this limitation are illustrated in the screenshots below and in the screenshots referenced in connection with other elements herein.

MCUXpresso SDK

SDK The software framework and reference for Kinetis & LPC MCU application development

Application Code

- Stacks / Middlewares
- Board Support

RTOS **Peripheral Drivers**

CMSIS-CORE and CMSIS-DSP

Microcontroller Hardware

Product Features

Architecture:

- CMSIS-CORE compatible
- Single driver for each peripheral
- Transactional APIs w/ optional DMA support for communication peripherals

Integrated RTOS:

- FreeRTOS v9
- RTOS-native driver wrappers

Integrated Stacks and Middleware

- USB Host, Device and OTG
- lwIP, FatFS
- Crypto acceleration plus wolfSSL & mbedTLS
- SD and eMMC card support

Reference Software:

- Peripheral driver usage examples
- Application demos
- FreeRTOS usage demos

License:

- BSD 3-clause for startup, drivers, USB stack

Toolchains:

- MCUXpresso IDE
- IAR®, ARM® Keil®, GCC w/ Cmake

Quality

- Production-grade software
- MISRA 2004 compliance
- Checked with Coverity® static analysis tools

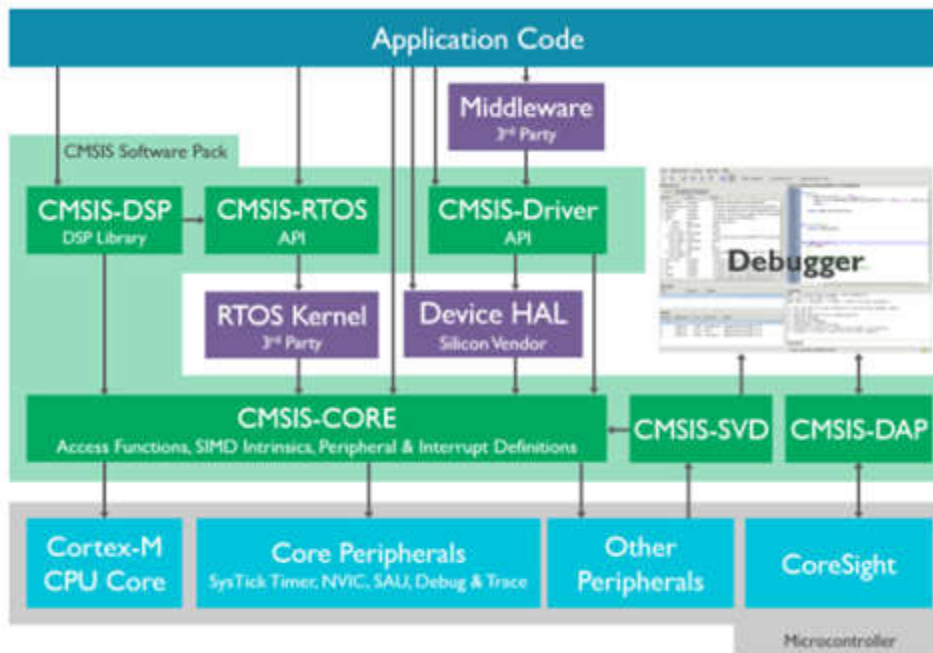
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CMSIS COMPLIANT **FreeRTOS** **USB** **Open Source Initiative** **NXP**

Source: <https://www.nxp.com/docs/en/supporting-information/APF-DES-T2744-MCUXpresso.pdf>

Starting from CMSIS-CORE, a vendor-independent hardware abstraction layer for Cortex-M processors, CMSIS has since expanded into areas such as software component management and reference debugger interfaces. Creation of software is a major cost factor in the embedded industry. Standardizing the software interfaces across all Cortex-M silicon vendor products, especially when creating new projects or migrating existing software to a new device, means significant cost reductions.

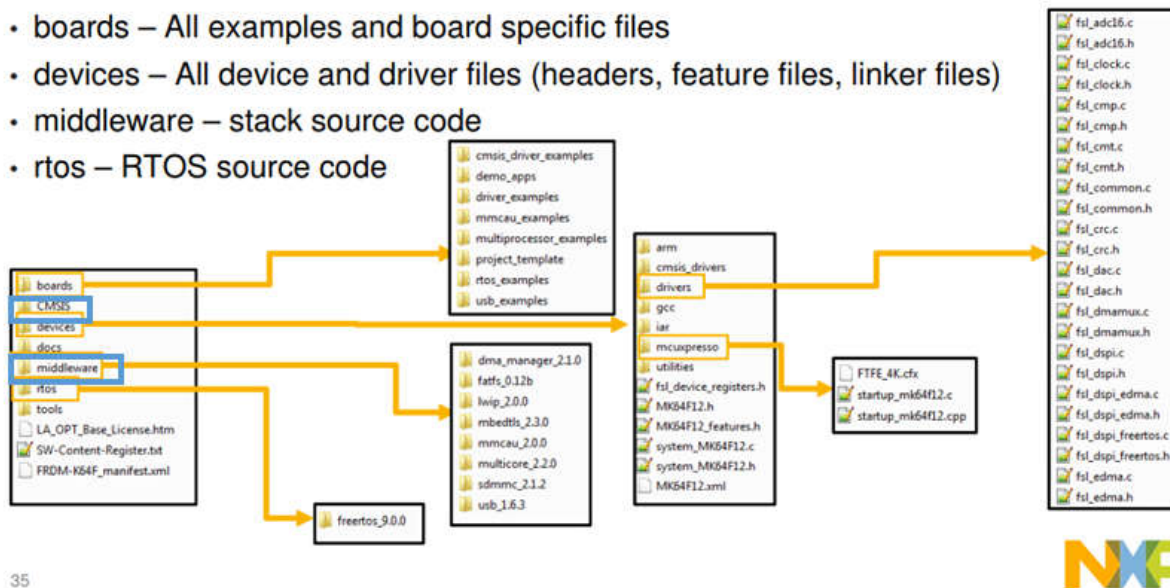
CMSIS is defined in close cooperation with various silicon and software vendors and provides a common approach to interface to peripherals, real-time operating systems, and middleware components. It simplifies software reuse, reducing the learning curve for new microcontroller developers and cutting the time-to market for devices.



Source: <https://developer.arm.com/embedded/cmsis>

MCUXpresso SDK File Structure

- boards – All examples and board specific files
- devices – All device and driver files (headers, feature files, linker files)
- middleware – stack source code
- rtos – RTOS source code



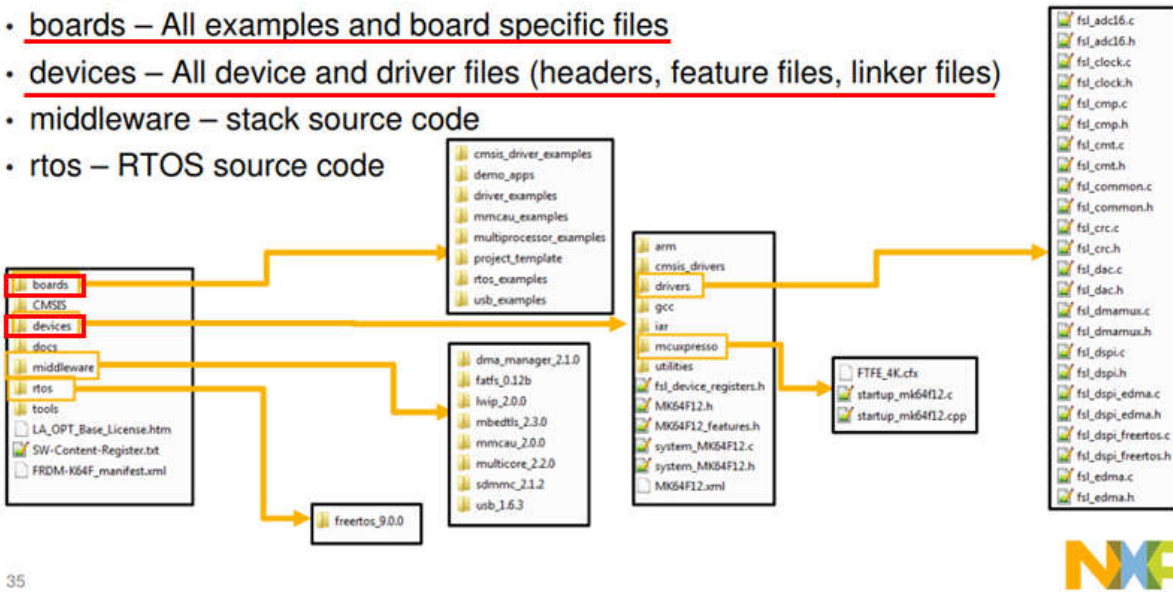
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Source: <https://www.nxp.com/docs/en/supporting-information/APF-DES-T2744-MCUXpresso.pdf>

17. The Product includes generating specific application handler code to associate the generic functions with the specific functions at a device driver for at least one of the types of hardware modules. For example, in addition to the generic CMSIS HAL and middleware code, SDKs distributed and/or generated by NXP Semiconductors using MCUXpresso SDK and/or MCUXpresso Config Tools include board-specific and device-specific files that are specific to particular Kinetis and/or LPC microcontrollers. Certain elements of this limitation are illustrated in the screenshots below and in the screenshots referenced in connection with other elements herein.

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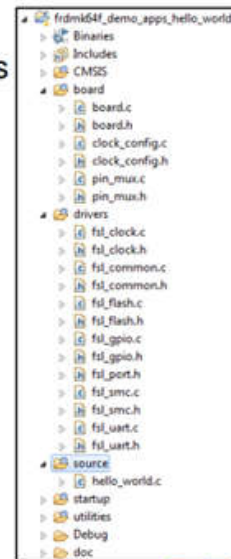


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Source: <https://www.nxp.com/docs/en/supporting-information/APF-DES-T2744-MCUXpresso.pdf>

MCUXpresso SDK Projects

- All source files are included in the example application projects
- Drivers are found under the **drivers** folder
- Board specific files under the board folder
- Application specific files under **source** folder



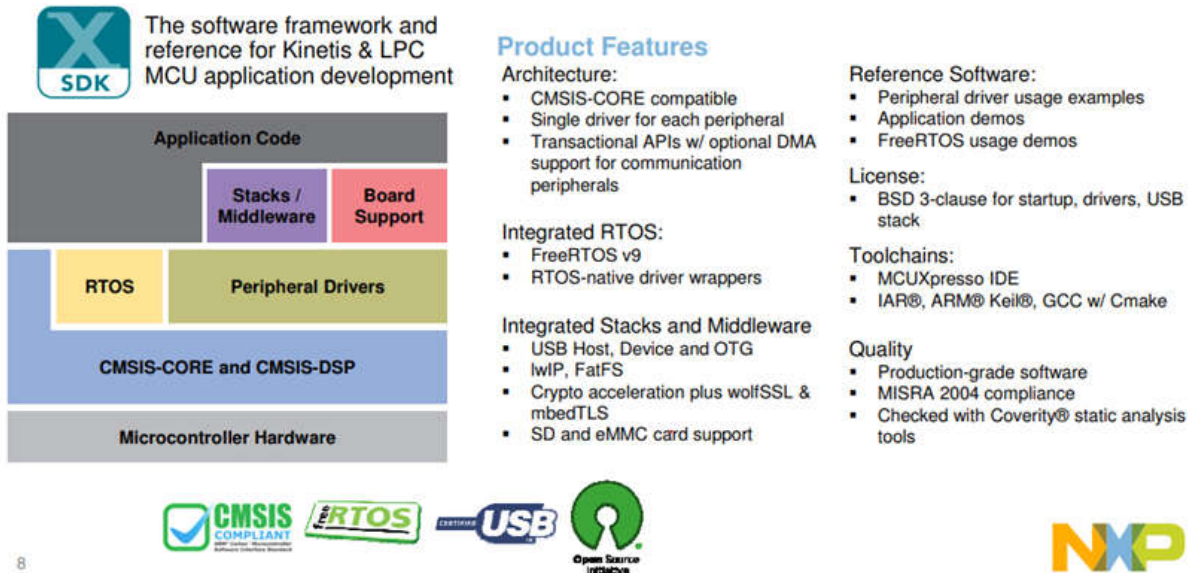
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Source: <https://www.nxp.com/docs/en/supporting-information/APF-DES-T2744-MCUXpresso.pdf>

18. The Product generates specific application handler code and defines a specific element in the specific code to be handled by one of the generic application functions for that hardware module. For example, the board-specific code in each MCUXpresso SDK package is

contained within the folder named “board,” the processor-specific code is within the folder named “devices,” while the application specific code is contained within the folder named “source.” The specific elements such as one or more functions in this specific application handler code are defined to be handled by one or more generic application functions in the CMSIS HAL. When specific functions are written for handling defined specific elements, the specific functions must be registered. The HAL, middleware and/or board- and device-specific code accordingly contains data structures that register and embed the required functions. Certain elements of this limitation are illustrated in the screenshots below and in the screenshots referenced in connection with other elements herein.

MCUXpresso SDK



The software framework and reference for Kinetis & LPC MCU application development

Architecture:

- Application Code
- Stacks / Middleware
- Board Support
- RTOS
- Peripheral Drivers
- CMSIS-CORE and CMSIS-DSP
- Microcontroller Hardware

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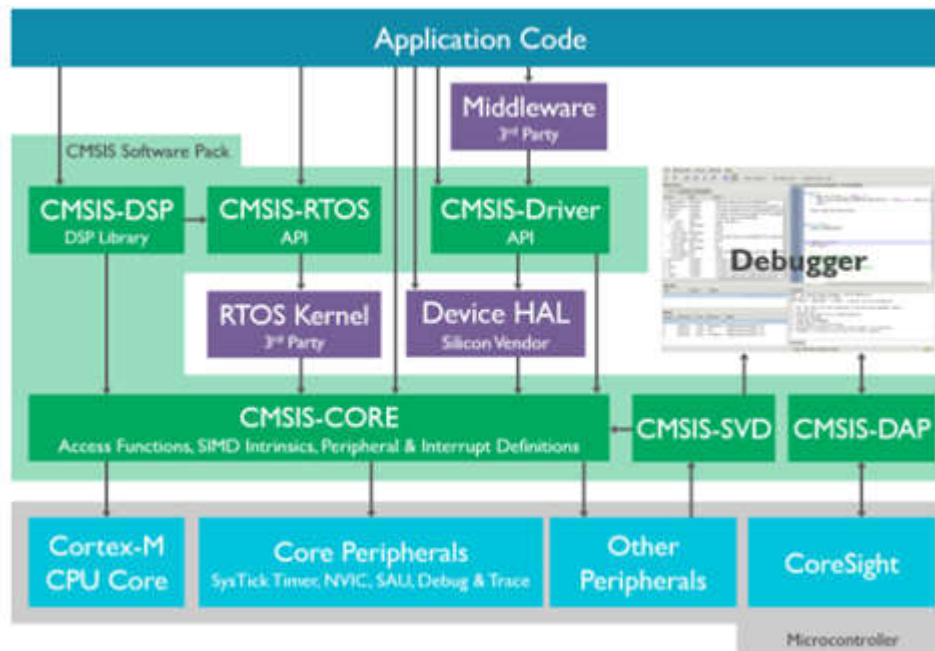
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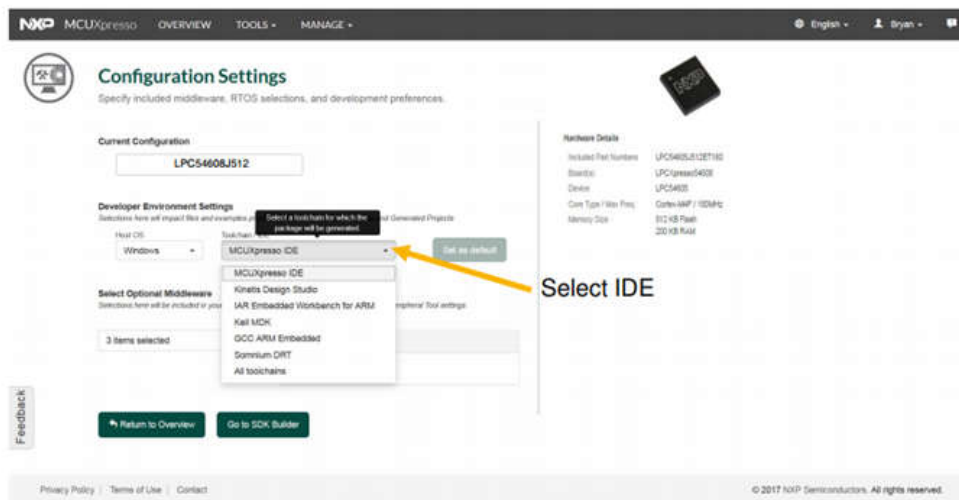
CMSIS is defined in close cooperation with various silicon and software vendors and provides a common approach to interface to peripherals, real-time operating systems, and middleware components. It simplifies software reuse, reducing the learning curve for new microcontroller developers and cutting the time-to-market for devices.



Source: <https://developer.arm.com/embedded/cmsis>

19. When a specific application is needed for a particular hardware, the generic functions and the specific functions are compiled together to yield a machine readable code. NXP Semiconductors and/or its customers compile the generic functions and the specific functions using MCUXpresso IDE or any other IDE supported by the MCUXpresso framework. Certain elements of this limitation are illustrated in the screenshots below and in the screenshots referenced in connection with other elements herein.

Additional Configuration Settings: Choose an IDE



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Source: <https://www.nxp.com/docs/en/supporting-information/APF-DES-T2744-MCUXpresso.pdf>



20. Defendant's actions complained of herein will continue unless Defendant is enjoined by this court.

21. Defendant's actions complained of herein are causing irreparable harm and monetary damage to Plaintiff and will continue to do so unless and until Defendant is enjoined and restrained by this Court.

22. Plaintiff is in compliance with 35 U.S.C. § 287.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff asks the Court to:

(a) Enter judgment for Plaintiff on this Complaint on all causes of action asserted herein;

(b) Enter an Order enjoining Defendant, its agents, officers, servants, employees, attorneys, and all persons in active concert or participation with Defendant who receive notice of the order from further infringement of United States Patent No. 7,069,546 (or, in the alternative, awarding Plaintiff a running royalty from the time of judgment going forward);

(c) Award Plaintiff damages resulting from Defendant's infringement in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 284;

(d) Award Plaintiff pre-judgment and post-judgment interest and costs; and

(e) Award Plaintiff such further relief to which the Court finds Plaintiff entitled under law or equity.

Dated: December 11, 2017

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Jay Johnson

JAY JOHNSON

State Bar No. 24067322

D. BRADLEY KIZZIA

State Bar No. 11547550

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ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFF

EXHIBIT A