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7		NATE OF COLUMN
8	UNITED STATES I	DISTRICT COURT
9	NORTHERN DISTRIC	CT OF CALIFORNIA
10	SAN FRANCIS	CO DIVISION
11	SOFTWARE RESEARCH, INC.,	CASE NO. 3:19-CV-1991
12	Plaintiff,	
13	V.	COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT
14	TRICENTIS GmbH, TRICENTIS USA Corp.,	JURY TRIAL DEMANDED
15	and DOES 1 through 10,	
16	Defendants.	
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Plaintiff Software Research, Inc. ("SRI"), for its Complaint against Defendants Tricentis GmbH and Tricentis USA Corp. (together, "Tricentis"), as well as Does 1 through 10 (collectively, along with Tricentis, "Defendants"), upon information and belief, states and alleges as follows:

#### **NATURE OF THE ACTION**

- 1. This is a civil action for patent infringement arising under the patent laws of the United States, Title 35 of the United States Code.
- 2. As set forth in more detail below, Defendants have been infringing United States Patent Nos. 7,757,175 (the "'175 Patent"); 8,327,271 (the "'271 Patent"); 8,392,890 (the "'890 Patent"); 8,495,585 (the "'585 Patent"); 8,650,493 (the "'493 Patent"), and 8,984,491 (the "'491 Patent") (collectively, the "Patents-in-Suit"), and continue to do so through the present date.

#### **THE PARTIES**

- 3. SRI is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of California with its principal place of business in this District.
- 4. Upon information and belief, Tricentis GmbH is an Austrian corporation with its principal place of business at Leonard-Bernstein-Straße 10, 1220 Vienna, Austria.
- 5. Upon information and belief, Tricentis USA Corp. is a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business at 30 Montgomery St. 6th Floor, Suite 605, Jersey City, NJ 07302, and its principal place of business in California at 2570 W. El Camino Real, Suite 540, Mountain View, CA 94040.
- 6. Upon information and belief, Defendants Does 1 through 10 are directors, officers, employees, representatives, and/or agents of Tricentis who participated and/or are currently participating in the use, development, sale, offer for sale, import, offer for import, and/or other commercialization of software offerings that infringe one or more of the Patents-in-Suit. The true identities of Defendants Does 1 through 10 are presently unknown to SRI; SRI will amend its complaint to state such names when they become known to SRI through discovery and/or continued investigation.
- 7. Unless specifically stated otherwise, the acts complained of herein were committed by, on behalf of, and/or for the benefit of Tricentis.

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### **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

- 8. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).
- 9. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendants because (a) they have committed the acts of patent infringement complained of herein, including but not limited to offering for sale or selling infringing products embodying SRI's patented invention, in this State and this District, and/or (b) they have directed their acts of infringement and the other unlawful acts complained of herein at this State and this District.
- 10. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendants for the additional reason that they have engaged in systematic and continuous contacts with this State and this District by, *inter alia*, regularly conducting and soliciting business in this State and this District, and deriving substantial revenue from products and/or services provided to persons in this State and this District.
- 11. Venue is proper in this District under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) because a substantial part of the acts complained of herein occurred in this District, Defendants transact business in this District, Defendants reside in this District, and/or the property that is the subject of this action is situated in this District.
- 12. With respect to Tricentis GmbH, venue is proper in this District under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(c)(3) because "a defendant not resident in the United States may be sued in any judicial district." *Id*.
- 13. With respect to all Defendants other than Tricentis GmbH, venue is proper in this District under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(c)-(d) and 1400(b) because (i) those Defendants reside in this District; and (ii) those Defendants have committed acts of infringement and have a regular and established place of business in this District.

### **BACKGROUND**

- 14. Defendants develop web application monitoring and scripting tool software products titled, upon information and belief, "Tricentis Tosca" (hereinafter, "Tosca"). *See* https://www.tricentis.com/products/automate-continuous-testing-tosca/.
  - 15. Defendants offer for sale and sell Tosca to the public.

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- 16. Defendants use Tosca, including at least in order to test Tosca as part of their development efforts.
- 17. Tosca is a software testing tool used to automate testing of software applications, including web-based applications.
- 18. Tosca includes functionality Defendants refer to as "Tosca XBrowser Engine 3.0." See

https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals\_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=engines\_3 .0/xbrowser/xbrowser.htm.

- 19. Tosca XBrowser Engine 3.0 ("Tosca XBrowser") "can be used to test web applications." Id.
- Tosca includes functionality Defendants refer to as "Tosca Recorder." See 20. https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals\_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=tbox/recor der xscan.htm.
- Tosca Recorder ("Tosca Recorder") "allows you to record controls of your test 21. application." Id.

### **COUNT I – INFRINGEMENT OF THE '175 PATENT**

- 22. SRI re-alleges and incorporates the allegations of the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
- 23. SRI is the assignee and owner of all right, title, and interest in and to the '175 Patent, which was issued on July 13, 2010. A true and correct copy of the '175 Patent is attached hereto as Exhibit A.
- 24. The '175 Patent addresses an invention for testing websites. This disclosed innovation tests many facets of the website's experience and operation, including by providing novel approaches to creating, storing, and executing test scripts using website elements as opposed to the previously disclosed use of recording test scripts based upon user actions only.
- 25. SRI has the exclusive right to make, use, sell, and offer to sell any product embodying the '175 Patent throughout the United States, and to import any product embodying the '175 Patent into the United States.

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- 26. SRI has commercially exploited the '175 Patent by making, marketing, selling, and using products covered by the '175 Patent, including its popular eValid<sup>TM</sup> software products. SRI continues to commercially exploit the '175 Patent through the present, at least by continuing to provide maintenance and support to users of its popular eValid<sup>TM</sup> software products.
- 27. Defendants have had knowledge of the '175 Patent, SRI, and SRI's products embodying the inventions claimed in the Patents-in-Suit since at least as early as the filing of this Complaint.
- 28. At all relevant times, SRI provided public notice of the '175 Patent at least by properly marking its products and its website pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 287(a).
- 29. Defendants have been, and are currently, directly infringing at least claim 11 of the '175 Patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a), literally or under the doctrine of equivalents, by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing into the United States certain website testing software, including without limitation Defendants' web application monitoring and scripting tool software products titled, upon information and belief, Tosca and/or other related software products and services offered by Tricentis (Defendants' "Infringing Products"), which, as set forth in documentation available on Tricentis's website, comprise the non-transitory computer readable media disclosed in the '175 Patent—both as maintained in Defendants' files and those of users to whom Defendants offer and sell the Infringing Products—including at least computer program code stored therein for providing a test-enabled web browser for operation on a computing device to test a website hosted by a remote server, the website having at least one webpage (for example, Tosca "automates tests across all layers of modern enterprise architectures—from the API, to web, mobile, and custom/packaged app UIs, to BI and data warehouses," https://www.tricentis.com/wpcontent/uploads/2019/01/20180313 Tricentis-Tosca Fact Sheet.pdf; Tosca XBrowser as used with a web browser is a test-enabled web browser that "can be used to test web applications," https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals\_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=engines\_3 .0/xbrowser/xbrowser.htm; the website, necessarily including at least one webpage, necessarily resides on a remote server; and Tosca utilizes any number of browsers as its "test-enabled browser," id.); web browsing components (for example, Tosca allows a user to browse the web via common

1	web browsing activities, such as opening a website
2	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/open_url.htm),
3	clicking on a screen position
4	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/html_clickonscreen
5	.htm), and firing events
6	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.
7	htm)); a page evaluation component that operates to read, extract, and analyze and confirm the
8	contents of page components, including Document Object Model (DOM) elements with their
9	associated at least one index and their values (for example, Tosca allows for the creation of test
10	scripts, called "TestCases"
11	(https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=tbox/reco
12	rder_xscan.htm) to test websites by recording a user's interactions with the web page in question
13	(https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=tbox/reco
14	rder_xscan.htm) and allowing the user to play back those test scripts
15	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/creating_events.htm?H
16	ighlight=create%20and%20execute%20testevents); Tosca interrogates the DOM to identify and
17	extract relevant information regarding at least the page elements germane to the script, including each
18	such element's index and value, and stores those details in the test script
19	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=created
20	e%20testcases#Verifycontrols-VerificationMode); these page elements are located based on their
21	DOM indexes
22	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/wizard_settings_html.l
23	tm?Highlight=setdomclick;
24	https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.l
25	<u>tm</u> ;
26	https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.l
27	tm; https://support.tricentis.com/community/article.do?number=KB0013563)); a test data component
28	that operates to store facts about the at least one webpage (for example, Tosca's Verify controls—

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Verification Mode" "allow[] you to verify controls of your test application," which necessarily
requires the storage of facts about the webpage—these facts are "saved to the according control in the
TestCase" against which Tosca validates the web page being rendered
(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=created
e%20testcases#Verifycontrols-VerificationMode)); a graphical user interface to provide user access
to at least said web browsing components and at least one of said page evaluation components and
said test data component (Tosca has a graphical user interface that provides access to the web
browsing components and both the page evaluation and test data components
(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tutorial/creating_test_cases.htm?Highligh
<u>=create%20testcases</u> ), as disclosed in the '175 Patent.

- 30. Defendants will, on information and belief, continue to directly infringe the '175 Patent unless enjoined.
- 31. To the extent Defendants' Infringing Products, without more, do not directly infringe at least claim 11 of the '175 Patent, at least as of the filing of this Complaint, Defendants contribute to infringement of the same under 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) inasmuch as the Infringing Products offered for sale and sold by Defendants are each a component of a patented machine or an apparatus used in practicing a patented process, constituting a material part of SRI's invention, knowing the same to be especially made or especially adapted for use in infringement of the '175 Patent. For example, as set forth above, Tosca, when used in its normal and intended usage (pursuant to the instructions set forth on Tricentis's website), infringes claim 11 of the '175 Patent. See supra, ¶ 29.
- 32. Defendants will, on information and belief, continue to contribute to infringement of the '175 Patent unless enjoined.

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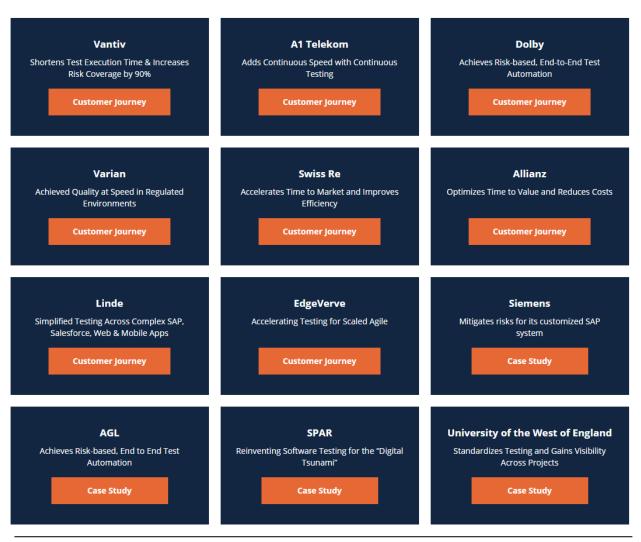
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33. Defendants actively encourage their customers to use Defendants' Infringing Products in an infringing manner. For example, Defendants' website is replete with written directions, screenshots, and videos instructing users on how to use the Infringing Products in an infringing manner. For example, as set forth above, Defendants' website regarding Tosca specifically instructs users of the Infringing Products how to infringe claim 11 of the '175 patent. *See supra*, ¶ 29. Defendants' website also touts the identities of customers who use the Infringing Products, each of whom is a direct infringer inasmuch as they use the Infringing Products in the infringing manner as instructed by Defendants:

### Meet our customers

At Tricentis, we measure our own success by that of our customers. Learn how we help enterprises deliver the highest quality and user experience in every release.



https://www.tricentis.com/test-automation-success/.

- 34. Upon information and belief, and particularly by way of the detailed documentation instructing users on how to use the Infringing Products in an infringing manner (*see supra*, ¶¶ 29, 33), Defendants have encouraged this infringement with knowledge of the '175 Patent and with a specific intent to cause their customers and distributors to infringe.
- 35. Defendants' acts at least as of the filing of this Complaint thus constitute active inducement of patent infringement in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b).
- 36. Defendants will, on information and belief, continue to induce infringement of the '175 Patent unless enjoined.
- 37. Defendants' direct infringement, contributory infringement, and inducement of infringement have irreparably harmed SRI.
- 38. Defendants will, on information and belief, continue to irreparably harm SRI unless enjoined.
- 39. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284, SRI is entitled to damages adequate to compensate for the infringement but in no event less than a reasonable royalty.
- 40. Defendants' infringement has been and is willful and, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284, SRI is entitled to treble damages. Defendants' willful infringement is based at least on Defendants' knowledge of SRI, its products, and its patents since at least as early as the filing of this Complaint. Defendants have either willfully and wantonly infringed the '175 Patent or have recklessly avoided knowledge of their own infringement, even when faced with knowledge of SRI's own products and the Patents-in-Suit.
- 41. This case is "exceptional" within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285, and SRI is entitled to an award of attorneys' fees.

### **COUNT II – INFRINGEMENT OF THE '271 PATENT**

42. SRI re-alleges and incorporates the allegations of the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.

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  - COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT

- 43. SRI is the assignee and owner of all right, title, and interest in and to the '271 Patent, which was issued on December 4, 2012. A true and correct copy of the '271 Patent is attached hereto as Exhibit B.
- 44. The '271 Patent addresses an invention for testing websites. This disclosed innovation tests many facets of the website's experience and operation, including by providing novel approaches to creating, storing, and executing test scripts using website elements as opposed to the previously disclosed use of recording test scripts based upon user actions only.
- 45. SRI has the exclusive right to make, use, sell, and offer to sell any product embodying the '271 Patent throughout the United States, and to import any product embodying the '271 Patent into the United States.
- 46. SRI has commercially exploited the '271 Patent by making, marketing, selling, and using products covered by the '271 Patent, including its popular eValid<sup>TM</sup> software products. SRI continues to commercially exploit the '271 Patent through the present, at least by continuing to provide maintenance and support to users of its popular eValid<sup>TM</sup> software products.
- 47. Defendants have had knowledge of the '271 Patent, SRI, and SRI's products embodying the inventions claimed in the Patents-in-Suit since at least as early as the filing of this Complaint.
- 48. At all relevant times, SRI provided public notice of the '271 Patent at least by properly marking its products and its website pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 287(a).
- 49. Defendants have been, and are currently, directly infringing at least claim 1 of the '271 Patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a), literally or under the doctrine of equivalents, by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing into the United States Defendants' Infringing Products, which, as set forth in documentation available on Defendants' website, comprise the non-transitory computer readable media disclosed in the '271 Patent—both as maintained in Defendants' files and those of the users to whom Defendants offer and sell the Infringing Products including at least computer program code stored therein for providing a test-enabled browser for testing a website residing on a network (for example, Tosca "automates tests across all layers of modern enterprise architectures—from the API, to web, mobile, and custom/packaged app UIs, to BI

1	and data warehouses," <a href="https://www.tricentis.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/01/20180313_Tricentis-">https://www.tricentis.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/01/20180313_Tricentis-</a>
2	Tosca_Fact_Sheet.pdf; Tosca XBrowser as used with a web browser is a test-enabled web browser
3	that "can be used to test web applications,"
4	https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=engines_3
5	<u>.0/xbrowser/xbrowser.htm</u> ; the website necessarily resides on a network; and Tosca utilizes any
6	number of browsers as its "test-enabled browser," id.); computer program code for interfacing with
7	web browsing components, the web browsing components including DOM access methods of the
8	web browsing components (for example, Tosca allows a user to browse the web via common web
9	browsing activities, such as opening a website
10	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/open_url.htm),
11	clicking on a screen position
12	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/html_clickonscreen
13	.htm), and firing events
14	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.
15	htm); and Tosca interrogates the DOM to identify and extract relevant information regarding at least
16	the page elements germane to the script, including each such element's index and value, and stores
17	those details in the test script
18	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=creat
19	e%20testcases#Verifycontrols-VerificationMode); these page elements are located based on their
20	DOM indexes
21	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/wizard_settings_html.h
22	tm?Highlight=setdomclick;
23	https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.h
24	<u>tm;</u>
25	https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.h
26	tm; https://support.tricentis.com/community/article.do?number=KB0013563)); computer program
27	code for rendering and examining at least one web page of the website so as to at least extract details
28	of organization and structure of elements of the webpage, and store such details of the web page in a

١	recorded script, such as recorded scripts generated through the testing component of Defendants'
	Infringing Products (for example, Tosca allows for the creation of test scripts, called "TestCases"
	(https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=tbox/reco
	rder_xscan.htm) to test websites by recording a user's interactions with the web page in question
	(https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=tbox/reco
	rder_xscan.htm) and allowing the user to play back those test scripts
	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/creating_events.htm?H
	ighlight=create%20and%20execute%20testevents); Tosca interrogates the DOM to identify and
	extract relevant information regarding at least the page elements germane to the script, including each
	such element's index and value, and stores those details in the test script
	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=creat
	e%20testcases#Verifycontrols-VerificationMode); Tosca's Verify controls—Verification Mode"
	"allow[] you to verify controls of your test application," which necessarily requires the storage of
	facts about the webpage—these facts are "saved to the according control in the TestCase" against
	which Tosca validates the web page being rendered
l	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=creat
	e%20testcases#Verifycontrols-VerificationMode); these page elements are located based on their
l	DOM indexes
l	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/wizard_settings_html.h
l	tm?Highlight=setdomclick;
l	https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.l
l	<u>tm</u> ;
l	https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.l
l	tm; https://support.tricentis.com/community/article.do?number=KB0013563)); computer program
l	code for selecting a validation test to be performed (for example, Tosca allows for the creation of test
	scripts, called "TestCases"
	(https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=tbox/reco
١	rder xscan.htm) to test websites by recording a user's interactions with the web page in question

l	(https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=tbox/reco
	rder_xscan.htm) and allowing the user to play back those test scripts
	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/creating_events.htm?H
	ighlight=create%20and%20execute%20testevents); and Tosca's Verify controls—Verification
	Mode" "allow[] you to verify controls of your test application," which necessarily requires the
	storage of facts about the webpage—these facts are "saved to the according control in the TestCase"
	against which Tosca validates the web page being rendered
	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=creater
	e%20testcases#Verifycontrols-VerificationMode)); and computer program code for performing the
	validation test using at least one of the DOM access methods of the web browsing components,
	wherein during the validation test, the at least one web page is newly rendered and details of
	organization and structure of elements for the at least one web page as newly rendered are accessed
	via the at least one of the DOM access methods and compared to the stored details in the recorded
	script (for example, Tosca allows for the creation of test scripts, called "TestCases"
	(https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=tbox/reco
	rder_xscan.htm) to test websites by recording a user's interactions with the web page in question
	(https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=tbox/reco
	rder_xscan.htm) and allowing the user to play back those test scripts
	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/creating_events.htm?H
	ighlight=create%20and%20execute%20testevents); Tosca interrogates the DOM to identify and
	extract relevant information regarding at least the page elements germane to the script, including each
	such element's index and value, and stores those details in the test script
	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=created
	e%20testcases#Verifycontrols-VerificationMode); Tosca's Verify controls—Verification Mode"
	"allow[] you to verify controls of your test application," which necessarily requires the storage of
	facts about the webpage—these facts are "saved to the according control in the TestCase" against
	which Tosca validates the web page being rendered
	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=creat

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1	e%20testcases#Verifycontrols-VerificationMode); and these page elements are located based on their
2	DOM indexes
3	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/wizard_settings_html.l
4	tm?Highlight=setdomclick;
5	https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.
6	<u>tm;</u>
7	https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.ld
8	tm; https://support.tricentis.com/community/article.do?number=KB0013563)), as disclosed in the
9	'271 Patent.

- 50. Defendants will, on information and belief, continue to directly infringe the '271 Patent unless enjoined.
- 51. To the extent Defendants' Infringing Products, without more, do not directly infringe at least claim 1 of the '271 Patent, at least as of the filing of this Complaint, Defendants contribute to infringement of the same under 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) inasmuch as the Infringing Products offered for sale and sold by Defendants are each a component of a patented machine or an apparatus used in practicing a patented process, constituting a material part of SRI's invention, knowing the same to be especially made or especially adapted for use in infringement of the '271 Patent. For example, as set forth above, Tosca, when used in its normal and intended usage (pursuant to the instructions set forth on Tricentis's website), infringes claim 1 of the '271 Patent. See supra, ¶ 49.
- 52. Defendants will, on information and belief, continue to contribute to infringement of the '271 Patent unless enjoined.
- 53. Defendants actively encourage their customers to use Defendants' Infringing Products in an infringing manner. For example, Defendants' website is replete with written directions, screenshots, and videos instructing users on how to use the Infringing Products in an infringing manner. For example, as set forth above, Defendants' website regarding Tosca specifically instructs users of the Infringing Products how to infringe claim 1 of the '271 patent. *See supra*, ¶ 49. Defendants' website also touts the identities of customers who use the Infringing Products, each of

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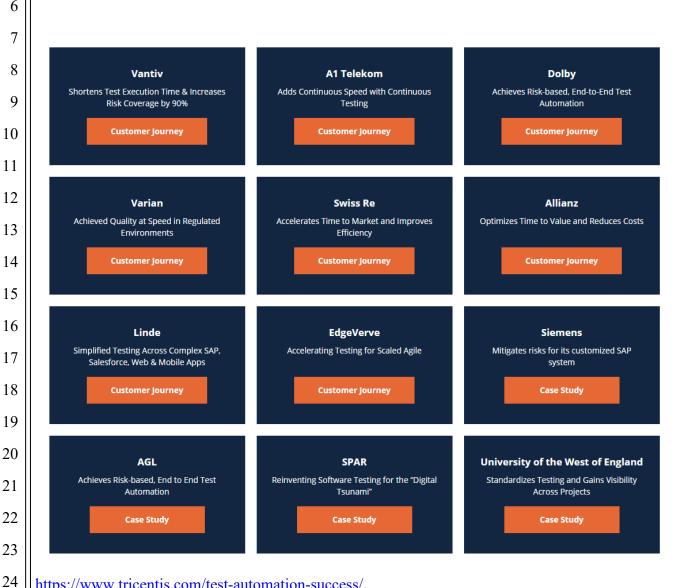
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whom is a direct infringer inasmuch as they use the Infringing Products in the infringing manner as instructed by Defendants:

## Meet our customers

At Tricentis, we measure our own success by that of our customers. Learn how we help enterprises deliver the highest quality and user experience in every release.



https://www.tricentis.com/test-automation-success/.

Upon information and belief, and particularly by way of the detailed documentation 54. instructing users on how to use the Infringing Products in an infringing manner (see supra, ¶¶ 49, 53), Defendants have encouraged this infringement with knowledge of the '271 Patent and with a specific intent to cause their customers and distributors to infringe.

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- 55. Defendants' acts at least as of the filing of this Complaint thus constitute active inducement of patent infringement in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b).
- 56. Defendants will, on information and belief, continue to induce infringement of the '271 Patent unless enjoined.
- 57. Defendants' direct infringement, contributory infringement, and inducement of infringement have irreparably harmed SRI.
- Defendants will, on information and belief, continue to irreparably harm SRI unless 58. enjoined.
- 59. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284, SRI is entitled to damages adequate to compensate for the infringement but in no event less than a reasonable royalty.
- 60. Defendants' infringement has been and is willful and, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284, SRI is entitled to treble damages. Defendants' willful infringement is based at least on Defendants' knowledge of SRI, its products, and its patents since at least as early as the filing of this Complaint. Defendants have either willfully and wantonly infringed the '271 Patent or have recklessly avoided knowledge of their own infringement, even when faced with knowledge of SRI's own products and the Patents-in-Suit.
- 61. This case is "exceptional" within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285, and SRI is entitled to an award of attorneys' fees.

### **COUNT III – INFRINGEMENT OF THE '890 PATENT**

- 62. SRI re-alleges and incorporates the allegations of the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
- 63. SRI is the assignee and owner of all right, title, and interest in and to the '890 Patent, which was issued on March 5, 2013. A true and correct copy of the '890 Patent is attached hereto as Exhibit C.
- 64. The '890 Patent addresses an invention for testing websites. The disclosed innovation tests many facets of the website's experience and operation, including by providing novel approaches to creating, storing, and executing test scripts capable of accurately testing Asynchronous Javascript and XML ("AJAX") web page elements.

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- 65. SRI has the exclusive right to make, use, sell, and offer to sell any product embodying the '890 Patent throughout the United States, and to import any product embodying the '890 Patent into the United States.
- 66. SRI has commercially exploited the '890 Patent by making, marketing, selling, and using products covered by the '890 Patent, including its popular eValid<sup>TM</sup> software products. SRI continues to commercially exploit the '890 Patent through the present, at least by continuing to provide maintenance and support to users of its popular eValid<sup>TM</sup> software products.
- 67. Defendants have had knowledge of the '890 Patent, SRI, and SRI's products embodying the inventions claimed in the Patents-in-Suit since at least as early as the filing of this Complaint.
- 68. At all relevant times, SRI provided public notice of the '890 Patent by properly marking its products and its website pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 287(a).
- 69. Defendants have been, and are currently, directly infringing at least claim 1 of the '890 Patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a), literally or under the doctrine of equivalents, by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing into the United States Defendants' Infringing Products, which, as set forth in documentation available on Defendants' website, comprise the non-transitory computer readable media disclosed in the '890 Patent—both as maintained in Defendants' files and those of the users to whom Defendants offer and sell the Infringing Products including at least computer program code stored therein for providing a test-enabled web browser, said medium comprising computer program code for providing web browsing capabilities (for example, Tosca "automates tests across all layers of modern enterprise architectures—from the API, to web, mobile, and custom/packaged app UIs, to BI and data warehouses," https://www.tricentis.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/01/20180313 Tricentis-Tosca Fact Sheet.pdf; Tosca XBrowser as used with a web browser is a test-enabled web browser that "can be used to test web applications," https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals\_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=engines\_3

.0/xbrowser/xbrowser.htm; Tosca utilizes any number of browsers as its "test-enabled browser," id.;

and Tosca allows a user to browse the web via common web browsing activities, such as opening a

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DOM indexes

website

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2	( <u>nups://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_5.0/xorowser/open_uri.num</u> ),
3	clicking on a screen position
4	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/html_clickonscree
5	.htm), and firing events
6	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls
7	htm)); computer program code for testing capabilities of a website hosted by a server and accessible
8	to the computer via a network wherein the computer program code for testing capabilities of the
9	website includes at least computer program code configured to receive a synchronization check from
10	a user using the test enabled browser, to insert the synchronization check into a test script for testing
11	at least one webpage of the website (for example, Tosca allows for the creation of test scripts, called
12	"TestCases"
13	(https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=tbox/rec
14	rder_xscan.htm) to test websites by recording a user's interactions with the web page in question
15	(https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=tbox/rec
16	rder_xscan.htm) and allowing the user to play back those test scripts
17	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/creating_events.htm?I
18	ighlight=create%20and%20execute%20testevents); Tosca interrogates the DOM to identify and
19	extract relevant information regarding at least the page elements germane to the script, including each
20	such element's index and value, and stores those details in the test script
21	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=crea
22	<u>e%20testcases#Verifycontrols-VerificationMode</u> ); Tosca's Verify controls—Verification Mode"
23	"allow[] you to verify controls of your test application," which necessarily requires the storage of
24	facts about the webpage—these facts are "saved to the according control in the TestCase" against
25	which Tosca validates the web page being rendered
26	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=crea

 $\underline{e\%20 test cases \# Verify controls - Verification Mode)}; these page elements are located based on their$ 

( <u>nttps://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/wizard_settings_ntmi.l</u>
tm?Highlight=setdomclick;
https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.l
<u>tm</u> ;
https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.l
tm; https://support.tricentis.com/community/article.do?number=KB0013563); and Tosca allows for
the testing of content dynamically generated by AJAX programming including using, for example, its
various "Wait for statuslabel," "WaitOn," or similar technologies or other related functions to
synchronize playback and allow for testing of content dynamically generated by AJAX programming
(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/settings_html.htm?Hig
hlight=wait;
https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/waiton.htm?Highlight=
waiton)), the test script being separate from the at least one webpage being tested (for example,
Tosca's TestCases are stored and accessed separately from the webpage itself
(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=recorder_xscan.htm?
der)), the at least one webpage being tested including AJAX programming, and to automatically
synchronize playback of the test script using at least the synchronization check to maintain the test
enabled browser's state with respect to the AJAX programming by means of the synchronization
check in the test script to a Document Object Model (DOM) associated with the at least one webpage
of the website (for example, Tosca allows for the creation of test scripts, called "TestCases"
(https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=tbox/reco
rder_xscan.htm) to test websites by recording a user's interactions with the web page in question
(https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=tbox/reco
rder_xscan.htm) and allowing the user to play back those test scripts
(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/creating_events.htm?H
ighlight=create%20and%20execute%20testevents); Tosca interrogates the DOM to identify and
extract relevant information regarding at least the page elements germane to the script, including each
such element's index and value, and stores those details in the test script

1	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=creat
2	e%20testcases#Verifycontrols-VerificationMode); Tosca's Verify controls—Verification Mode"
3	"allow[] you to verify controls of your test application," which necessarily requires the storage of
4	facts about the webpage—these facts are "saved to the according control in the TestCase" against
5	which Tosca validates the web page being rendered
6	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=creat
7	e%20testcases#Verifycontrols-VerificationMode); these page elements are located based on their
8	DOM indexes
9	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/wizard_settings_html.h
10	tm?Highlight=setdomclick;
11	https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.h
12	<u>tm;</u>
13	https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.h
14	tm; https://support.tricentis.com/community/article.do?number=KB0013563); and Tosca allows for
15	the testing of content dynamically generated by AJAX programming including using, for example, its
16	various "Wait for statuslabel," "WaitOn," or similar technologies or other related functions to
17	synchronize playback and allow for testing of content dynamically generated by AJAX programming
18	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/settings_html.htm?Hig
19	<u>hlight=wait;</u>
20	https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/waiton.htm?Highlight=
21	waiton)); wherein the synchronization check in the test script and web browsing activities provided
22	by the web browsing capabilities are able to separately access the DOM associated with the at least
23	one webpage of the website (for example, Tosca's TestCases are stored and accessed separately from
24	the webpage itself
25	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=recorder_xscan.htm?
26	der)); wherein the synchronization check is inserted into the test script as at least one command, and
27	the at least one command operates, when executed, to: find a current index of at least one DOM
28	element of the at least one webpage based on a specified property name and/or property value; and (i)

submit a named event to the at least one DOM element of the at least one webpage having the current
index, or (ii) insert or verify a value in the at least one DOM element of the at least one webpage
having the current index (for example, Tosca allows for the creation of test scripts, called
"TestCases"
(https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=tbox/reco
rder_xscan.htm) to test websites by recording a user's interactions with the web page in question
(https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=tbox/reco
rder_xscan.htm) and allowing the user to play back those test scripts
(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/creating_events.htm?H
ighlight=create%20and%20execute%20testevents); Tosca interrogates the DOM to identify and
extract relevant information regarding at least the page elements germane to the script, including each
such element's index and value, and stores those details in the test script
(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=creat
e%20testcases#Verifycontrols-VerificationMode); Tosca's Verify controls—Verification Mode"
"allow[] you to verify controls of your test application," which necessarily requires the storage of
facts about the webpage—these facts are "saved to the according control in the TestCase" against
which Tosca validates the web page being rendered
(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=creat
e%20testcases#Verifycontrols-VerificationMode); these page elements are located based on their
DOM indexes
(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/wizard_settings_html.h
tm?Highlight=setdomclick;
https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.l
<u>tm;</u>
https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.l
tm; https://support.tricentis.com/community/article.do?number=KB0013563); and Tosca allows for
the testing of content dynamically generated by AJAX programming including using, for example, its
various "Wait for statuslabel," "WaitOn," or similar technologies or other related functions to

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synchronize playback and allow for testing of content dynamically generated by AJAX programming (https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca commander/settings html.htm?Hig hlight=wait;

https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca\_commander/waiton.htm?Highlight= waiton)), as disclosed in the '890 Patent.

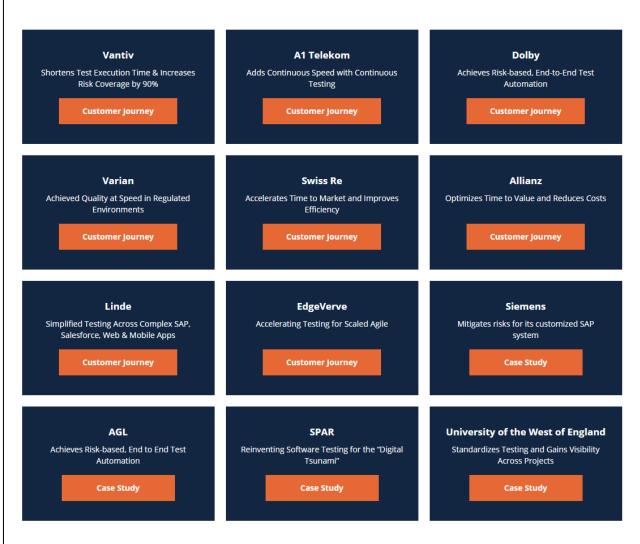
- 70. Defendants will, on information and belief, continue to directly infringe the '890 Patent unless enjoined.
- 71. To the extent Defendants' Infringing Products, without more, do not directly infringe at least claim 1 of the '890 Patent, at least as of the filing of this Complaint, Defendants contribute to infringement of the same under 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) inasmuch as the Infringing Products offered for sale and sold by Defendants are each a component of a patented machine or an apparatus used in practicing a patented process, constituting a material part of SRI's invention, knowing the same to be especially made or especially adapted for use in infringement of the '890 Patent. For example, as set forth above, Tosca, when used in its normal and intended usage (pursuant to the instructions set forth on Tricentis's website), infringes claim a of the '890 Patent. See supra, ¶ 69.
- 72. Defendants will, on information and belief, continue to contribute to infringement of the '890 Patent unless enjoined.
- 73. Defendants actively encourage their customers to use Defendants' Infringing Products in an infringing manner. For example, Defendants' website is replete with written directions, screenshots, and videos instructing users on how to use the Infringing Products in an infringing manner. For example, as set forth above, Defendants' website regarding Tosca specifically instructs users of the Infringing Products how to infringe claim 1 of the '890 patent. See supra, ¶ 69. Defendants' website also touts the identities of customers who use the Infringing Products, each of whom is a direct infringer inasmuch as they use the Infringing Products in the infringing manner as instructed by Defendants:

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### Meet our customers

At Tricentis, we measure our own success by that of our customers. Learn how we help enterprises deliver the highest quality and user experience in every release.



https://www.tricentis.com/test-automation-success/.

- 74. Upon information and belief, and particularly by way of the detailed documentation instructing users on how to use the Infringing Products in an infringing manner (see supra,  $\P$  69, 73), Defendants have encouraged this infringement with knowledge of the '890 Patent and with a specific intent to cause their customers and distributors to infringe.
- 75. Defendants' acts at least as of the filing of this Complaint thus constitute active inducement of patent infringement in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b).

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- 76. Defendants will, on information and belief, continue to induce infringement of the '890 Patent unless enjoined.
- 77. Defendants' direct infringement, contributory infringement, and inducement of infringement have irreparably harmed SRI.
- 78. Defendants will, on information and belief, continue to irreparably harm SRI unless enjoined.
- 79. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284, SRI is entitled to damages adequate to compensate for the infringement but in no event less than a reasonable royalty.
- 80. Defendants' infringement has been and is willful and, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284, SRI is entitled to treble damages. Defendants' willful infringement is based at least on Defendants' knowledge of SRI, its products, and its patents since at least as early as the filing of this Complaint. Defendants have either willfully and wantonly infringed the '890 Patent or have recklessly avoided knowledge of their own infringement, even when faced with knowledge of SRI's own products and the Patents-in-Suit.
- 81. This case is "exceptional" within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285, and SRI is entitled to an award of attorneys' fees.

#### **COUNT IV – INFRINGEMENT OF THE '585 PATENT**

- 82. SRI re-alleges and incorporates the allegations of the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
- 83. SRI is the assignee and owner of all right, title, and interest in and to the '585 Patent, which was issued on July 23, 2013. A true and correct copy of the '585 Patent is attached hereto as Exhibit D.
- 84. The '585 Patent addresses an invention for testing websites. The disclosed innovation tests many facets of the website's experience and operation, including by providing novel approaches to creating, storing, and executing test scripts capable of accurately testing AJAX web page elements.
- 85. SRI has the exclusive right to make, use, sell, and offer to sell any product embodying the '585 Patent throughout the United States, and to import any product embodying the '585 Patent into the United States.

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- 86. SRI has commercially exploited the '585 Patent by making, marketing, selling, and using products covered by the '585 Patent, including its popular eValid<sup>TM</sup> software products. SRI continues to commercially exploit the '585 Patent through the present, at least by continuing to provide maintenance and support to users of its popular eValid<sup>TM</sup> software products.
- 87. Defendants have had knowledge of the '585 Patent, SRI, and SRI's products embodying the inventions claimed in the Patents-in-Suit since at least as early as the filing of this Complaint.
- 88. At all relevant times, SRI provided public notice of the '585 Patent by properly marking its products and its website pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 287(a).
- 89. Defendants have been, and are currently, directly infringing at least claim 1 of the '585 Patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a), literally or under the doctrine of equivalents, by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing into the United States Defendants' Infringing Products, which, as set forth in documentation available on Defendants' website, comprise the non-transitory computer readable media disclosed in the '585 Patent—both as maintained in Defendants' files and those of the users to whom Defendants offer and sell the Infringing Products including at least computer program code for providing a test enabled web browser, said medium comprising computer program code for providing web browsing capabilities (for example, Tosca "automates tests across all layers of modern enterprise architectures—from the API, to web, mobile, and custom/packaged app UIs, to BI and data warehouses," https://www.tricentis.com/wpcontent/uploads/2019/01/20180313 Tricentis-Tosca Fact Sheet.pdf; Tosca XBrowser as used with a web browser is a test-enabled web browser that "can be used to test web applications," https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals\_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=engines\_3 .0/xbrowser/xbrowser.htm; Tosca utilizes any number of browsers as its "test-enabled browser," id.; and Tosca allows a user to browse the web via common web browsing activities, such as opening a website (https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines 3.0/xbrowser/open url.htm), clicking on a screen position

(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines 3.0/xbrowser/html clickonscreen

1	<u>.htm</u> ), and firing events
2	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls
3	<u>htm</u> )); computer program code for testing capabilities of a website hosted by a server and accessible
4	to a computer via a network wherein the computer program code for testing capabilities of the
5	website includes computer program code configured to receive a synchronization check from a user
6	using the test enabled web browser, to insert the synchronization check into a test script for testing at
7	least one webpage of the website (for example, Tosca allows for the creation of test scripts, called
8	"TestCases"
9	(https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=tbox/reco
10	rder_xscan.htm) to test websites by recording a user's interactions with the web page in question
11	(https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=tbox/reco
12	rder_xscan.htm) and allowing the user to play back those test scripts
13	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/creating_events.htm?H
14	ighlight=create%20and%20execute%20testevents); Tosca interrogates the DOM to identify and
15	extract relevant information regarding at least the page elements germane to the script, including each
16	such element's index and value, and stores those details in the test script
17	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=created
18	e%20testcases#Verifycontrols-VerificationMode); Tosca's Verify controls—Verification Mode"
19	"allow[] you to verify controls of your test application," which necessarily requires the storage of
20	facts about the webpage—these facts are "saved to the according control in the TestCase" against
21	which Tosca validates the web page being rendered
22	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=created
23	e%20testcases#Verifycontrols-VerificationMode); these page elements are located based on their
24	DOM indexes
25	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/wizard_settings_html.l
26	tm?Highlight=setdomclick;
27	https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.
28	<u>tm;</u>

l	<u>nttps://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.i</u>
	tm; https://support.tricentis.com/community/article.do?number=KB0013563); and Tosca allows for
	the testing of content dynamically generated by AJAX programming including using, for example, its
	various "Wait for statuslabel," "WaitOn," or similar technologies or other related functions to
	synchronize playback and allow for testing of content dynamically generated by AJAX programming
	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/settings_html.htm?Hig
	hlight=wait;
	https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/waiton.htm?Highlight=
	waiton), the test script being separate from the at least one webpage being tested (for example,
	Tosca's TestCases are stored and accessed separately from the webpage itself
	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=recorder_xscan.htm?
	der)), the at least one webpage being tested including AJAX programming, and to automatically
	synchronize playback of the test script using at least the synchronization check to maintain the test
	enabled browser's state with respect to the AJAX programming by means of the synchronization
	check in the test script to a DOM associated with the website (for example, Tosca allows for the
	creation of test scripts, called "TestCases"
	(https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=tbox/reco
	rder_xscan.htm) to test websites by recording a user's interactions with the web page in question
	(https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=tbox/reco
	rder_xscan.htm) and allowing the user to play back those test scripts
	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/creating_events.htm?H
	ighlight=create%20and%20execute%20testevents); Tosca interrogates the DOM to identify and
	extract relevant information regarding at least the page elements germane to the script, including each
	such element's index and value, and stores those details in the test script
	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=created
	e%20testcases#Verifycontrols-VerificationMode); Tosca's Verify controls—Verification Mode"
	"allow[] you to verify controls of your test application," which necessarily requires the storage of
	facts about the webpage—these facts are "saved to the according control in the TestCase" against

which Tosca validates the web page being rendered

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"TestCases"

1

2	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=creat
3	e%20testcases#Verifycontrols-VerificationMode); these page elements are located based on their
4	DOM indexes
5	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/wizard_settings_html.h
6	tm?Highlight=setdomclick;
7	https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.h
8	<u>tm;</u>
9	https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.h
10	tm; https://support.tricentis.com/community/article.do?number=KB0013563); and Tosca allows for
11	the testing of content dynamically generated by AJAX programming including using, for example, its
12	various "Wait for statuslabel," "WaitOn," or similar technologies or other related functions to
13	synchronize playback and allow for testing of content dynamically generated by AJAX programming
14	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/settings_html.htm?Hig
15	hlight=wait;
16	https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/waiton.htm?Highlight=
17	waiton)); wherein the synchronization check in the test script and web browsing activities provided
18	by the web browsing capabilities are able to separately access the DOM associated with the at least
19	one webpage of the website (for example, Tosca's TestCases are stored and accessed separately from
20	the webpage itself
21	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=recor
22	der)); and wherein the synchronization check is inserted into the test script as at least one command,
23	and the at least one command operates, when executed, to find a current index of at least one DOM
24	element of the at least one webpage based on a specified property name and/or property value, and (i)
25	submit a named event to the at least one DOM element of the at least one webpage having the current
26	index, or (ii) insert or verify a value in the at least one DOM element of the at least one webpage
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27 | having the current index (for example, Tosca allows for the creation of test scripts, called

۱	(https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=tbox/reco
	rder_xscan.htm) to test websites by recording a user's interactions with the web page in question
	(https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=tbox/reco
	rder_xscan.htm) and allowing the user to play back those test scripts
	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/creating_events.htm?H
	ighlight=create%20and%20execute%20testevents); Tosca interrogates the DOM to identify and
	extract relevant information regarding at least the page elements germane to the script, including each
	such element's index and value, and stores those details in the test script
	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=creater
	e%20testcases#Verifycontrols-VerificationMode); Tosca's Verify controls—Verification Mode"
	"allow[] you to verify controls of your test application," which necessarily requires the storage of
	facts about the webpage—these facts are "saved to the according control in the TestCase" against
	which Tosca validates the web page being rendered
	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=created
	e%20testcases#Verifycontrols-VerificationMode); these page elements are located based on their
	DOM indexes
	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/wizard_settings_html.html.html.html.html.html.html.html.
ı	
	tm?Highlight=setdomclick;
	tm?Highlight=setdomclick; https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.h
	https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.l
	https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.ltm;
	https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.ltm; https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.ltm;
	https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.ltm; https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.ltm; https://support.tricentis.com/community/article.do?number=KB0013563); and Tosca allows for
	https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.ltm; https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.ltm; https://support.tricentis.com/community/article.do?number=KB0013563); and Tosca allows for the testing of content dynamically generated by AJAX programming including using, for example, its
	https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.ltm; https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.ltm; https://support.tricentis.com/community/article.do?number=KB0013563); and Tosca allows for the testing of content dynamically generated by AJAX programming including using, for example, its various "Wait for statuslabel," "WaitOn," or similar technologies or other related functions to
	https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.ltm; https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.ltm; https://support.tricentis.com/community/article.do?number=KB0013563); and Tosca allows for the testing of content dynamically generated by AJAX programming including using, for example, its various "Wait for statuslabel," "WaitOn," or similar technologies or other related functions to synchronize playback and allow for testing of content dynamically generated by AJAX programming

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https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca\_commander/waiton.htm?Highlight= waiton)), as disclosed in the '585 Patent.

- 90. Defendants will, on information and belief, continue to directly infringe the '585 Patent unless enjoined.
- 91. To the extent Defendants' Infringing Products, without more, do not directly infringe at least claim 1 of the '585 Patent, at least as of the filing of this Complaint, Defendants contribute to infringement of the same under 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) inasmuch as the Infringing Products offered for sale and sold by Defendants are each a component of a patented machine or an apparatus used in practicing a patented process, constituting a material part of SRI's invention, knowing the same to be especially made or especially adapted for use in infringement of the '585 Patent. For example, as set forth above, Tosca, when used in its normal and intended usage (pursuant to the instructions set forth on Tricentis's website), infringes claim 1 of the '585 Patent. See supra, ¶ 89.
- 92. Defendants will, on information and belief, continue to contribute to infringement of the '585 Patent unless enjoined.
- 93. Defendants actively encourage their customers to use Defendants' Infringing Products in an infringing manner. For example, Defendants' website is replete with written directions, screenshots, and videos instructing users on how to use the Infringing Products in an infringing manner. For example, as set forth above, Defendants' website regarding Tosca specifically instructs users of the Infringing Products how to infringe claim 1 of the '585 patent. See supra, ¶ 89. Defendants' website also touts the identities of customers who use the Infringing Products, each of whom is a direct infringer inasmuch as they use the Infringing Products in the infringing manner as instructed by Defendants:

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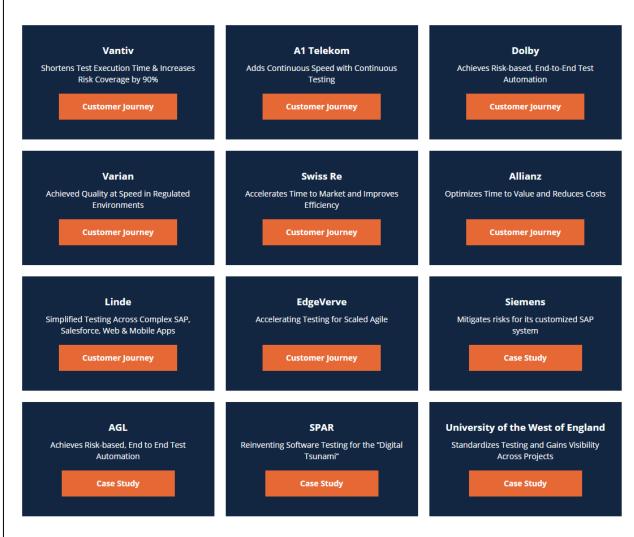
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https://www.tricentis.com/test-automation-success/.

- 94. Upon information and belief, and particularly by way of the detailed documentation instructing users on how to use the Infringing Products in an infringing manner (*see supra*, ¶¶ 89, 93), Defendants have encouraged this infringement with knowledge of the '585 Patent and with a specific intent to cause their customers and distributors to infringe.
- 95. Defendants' acts at least as of the filing of this Complaint thus constitute active inducement of patent infringement in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b).

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- 96. Defendants will, on information and belief, continue to induce infringement of the '585 Patent unless enjoined.
- 97. Defendants' direct infringement, contributory infringement, and inducement of infringement have irreparably harmed SRI.
- 98. Defendants will, on information and belief, continue to irreparably harm SRI unless enjoined.
- 99. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284, SRI is entitled to damages adequate to compensate for the infringement but in no event less than a reasonable royalty.
- Defendants' infringement has been and is willful and, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284, SRI is entitled to treble damages. Defendants' willful infringement is based at least on Defendants' knowledge of SRI, its products, and its patents since at least as early as the filing of this Complaint. Defendants have either willfully and wantonly infringed the '585 Patent or have recklessly avoided knowledge of their own infringement, even when faced with knowledge of SRI's own products and the Patents-in-Suit.
- 101. This case is "exceptional" within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285, and SRI is entitled to an award of attorneys' fees.

#### **COUNT V – INFRINGEMENT OF THE '493 PATENT**

- 102. SRI re-alleges and incorporates the allegations of the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
- 103. SRI is the assignee and owner of all right, title, and interest in and to the '493 Patent, which was issued on February 11, 2014. A true and correct copy of the '493 Patent is attached hereto as Exhibit E.
- 104. The '493 Patent addresses an invention for testing websites. The disclosed innovation tests many facets of the website's experience and operation, including by providing novel approaches to creating, storing, and executing test scripts using website elements as opposed to the previously disclosed use of recording test scripts based upon user actions only.

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- 105. SRI has the exclusive right to make, use, sell, and offer to sell any product embodying the '493 Patent throughout the United States, and to import any product embodying the '493 Patent into the United States.
- SRI has commercially exploited the '493 Patent by making, marketing, selling, and 106. using products covered by the '493 Patent, including its popular eValid<sup>TM</sup> software products. SRI continues to commercially exploit the '493 Patent through the present, at least by continuing to provide maintenance and support to users of its popular eValid<sup>TM</sup> software products.
- Defendants have had knowledge of the '493 Patent, SRI, and SRI's products embodying the inventions claimed in the Patents-in-Suit since at least as early as the filing of this Complaint.
- 108. At all relevant times, SRI provided public notice of the '493 Patent by properly marking its products and its website under 35 U.S.C. § 287(a).
- 109. Defendants have been, and are currently, directly infringing at least claim 1 of the '493 Patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a), literally or under the doctrine of equivalents, by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing into the United States Defendants' Infringing Products, which, as set forth in documentation available on Defendants' website, comprise the non-transitory computer readable media disclosed in the '493 Patent—both as maintained in Defendants' files and those of the users to whom Defendants offer and sell the Infringing Products including at least computer program code stored therein for providing a test-enabled browser for testing a website residing on a network (for example, Tosca "automates tests across all layers of modern enterprise architectures—from the API, to web, mobile, and custom/packaged app UIs, to BI and data warehouses," https://www.tricentis.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/01/20180313 Tricentis-Tosca Fact Sheet.pdf; Tosca XBrowser as used with a web browser is a test-enabled web browser that "can be used to test web applications," https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals\_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=engines\_3 .0/xbrowser/xbrowser.htm; the website necessarily resides on a network; and Tosca utilizes any number of browsers as its "test-enabled browser," id.), said medium comprising computer program code for interfacing with web browsing components, the web browsing components including DOM

1	access methods, computer program code for accessing a website to be tested (for example, Tosca
2	allows a user to browse the web via common web browsing activities, such as opening a website
3	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/open_url.htm),
4	clicking on a screen position
5	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/html_clickonscreen
6	.htm), and firing events
7	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.
8	htm); and Tosca interrogates the DOM to identify and extract relevant information regarding at least
9	the page elements germane to the script, including each such element's index and value, and stores
10	those details in the test script
11	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=creat
12	e%20testcases#Verifycontrols-VerificationMode); these page elements are located based on their
13	DOM indexes
14	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/wizard_settings_html.h
15	tm?Highlight=setdomclick;
16	https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.h
17	<u>tm;</u>
18	https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.h
19	tm; https://support.tricentis.com/community/article.do?number=KB0013563)); computer program
20	code for rendering and examining at least one web page of the website so as to extract details of
21	elements of the web page, and store the details of the web page in a recorded script, such as recorded
22	scripts generated through the testing component of the Infringing Products (for example, Tosca
23	allows for the creation of test scripts, called "TestCases"
24	(https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=tbox/reco
25	rder_xscan.htm) to test websites by recording a user's interactions with the web page in question
26	(https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=tbox/reco
27	rder_xscan.htm) and allowing the user to play back those test scripts
28	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/creating_events.htm?H

1	<u>ighlight=create%20and%20execute%20testevents</u> ); Tosca interrogates the DOM to identify and
2	extract relevant information regarding at least the page elements germane to the script, including each
3	such element's index and value, and stores those details in the test script
4	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=created
5	e%20testcases#Verifycontrols-VerificationMode); Tosca's Verify controls—Verification Mode"
6	"allow[] you to verify controls of your test application," which necessarily requires the storage of
7	facts about the webpage—these facts are "saved to the according control in the TestCase" against
8	which Tosca validates the web page being rendered
9	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=created
10	e%20testcases#Verifycontrols-VerificationMode); these page elements are located based on their
11	DOM indexes
12	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/wizard_settings_html.l
13	tm?Highlight=setdomclick;
14	https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.l
15	<u>tm</u> ;
16	https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.l
17	tm; https://support.tricentis.com/community/article.do?number=KB0013563)); computer program
18	code for selecting a validation test to be performed (for example, Tosca allows for the creation of test
19	scripts, called "TestCases"
20	(https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=tbox/reco
21	rder_xscan.htm) to test websites by recording a user's interactions with the web page in question
22	(https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=tbox/reco
23	rder_xscan.htm) and allowing the user to play back those test scripts
24	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/creating_events.htm?H
25	ighlight=create%20and%20execute%20testevents); and Tosca's Verify controls—Verification
26	Mode" "allow[] you to verify controls of your test application," which necessarily requires the
27	storage of facts about the webpage—these facts are "saved to the according control in the TestCase"
28	against which Tosca validates the web page being rendered

1 (https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder\_xscan.htm?Highlight=creat

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2	e%20testcases#Verifycontrols-VerificationMode)); and computer program code for performing the
3	validation test using at least one of the DOM access methods of the web browsing components,
4	wherein during the validation test, the at least one web page is newly rendered and details of element
5	for the at least one web page as newly rendered are accessed via the at least one of the DOM access
6	methods and compared to the stored details in the recorded script (for example, Tosca allows for the
7	creation of test scripts, called "TestCases"
8	(https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=tbox/reco
9	rder_xscan.htm) to test websites by recording a user's interactions with the web page in question
10	(https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=tbox/reco
11	rder_xscan.htm) and allowing the user to play back those test scripts
12	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/creating_events.htm?F
13	ighlight=create%20and%20execute%20testevents); Tosca interrogates the DOM to identify and
14	extract relevant information regarding at least the page elements germane to the script, including each
15	such element's index and value, and stores those details in the test script
16	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=crea
17	e%20testcases#Verifycontrols-VerificationMode); Tosca's Verify controls—Verification Mode"
18	"allow[] you to verify controls of your test application," which necessarily requires the storage of
19	facts about the webpage—these facts are "saved to the according control in the TestCase" against
20	which Tosca validates the web page being rendered
21	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=crear
22	e%20testcases#Verifycontrols-VerificationMode); and these page elements are located based on their
23	DOM indexes
24	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/wizard_settings_html.)
25	tm?Highlight=setdomclick;
26	https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines 3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser controls.

https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines 3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser controls.h

'493 Patent.

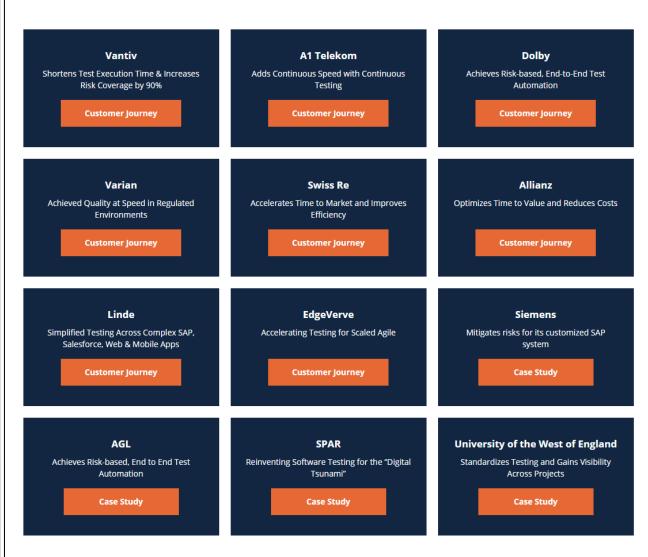
110. Defendants will, on information and belief, continue to directly infringe the '493 Patent unless enjoined.

tm; https://support.tricentis.com/community/article.do?number=KB0013563)), as disclosed in the

- 111. To the extent Defendants' Infringing Products, without more, do not directly infringe at least claim 1 of the '493 Patent, at least as of the filing of this Complaint, Defendants contribute to infringement of the same under 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) inasmuch as the Infringing Products offered for sale and sold by Defendants are each a component of a patented machine or an apparatus used in practicing a patented process, constituting a material part of SRI's invention, knowing the same to be especially made or especially adapted for use in infringement of the '493 Patent. For example, as set forth above, Tosca, when used in its normal and intended usage (pursuant to the instructions set forth on Tricentis's website), infringes claim 1 of the '493 Patent. See supra, ¶ 109.
- 112. Defendants will, on information and belief, continue to contribute to infringement of the '493 Patent unless enjoined.
- 113. Defendants actively encourage their customers to use Defendants' Infringing Products in an infringing manner. For example, Defendants' website is replete with written directions, screenshots, and videos instructing users on how to use the Infringing Products in an infringing manner. For example, as set forth above, Defendants' website regarding Tosca specifically instructs users of the Infringing Products how to infringe claim 1 of the '493 patent. *See supra*, ¶ 109. Defendants' website also touts the identities of customers who use the Infringing Products, each of whom is a direct infringer inasmuch as they use the Infringing Products in the infringing manner as instructed by Defendants:

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https://www.tricentis.com/test-automation-success/.

- 114. Upon information and belief, and particularly by way of the detailed documentation instructing users on how to use the Infringing Products in an infringing manner (see supra, ¶¶ 109, 113), Defendants have encouraged this infringement with knowledge of the '493 Patent and with a specific intent to cause their customers and distributors to infringe.
- 115. Defendants' acts at least as of the filing of this Complaint thus constitute active inducement of patent infringement in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b).

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- 116. Defendants will, on information and belief, continue to induce infringement of the '493 Patent unless enjoined.
- 117. Defendants' direct infringement, contributory infringement, and inducement of infringement have irreparably harmed SRI.
- 118. Defendants will, on information and belief, continue to irreparably harm SRI unless enjoined.
- 119. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284, SRI is entitled to damages adequate to compensate for the infringement but in no event less than a reasonable royalty.
- Defendants' infringement has been and is willful and, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284, SRI is entitled to treble damages. Defendants' willful infringement is based at least on Defendants' knowledge of SRI, its products, and its patents since at least as early as the filing of this Complaint. Defendants have either willfully and wantonly infringed the '493 Patent or have recklessly avoided knowledge of their own infringement, even when faced with knowledge of SRI's own products and patents.
- 121. This case is "exceptional" within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285, and SRI is entitled to an award of attorneys' fees.

## **COUNT VI – INFRINGEMENT OF THE '491 PATENT**

- 122. SRI re-alleges and incorporates the allegations of the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
- 123. SRI is the assignee and owner of all right, title, and interest in and to the '491 Patent, which was issued on March 17, 2015. A true and correct copy of the '491 Patent is attached hereto as Exhibit F.
- 124. The '491 Patent addresses an invention for testing websites. The disclosed innovation tests many facets of the website's experience and operation, including by providing novel approaches to creating, storing, and executing test scripts using website elements as opposed to the previously disclosed use of recording test scripts based upon user actions only.

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- 125. SRI has the exclusive right to make, use, sell, and offer to sell any product embodying the '491 Patent throughout the United States, and to import any product embodying the '491 Patent into the United States.
- 126. SRI has commercially exploited the '491 Patent by making, marketing, selling, and using products covered by the '491 Patent, including its popular eValid™ software products. SRI continues to commercially exploit the '491 Patent through the present, at least by continuing to provide maintenance and support to users of its popular eValid™ software products.
- 127. Defendants have had knowledge of the '491 Patent, SRI, and SRI's products embodying the inventions claimed in the Patents-in-Suit since at least as early as the filing of this Complaint.
- 128. At all relevant times, SRI provided public notice of the '491 Patent by properly marking its products and its website pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 287(a).
- 129. Defendants have been, and are currently, directly infringing at least claim 1 of the '491 Patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a), literally or under the doctrine of equivalents, by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing into the United States Defendants' Infringing Products, which, as set forth in documentation available on Defendants' website, comprise the non-transitory computer readable media disclosed in the '491 Patent—both as maintained in Defendants' files and those of the users to whom Defendants offer and sell the Infringing Products including at least computer program code for providing a test enabled web browser, said medium comprising computer program code for testing capabilities of a website hosted by a server and accessible to the computer via a network (for example, Tosca "automates tests across all layers of modern enterprise architectures—from the API, to web, mobile, and custom/packaged app UIs, to BI and data warehouses," https://www.tricentis.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/01/20180313 Tricentis-Tosca Fact Sheet.pdf; Tosca XBrowser as used with a web browser is a test-enabled web browser that "can be used to test web applications," https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals\_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=engines\_3 .0/xbrowser/xbrowser.htm; the website necessarily includes a website and is hosted by a server and accessible to the computer via a network; Tosca utilizes any number of browsers as its "test-enabled

1	browser," id.; and Tosca allows a user to browse the web via common web browsing activities, such
2	as opening a website
3	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/open_url.htm),
4	clicking on a screen position
5	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/html_clickonscreen
6	.htm), and firing events
7	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.
8	htm); wherein the computer program code for testing capabilities of the website provides playback of
9	one or more test scripts, such as those generated via the testing component of the Infringing Products
10	the one or more test scripts being separate from the website (for example, Tosca allows for the
11	creation of test scripts, called "TestCases"
12	(https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=tbox/reco
13	rder_xscan.htm) to test websites by recording a user's interactions with the web page in question
14	(https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=tbox/reco
15	rder_xscan.htm) and allowing the user to play back those test scripts
16	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/creating_events.htm?H
17	ighlight=create%20and%20execute%20testevents); and Tosca's TestCases are stored and accessed
18	separately from the webpage itself
19	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=recorder_xscan.htm?
20	der)); wherein the computer program code for testing capabilities is configured to keep track of
21	specific DOM element property name and/or values within a webpage of the website being tested to
22	provide support for playback of one or more test scripts that were recorded from and/or are played
23	back via the test enabled web browser (for example, Tosca allows for the creation of test scripts,
24	called "TestCases"
25	(https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=tbox/reco
26	rder_xscan.htm) to test websites by recording a user's interactions with the web page in question
27	(https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=tbox/reco
28	rder xscan.htm) and allowing the user to play back those test scripts

(https://documentation.tricent	is.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/creating_events.ntm?H
ighlight=create%20and%20ex	xecute%20testevents); Tosca interrogates the DOM to identify and
extract relevant information r	egarding at least the page elements germane to the script, including each
such element's index and valu	ue, and stores those details in the test script
(https://documentation.tricent	is.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=creat
e%20testcases#Verifycontrol	s-VerificationMode); Tosca's Verify controls—Verification Mode"
"allow[] you to verify control	s of your test application," which necessarily requires the storage of
facts about the webpage—the	se facts are "saved to the according control in the TestCase" against
which Tosca validates the we	b page being rendered
(https://documentation.tricent	is.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=creat
e%20testcases#Verifycontrol	s-VerificationMode); these page elements are located based on their
DOM indexes	
(https://documentation.tricent	is.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/wizard_settings_html.h
tm?Highlight=setdomclick;	
https://documentation.tricenti	s.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.l
<u>tm;</u>	
https://documentation.tricenti	s.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.1
tm; https://support.tricentis.co	om/community/article.do?number=KB0013563)); wherein the use of the
named DOM element propert	y values provides support for synchronizing playback of the one or
more test scripts (for example	e, Tosca allows for the creation of test scripts, called "TestCases"
(https://support.tricentis.com/	community/manuals_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=tbox/reco
rder_xscan.htm) to test websi	tes by recording a user's interactions with the web page in question
(https://support.tricentis.com/	community/manuals_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=tbox/reco
rder_xscan.htm) and allowing	the user to play back those test scripts
(https://documentation.tricent	is.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/creating_events.htm?H
ighlight=create%20and%20ex	xecute%20testevents); Tosca interrogates the DOM to identify and
extract relevant information r	egarding at least the page elements germane to the script, including each
    such element's index and valu	ue, and stores those details in the test script

1	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=creat
2	e%20testcases#Verifycontrols-VerificationMode); Tosca's Verify controls—Verification Mode"
3	"allow[] you to verify controls of your test application," which necessarily requires the storage of
4	facts about the webpage—these facts are "saved to the according control in the TestCase" against
5	which Tosca validates the web page being rendered
6	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=creat
7	e%20testcases#Verifycontrols-VerificationMode); these page elements are located based on their
8	DOM indexes
9	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/wizard_settings_html.h
10	tm?Highlight=setdomclick;
11	https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.h
12	<u>tm</u> ;
13	https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.h
14	tm; https://support.tricentis.com/community/article.do?number=KB0013563); and Tosca allows for
15	the testing of content dynamically generated by AJAX programming including using, for example, its
16	various "Wait for statuslabel," "WaitOn," or similar technologies or other related functions to
17	synchronize playback and allow for testing of content dynamically generated by AJAX programming
18	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/settings_html.htm?Hig
19	hlight=wait;
20	https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/waiton.htm?Highlight=
21	waiton)); wherein at least one or more test scripts operate, when performed, to find a current index of
22	at least one DOM element of the webpage based on a specified property name and/or property value,
23	and insert or verify a name and/or value in the at least one DOM element of the webpage having the
24	current index (for example, Tosca allows for the creation of test scripts, called "TestCases"
25	(https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=tbox/reco
26	rder_xscan.htm) to test websites by recording a user's interactions with the web page in question
27	(https://support.tricentis.com/community/manuals_detail.do?lang=en&version=12.1.0&url=tbox/reco
, <sub>8</sub>	rder vscan htm) and allowing the user to play back those test scripts

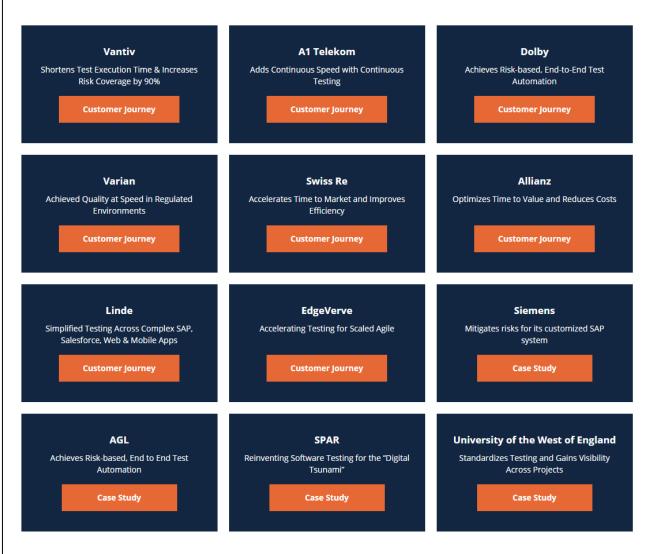
1	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/creating_events.htm?H
2	ighlight=create%20and%20execute%20testevents); Tosca interrogates the DOM to identify and
3	extract relevant information regarding at least the page elements germane to the script, including each
4	such element's index and value, and stores those details in the test script
5	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=created
6	<u>e%20testcases#Verifycontrols-VerificationMode</u> ); Tosca's Verify controls—Verification Mode"
7	"allow[] you to verify controls of your test application," which necessarily requires the storage of
8	facts about the webpage—these facts are "saved to the according control in the TestCase" against
9	which Tosca validates the web page being rendered
10	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder_xscan.htm?Highlight=created
11	e%20testcases#Verifycontrols-VerificationMode); these page elements are located based on their
12	DOM indexes
13	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/wizard_settings_html.h
14	tm?Highlight=setdomclick;
15	https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.l
16	<u>tm;</u>
17	https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/engines_3.0/xbrowser/xbrowser_controls.l
18	tm; https://support.tricentis.com/community/article.do?number=KB0013563); and Tosca allows for
19	the testing of content dynamically generated by AJAX programming including using, for example, its
20	various "Wait for statuslabel," "WaitOn," or similar technologies or other related functions to
21	synchronize playback and allow for testing of content dynamically generated by AJAX programming
22	(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/settings_html.htm?Hig
23	hlight=wait;
24	https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tosca_commander/waiton.htm?Highlight=
25	waiton)); and wherein the computer code for testing capabilities of the website performs the one or
26	more test scripts using one or more programmatic processes that are separate from the web page of
27	the website being tested (for example, Tosca's TestCases are stored and accessed separately from the
28	webpage itself

(https://documentation.tricentis.com/tosca/1210/en/content/tbox/recorder\_xscan.htm?Highlight=recorder\_)), as disclosed in the '491 Patent.

- 130. Defendants will, on information and belief, continue to directly infringe the '491 Patent unless enjoined.
- 131. To the extent Defendants' Infringing Products, without more, do not directly infringe at least claim 1 of the '491 Patent, at least as of the filing of this Complaint, Defendants contribute to infringement of the same under 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) inasmuch as the Infringing Products offered for sale and sold by Defendants are each a component of a patented machine or an apparatus used in practicing a patented process, constituting a material part of SRI's invention, knowing the same to be especially made or especially adapted for use in infringement of the '491 Patent. For example, as set forth above, Tosca, when used in its normal and intended usage (pursuant to the instructions set forth on Tricentis's website), infringes claim 1 of the '491 Patent. *See supra*, ¶ 129.
- 132. Defendants will, on information and belief, continue to contribute to infringement of the '491 Patent unless enjoined.
- 133. Defendants actively encourage their customers to use Defendants' Infringing Products in an infringing manner. For example, Defendants' website is replete with written directions, screenshots, and videos instructing users on how to use the Infringing Products in an infringing manner. For example, as set forth above, Defendants' website Tosca specifically instructs users of the Infringing Products how to infringe claim 1 of the '491 patent. *See supra*, ¶ 129. Defendants' website also touts the identities of customers who use the Infringing Products, each of whom is a direct infringer inasmuch as they use the Infringing Products in the infringing manner as instructed by Defendants:

# Meet our customers

At Tricentis, we measure our own success by that of our customers. Learn how we help enterprises deliver the highest quality and user experience in every release.



https://www.tricentis.com/test-automation-success/.

- 134. Upon information and belief, and particularly by way of the detailed documentation instructing users on how to use the Infringing Products in an infringing manner (see supra, ¶¶ 129, 133), Defendants have encouraged this infringement with knowledge of the '491 Patent and with a specific intent to cause their customers and distributors to infringe.
- 135. Defendants' acts at least as of the filing of this Complaint thus constitute active inducement of patent infringement in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b).

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- 136. Defendants will, on information and belief, continue to induce infringement of the '491 Patent unless enjoined.
- 137. Defendants' direct infringement, contributory infringement, and inducement of infringement have irreparably harmed SRI.
- 138. Defendants will, on information and belief, continue to irreparably harm SRI unless enjoined.
- 139. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284, SRI is entitled to damages adequate to compensate for the infringement but in no event less than a reasonable royalty.
- Defendants' infringement has been and is willful and, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284, SRI is entitled to treble damages. Defendants' willful infringement is based at least on Defendants' knowledge of SRI, its products, and its patents since at least as early as the filing of this Complaint. Defendants have either willfully and wantonly infringed the '491 Patent or have recklessly avoided knowledge of their own infringement, even when faced with knowledge of SRI's own products and patents.
- 141. This case is "exceptional" within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285, and SRI is entitled to an award of attorneys' fees.

#### **DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL**

SRI hereby demands a trial by jury of all issues so triable under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 38(b).

### **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

WHEREFORE, SRI respectfully requests that this Court:

- A. Find that United States Patent No. 7,757,175 is valid and enforceable against Defendants;
- B. Find that Defendants have infringed and are infringing United States Patent No. 7,757,175;
- C. Permanently enjoin Defendants, their officers, agents, servants, employees, and those persons acting in active concert or in participation therewith from infringing United States Patent No. 7,757,175;

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D.	Award SRI damages sufficient to compensate it for Defendants' past and future
	infringement of United States Patent No. 7,757,175, together with costs and
	prejudgment interest, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;

- E. Find that United States Patent No. 8,327,271 is valid and enforceable against Defendants;
- F. Find that Defendants have infringed and are infringing United States Patent No. 8,327,271;
- G. Permanently enjoin Defendants, their officers, agents, servants, employees, and those persons acting in active concert or in participation therewith from infringing United States Patent No. 8,327,271;
- H. Award SRI damages sufficient to compensate it for Defendants' past and future infringement of United States Patent No. 8,327,271, together with costs and prejudgment interest, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;
- Find that United States Patent No. 8,392,890 is valid and enforceable against I. Defendants;
- J. Find that Defendants have infringed and are infringing United States Patent No. 8,392,890;
- K. Permanently enjoin Defendants, their officers, agents, servants, employees, and those persons acting in active concert or in participation therewith from infringing United States Patent No. 8,392,890;
- L. Award SRI damages sufficient to compensate it for Defendants' past and future infringement of United States Patent No. 8,392,890, together with costs and prejudgment interest, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;
- M. Find that United States Patent No. 8,495,585 is valid and enforceable against Defendants;
- N. Find that Defendants have infringed and are infringing United States Patent No. 8,495,585;

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O.	Permanently enjoin Defendants, their officers, agents, servants, employees, and those
	persons acting in active concert or in participation therewith from infringing United
	States Patent No. 8.495.585:

- P. Award SRI damages sufficient to compensate it for Defendants' past and future infringement of United States Patent No. 8,495,585, together with costs and prejudgment interest, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;
- Find that United States Patent No. 8,650,493 is valid and enforceable against Q. Defendants;
- R. Find that Defendants have infringed and are infringing United States Patent No. 8,650,493;
- S. Permanently enjoin Defendants, their officers, agents, servants, employees, and those persons acting in active concert or in participation therewith from infringing United States Patent No. 8,650,493;
- T. Award SRI damages sufficient to compensate it for Defendants' past and future infringement of United States Patent No. 8,650,493, together with costs and prejudgment interest, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;
- U. Find that United States Patent No. 8,984,491 is valid and enforceable against Defendants;
- V. Find that Defendants have infringed and are infringing United States Patent No. 8,984,491;
- W. Permanently enjoin Defendants, their officers, agents, servants, employees, and those persons acting in active concert or in participation therewith from infringing United States Patent No. 8,984,491;
- X. Award SRI damages sufficient to compensate it for Defendants' past and future infringement of United States Patent No. 8,984,491, together with costs and prejudgment interest, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;
- Y. Order an accounting of damages from Defendants' infringement;

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Z.	Award SRI enhanced damages, up to and including trebling SRI's damages, pursuant
	to 35 U.S.C. § 284, for Defendants' willful infringement of the Patents-in-Suit;

- AA. Award SRI its reasonable attorney fees and costs of suit pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285 due to the exceptional nature of this case, or as otherwise permitted by law;
- BB. Award SRI post-judgment interest pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1961; and
- CC. Award SRI such other or additional relief as the Court deems just and proper.

Date: April 12, 2019

Respectfully submitted,

SINGER BEA LLP

Bv:

Benjamin L. Singer

Evan Budaj

Attorneys for Plaintiff Software Research, Inc.