	Case 5:19-cv-08240 Document 1 Fi	led 12/18/19	Page 1 of 42	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	QUINN EMANUEL URQUHART & SULLIVA Tigran Guledjian (Cal. Bar No. 207613) tigranguledjian@quinnemanuel.com Richard H. Doss (Cal. Bar No. 204078) richarddoss@quinnemanuel.com 865 South Figueroa Street, 10 th Floor Los Angeles, California 90017-2543 Telephone: (213) 443-3000 Facsimile: (213) 443-3100 Attorneys for Plaintiffs Seiko Epson Corporation Epson America, Inc., and Epson Portland Inc. UNITED STATES	ι,	N IR T	
9	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CAI			
10	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CAL	LIFORINA, SA	IN JOSE DIVISION	
11 12	SEIKO EPSON CORPORATION, a Japan corporation; EPSON AMERICA, INC., a California corporation; and EPSON PORTLAND INC., an Oregon corporation,,	COMPLAIN	NT FOR: FRINGEMENT	
13	Plaintiffs,	DEMAND F	OR JURY TRIAL	
14	vs.	Trial Date:	None Set	
15 16	STRAIGHTOUTTAINK, LP ., a California limited partnership; and NAHN HO , an individual,			
17	Defendants.			
18				
19				
20				
21				
22				
23 24				
24				
26				
27				
28				
			Case No.	
		COMI	PLAINT FOR: PATENT II	NFRINGEMENT

Plaintiffs Seiko Epson Corporation, Epson America, Inc., and Epson Portland Inc.,
 (collectively, "Epson"), for their Complaint herein, allege as follows:

3

NATURE OF THE ACTION

This is an action for patent infringement of United States Patent No. 6,955,422 ("the
 '422 patent"), United States Patent No. 8,794,749 ("the '749 patent"), and United States Patent No.
 8,454,116 ("the '116 patent") (collectively "Epson Patents") arising under the patent laws of the United
 States, 35 U.S.C. § 1 *et. seq.*

8 2. The infringing products at issue are aftermarket ink cartridges for use with Epson 9 printers. Over the years Epson has brought numerous actions in various district courts as well as the United States International Trade Commission ("ITC" or "Commission") for infringement of its 10 patents. In fact, the ITC has issued two general exclusion orders that prohibit the importation of ink 11 12 cartridges that infringe certain Epson patents, including the three patents asserted in this case. Epson's 13 patent enforcement efforts have been widely publicized and reported by the aftermarket ink cartridge 14 industry and by Epson itself. As a result, the aftermarket ink cartridge industry is intimately familiar 15 with the ITC's general exclusion orders and Epson's patents. Players in the aftermarket ink cartridge 16 industry know that importation and sale of ink cartridges for use with Epson printers may violate the 17 ITC's general exclusion orders and infringe Epson's patents. Epson also gives notice of its patents, 18 including the '422, '749, and '116 patents, by virtual marking of its cartridges pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 19 § 287(a). Nevertheless, infringers continue to import and sell infringing ink cartridges in flagrant 20 violation of the ITC's general exclusion orders, United States patent law, and Epson's patents.

3. Defendants in this case are willful infringers of Epson's patents, including the '422,
'749, and '116 patents, and violators of the ITC's general exclusion orders. Epson brings this action to
recover money damages, for a preliminary and permanent injunction, and for other relief as set forth
herein.

25

RELATED ACTIONS

4. This action is related to the following twenty-two actions because one or more of the
Epson patents asserted here are or were also asserted in those cases against infringing aftermarket ink
cartridges that, from a patent analysis perspective, are the same as the accused products in this case:

	Case 5:19-cv	v-08240 Document 1 Filed 12/18/19 Page 3 of 42
1	a.	Seiko Epson Corporation, et al. v. BCH Technologies LLC, et al., Civil No.
2		1:19-cv-01067 (M.D.N.C.), filed on October 17, 2019, currently pending;
3	b.	Seiko Epson Corporation, et al. v. STS Refill Technology, LLC, et al., Civil
4		No. 9:18-cv-81723-CV-ALTMAN (S.D.FL.), filed on December 17, 2018,
5		currently pending;
6	с.	Seiko Epson Corporation, et al. v. CIS Systems, Inc., et al., Civil No. 1:18-
7		cv-06586-ENV-PK (N.D.IL.), filed on September 27, 2018, currently
8		pending;
9	d.	Seiko Epson Corporation, et al. v. Inkjet2ULLP, et al., Civil No. 3:16-cv-
10		2322-YY (D. Or.) filed on December 14, 2016, currently pending;
11	e.	Seiko Epson Corporation, et al. v. FTrade Inc., et al., Civil No. 1:18-cv-
12		05036-ENV-PK (E.D.N.Y.), filed on September 5, 2018, concluded by
13		settlement, consent judgment and permanent injunction;
14	f.	Seiko Epson Corporation, et al. v. Sinotime Technologies, Inc., et. al., Civil
15		No. 18-cv-22838-Gayles/Otazo-Reyes (S.D. Fla.) filed on July 13, 2018,
16		concluded by settlement, consent judgment and permanent injunction;
17	g.	Seiko Epson Corporation, et al. v. EZ Inks et al., Civil No. 1:18-cv-01338
18		(E.D.N.Y.), filed on March 2, 2018, concluded by settlement, consent
19		judgment and permanent injunction;
20	h.	Seiko Epson Corporation, et al. v. InkPro2Day, et. al., Civil No. 2:18-cv-
21		00372-JAD-NJK (D. Nev.) filed on March 1, 2018, concluded by default
22		judgment and permanent injunction;
23	i.	Seiko Epson Corporation, et al. v. Prinko Image Co. (USA), Inc., Civil No.
24		2:17-cv-04501-AB (JCx) (C.D. Cal.) filed on June 16, 2017, concluded by
25		default judgment and permanent injunction;
26	j.	Seiko Epson Corporation, et al. v. Soldcrazy USA LLC, Civil No. 2:17-cv-
27		04502-AB (JCx) (C.D. Cal.) filed on June 16, 2017, concluded by default
28		judgment and permanent injunction;
		-3- Case No
		COMPLAINT FOR: PATENT INFRINGEMENT

1	k.	Seiko Epson Corporation, et al. v. Advance Image Manufacturers, Inc.,	
2		Civil No. 3:17-cv-425-YY (D. Or.) filed on March 16, 2017, concluded by	
3		default judgment and permanent injunction;	
4	1.	Seiko Epson Corporation, et al. v. OW Supplies Corp., et al., Civil No.	
5		3:17-cv-363-YY (D. Or.) filed on March 3, 2017, concluded by settlement,	
6		consent judgment and permanent injunction;	
7	m.	Seiko Epson Corporation, et al. v. Ta Trix USA Inc., Civil No. 3:17-cv-369-	
8		YY (D. Or.) filed on March 3, 2017, concluded by settlement, consent	
9		judgment and permanent injunction;	
10	n.	Seiko Epson Corporation, et al. v. Gaea Supplies Corporation,, Civil No.	
11		3:17-cv-366-SB (D. Or.) filed on March 3, 2017, concluded by settlement,	
12		consent judgment and permanent injunction;	
13	о.	Seiko Epson Corporation, et al. v. HT Tech, Inc. and HT Imaging Inc., Civil	
14		No. 3:16-cv-2321-YY (D. Or.) filed December 14, 2016, concluded by	
15		settlement, consent judgment and permanent injunction;	
16	p.	Seiko Epson Corporation, et al. v. Shoppers Smart LLC, Houses Investing,	
17		LLP and Houses Investing Of Florida, Corp., Civil No. 3:16-cv-2324-YY	
18		(D. Or.) filed on December 14, 2016, concluded by settlement, consent	
19		judgment and permanent injunction;	
20	q.	Seiko Epson Corporation, et al. v. Nano Business & Technology, Inc., Civil	
21		No. 3:16-cv-02211-YY (D. Or.), filed on November 22, 2016, concluded by	
22		settlement, consent judgment and permanent injunction;	
23	r.	Seiko Epson Corporation, et al. v. Glory South Software Manufacturing	
24		Inc., et al., Civil No. 06-236-BR (D. Or.), filed on February 17, 2006,	
25		concluded by default judgment and permanent injunction	
26	s.	Seiko Epson Corporation, et al. v. Glory South Software Manufacturing	
27		Inc., et al., Civil No. 06-477-BR (D. Or.), filed on April 7, 2006, concluded	
28		by default judgment and permanent injunction;	
	 	-4- Case No	
		COMPLAINT FOR: PATENT INFRINGEMENT	

Case 5:19-cv-08240 Document 1 Filed 12/18/19 Page 5 of 42 1 t. Seiko Epson Corporation, et al. v. Abacus 24-7 LLC, et al., Civil No. 09-2 477-BR (D. Or.), filed on April 28, 2009, concluded by settlement, consent 3 judgment and permanent injunction; Seiko Epson Corporation, et al. v. E-Babylon, Inc., et al., Civil No. 07-896-4 u. 5 BR (D. Or.), filed on June 18, 2007, concluded by settlement, consent 6 judgment and permanent injunction; and 7 Seiko Epson Corporation, et al. v. Inkjetmadness.com, Inc., et al., Civil No. v. 8 08-452-BR (D. Or.), filed on April 10, 2008, concluded by settlement, 9 consent judgment and permanent injunction. 5. 10 In addition, this action is related to In the Matter of CERTAIN INK CARTRIDGES AND 11 COMPONENTS THEREOF, Investigation No. 337-TA-946, United States International Trade 12 Commission, Washington, D.C., which was adjudicated by the ITC in a final determination 13 (Commission Opinion, May 26, 2016) (the "ITC 946 Investigation") and in which the Commission 14 issued a General Exclusion Order and certain Cease and Desist Orders that include the '749 patent and the '116 patent. The '749 and '116 patents asserted in this case were litigated in the ITC 946 15 16 Investigation against the same or overlapping groups of aftermarket ink cartridges that are accused of 17 infringement in this action. 18 6. Finally, this action is related to In the Matter of CERTAIN INK CARTRIDGES AND 19 COMPONENTS THEREOF, Investigation No. 337-TA-565, United States International Trade Commission, Washington, D.C., which was adjudicated by the ITC in a final determination 20 21 (Commission Opinion, Oct. 19, 2007) (the "ITC 565 Investigation") and in which the Commission issued a General Exclusion Order and certain Cease and Desist Orders that include the '422 patent. 22 23 The '422 patent at issue in this case was litigated in the ITC 565 Investigation against the same or 24 overlapping groups of aftermarket ink cartridges that are accused of infringement in this action. 25 THE PARTIES 26 7. Plaintiff Seiko Epson Corporation ("Seiko Epson") is a corporation organized and 27 existing under the laws of Japan. Its principal place of business is located at 3-3-5 Owa Suwa-Shi 28 Nagano-Ken, 392-8502, Japan. Seiko Epson is the assignee of the Epson Patents. Case No. -5-COMPLAINT FOR: PATENT INFRINGEMENT 8. Plaintiff Epson America, Inc. ("Epson America") is a corporation organized and
 existing under the laws of the State of California. Its principal place of business is located at 3840
 Kilroy Airport Way, Long Beach, California 90806. As the North American sales, marketing and
 customer service affiliate of Seiko Epson, Epson America is the exclusive licensee of the Epson
 Patents for distributing in the United States Epson ink cartridges that embody the inventions contained
 in the Epson Patents, including cartridges manufactured by Epson Portland Inc.

9. Plaintiff Epson Portland Inc. ("Epson Portland is a corporation organized and existing
under the laws of the State of Oregon. Its principal place of business is located at 3950 NE Aloclek
Place, Hillsboro, Oregon 97124. Epson Portland is the exclusive licensee of the Epson Patents for
manufacturing in the United States Epson ink cartridges that embody the inventions contained in the
Epson Patents. Seiko Epson, Epson America and Epson Portland are sometimes referred to
collectively herein as "Epson" or "Plaintiffs."

13

14

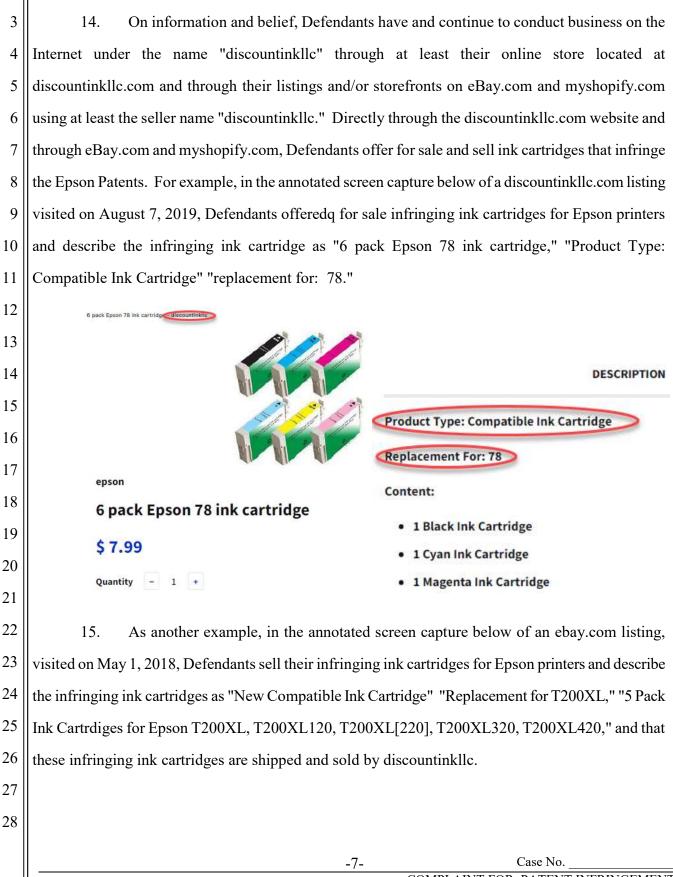
10. Plaintiffs produce and sell ink cartridges that operate with Epson ink jet printers utilizing Epson's patented technology and designs in the United States and in this judicial district.

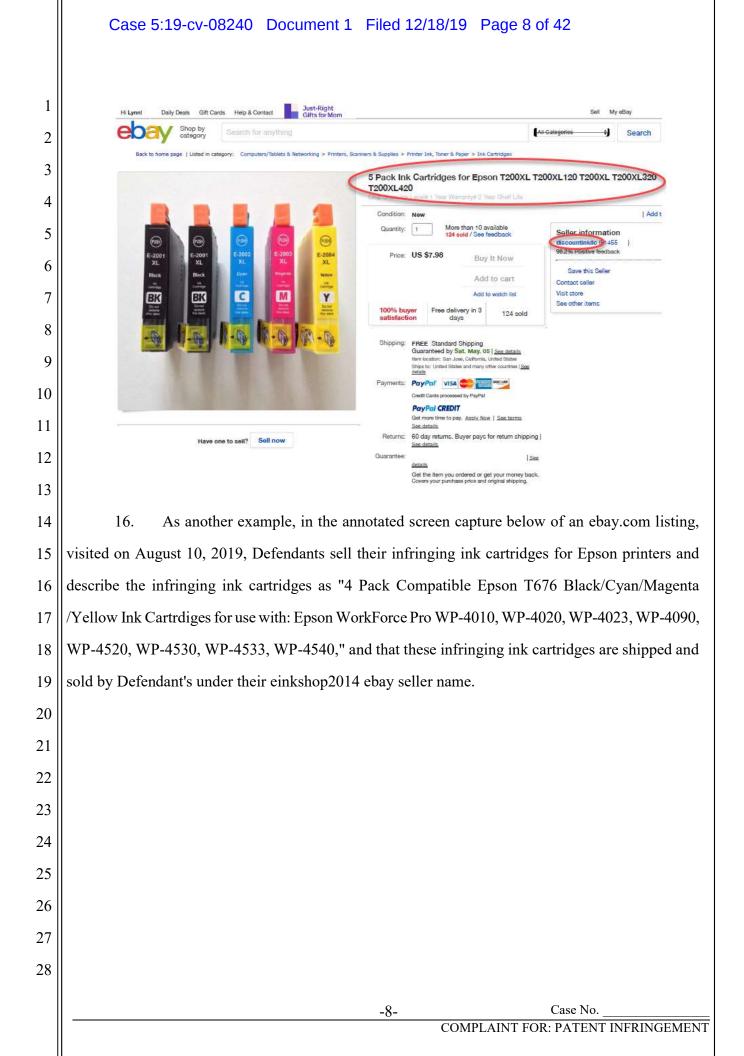
15 11. On information and belief, and according to the California Secretary of State, 16 defendant Straightouttaink, LP ("Straightouttaink") is a limited partnership organized and existing 17 under the laws of the State of California. Based on information and belief, and according to 18 Straightouttaink's filings with the California Secretary of State, Straightouttaink's sole general partner 19 is Nhan Ho and Straightouttaink's principal office and mailing address is 541 W. Capitol Expressway 20 10-212, San Jose, California 95136. Based on information and belief, and according to 21 Straightouttaink's filings with the California Secretary of State, Straightouttaink's registered agent for 22 service of process is Hung Le and the service address is 2491 Escalonia Court, San Jose, California 23 95121. According to Straightouttaink's website at discountinkllc.com, the contact address listed is 541 24 W. Capital Expressway 10-212, San Jose, California 95136, the same address as Straightouttaink's 25 principal office and mailing address.

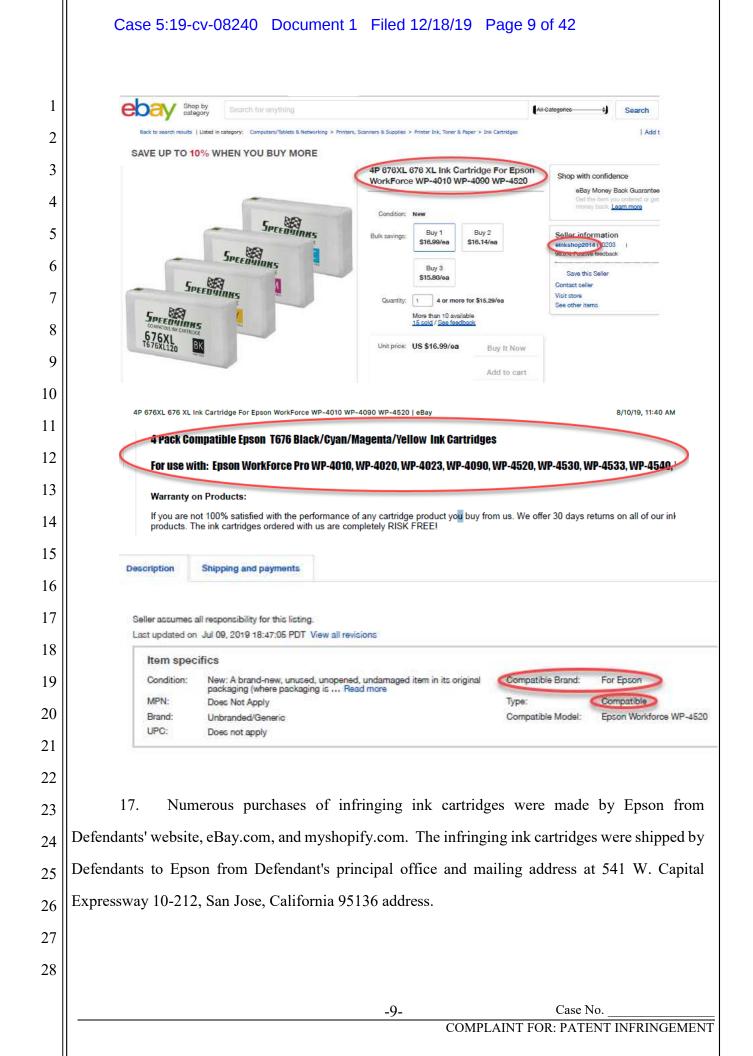
26 12. On information and belief, defendant, Nahn Ho, is an individual who resides in
27 California, and is the sole general partner of defendant Straightouttaink with an address at 541 W.
28 Capitol Expressway 10-212, San Jose, California 95136.

-6-

1 13. Collectively, defendants Straightouttaink and Nahn Ho are referred to herein as
 2 "Defendants."







18. 1 On May 7, 2017, the United States International Trade Commission ("ITC") issued a 2 Seizure and Forfeiture Order in the 337-TA-565 ITC Investigation, discussed in paragraph 6 above, 3 against Defendant, ordering that (emphasis added): Ink Cartridges and Components Thereof that are imported in violation 4 of the general exclusion order issued in the above-captioned 5 investigation are to be seized and forfeited to the United States, if imported by the following firm: Straightouttaink, 287 Meadowlark Drive, Sunnyvale, California 94089, or any affiliated companies, 6 parents, subsidiaries, or other related business entities, or any of their 7 successors or assigns. 8 On information and belief, "Straightouttaink" referenced in the Seizure and Forfeiture Order is the 9 same company as defendant Straightuottaink named herein and that the address identified in the 10 Seizure and Forfeiture Order. The foregoing Seizure and Forfeiture Order, by its terms, was issued by the ITC after the United States Bureau of Customs and Border Protection ("Customs") 11 had informed the ITC that defendant Straightouttaink had attempted to import infringing ink 12 13 cartridges covered by the 337-TA-565 General Exclusion Order and that Customs had denied such 14 entry of infringing ink cartridges and informed defendant Straightouttaink of the 337-TA-565 15 General Exclusion Order and also informed defendant Straightouttaink that any further attempt to 16 import infringing ink cartridges covered by the 337-TA-565 General Exclusion Order would result 17 in seizure and forfeiture. On information and belief, despite Customs' notice and despite the ITC's 18 Seizure and Forfeiture Order, and with full knowledge of the same and of at least the '422 patent 19 (which is one of the patents covered by the 337-TA-565 General Exclusion Order) complained of 20 herein, including knowledge of its infringement of at least the '422 patent, Defendants imported 21 and continue to import infringing ink cartridges into the United States for sale on its their websites 22 and online marketplace storefronts identified in paragraphs 11-17 above, and elsewhere. For at 23 least these reasons, and others, Defendants' importation, offers to sell, and sale of infringing ink 24 cartridges complained of herein is willful. A copy of the ITC's Seizure and Forfeiture Order is 25 attached hereto as Exhibit A. 26 JURISDICTION AND VENUE 27 19. The causes of action herein for patent infringement arise under the patent laws of the 28 United States, 35 U.S.C. § 271. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over the claims for patent Case No. -10infringement pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a). This Court has personal jurisdiction of the
 Defendants at least because Defendants have committed acts of direct and indirect patent infringement
 in this judicial district and reside in this judicial district. Venue is proper in this district under 28
 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b), (c) and 1400(b).

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

6

5

7

(Patent Infringement—35 U.S.C. § 271)

INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 6,955,422

8 20. Epson incorporates by reference each and every allegation contained in Paragraphs 1
9 through 19 as though fully set forth at length here.

10 21. Epson owns all right, title, and interest in, including the right to sue thereon and the right to recover for infringement thereof, United States Patent No. 6,955,422, which was duly and 11 12 legally issued to Seiko Epson by the United States Patent and Trademark Office on October 18, 2005. 13 Attached as Exhibit B to this Complaint is a true and correct copy of the '422 patent. On September 14 29, 2009, reexamination certificate 6,955,422 C1 was duly and legally issued to Seiko Epson by the 15 Unites States Patent and Trademark Office. Attached as Exhibit C to this Complaint is a true and 16 correct copy of the reexamination certificate of the '422 patent. The original patent and the 17 reexamination certificate are collectively referred to herein as "the '422 patent." The '422 patent 18 relates generally to ink cartridges for printers.

19

22. The '422 patent is valid and enforceable.

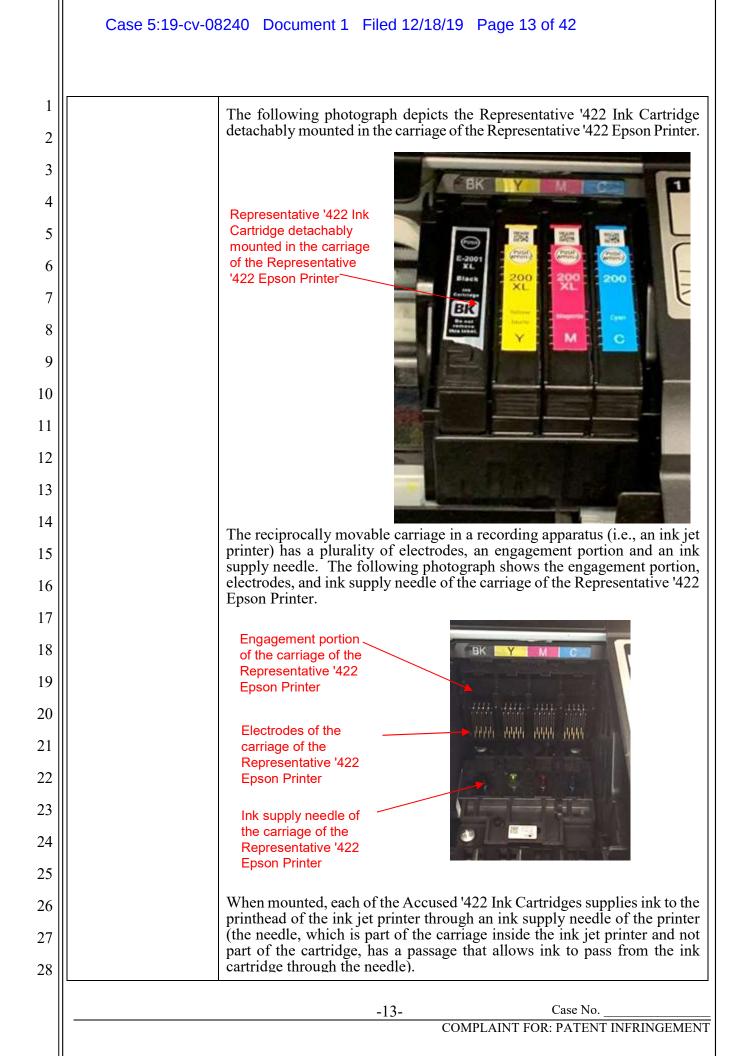
20 23. On information and belief after conducting a reasonable investigation, Defendants have 21 infringed and are infringing the '422 patent, as defined by numerous claims of the patent in violation 22 of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by making, using, importing, offering to sell, and selling in this judicial district 23 and elsewhere aftermarket ink cartridges that operate with Epson ink jet printers, including but not 24 limited to ink cartridges having model nos. 69, T069, 78, T078, 126, T126, 200XL, T200XL, 25 T200XL120, T200XL220, T200XL320, T200XL420, 802, and T802XL, as well as others that are no more than colorably different from the foregoing (collectively, the "Accused '422 Ink Cartridges"). 26 27 The specific models of Accused '422 Ink Cartridges identified above were obtained by Epson during

28

its investigation leading to this Complaint from Defendants' online listings on their discountinkllc.com
 website and storefronts on ebay.com and myshopify.com.

3 24. As a non-limiting example, set forth below is a claim chart with a description of 4 Defendants' infringement of exemplary claim 1 of the '422 patent by the Accused '422 Ink Cartridges. 5 The infringement is shown using a representative ink cartridge (Model No. T200XL120; Control No.¹ 6 8988) from among the Accused '422 Ink Cartridges purchased from Defendants that, for infringement 7 analysis purposes, is representative of and represents all of Defendants' ink cartridges within the 8 Accused '422 Ink Cartridges (i.e., the represented ink cartridges), including, but not limited to, the 9 models identified above. The claim chart below refers to this ink cartridge as "the Representative '422 10 Ink Cartridge." The Representative '422 Ink Cartridge was designed for use in a specific Epson 11 printer, the Epson WF-2530 printer ("the Representative '422 Epson Printer"), and for purposes of the 12 analysis set forth herein, the Representative '422 Ink Cartridge was tested in the Representative '422 13 Epson Printer, as discussed in further detail in the claim chart below.

	Claim 1 of the '422 Patent	Where found in the Accused '422 Ink Cartridges
5 7 3	[1a] An ink cartridge detachably mountable on a carriage which is reciprocally movable in a recording apparatus and which has a plurality of	Each of the Accused '422 Ink Cartridges is an ink cartridge for detachably mounting on the carriage of an Epson ink jet printer that is reciprocally movable in a recording apparatus (i.e., an ink jet printer). Defendants market and sell the Accused '422 Ink Cartridges as being compatible with one or more specific Epson ink jet printers. For example, the Representative '422 Ink Cartridge is compatible with the Representative '422 Epson Printer.
	electrodes, an engagement portion and an ink supply needle, the ink cartridge comprising:	
		an ink cartridge detachably mountable on a carriage of a recording apparatus (i.e., an ink jet
	by Epson to this ink car	purposes, a unique "control number" ("Control No.") has been assigned tridge and all other ink cartridges, purchased by Epson from Defendants as ation leading to the filing of this Complaint.
		-12- Case No COMPLAINT FOR: PATENT INFRINGEMEN



1 Accordingly, the Accused '422 Ink Cartridges literally meet the preamble of claim 1 of the '422 patent. 2 Each of the Accused '422 Ink Cartridges has a container that stores ink, an [1b] a container that 3 stores ink therein ink supply port that is connectable to the ink supply needle of the printer and has an ink carriage, with the ink supply port located in a leading end side in an 4 supply port insertion direction of the container into the carriage. These features are connectable to the 5 shown below using the Representative '422 Ink Cartridge: ink supply needle, the ink supply port 6 being located in a container that leading end side in 8988 7 stores ink an insertion direction of the container into 8 the carriage, insertion the container further 9 direction having first and second surfaces 10 opposite each other, the first surface 11 being substantially Ink supply port located at leading parallel to the end side in insertion direction 12 insertion direction of the container into the 13 Each of the Accused '422 Ink Cartridges has a container that has a first and carriage; second surfaces opposite each other, the first surface being substantially 14 parallel to the insertion direction of the container into the carriage. These features are shown below using the Representative '422 Ink Cartridge: 15 16 8988 17 first surface is substantially 18 insertion second parallel to the surface direction 19 insertion (i.e., back direction surface) 20 21 Accordingly, the Accused '422 Ink Cartridges literally meet this limitation 22 of claim 1 of the '422 patent. 23 24 25 26 27 28 Case No. -14-COMPLAINT FOR: PATENT INFRINGEMENT

Case 5:19-cv-08240 Document 1 Filed 12/18/19 Page 15 of 42

1 2	[1c] a memory device having a	Each of the Accused '422 Ink Cartridges has a memory device having a plurality of electrodes that are disposed substantially in a first plane for	
$\frac{2}{3}$	plurality of electrodes disposed	respective electrical connection to the electrodes of the carriage, the electrodes of the memory device are fixed relative to the first surface of the	
4	substantially in a first plane for respective electrical	container. These features are shown below using the Representative '422 Ink Cartridge:	
5	connection to the electrodes of the		
6	carriage, the electrodes of the	gold colored electrodes are in the plane of the circuit	
7	memory device being fixed relative to the first surface of	board which itself is in a first plane	
8	the container; and	the electrodes are fixed relative to the Memory devices is	
9 10		fixed relative to the first surface (i.e., the front surface of the	
11			
12		Accordingly, the Accused '422 Ink Cartridges literally meet this limitation of claim 1 of the '422 patent.	
13	[1d] a retaining member disposed on	Each of the Accused '422 Ink Cartridges has a retaining member disposed	
14	the first surface of the container, and	on the first surface of the container, and has a movable engagement portion that can shift position relative to the first surface of the container. The	
15	having a movable engagement portion	movable engagement portion is located at a trailing end side relative to the electrodes of the memory device in the insertion direction of the container	
16 17	that can shift position relative to	into the carriage. The movable engagement portion of the retaining member is engageable with the engagement portion of the carriage. These features	
18	the first surface of the container and which is located at a	are shown below using the Representative '422 Ink Cartridge:	
19	trailing end side relative to the	retaining member on first surface 8988	
20	electrodes of the memory device in	insertion	
21	the insertion direction of the	moveable engagement direction	
22	container into the carriage, and which is engageable with	(i.e., trailing end side in insertion direction) the	
23	the engagement portion of the	electrodes	
24	carriage,	Accordingly, the Accused '422 Ink Cartridges literally meet this limitation	
25 26		of claim 1 of the '422 patent.	
27			
28			
		-15- Case No	
		COMPLAINT FOR: PATENT INFRINGEMENT	
		COMILANTI TOR. LATENT INTRINGEMENT	

	Case 5:19-cv-08240 Document 1 Filed 12/18/19 Page 16 of 42			
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	[1e] wherein at least one said electrode, the movable engagement portion, and an axis of the ink supply port are intersected by a second plane that is perpendicular to the first plane.	In each of the Accused '422 Ink Cartridges at least one of the electrodes, the movable engagement portion, and the axis of the ink supply port are intersected by a second plane that is perpendicular to the first plane. These features are shown below using the Representative '422 Ink Cartridge: engagement portion is intersected by second plane represented by red vertical line (as		
 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 		viewed on edge) which is perpendicular to the first plane (in which the electrodes lie and represented, e.g., by the green circuit board)		
17		<u> </u>		
18	25. On infor	mation and belief after conducting a reasonable investigation, Defendants have		
19	and are actively, knowi	ngly and intentionally aiding and abetting and inducing infringement of the		
20	'422 patent in violation	of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b) by non-parties, including end-users, despite Defendants'		
21	knowledge of the '422 patent.			
22	26. On infor	mation and belief, defendant Straighouttaink's sole general partner, defendant		
23	Nhan Ho, directs and controls the infringing activities of defendant Straightouttaink and has taken and			
24	continues to take active	steps to encourage and induce Straighouttaink to infringe by actively running		
25	and directing the busine	esses, including but not limited to being the principal decision maker regarding		
26	the promotion, advertis	ing, and sale of products that infringe the '422 patent on Defendants' website		
27	and storefronts on interr	net marketplaces, including ebay.com and myshopify.com discussed above in		
28	paragraphs 11-17.			

27. On information and belief, Defendants had knowledge of the '422 patent prior to, or at
 2 least since the filing and service of this complaint on Defendants.

- 28. On information and belief, Defendants are contributing to the infringement of the '422
 patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) by non-parties by offering to sell or selling within the United
 States or importing into the United States components of the patented inventions set forth in the '422
 patent. The components constitute a material part of the inventions. Defendants know that such
 components are especially made or especially adapted for use in an infringement of the '422 patent.
 The components are not a staple article or commodity of commerce suitable for substantial
 noninfringing use.
- 29. By reason of Defendants' infringing activities, Epson has suffered, and will continue to
 suffer, substantial damages in an amount to be proven at trial.
- 30. Defendants' acts complained of herein have damaged and will continue to damage
 Epson irreparably. Epson has no adequate remedy at law for these wrongs and injuries. Epson is
 therefore entitled to a preliminary and permanent injunction restraining and enjoining Defendants and
 their agents, servants, and employees, and all persons acting thereunder, in concert with, or on their
 behalf, from infringing the claims of the '422 patent.

17 31. Defendants are not licensed or otherwise authorized to make, use, import, sell, or offer
18 to sell any ink cartridge claimed in the '422 patent, and Defendants' conduct is, in every instance,
19 without Epson's consent.

20 32. On information and belief, Defendants' infringement has been and continues to be 21 willful.

22 SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF 23 (Patent Infringement—35 U.S.C. § 271) 24 **INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 8,794,749** 25 33. Epson incorporates by reference each and every allegation contained in Paragraphs 1 through 19 as though fully set forth at length here. 26 27 34. Epson owns all right, title, and interest in, including the right to sue thereon and the right to recover for infringement thereof, United States Patent No. 8,794,749 ("the '749 patent"), 28

Case No.

which was duly and legally issued to Seiko Epson by the United States Patent and Trademark Office
 on August 5, 2014. The '749 patent relates generally to ink cartridges for printers. Attached as
 Exhibit D to this Complaint is a true and correct copy of the '749 patent.

4

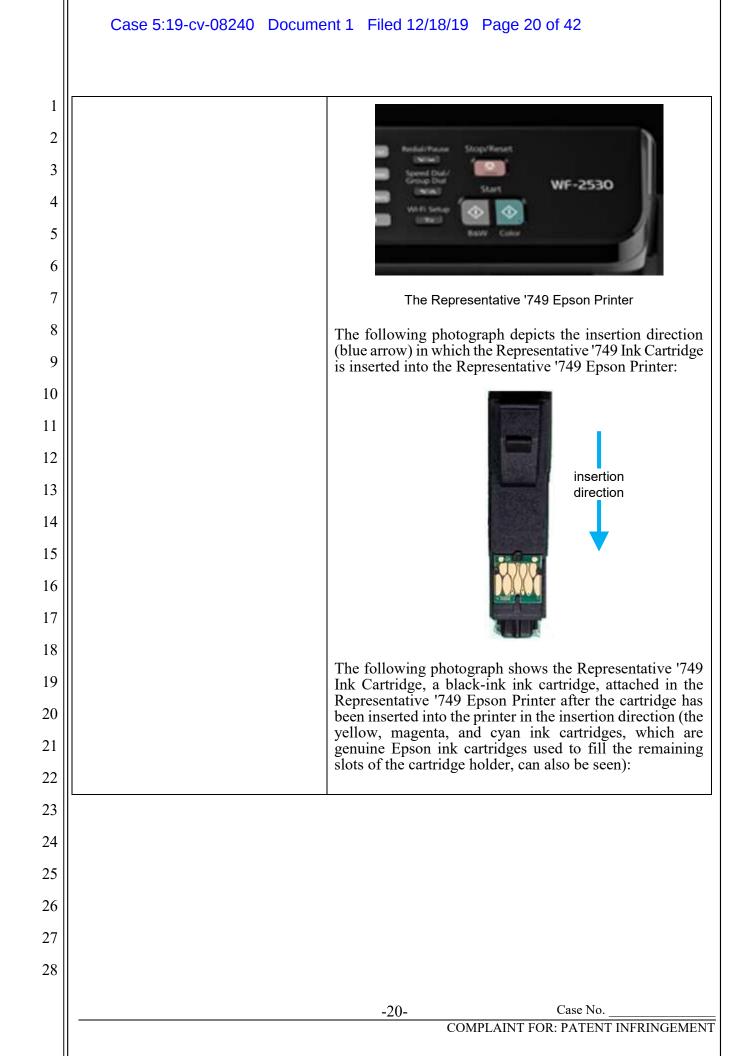
35. The '749 patent is valid and enforceable.

5 36. On information and belief after conducting a reasonable investigation, Defendants have 6 infringed and are infringing the '749 patent, as defined by numerous claims of the patent in violation 7 of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by making, using, importing, offering to sell, and selling in this judicial district 8 and elsewhere aftermarket ink cartridges that operate with Epson ink jet printers, including but not 9 limited to ink cartridges having model nos. 69, T069, 78, T078, 126, T126, 200XL, T200XL, 10 T200XL120, T200XL220, T200XL320, T200XL420, 273XL, T273XL, 312, 312XL, 676XL T676XL, T676XL120, 802, and T802XL, as well as others that are no more than colorably different 11 12 from the foregoing (collectively, the "Accused '749 Ink Cartridges"). The specific models of Accused 13 '749 Ink Cartridges identified above were obtained by Epson during its investigation leading to this 14 Complaint from Defendants' online listings on their websites and storefronts on Amazon.com and eBay.com. 15

16 37. As a non-limiting example, set forth below is a claim chart with a description of 17 Defendants' infringement of exemplary claim 1 of the '749 patent by the Accused '749 Ink Cartridges. 18 The infringement is shown using a representative ink cartridge (Model No. T200XL120; Control No. 19 8988) from among the Accused '749 Ink Cartridges purchased from Defendants that, for infringement 20 analysis purposes, is representative of and represents all of Defendants' ink cartridges within the 21 Accused '749 Ink Cartridges (i.e., the represented ink cartridges), including, but not limited to, the 22 models identified above. The claim chart below refers to this ink cartridge as "the Representative '749 23 Ink Cartridge." The Representative '749 Ink Cartridge was designed for use in a specific Epson 24 printer, the Epson WorkForce WF-2530 printer ("the Representative '749 Epson Printer"), and for 25 purposes of the analysis set forth herein, the Representative '749 Ink Cartridge was tested in the Representative '749 Epson Printer, as discussed in further detail in the claim chart below. 26

- 27
- 28

	Case 5:19-cv-08240 Document 1 Filed 12/18/19 Page 19 of 42		
1	Claim 1 of the '749 Patent	Where found in the Accused '749 Ink Cartridges	
2 3	[1a] A printing material container adapted to be attached to a printing apparatus by being inserted into the	Each of the Accused '749 Ink Cartridges is a printing material container (an ink cartridge) adapted to be attached to an Epson ink jet printing apparatus. Each of the	
4	printing apparatus in an insertion direction, the printing apparatus	Accused '749 Ink Cartridges is inserted, in an insertion direction, into an Epson ink jet printer. All Epson ink jet	
5 6	having a print head and a plurality of apparatus-side electrical contact members, the printing material	printers that accept the Accused 749 Ink Cartridges have a print head and a plurality of printer-side (apparatus-side) electrical contact members.	
7	container comprising:	These features are shown below using the Representative '749 Ink Cartridge.	
8 9		The Representative '749 Ink Cartridge is adapted to be attached to the Representative '749 Epson Printer by being inserted in an insertion direction, as shown in the following	
10		photographs:	
11			
12			
13		Lang 1	
14		alaca 1	
15			
16			
17 18		-03	
19			
20			
21			
22			
23		The Representative '749 Ink Cartridge	
24			
25			
26			
27			
28			
		-19- Case No COMPLAINT FOR: PATENT INFRINGEMENT	
		COMILAINI FOR TATENT INFRINCEMENT	



1 Representative 2 '749 Ink Cartridge installed in the 3 Representative '749 Epson Printer 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 The Epson ink jet printers that accept the Accused '749 Ink Cartridges each include a print head for printing and 11 multiple printer-side electrical contact forming members for each ink cartridge accepted by the printer. These 12 features are shown below for the printer's cartridge holder slot that accepts the Representative '749 Ink Cartridge, a 13 black-ink ink cartridge (the printer's electrical contact members for the yellow, magenta, and cyan cartridges can 14 also be seen in the right photo): 15 BK Y zoomed-in view of printer's MC 16 electrical contact forming members (1 indicated; 9 shown) 17 18 19 20 21 22 Accordingly, the Accused '749 Ink Cartridges literally meet the preamble of claim 1 of the '749 patent. 23 [1b] an ink supply opening, having Each of the Accused '749 Ink Cartridges comprises an ink 24 an exit, adapted to supply ink from supply opening having an exit. When attached, the ink the ink cartridge to the printing supply opening of each of the Accused '749 Ink Cartridges 25 is adapted to supply ink from the cartridge to the Epson ink apparatus; jet printer that accepts the cartridge. The following 26 photograph depicts the exit of the ink supply opening of the Representative '749 Ink Cartridge: 27 28 Case No. -21-COMPLAINT FOR: PATENT INFRINGEMENT

1		
2		
3		exit of ink supply opening
4		Accordingly, the Accused '749 Ink Cartridges literally meet
5		this limitation of claim 1 of the '749 patent.
6	[1c] a low voltage electronic device adapted to receive and function with	Each of the Accused '749 Ink Cartridges comprises a low voltage electronic device that comprises a memory device
7	a low voltage, the low voltage electronic device comprising a	adapted to receive and function with a low voltage. The low voltage electronic device is an integrated circuit ("IC")
8	memory device;	chip located on the back of a printed circuit board that is mounted on a wall of the ink cartridge, as shown below in
9		the Representative '749 Ink Cartridge:
10		The second of the second se
11		
12		
13		
14		printed sizewit board
15		printed circuit board (green) with low voltage
16		electronic device located on back
17		
18		In addition, the presence of a low voltage electronic device
19		(i.e., an IC chip comprising a memory device) is further confirmed through testing demonstrating that the Epson ink
20		jet printers that accept the Accused '749 Ink Cartridges read the remaining ink level and other descriptive information
21		about the ink cartridge from the ink cartridge's memory device, and display that information on the display screen
22		of a connected computer and on the printer's display screen. The following photographs show the display of such
23		information on the computer display screen and the printer's display screen for the Representative '749 Ink
24		Cartridge, containing black ink, attached to the Representative '749 Epson Printer:
25		
26		
27		
28		
		-22- Case No
		COMPLAINT FOR: PATENT INFRINGEMENT
I		

Case 5:19-cv-08240 Document 1 Filed 12/18/19 Page 23 of 42

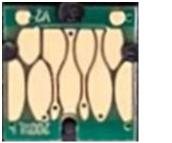
1 EPSON Status Monitor 3 : EPSON WF-2530 Sene: Ready EPSON 2 It is ready to print 3 4 5 Irk Level 6 7 8 Print Queue 9 memory device shows, on the computer's display screen, the amount of black ink remaining in the 10 Representative '749 Ink Cartridge 11 12 13 14 15 16 Cop Fax Scan 17 18 ADF 19 20 memory device shows, on the printer's display screen, the amount of black ink remaining in the Representative '749 Ink Cartridge 21 22 All Epson ink jet printers that accept the Accused '749 Ink Cartridges have similar circuitry and programming in terms 23 of the voltages and signals they apply to their contact forming members and, consequently, to the corresponding 24 contact portions of the Accused '749 Ink Cartridges (the contact portions are located on the gold-colored metallic 25 terminals of the ink cartridge shown above). In particular, Epson printers apply a maximum voltage of approximately 26 4 volts (a low voltage as compared to the high voltage discussed in the next limitation) to certain of their contact 27 forming members that in turn correspond to certain of the contact portions of the Accused '749 Ink Cartridges that are 28 connected to the low voltage electronic device comprising Case No. -23-

1 2		a memory device. Consequently, the low voltage electronic device is adapted to receive and function with a low voltage.
3		Accordingly, the Accused '749 Ink Cartridges literally meet this limitation of claim 1 of the '749 patent.
5	[1d] a high voltage electronic device adapted to receive and function with	Each of the Accused '749 Ink Cartridges comprises a high voltage electronic device that is adapted to receive and
6	a high voltage, which is a higher voltage than the low voltage of the	function with a voltage that is a higher voltage than the voltage of the low voltage electronic device. The high
7	low voltage electronic device; and	voltage electronic device may be, for example, a resistor, or one or more other coupled electronic components, that is/are capable of receiving and functioning with a high
8 9		voltage. The high voltage electronic device is located on the back of a printed circuit board that is mounted on a wall
10		of the ink cartridge, as shown below in the Representative '749 Ink Cartridge:
11		T REAL PROPERTY OF
12		
13		
14		
15		printed circuit board (green) with high voltage
16 17		electronic device located on back
17		
19		All Epson ink jet printers that accept the Accused '749 Ink
20		Cartridges have similar circuitry and programming in terms of the voltages and signals they apply to their contact
21		forming members and, consequently, to the corresponding contact portions of the Accused '749 Ink Cartridges (the
22		contact portions are located on the gold terminals of the ink cartridge shown above). In particular, Epson printers apply
23		a voltage of approximately 42 volts (a high voltage as compared to the low voltage of approximately 4 volts
24		applied to the low voltage electronic device discussed in the preceding limitation) to two of their contact forming members that in turn correspond to two of the contact
25		members that in turn correspond to two of the contact portions of the Accused '749 Ink Cartridges that are connected to the high voltage electronic device.
26 27		Consequently, the high voltage electronic device is adapted to receive and function with a high voltage.
28		Accordingly, the Accused '749 Ink Cartridges literally meet this limitation of claim 1 of the '749 patent.
	L	-24- Case No
		COMPLAINT FOR: PATENT INFRINGEMENT

1	[1e] a plurality of container-side	Each
2	terminals having contact portions adapted and positioned to contact	plurali portio
3	corresponding apparatus-side contact forming members so that electrical	on the the pri
4	communication is enabled between the container and the printing	contac memb
5	apparatus, the contact portions of the terminals including a plurality of low	betwee
6	voltage electronic device contact portions electrically coupled to the	As see of the
7	low voltage electronic device, and a first high voltage electronic device	metall contac
8	contact portion and a second high voltage electronic device contact	portion termin
9	portion, each electrically coupled to the high voltage electronic device,	black from t
10	wherein:	memb remov
11		therefore the the the the the the the the the th
12		the terbefore
13		marki
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		The re memb
20		arrang below
21		termin (there
22		portion row):
23		
24		
25		
26		
27		
28		The c printer

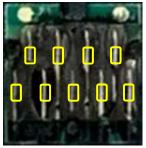
of the Accused '749 Ink Cartridges comprises a ity of container-side terminals that have contact ns. The contact portions are adapted and positioned cartridge so that, when the cartridge is attached to inter, the contact portions of the cartridge's terminals ct corresponding printer-side contact forming ers so that electrical communication is enabled en the cartridge and the printer.

en with respect to limitation 1c above, the terminals Accused '749 Ink Cartridges are the gold colored ic portions on the green printed circuit board. The et portions are located on these gold colored metallic ns. To confirm the location and arrangement of the als' contact portions, the terminals were marked with ink, the cartridge was installed in and then removed he printer (which caused the printers' contact forming ers to leave scratch marks on the terminals thereby ring a portion of the black ink that was applied and ore indicating the location of the contact portions), e terminals were then photographed. For example, rminals of the Representative '749 Ink Cartridge e marking with black ink is shown on the left and after ng with black ink is shown on the right:





esulting marks left by the printer's contact forming ers on the terminals show the location and gement of the contact portions. These are indicated with annotated yellow boxes superimposed on the hals to indicate the location of the contact portions are a total of nine contact portions, with four contact ns in a top row and five contact portions in a bottom



contact portions shown above correspond to their r-side contact forming members so that electrical

Case No.

COMPLAINT FOR: PATENT INFRINGEMENT

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

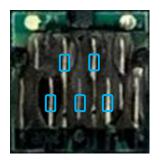
26

27

28

communication is enabled between the ink cartridge and the printer, e.g., so the printer can read remaining ink level and other information from the memory device as described above with respect to limitation 1c.

The above shown contact portions include a plurality of low voltage electronic device contact portions that are electrically coupled to the low voltage electronic device (specifically, the IC chip comprising a memory device). Each low voltage electronic device contact portion is electrically coupled by the terminal it appears on and by other circuitry to the memory device located on the back of the green printed circuit board. The following photograph of the Representative '749 Ink Cartridge shows the low voltage electronic device contact portions (there are five such low voltage electronic device contact portions, as indicated by superimposed blue boxes):



The contact portions of the Accused '749 Ink Cartridges' terminals also include first and second high voltage electronic device contact portions that are each electrically coupled to the high voltage electronic device discussed above with respect to limitation 1d. Each high voltage electronic device contact portion is electrically coupled by the terminal it appears on and by other circuitry to the high voltage electronic device on the back of the printed circuit board. The following photograph of the Representative '749 Ink Cartridge shows the high voltage electronic device contact portions, as indicated by superimposed red boxes):

second high voltage electronic device contact portion



first high voltage electronic device contact portion

Accordingly, the Accused '749 Ink Cartridges literally meet this limitation of claim 1 of the '749 patent.

Case No.

COMPLAINT FOR: PATENT INFRINGEMENT

	Case 5:19-cv-08240 Document 1 Filed 12/18/19 Page 27 of 42		
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	[1f] the contact portions are arranged in a first row of contact portions and in a second row of contact portions, the first row of contact portions and the second row of contact portions extending in a row direction which is generally orthogonal to the insertion direction,	The contact portions of each of the Accused '749 Ink Cartridges are arranged in a first row of contact portions and in a second row of contact portions that both extend in a row direction which is generally orthogonal to the insertion direction. The following photographs of the Representative '749 Ink Cartridge show the first row and second row of contact portions extending in a row direction which is generally orthogonal to the insertion direction in which the Accused '749 Ink Cartridges are inserted into Epson ink jet printers that accept the Accused '749 Ink Cartridges. The right photo shows an enlarged and annotated view of the printed circuit board shown in the left photo.	
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19		first row of contact portions (red squares) and second row of contact portions (yellow squares), each extending in a row direction (green arrows) orthogonal to cartridge insertion direction (blue arrow) Accordingly, the Accused '749 Ink Cartridges literally meet this limitation of claim 1 of the '749 patent.	
20 21 22 23 24	[1g] the first row of contact portions is disposed at a location that is further in the insertion direction than the second row of contact portions, and,	In each of the Accused '749 Ink Cartridges, the first row of contact portions is disposed at a location that is further in the insertion direction than the second row of contact portions. The following photographs of the Representative '749 Ink Cartridge show the first row of contact portions (red boxes) disposed at a location that is further in the cartridge insertion direction than the second row of contact portions (yellow boxes) (i.e., the first row is deeper in the printer than the second row).	
25 26 27 28		-27- Case No	
		-2/- COMPLAINT FOR: PATENT INEPINGEMEN	

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10		first row of contact portions (red squares) disposed further in insertion direction (blue arrow) than second row of contact portions (yellow squares)
11		Accordingly, the Accused '749 Ink Cartridges literally meet this limitation of claim 1 of the '749 patent.
12	[1h] the first row of contact portions	In each of the Accused '749 Ink Cartridges, the first row of
13	has a first end position and a second end position at opposite ends thereof,	contact portions has a first end position and a second end position at opposite ends thereof, the first high voltage
14	the first high voltage electronic device contact portion is disposed at	electronic device contact portion is disposed at the first end position of the first row of contact portions, and the second
15	the first end position of the first row of contact portions and the second	high voltage electronic device contact portion is disposed at the second end position of the first row of contact portions.
16	high voltage electronic device contact portion is disposed at the	The following photograph of the Representative '749 Ink
17	second end position of the first row of contact portions.	Cartridge shows the first and second high voltage contact portions disposed, respectively, at the first and second end positions at opposite ends of the first row of contact
18		portions.
19		second high voltage electronic
20		electronic device contact portion
21 22		disposed at -0 0 0 0 - end position of second end
23		row of contact
24		portions
25		Accordingly, the Accused '749 Ink Cartridges literally meet this limitation of claim 1 of the '749 patent.
26		
27	38. On information and belief	f after conducting a reasonable investigation, Defendants have
28	and are actively, knowingly and intention	onally aiding and abetting and inducing infringement of the
		-28- Case No
		COMPLAINT FOR: PATENT INFRINGEMENT

'749 patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b) by non-parties, including end-users, despite Defendants'
 knowledge of the '749 patent.

3 39. On information and belief, defendant Straighouttaink's sole general partner, defendant
4 Nhan Ho, directs and controls the infringing activities of defendant Straightouttaink and has taken and
5 continues to take active steps to encourage and induce Straighouttaink to infringe by actively running
6 and directing the businesses, including but not limited to being the principal decision maker regarding
7 the promotion, advertising, and sale of products that infringe the '749 patent on Defendants' website
8 and storefronts on internet marketplaces, including ebay.com and myshopify.com discussed above in
9 paragraphs 11-17.

40. On information and belief, Defendants had knowledge of the '749 patent prior to, or at
11 least since the filing and service of this complaint on Defendants.

41. On information and belief, Defendants are contributing to the infringement of the '749
patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) by non-parties by offering to sell or selling within the United
States or importing into the United States components of the patented inventions set forth in the '749
patent. The components constitute a material part of the inventions. Defendants know that such
components are especially made or especially adapted for use in an infringement of the '749 patent.
The components are not a staple article or commodity of commerce suitable for substantial
noninfringing use.

42. By reason of Defendants' infringing activities, Epson has suffered, and will continue to
suffer, substantial damages in an amount to be proven at trial.

43. Defendants' acts complained of herein have damaged and will continue to damage
Epson irreparably. Epson has no adequate remedy at law for these wrongs and injuries. Epson is
therefore entitled to a preliminary and permanent injunction restraining and enjoining Defendants and
their agents, servants, and employees, and all persons acting thereunder, in concert with, or on their
behalf, from infringing the claims of the '749 patent.

44. Defendants are not licensed or otherwise authorized to make, use, import, sell, or offer
to sell any ink cartridge claimed in the '749 patent, and Defendants' conduct is, in every instance,
without Epson's consent.

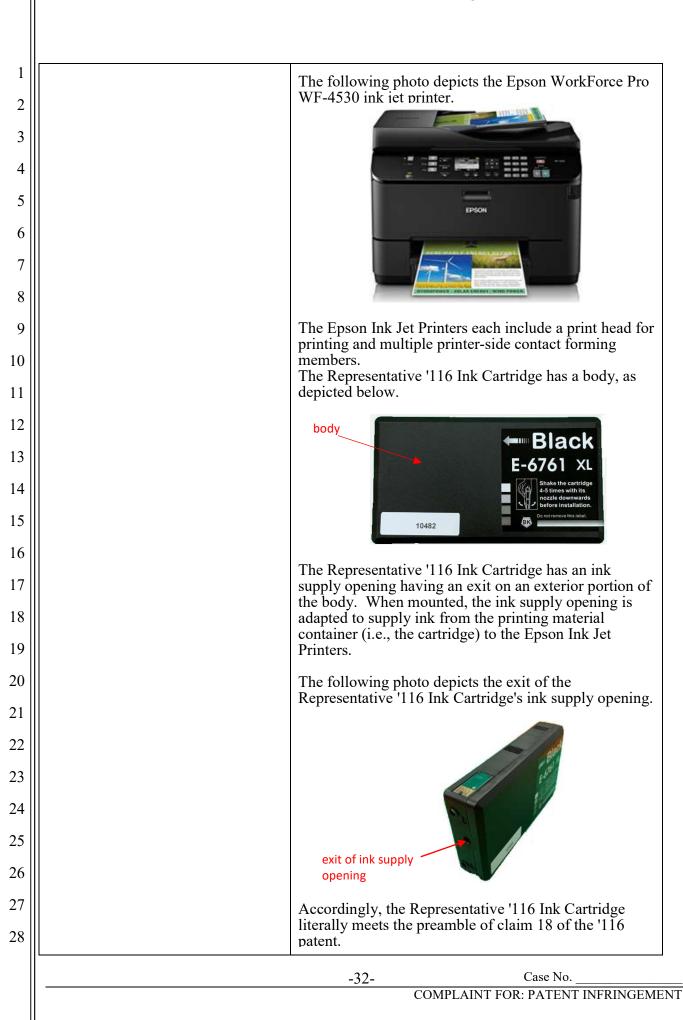
45. On information and belief, Defendants' infringement has been and continues to be
 willful.

3 THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF 4 (Patent Infringement—35 U.S.C. § 271) 5 **INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 8,454,116** 6 46. Epson incorporates by reference each and every allegation contained in Paragraphs 1 7 through 19 as though fully set forth at length here. 8 47. Epson owns all right, title, and interest in, including the right to sue thereon and the 9 right to recover for infringement thereof, United States Patent No. 8,454,116 ("the '116 patent"), 10 which was duly and legally issued to Seiko Epson by the United States Patent and Trademark Office 11 on June 4, 2013. The '116 patent relates generally to ink cartridges for printers. Attached as Exhibit E 12 to this Complaint is a true and correct copy of the '116 patent. 13 48. The '116 patent is valid and enforceable. 49. 14 On information and belief after conducting a reasonable investigation, Defendants have 15 infringed and are infringing the '116 patent, as defined by at least one claim of the patent in violation 16 of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by making, using, importing, offering to sell, and selling in this judicial district 17 and elsewhere aftermarket ink cartridges that operate with Epson ink jet printers, including but not 18 limited to replacement cartridge chips and ink cartridges having model nos. 69, T069, 78, T078, 19 200XL, T200XL, T200XL120, T200XL220, T200XL320, T200XL420, 273XL, T273XL, 312, 20 312XL, 676XL, T676XL120, 802, and T802XL, as well as others that are no more than colorably 21 different from the foregoing (collectively, the "Accused '116 Ink Cartridges"). The specific models of 22 Accused '116 Ink Cartridges and replacement cartridge chips identified above were obtained by Epson 23 during its investigation leading to this Complaint from Defendants' online listings on its website, and 24 storefronts on ebay.com and myshopify.com.

50. As a non-limiting example, set forth below is a claim chart with a description of
Defendants' infringement of claim 18 of the '116 patent by the Accused '116 Ink Cartridges. The
infringement is shown using a representative ink cartridge (Model No. T676XL120; Control No.
10482) from among the Accused '116 Ink Cartridges purchased from Defendants that, for

infringement analysis purposes, is representative of and represents all of Defendants' ink cartridges
within the Accused '116 Ink Cartridges (i.e., the represented ink cartridges), including, but not limited
to, the models identified above. The claim chart below refers to this ink cartridge as "the
Representative '116 Ink Cartridge." The Representative '116 Ink Cartridge was designed for use in a
specific Epson printer, the Epson WorkForce Pro WP-4530 printer ("the Representative '116 Epson
Printer"), and for purposes of the analysis set forth herein, the Representative '116 Ink Cartridge was
tested in the Representative '116 Epson Printer, as discussed in further detail in the claim chart below.

8	Claim 18 of the '116 patent	Where found in the Accused '116 Ink Cartridges
9 10	[18a]. A circuit board mountable on a printing material container that is	A circuit board is mounted on the Representative '116 Ink Cartridge (model no. T676XL120; control no. 10482), which itself is a printing material container and
11	used in an ink jet printing apparatus, the ink jet printing apparatus having a print head and a plurality of	10482), which itself is a printing material container and that is used in an Epson ink jet printing apparatus (e.g., the Representative '116 Epson Printer) having a print
12	apparatus-side contact forming members, the printing material	head and a plurality of apparatus-side contact forming members.
13	container having a body and an ink supply opening, the ink supply	The Representative '116 Ink Cartridge has a body and
14	opening having an exit on an exterior portion of the body and being adapted to supply ink from the	an ink supply opening having an exit on an exterior portion of the body and being adapted to supply ink from the Representative 1116 July Contridge to the
15	being adapted to supply ink from the printing material container to the printing apparatus, the circuit board	from the Representative '116 Ink Cartridge to the Epson ink jet printing apparatus.
16	printing apparatus, the circuit board comprising:	The Representative '116 Ink Cartridge is a printing material container with a mounted circuit board.
17		The following photos depict the circuit board (green
18		with gold-colored metallic terminals) mounted on the Representative '116 Ink Cartridge containing black ink.
19		
20 21		
21		6761
22		
24		STATE OF STATE
25		
26		The Representative '116 Ink Cartridge is used in any of the following Epson ink jet printer (printing apparatus)
27		models: Epson WorkForce Pro WP-4010, WP-4020, WP-4023, WP-4090, WP-4520, WP-4530, WP-4533, WP 4540, and WP 4590 (the "Epson Ink Let Printers")
28		WP-4540, and WP-4590 (the "Epson Ink Jet Printers").
		-31- Case No
		COMPLAINT FOR: PATENT INFRINGEMENT



	Case 5:19-cv-08240 Docume	ent 1 Filed 12/18/19 Page 33 of 42
1 2	[18b] a memory device adapted to be driven by a memory driving	The circuit board mounted on the Representative '116 Ink Cartridge comprises a memory device that is
3	voltage;	adapted to be driven by a memory driving voltage.
4		The following photo depicts the circuit board (green with gold-colored metallic terminals) mounted on the
5		Representative '116 Ink Cartridge. The memory device is located on the back of the circuit board and is not visible in this view.
6		
7		
8		
9 10		
11		<u>6761</u>
12		circuit board
13		back)
14		All Epson ink jet printers that accept the Representative '116 Ink Cartridge have similar
15		circuitry and programming in terms of the voltages and signals they apply to their contact forming members
16		and, consequently, to the corresponding contact portions of the Representative '116 Ink Cartridge (the contact portions are located on the gold-colored
17		metallic terminals of the ink cartridge shown above). In particular, Epson printers apply a maximum voltage
18		of approximately 4 volts (a low voltage as compared to the high voltage discussed in the next limitation) to
19 20		certain of their contact forming members that in turn correspond to certain of the contact portions of the Representative '116 Ink Cartridge that are connected to
21		the memory. Consequently, the memory device is adapted to be driven by a memory driving voltage.
22		This was confirmed through testing during the ITC 946 Investigation.
23		Accordingly, the Representative '116 Ink Cartridge
24		literally meets this limitation of claim 18 of the '116 patent.
25	[18c] an electronic device adapted	The circuit board mounted on the Representative '116
26	to receive a voltage higher than the memory driving voltage; and	Ink Cartridge comprises an electronic device that is adapted to receive a voltage that is a higher voltage
27		than the voltage of the memory device. The electronic device that receives a higher voltage may be, for
28		example, a resistor, or one or more other coupled electronic components, that is/are capable of receiving
		-33- Case No
		COMPLAINT FOR: PATENT INFRINGEMENT

1 2 3		a high voltage. The electronic device is located on the back of a printed circuit board that is mounted on a wall of the Representative '116 Ink Cartridge shown in the above limitation.
4		Moreover, all Epson ink jet printers that accept the
5		Representative '116 Ink Cartridge have similar circuitry and programming in terms of the voltages and
6		signals they apply to their contact forming members and, consequently, to the corresponding contact
7		portions of the circuit board mounted on the Representative '116 Ink Cartridge (the contact portions
8		are located on the gold terminals of circuit board mounted on the ink cartridge shown above). In particular, Epson printers apply a voltage of
9		approximately 42 volts (a high voltage as compared to the low voltage of approximately 4 volts applied to the
10		memory device discussed in the preceding limitation) to two of their contact forming members that in turn
11		correspond to two of the contact portions of the circuit board mounted on the Representative '116 Ink Cartridge that are connected to the electronic device.
12		Consequently, the electronic device is adapted to receive and function with a high voltage. This was
13		confirmed through testing during the ITC 946 Investigation.
14		Accordingly, the Representative '116 Ink Cartridge
15 16		literally meets this limitation of claim 18 of the '116 patent.
10	[18d] a plurality of terminals	The circuit board mounted on the Representative '116
18	having contact portions adapted and positioned to contact corresponding apparatus-side contact forming	Ink Cartridge comprises a plurality of terminals that have contact portions. The contact portions are adapted and positioned on the cartridge so that, when
19	members so that electrical communication is enabled with the	the cartridge is mounted on the printer, the contact portions of the cartridge's terminals contact
20	ink jet printing apparatus, the contact portions of the terminals including a plurality of memory	corresponding printer-side contact forming members so that electrical communication is enabled with the printer.
21	contact portions electrically coupled	-
22	to the memory device, a first electronic device contact portion	As discussed at 18(a) and 18(b) <i>supra</i> , the terminals of the Representative '116 Ink Cartridge's circuit board are the gold colored metallic portions on the green
23	electrically coupled to the electronic device, a second electronic device contact portion electrically coupled	are the gold colored metallic portions on the green circuit board, reproduced in enlarged form below.
24	contact portion electrically coupled to the electronic device, and a short detection contact portion positioned	
25	and arranged to electrically contact a	
26	contact forming member that itself is electrically coupled to a short detection circuit of the printing	
27	apparatus, wherein:	
28		
		-34- Case No
		COMPLAINT FOR: PATENT INFRINGEMENT

Case 5:19-cv-08240 Document 1 Filed 12/18/19 Page 35 of 42



To determine the precise location of the terminals' contact portions, the following steps were taken: (1) using a marker, black ink was applied to the terminals and the terminal arrangement photographed; (2) the Representative '116 Ink Cartridge was installed in and removed from the printer; and (3) the terminal arrangement was photographed. The following photo shows the terminals after the application of black ink with a marker.

	: 61	SI	Ð
	U.r.	<u>.</u>	
		1	1
	85		
J.			Į,
	127	18	5

The step of installing and removing the cartridge from the printer, causes the printer's contact forming members (discussed at 18(a), *supra*) to leave scratch marks on the terminals thereby removing a portion of the black ink that was applied with the marker. The following photo shows the terminals after the cartridge was installed and removed from the printer. The contact portions of the circuit board's terminals are the most pronounced portions of the scratch marks (all of which contact corresponding printer-side contact forming members so that electrical communication is enabled with the printer, e.g., so that the printer can

Case No.

COMPLAINT FOR: PATENT INFRINGEMENT

1

2

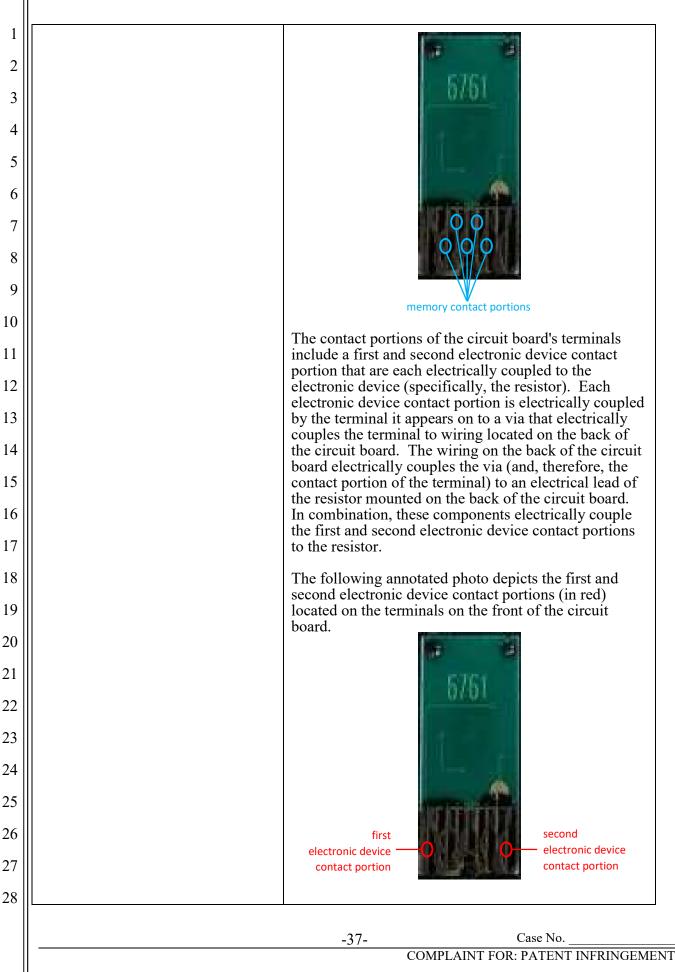
read remaining ink level and other information from the memory device as described in 18(b), *supra*). The following annotated photo shows the location of the

3	contact portions annotated by red circles.
4	
5	5761
6 7	
8	
9	0000
10	00000
11	
12	The contact portions of the circuit board's terminals include a plurality of memory contact portions that are
13	electrically coupled to the memory device. Each memory contact portion is electrically coupled by the
14	terminal it appears on to a "via," which is a through- hole (through the circuit board) that electrically
15	couples the terminal to wiring on the back of the circuit board. The wiring on the back of the circuit board
16 17	electrically couples the via (and, therefore, the contact portion of the terminal) to an electrical lead of the IC obin containing the memory device mounted on the
17	chip containing the memory device mounted on the back of the circuit board. In combination, these components electrically couple the memory contact
19	portion to the memory device.
20	The following annotated photo depicts the five memory contact portions (in blue) located on the
21	terminals on the front of the circuit board.
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	
	 -36- Case No
	COMPLAINT FOR: PATENT INFRINGEME

COMPLAINT FOR: PATENT INFRINGEMENT

Case 5:19-cv-08240 Document 1 Filed 12/18/19 Page 37 of 42

10



1

2

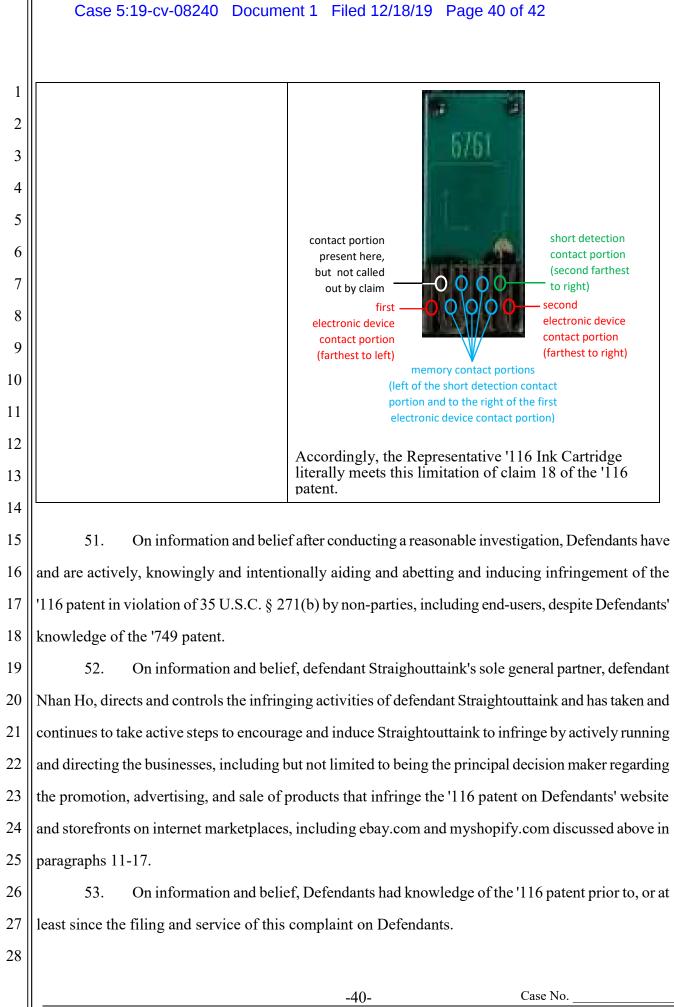
3

4

The contact portions of the circuit board's terminals include a short detection contact portion that is positioned and arranged to electrically contact a contact forming member of the Epson Ink Jet Printers that is itself electrically coupled to a short detection circuit of the printers.

4		I
5		The following photo depicts the short detection contact portion (in green).
6		
7		
8		6761
9		
10		
11		
12		detection
13		contact portion
14		
15		Moreover, all Epson ink jet printers that accept the Representative '116 Ink Cartridge have similar
16		circuitry and programming in terms of the operation of the short detection contact portion. In particular, when
17		the printers are operated while the short detection contact portion is electrically shorted to the second
18		electronic device contact portion, the printers stop the receipt of the voltage higher than the memory driving
19		voltage by the second electronic device contact portion, and display an error message to the user on the display
20		screen of a connected computer and on the printer display screen (if the printer has a display screen).
21		This was confirmed through testing during the ITC 946 Investigation.
22		Accordingly, the Representative '116 Ink Cartridge
23		literally meets this limitation of claim 18 of the '116 patent.
24	[18e] the contact portions are	The contact portions of the Representative '116 Ink
25	arranged so that, when the terminal arrangement is viewed from the	Cartridge's circuit board are arranged so that, when the terminal arrangement is viewed from the vantage of the
26	vantage of the contact forming members, with the terminals	printer's contact forming members, with the terminals oriented as if in contact with the contact forming
27	oriented as if in contact with the contact forming members so that	members so that electrical communication is enabled with the printer, and with the ink cartridge oriented so
28	electrical communication is enabled with the ink jet printing apparatus,	that the exit of the ink supply opening faces downwards, then the contact portion farthest to the left
	L	20 Case No.
		-38- Case No

1 and with the ink cartridge oriented is the first electronic device contact portion, the contact with the exit of the ink supply portion that is farthest to the right is the second 2 opening facing downwards, the electronic device contact portion, the contact portion contact portion farthest to the left is that is second farthest to the right is a short detection 3 the first electronic device contact contact portion, and the memory contact portions are portion, the contact portion that is located to the left of the short detection contact portion 4 farthest to the right is the second and to the right of the first electronic device contact electronic device contact portion, portion. 5 the contact portion that is second farthest to the right is the short 6 detection contact portion, and the The following photo depicts the terminal arrangement memory contact portions are located when it is viewed from the vantage of the printer's 7 to the left of the short detection contact forming members, with the terminals oriented contact portion and to the right of as if in contact with the contact forming members so 8 the first electronic device contact that electrical communication is enabled with the printer, and with the ink cartridge oriented so that the portion. 9 exit of the ink supply opening faces downwards. 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 terminal arrangement viewed from vantage of printer's contact forming members . . . with the 18 exit of the ink supply opening facing downwards 19 The following photo depicts the arrangement of the contact portions when the terminal arrangement is 20viewed as described above. 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 -39-Case No. COMPLAINT FOR: PATENT INFRINGEMENT



Case 5:19-cv-08240 Document 1 Filed 12/18/19 Page 41 of 42

54. On information and belief, Defendants are contributing to the infringement of the '116
 patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) by non-parties by offering to sell or selling within the United
 States or importing into the United States components of the patented inventions set forth in the '116
 patent. The components constitute a material part of the inventions. Defendants know that such
 components are especially made or especially adapted for use in an infringement of the '116 patent.
 The components are not a staple article or commodity of commerce suitable for substantial
 noninfringing use.

8 55. By reason of Defendants' infringing activities, Epson has suffered, and will continue to
9 suffer, substantial damages in an amount to be proven at trial.

56. Defendants' acts complained of herein have damaged and will continue to damage
Epson irreparably. Epson has no adequate remedy at law for these wrongs and injuries. Epson is
therefore entitled to a preliminary and permanent injunction restraining and enjoining Defendants and
their agents, servants, and employees, and all persons acting thereunder, in concert with, or on their
behalf, from infringing the claims of the '116 patent.

15 57. Defendants are not licensed or otherwise authorized to make, use, import, sell, or offer
16 to sell any ink cartridge claimed in the '116 patent, and Defendants' conduct is, in every instance,
17 without Epson's consent.

18 58. On information and belief, Defendants' infringement has been and continues to be19 willful.

20 PRAYER FOR RELIEF 21 WHEREFORE, Epson prays for judgment against Defendants as follows: 22 That the Epson Patents are valid and enforceable; A. 23 Β. That Defendants have infringed and are infringing the Epson Patents; 24 С. That such infringement is willful; 25 D. That Defendants and their subsidiaries, affiliates, parents, successors, assigns, officers, agents, representatives, servants, and employees, and all persons in active concert or 26 27 participation with them, be preliminarily and permanently enjoined from continued infringement 28 of the Epson Patents;

Case No.

	Case 5:19-cv-08240 Document 1 Filed 12/18/19 Page 42 of 42
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	 E. That Defendants be ordered to pay Epson its damages caused by Defendants' infringement of the Epson Patents and that such damages be trebled, together with interest thereon; F. That this case be declared exceptional pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285 and that Epson be awarded its reasonable attorneys' fees, litigation expenses and expert witness fees, and costs; and G. That Epson have such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.
8	JURY TRIAL DEMAND
9 10	Pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 38(b), Plaintiffs request a trial by jury of all issues so triable.
10	
12	DATED: December 18, 2019 QUINN EMANUEL URQUHART & SULLIVAN, LLP
13	
14	By /s/ Tigran Gulediian
15	By <u>/s/ Tigran Guledjian</u> Tigran Guledjian California Bar No. 207613
16	Email: <i>tigranguledjian@quinnemanuel.com</i> Richard H. Doss
17	California Bar No. 204078 Email: <i>richarddoss@quinnemanuel.com</i>
18	Quinn Emanuel Urquhart & Sullivan, LLP 865 South Figueroa Street, 10th Floor
19	Los Angeles, CA 90017 Telephone: (213) 443-3000
20 21	Attorneys for Plaintiffs Seiko Epson Corporation, Epson America, Inc., and Epson Portland Inc.
21	Epson America, inc., and Epson I oritana inc.
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	
	-42- Case No