	Case 2:20-cv-08546 Document 1 Filed	09/17/20 Page 1 of 15 Page ID #:1	
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10 11	Attorneys for Plaintiffs Philips North America LLC and Koninklijke Philips N.V.		
11	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
13	FOR THE CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
14			
15	PHILIPS NORTH AMERICA LLC, an KONINKLIJKE PHILIPS N.V.	Case No.	
16	Plaintiffs,	COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT	
17	V.		
18	HISENSE CO. LTD, HISENSE	JURY TRIAL DEMANDED	
19	VISUAL TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD., HISENSE ELECTRONICS		
20	MANUFACTURING COMPANY OF		
21	AMERICA CORPORATION, HISENSE USA CORPORATION,		
22	HISENSE IMPORT & EXPORT CO.		
23	LTD., HISENSE INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD., HISENSE		
24	INTERNATIONAL (HK) CO., LTD., and HISENSE INTERNATIONAL		
25	(HONG KONG) AMERICA		
26	INVESTMENTS		
27	Defendants.		
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Plaintiffs Philips North America LLC and Koninklijke Philips N.V. (collectively, "Philips" or "Plaintiffs") bring this action for patent infringement under 35 U.S.C. § 271 against Hisense Co. Ltd, Hisense Visual Technology Co. Ltd. (f/k/a Qingdao Hisense Electronics Co. Ltd.), Hisense Electronics Manufacturing Company of America Corporation, Hisense USA Corporation, Hisense Import & Export Co. Ltd., Hisense International Co., Ltd., Hisense International (HK) Co., Ltd., and Hisense International (Hong Kong) America Investments (collectively, "Hisense" or "Defendants"), and, and allege as follows:

## **THE PARTIES**

1. Plaintiff Philips North America LLC (formerly known as Philips Electronics North America Corporation) ("Philips North America") is a limited liability company duly organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware with its principal place of business at 222 Jacobs Street, Cambridge, MA 02141. Philips N.V. is the parent of Philips North America.

2. Plaintiff Koninklijke Philips N.V. (formerly known as Koninklijke Philips Electronics N.V.) ("Philips N.V.") is a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of The Netherlands, with its principal place of business at High Tech Campus 5, 5656 AE Eindhoven, The Netherlands.

3. Defendant Hisense Co. Ltd. is a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the People's Republic of China, with a principal place of business at Hisense Tower, No. 17 Donghaixi Road, Qingdao, Shandong Province, 266071, P.R. China. Hisense Co. Ltd. is the ultimate parent of all the other named Defendants in this action.

4. Defendant Hisense Visual Technology Co., Ltd. is a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the People's Republic of China, with a principal place of business at No. 218, Qianwangang Road, Economic and Technological Development Zone, Qingdao, Shandong Province, 266555, P.R. China. Hisense Visual Technology Co., Ltd. formerly did business under the names

Qingdao Hisense Electronics Co. Ltd. and Hisense Electric Co., Ltd. Hisense Visual Technology Co., Ltd. engages in the manufacture and distribution of televisions which it distributes in overseas markets such as in the United States.

5. Defendant Hisense Electronics Manufacturing Company of America Corporation ("Hisense Mfg.") is a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the State of Georgia with an office at 7310 McGinnis Road, Suwanee, Georgia, 30024. Hisense Mfg. is registered to do business in California, with a business office at 11081 Tacoma Drive Unit B, Rancho Cucamonga, CA 91730.

6. Defendant Hisense USA Corporation ("Hisense USA") is a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the State of Georgia with an office at 7310 McGinnis Ferry Road, Suwanee, Georgia, 30024 and 17005 Evergreen Place, City of Industry, CA 91745.

7. Defendant Hisense Import & Export Co. Ltd. is a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the People's Republic of China with a principal place of business at Hisense Tower No. 17, Donghaixi Road, Qingdao, Shandong Province, 266071, P.R. China.

8. Defendant Hisense International Co., Ltd., is a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the People's Republic of China with a principal place of business at Hisense Tower, No. 17, Floor 22, Donghaixi Road, Qingdao, Shandong Province, 266071, P.R. China.

9. Defendant Hisense International (HK) Co., Ltd. is a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of Hong Kong, China, with a principal place of business at Rooms 3101-3105 Singga Commercial Centre, No. 148 Connaught Road West, Hong Kong, SAR.

10. Defendant Hisense International (Hong Kong) America Investments is a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of Hong Kong with a principal place of business at Room 3101-3105 Singga Commercial Centre, No. 148 Connaught Road West, Hong Kong, SAR.

11. Defendants act in concert to make, use, sell, offer for sale, and/or import products, such as televisions and projectors, accused of infringement throughout the United States, including within the Central District of California (this "District). Defendants, either themselves and/or through the activities of their subsidiaries or intermediaries (including distributors, retailers, and others), make, use, sell, offer for sale, and/or import throughout the United States, including within this District, products, such as digital video-capable devices and components thereof, that infringe the Asserted Patents, defined below. Defendants order and purchase components, such as digital video capable integrated circuits and associated firmware, that they incorporate into digital video-capable devices that are made, used, sold, offered for sale, and/or imported throughout the United States, including within this District. These digital video-capable devices may include, but are not limited to, televisions and projectors.

12. Hisense Mfg. and Hisense USA are Defendants' distributors in the United States including in the State of California and provide Defendants the benefit and business advantages of conducting business in the State of California and in this District. Hisense Mfg. and Hisense USA, individually and/or together, act as Defendants' general manager in the State of California.

# THE ASSERTED PATENTS

## U.S. Patent No. 9,590,977

13. United States Patent No. 9,590,977 (the "'977 Patent") is entitled "Secure Authenticated Distance Measurement" and issued on March 7, 2017 to inventor Franciscus L. A. J. Kamperman. The '977 Patent issued from United States Patent Application No. 15/229,207 filed on August 5, 2016. A copy of the '977 Patent is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

# U.S. Patent No. 10,298,564

14. United States Patent No. 10,298,564 (the "564 Patent") is entitled "Secure Authenticated Distance Measurement" and issued on May 21, 2019 to inventor Franciscus L. A. J. Kamperman. The '564 Patent issued from United States Patent Application No. 16/117,019 filed on August 30, 2018. A copy of the '564 Patent is attached hereto as <u>Exhibit B</u>.

15. By way of assignment, Philips N.V. owns all rights, title, and interest to the '977 Patent and the '564 Patent (collectively, the "Asserted Patents").

16. The Asserted Patents are each valid and enforceable.

# JURISDICTION AND VENUE

17. This is a civil action for patent infringement arising under the Patent Act,35 U.S.C. § 1 *et seq*.

18. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).

19. Venue in this District is proper pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b), (c) and 1400(b) because Defendants have committed acts of infringement in this District and have a regular and established place of business in this District at 11081 Tacoma Drive, Unit B, Rancho Cucamonga, California 91730. On information and belief, Defendants occupy commercial office space at that address and employ numerous employees at that address.

20. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendants. Defendants have committed acts of infringement and conduct business within the State of California including this District. Defendants, directly or through subsidiaries, affiliates or intermediaries (including distributors, retailers, and others), ship, distribute, make, use, offer for sale, import and/or advertise (including by providing an interactive web page) their products and/or services in the United States and this District, and/or contribute to and actively induce their customers to ship, distribute, make, use, offer for sale, sell, import, and/or advertise (including the provision of interactive web pages) infringing products and/or services in the United States and this District. Defendants, directly or through subsidiaries or intermediaries (including distributors, retailers, and others), have purposefully and voluntarily placed one or more of their infringing products, as described below, into the stream of commerce with the expectation that those products will be purchased and used by customers and/or consumers in this District.

### **BACKGROUND**

21. Philips incorporates the allegations of all of the foregoing paragraphs as if fully restated herein.

22. Philips is a world-renowned company that engages in research and development in numerous fields. One of these fields pertains to digital video-capable devices for delivering and displaying content to users. Exemplary products in this field include laptops, desktops, all-in-one PCs, thin clients, smartphones, tablets, convertible PCs, workstations, servers, monitors, displays, projectors, video adapters, and/or video hubs. The Asserted Patents derive from Philips's efforts in this field and claim protection for, among other things, delivering and displaying content to users.

23. Defendants made, used, sold, offered for sale, imported, tested, designed, and/or marketed in the United States digital video-capable devices for delivering and displaying content to users that infringe the Asserted Patents.

24. Defendants have actual notice of the Asserted Patents. Defendants received actual notice of the Asserted Patents at least as early as September 24, 2014 by way of a letter to Defendants dated September 24, 2014. That letter included references to U.S. Patent No. 8,543,819 and U.S. Pat. App. No. 10/521,858. Defendants received a second letter dated September 16, 2020 that included allegations of infringement of the Asserted Patents. Additionally, the filing of this Complaint also constitutes notice in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 287.

25. With actual notice of the Asserted Patents, Defendants have directly infringed, and continue to directly infringe the Asserted Patents under 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) and (g) by one or more of making, using, selling and/or offering to sell, in this District and elsewhere in the United States, and importing into this District and elsewhere in the United States, certain infringing digital video-capable devices that

infringe the Asserted Patents (the "Accused Products"), as further described in detail in Counts I & II *infra*.

26. The Accused Products include, but are not limited to, all digital videocapable devices, including but not limited to, televisions and projectors, and other products that support the HDCP 2.0 protocol and above that Defendants, either themselves and/or through the activities of their subsidiaries or intermediaries (including distributors, retailers, and others), make, use, sell, offer for sale, and/or import throughout the United States, such as: L10 and L5 4K UHD Hisense Smart Laser TVs/projectors with HDR and Wide Color Gamut; H9G Quantum Series Quantum 4K Premium ULED Hisense Android Smart TVs; H9 Series 4K Premium ULED Hisense Android Smart TVs; H8G Quantum Series 4K ULED Hisense Android Smart TVs; H8 Series 4K ULED Hisense Android Smart TVs; R8 Series 4K ULED Hisense Roku Smart TVs; R7 Series 4K UHD Hisense Roku TV with HDR; R7050/R7070 Series 4K UHD Hisense Roku TVs with HDR; R6E3 4K UHD Hisense Roku TV with HDR; R6070/R6270/R6290 Series 4K UHD Hisense Smart Roku TVs R6 Series 4K UHD Hisense Roku TV; R6 Series 4K UHD Hisense Roku TVs with HDR; H65G 4K UHD Hisense Android Smart TVs; and H6570 Series 4K UHD Hisense Android Smart TVs. This list of Defendants' currently known digital videocapable devices is exemplary and, on information and belief, many other of Defendants' digital video-capable devices infringe the Asserted Patents.

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27. Defendants have also indirectly infringed, and continue to indirectly infringe the Asserted Patents under 35 U.S.C. § 271(b) and (c). Defendants knew and intended to induce and contribute to the infringement of the Asserted Patents. The Accused Products have no substantial non-infringing use, are a material part of the invention of each Asserted Patent, especially made or especially adapted for use in an infringement of each Asserted Patent, and not a staple article or commodity of commerce suitable for substantial non-infringing use.

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28. After receiving actual notice of the Asserted Patents, Defendants continued to actively induce, and materially contribute to, their customers' infringement of the Asserted Patents by making, using, selling, offering for sale, marketing, advertising, and/or importing digital video-capable devices that infringe the Asserted Patents, and instructing customers to infringe the Asserted Patents.

29. Defendants specifically intended their customers, consumers. manufacturers, retailers, and resellers perform acts that constitute direct infringement of the Asserted Patents. For example, Defendants designed the Accused Products to support HDMI and HDCP 2.0 and above such that their customers, consumers, manufacturers, retailers, and resellers would each infringe the Asserted Patents if the Accused Products were made, used, sold, offered for sale, or imported into the United States. Defendants provided, directly or indirectly, the Accused Products to others, such as, but not limited to customers and end users, knowing and intending that they would use, sell, offer for sale, and/or import the Accused Products in and/or into the United States.

30. Defendants contribute to infringement of the Asserted Patents by others, such as, but not limited to customers and end users, by encouraging them to, manually or automatically, download certain software updates to the digital video-capable devices via the Internet – "As soon as the TV is able to connect to the Internet, it downloads and installs its first software updated, and then restarts."<sup>1</sup> On information and belief, such software updates include updates to the firmware associated with digital video-capable integrated circuit(s) found within the Accused Products.

31. Thus, Defendants have indirectly infringed, and continue to indirectly infringe, the Asserted Patents under 35 U.S.C. § 271(b) by actively inducing their customers to infringe the Asserted Patents by making, using, selling, offering for sale, marketing, advertising, and/or importing the Accused Products to their customers and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See, e.g., Roku TV User Guide, Version 8.0, https://assets.hisenseusa.com/assets/ProductDownloads/52/a706f3eee8/Roku-TV-User-Guide-US-CA\_Doc-Version-8-v2.0\_1.pdf.

by instructing customers to infringe the Asserted Patents, as described in detail in Counts I-II *infra*.

32. Additionally, Defendants have indirectly infringed, and continue to indirectly infringe the Asserted Patents under 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) by materially contributing to their own customers' infringement of the Asserted Patents by making, using, selling, offering for sale, advertising, marketing, and/or importing the Accused Products to their customers and instructing customers to infringe the Asserted Patents, as described in detail in Counts I & II *infra*.

33. Defendants' acts of infringement have caused damage to Philips. Philips is entitled to recover from Defendants the damages incurred by Philips as a result of Defendants' wrongful acts.

#### COUNT I

## Defendants' Infringement of the '977 Patent

34. Philips incorporates the allegations of all of the foregoing paragraphs as if fully restated herein.

35. Defendants have directly infringed, and continue to directly infringe, the '977 Patent by making, using, selling, offering for sale, or importing throughout the United States products and/or methods covered by one or more claims of the '977 Patent including, but not limited to, digital video-capable devices. The products that infringe one or more claims of the '977 Patent include, but are not limited to, at least the Accused Products. Further discovery may reveal additional infringing products and/or models.

36. For example and without limitation, the Accused Products infringe claims1 and 11 of the '977 Patent.

37. Attached hereto as <u>Exhibit C</u>, and incorporated into this Complaint, is a claim chart showing where in the Hisense H65G Series 4K UHD Android Smart TV, Model No. 43H6570G each limitation of claims 1 and 11 are met. This claim chart is exemplary and, on information and belief, many other products provided by

Defendants infringe the '977 Patent.

38. Defendants have, and continue to, indirectly infringe the '977 Patent by actively inducing and contributing to the infringement of the '977 Patent by others, such as customers, resellers, and retailers. These others include, but are not limited to, Best Buy Co., Inc. and its affiliates, who, for example, sell, offer for sale, and/or import throughout the United States, including within this District, the Accused Products.<sup>2</sup>

39. Defendants specifically intended others, such as customers, resellers, and retailers, to infringe the '977 Patent and knew that these others perform acts that constituted direct infringement. For example, <u>Exhibit C</u> shows that an exemplary product, the Hisense H65G Series 4K UHD Android Smart TV, Model No. 43H6570G, which is sold by Best Buy Co., Inc., infringes the '977 Patent. Defendants designed the Accused Products such that they would each infringe the '977 Patent as described in <u>Exhibit C</u> if made, used, sold, offered for sale, or imported throughout the United States. Defendants provided, directly or indirectly, Accused Products to others, such as, but not limited to, customers, knowing and intending that those others would use, sell, offer for sale, and/or import the Accused Products throughout the United States, thereby directly infringing one or more claims of the '977 Patent.

40. In addition, upon information and belief, Defendants provide instructions, user guides, and/or other documentation to the infringing others regarding the use and operation of the Accused Products. When others follow such instructions, user guides, and/or other documentation, they directly infringe one or more claims of the '977 Patent. By providing such instructions, user guides, and/or other documentation, Defendants know and intend that others will follow those instructions, user guides, and other documentation, and thereby directly infringe one or more claims of the '977 Patent. Thus, Defendants know that their actions actively induce infringement.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> https://www.bestbuy.com/site/hisense-43-class-h65-series-led-4k-uhd-smart-android-tv/6404056.p?skuId=6404056.

41. The Accused Products have no substantial non-infringing uses and are a material part of the invention. As described in <u>Exhibit C</u>, any manufacture, use, sale offer for sale or importation throughout the United States of an Accused Product infringes the '977 Patent. Thus, the Accused Products have no substantial non-infringing uses.

42. Philips has been and continues to be damaged and irreparably harmed by Defendants' infringement of the '977 Patent. This irreparable harm will continue unless this Court enjoins Defendants from further infringement of the '977 Patent.

43. Philips is entitled to recover damages under 35 U.S.C. § 284 to adequately compensate for Defendants' infringement of the '977 Patent.

#### COUNT II

#### **Defendants' Infringement of the '564 Patent**

44. Philips incorporates the allegations of all of the foregoing paragraphs as if fully restated herein.

45. Defendants have directly infringed, and continue to directly infringe, the '564 Patent by making, using, selling, offering for sale, or importing throughout the United States products and/or methods covered by one or more claims of the '564 Patent including, but not limited to, digital video-capable devices. The products that infringe one or more claims of the '564 Patent include, but are not limited to, at least the Accused Products. Further discovery may reveal additional infringing products and/or models.

46. For example and without limitation, the Accused Products infringe claim1 of the '564 Patent.

47. Attached hereto as <u>Exhibit D</u>, and incorporated into this Complaint, is a claim chart showing where in the Hisense H65G Series 4K UHD Android Smart TV, Model No. 43H6570G each limitation of claim 1 is met. This claim chart is exemplary and, on information and belief, many other products provided by Defendants infringe the '564 Patent.

48. Defendants have, and continue to, indirectly infringe the '564 Patent by actively inducing and contributing to the infringement of the '564 Patent by others, such as customers, resellers, and retailers. These others include, but are not limited to, Best Buy Co., Inc. and its affiliates, who, for example, sell, offer for sale, and/or import throughout the United States, including within this District, the Accused Products.

49. Defendants specifically intended others, such as customers, resellers, and retailers, to infringe the '564 Patent and knew that these others perform acts that constituted direct infringement. For example, <u>Exhibit D</u> shows that an exemplary product, the Hisense H65G Series 4K UHD Android Smart TV, Model No. 43H6570G, which is sold by Best Buy Co., Inc., infringes the '564 Patent. Defendants designed the Accused Products such that they would each infringe the '564 Patent as described in <u>Exhibit D</u> if made, used, sold, offered for sale, or imported throughout the United States. Defendants provided, directly or indirectly, Accused Products to others, such as, but not limited to, customers, knowing and intending that those others would use, sell, offer for sale, and/or import the Accused Products throughout the United States, thereby directly infringing one or more claims of the '564 Patent.

50. In addition, upon information and belief, Defendants provide instructions, user guides, and/or other documentation to the infringing others regarding the use and operation of the Accused Products. When others follow such instructions, user guides, and/or other documentation, they directly infringe one or more claims of the '564 Patent. By providing such instructions, user guides, and/or other documentation, Defendants know and intend that others will follow those instructions, user guides, and other documentation, and thereby directly infringe one or more claims of the '564 Patent. Thus, Defendants know that their actions actively induce infringement.

51. The Accused Products have no substantial non-infringing uses and are a material part of the invention. As described in <u>Exhibit D</u>, any manufacture, use, sale offer for sale or importation throughout the United States of an Accused Product

infringes the '564 Patent. Thus, the Accused Products have no substantial noninfringing uses.

52. Philips has been and continues to be damaged and irreparably harmed by Defendants' infringement of the '564 Patent. This irreparable harm will continue unless this Court enjoins Defendants from further infringement of the '564 Patent.

Philips is entitled to recover damages under 35 U.S.C. § 284 to adequately 53. compensate for Defendants' infringement of the '564 Patent.

# DAMAGES

54. Defendants have refused to compensate Philips for their infringement of the Asserted Patents. Philips is entitled to monetary damages adequate to compensate Philips for Defendants' infringement in an amount no less than a reasonable royalty for the use made of the patented inventions by Defendants. The precise amount of damages will be determined through discovery in this action and proven at trial.

# MARKING

55. Philips and its licensees of the Asserted Patents have complied with 35 U.S.C. § 287, and relative to its licensees, Philips has taken reasonable steps to ensure compliance with marking.

# **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

WHEREFORE, Philips respectfully asks the Court for an order granting the following relief:

- A judgment that the Asserted Patents are valid and enforceable; a)
- A judgment that Defendants have infringed, directly and indirectly, either b) literally or under the Doctrine of Equivalents, one or more claims of the '977 Patent;
- A judgment that Defendants have infringed, directly and indirectly, either c) literally or under the Doctrine of Equivalents, one or more claims of the '564 Patent:
- d) An injunction against Defendants, their officers, agents, servants,

1		employees, all parent and su	bsidiary entities, all assignees and successors	
2	in interest, and those persons or entities acting in concert or participation			
3		with Defendants, including	distributors, retailers, and others, enjoining	
4		them from further infringement of the Asserted Patents;		
5	e)	A judgment awarding Philip	s all appropriate damages under 35 U.S.C. §	
6		284 for Defendants' past i	nfringement, and any continuing or future	
7		infringement of the Asserte	d Patents, including pre and post judgment	
8		interest, costs, and disburser	nents pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;	
9	f)	An accounting for infringing sales not presented at trial and an award by		
10		the Court of additional damages for any such infringing sales;		
11	g)	A finding that this case is exceptional within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. §		
12		285 and that Philips be awarded its reasonable attorneys' fees against		
13		Defendants incurred in prosecuting this action;		
14	h)	An award of reasonable atto	orneys' fees, costs, and expenses incurred by	
15		Philips in connection with prosecuting this action; and		
16	i)	Any and all other relief as the Court finds just, equitable, and proper under		
17		the circumstances.		
18	Dated: September 17, 2020		Respectfully submitted,	
19			/s/ Nada I. Shamonki	
20			Nada I. Shamonki (Bar No. 205359)	
21			Michael T. Renaud	
22			( <i>pro hac vice</i> to be filed)	
23			Adam S. Rizk ( <i>pro hac vice</i> to be filed)	
24			Andrew H. DeVoogd	
25			(pro hac vice to be filed)	
26			Attorneys for Plaintiffs	
27			Philips North America LLC and Koninklijke Philips N.V.	
28			<b>MOUIIIRIIIRE I IIIIIPS IN. V.</b>	
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1	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL		
2	Pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 38, Philips hereby respectfully demands trial by		
3	jury on all claims and issues so triable.		
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5	Dated: September 17, 2020	Respectfully submitted,	
6		/s/ Nada I. Shamonki	
7		Nada I. Shamonki (Bar No. 205359)	
8		Michael T. Renaud	
9		(pro hac vice to be filed)	
10		Adam S. Rizk ( <i>pro hac vice</i> to be filed)	
11		Andrew H. DeVoogd	
12		(pro hac vice to be filed)	
13		Attorneys for Plaintiffs	
14		Philips North America LLC and	
15		Koninklijke Philips N.V.	
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