## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS WACO DIVISION

Case No.6:21-cv-00167
JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

# COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT <u>AGAINST GOOGLE LLC</u>

This is an action for patent infringement arising under the Patent Laws of the United States of America, 35 U.S.C. § 1 *et seq.*, in which Plaintiff Sonrai Memory Limited ("Plaintiff" or "Sonrai") makes the following allegations against Defendant Google LLC ("Defendant" or "Google"):

### **INTRODUCTION**

1. This complaint arises from Google's unlawful infringement of the following United States patents owned by Plaintiff, which relates to improvements in computer chip architecture having multiple processors on a single die, United States Patent No. 6,874,014 (the "'014 Patent") and charge pump circuits, United States Patent No. 6,724,241 ("'241 Patent") (collectively, the "Asserted Patents").

## **PARTIES**

2. Plaintiff Sonrai Memory Limited is a limited liability company organized and existing under the law of Ireland, with its principal place of business at The Hyde Building, Suite

- 23, The Park, Carrickmines, Dublin 18, Ireland. Sonrai is the sole owner by assignment of all right, title, and interest in the Asserted Patents.
- 3. Google LLC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Alphabet, Inc, and a Delaware limited liability company with a principal place of business at 1600 Amphitheatre Parkway, Mountain View, California 94043. Google LLC may be served with process through its registered agent, the Corporation Service Company dba CSC Lawyers Incorporating Service Company at 211 East 7th Street, Suite 620, Austin, Texas 78701. Google LLC is registered to do business in the State of Texas and has been since at least November 17, 2006.

## **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

- 4. This action arises under the patent laws of the United States, Title 35 of the United States Code. This Court has original subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338 (a).
- 5. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Google in this action because Google has committed acts within this District giving rise to this action and has established minimum contacts with this forum such that the exercise of jurisdiction over Google would not offend traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice. Google, directly and through subsidiaries or intermediaries, has committed and continues to commit acts of infringement in this District by, among other things, importing, offering to sell, and selling products that infringe the Asserted Patents.
- 6. Venue is proper in this District under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391 and 1400(b). Google is registered to do business in Texas. Additionally, upon information and belief, Google has transacted business in this District and has committed acts of direct and indirect infringement in this District by, among other things, making, using, offering to sell, selling, and importing products

that infringe the Asserted Patents. Google has at least one regular and established place of business in the District. For example, Google invested \$20 million to build a corporate office at 500 West 2nd Street, Austin, Texas 78701.

#### **COUNT I**

### **INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 6,874,014**

- 7. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference the foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
- 8. Plaintiff owns by assignment all rights, title, and interest in U.S. Patent No. 6,874,014, entitled "Chip Multiprocessor with Multiple Operating Systems." The '014 Patent was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent and Trademark Office on March 29, 2005. A true and correct copy of the '014 Patent is attached as Exhibit 1.
- 9. On information and belief, Google makes, uses, offers for sale, sells, and/or imports certain products and services, including without limitation servers including products with Qualcomm Snapdragon SoCs containing at least one Hexagon DSP, including without limitation the Google Pixel 5 ("Accused Products"), that directly infringe, literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, one or more claims of the '014 Patent.
- 10. Google also knowingly and intentionally induces infringement of one or more claims of the '014 Patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b). Through at least the filing and service of this Complaint, Google has had knowledge of the '014 Patent and the infringing nature of the Accused Products. Despite this knowledge of the '014 Patent, Google continues to actively encourage and instruct its customers and end users (for example, through user manuals and online instruction materials on its website) to use the Accused Products in ways that directly infringe the '014 Patent. Google does so knowing and intending that its customers and end users will commit

these infringing acts. Google also continues to make, use, offer for sale, sell, and/or import the Accused Products, despite its knowledge of the '014 Patent, thereby specifically intending for and inducing its customers to infringe the '014 Patent through the customers' normal and customary use of the Accused Products.

- 11. Google has also infringed, and continues to infringe, one or more claims of the '014 Patent by selling, offering for sale, or importing into the United States, the Accused Products, knowing that the Accused Products constitute a material part of the inventions claimed in the '014 Patent, are especially made or adapted to infringe the '014 Patent, and are not staple articles or commodities of commerce suitable for non-infringing use. Google has been, and currently is, contributorily infringing the '014 Patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. §§ 271(c) and (f).
- 12. The Accused Products satisfy all claim limitations of one or more claims of the '014 Patent. A claim chart comparing exemplary independent claim 1 of the '014 Patent to representative Accused Products is attached as Exhibit 2.
- 13. By making, using, offering for sale, selling and/or importing into the United States the Accused Products, Google has injured Plaintiff and is liable for infringement of the '014 Patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271.
- 14. As a result of Google's infringement of the '014 Patent, Plaintiff is entitled to monetary damages in an amount adequate to compensate for Google's infringement, but in no event less than a reasonable royalty for the use made of the invention by Google, together with interest and costs as fixed by the Court.
- 15. Google's infringing activities have injured and will continue to injure Plaintiff, unless and until this Court enters an injunction prohibiting further infringement of the '014 Patent,

and, specifically, enjoining further manufacture, use, sale, importation, and/or offers for sale that come within the scope of the patent claims.

### **COUNT II**

## **INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 6,724,241**

- 16. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference the foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
- 17. Plaintiff owns by assignment all rights, title, and interest in U.S. Patent No. 6,724,241, entitled "Variable Charge Pump Circuit with Dynamic Load." The '241 Patent was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent and Trademark Office on April 20, 2004. A true and correct copy of the '241 Patent is attached as Exhibit 3.
- 18. On information and belief, Google makes, uses, offers for sale, sells, and/or imports certain products and services, including without limitation products with SanDisk/Toshiba 64L 3D NAND flash chips, including without limitation the Google Pixel 4XL ("Accused Products"), that directly infringe, literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, one or more claims of the '241 Patent.
- 19. Google also knowingly and intentionally induces infringement of one or more claims of the '241 Patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b). Through at least the filing and service of this Complaint, Google has had knowledge of the '241 Patent and the infringing nature of the Accused Products. Despite this knowledge of the '241 Patent, Google continues to actively encourage and instruct its customers and end users (for example, through user manuals and online instruction materials on its website) to use the Accused Products in ways that directly infringe the '241 Patent. Google does so knowing and intending that its customers and end users will commit these infringing acts. Google also continues to make, use, offer for sale, sell, and/or import the

Accused Products, despite its knowledge of the '241 Patent, thereby specifically intending for and inducing its customers to infringe the '241 Patent through the customers' normal and customary use of the Accused Products.

- 20. Google has also infringed, and continues to infringe, one or more claims of the '241 Patent by selling, offering for sale, or importing into the United States, the Accused Products, knowing that the Accused Products constitute a material part of the inventions claimed in the '241 Patent, are especially made or adapted to infringe the '241 Patent, and are not staple articles or commodities of commerce suitable for non-infringing use. Google has been, and currently is, contributorily infringing the '241 Patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. §§ 271(c) and (f).
- 21. The Accused Products satisfy all claim limitations of one or more claims of the '241 Patent. A claim chart comparing exemplary independent claim 1 of the '241 Patent to representative Accused Products is attached as Exhibit 4.
- 22. By making, using, offering for sale, selling and/or importing into the United States the Accused Products, Google has injured Plaintiff and is liable for infringement of the '241 Patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271.
- 23. As a result of Google's infringement of the '241 Patent, Plaintiff is entitled to monetary damages in an amount adequate to compensate for Google's infringement, but in no event less than a reasonable royalty for the use made of the invention by Google, together with interest and costs as fixed by the Court.
- 24. Google's infringing activities have injured and will continue to injure Plaintiff, unless and until this Court enters an injunction prohibiting further infringement of the '241 Patent, and, specifically, enjoining further manufacture, use, sale, importation, and/or offers for sale that come within the scope of the patent claims.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully requests that this Court enter:

a. A judgment in favor of Plaintiff that Google has infringed, either literally and/or

under the doctrine of equivalents, the '014 and '241 Patents;

b. A permanent injunction prohibiting Google from further acts of infringement of

the '014 and '241 Patents;

c. A judgment and order requiring Google to pay Plaintiff its damages, costs, expenses,

and pre-judgment and post-judgment interest for Google's infringement of the '014 and '241

Patents; and

d. A judgment and order requiring Google to provide an accounting and to pay

supplemental damages to Plaintiff, including without limitation, pre-judgment and post-judgment

interest;

e. A judgment and order finding that this is an exceptional case within the meaning

of 35 U.S.C. § 285 and awarding to Plaintiff its reasonable attorneys' fees against Google; and

f. Any and all other relief as the Court may deem appropriate and just under the

circumstances.

**DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL** 

Plaintiff, under Rule 38 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, requests a trial by jury of

any issues so triable by right.

Dated: February 23, 2021

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Reza Mirzaie

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