# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS WACO DIVISION

ALMONDNET, INC. and INTENT IQ, LLC,

Plaintiffs,

Case No. 6:21-cv-00896-ADA

v.

**JURY TRIAL DEMANDED** 

META PLATFORMS, INC.,

Defendant.

# FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT AGAINST META PLATFORMS, INC.

This is an action for patent infringement arising under the Patent Laws of the United States of America, 35 U.S.C. § 1 *et seq.*, in which Plaintiffs AlmondNet, Inc. and Intent IQ, LLC (collectively, "Plaintiff" or "AlmondNet") make the following allegations against Defendant Meta Platforms, Inc. ("Defendant" or "Meta"):

## **INTRODUCTION AND PARTIES**

- 1. This complaint arises from Defendant's unlawful infringement of the following United States patents owned by AlmondNet, each of which generally relate to novel internet / network based advertising systems and methods: United States Patent Nos. 7,822,639, 8,244,582, 8,244,586, 8,671,139, 8,677,398, and 9,830,615 (collectively, the "Asserted Patents"). AlmondNet owns all right, title, and interest in each of the Asserted Patents to file this case.
- 2. AlmondNet, Inc. is a is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the state of Delaware, having its place of business at 37-18 Northern Blvd Suite 404, Long Island City, NY, 11101. Established in 1998, AlmondNet is an industry leader and pioneer in privacy-friendly, targeted advertising. AlmondNet has developed an extensive suite of industry-leading targeted

advertising solutions and products, is focused on R&D and the licensing of its extensive portfolio of enabling technology and Intellectual Property covering numerous areas of the targeting landscape and ecosystem, including profile based bidding, behavioral targeting, online and offline data monetization, addressable advertising, and multi-platform advertising.

3. On information and belief, Defendant Meta is a Delaware corporation with physical addresses in this District at 607 West 3rd Street, Austin, Texas 78701 and 300 West 6th Street, Austin, Texas 78701. Meta may be served with process through its registered agent, the Corporation Service Company, at 211 East 7th Street, Suite 620, Austin, Texas 78701.

# **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

- 4. This action arises under the patent laws of the United States, Title 35 of the United States Code. This Court has original subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).
- 5. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant in this action because Defendant has committed acts within this District giving rise to this action, and has established minimum contacts with this forum such that the exercise of jurisdiction over Defendant would not offend traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice. Defendant, directly and through subsidiaries or intermediaries, has committed and continue to commit acts of infringement in this District by, among other things, importing, offering to sell, and selling products and services that infringe the Asserted Patents.
- 6. Venue is proper in this District under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391 and 1400(b). Defendant Meta Platforms, Inc. is registered to do business in Texas. Additionally, upon information and belief, Defendant has transacted business in this District and has committed acts of direct and indirect infringement in this District by, among other things, making, using, offering to sell, selling,

and importing products that infringe the Asserted Patents. Meta has a regular and established places of business in this District, including at 607 West 3rd Street, Austin, Texas 78701 and 300 West Sixth Street, Austin, Texas 78701.

### **FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

- 7. AlmondNet attempted to engage Meta in negotiations, putting Meta on notice of the Asserted Patents.
- 8. On July 24, 2019, AlmondNet sent a notice letter to Meta asserting the infringement of AlmondNet's patent portfolio and explaining how Meta could contact AlmondNet to discuss licensing that portfolio. Numerous Asserted Patents and patents related to the Asserted Patents were explicitly identified in that letter, including U.S. Patent Nos. 7,822,639, 8,244,582, 8,244,586, 8,671,139, 8,677,398, and 9,830,615.
- 9. Despite Plaintiff's efforts, Meta did not respond to AlmondNet's notice letters or discuss appropriate terms for a license to AlmondNet's patents. Thus, AlmondNet was left with no recourse but to file this lawsuit to protect its intellectual property.

## **COUNT I**

## **INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 8,244,586**

- 10. AlmondNet realleges and incorporates by reference the foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
- 11. AlmondNet owns all rights, title, and interest in U.S. Patent No. 8,244,586, titled "computerized systems for added-revenue off-site targeted internet advertising," issued on August 14, 2012. ('586 patent). A true and correct copy of the '586 Patent is attached as Exhibit 1.
- 12. On information and belief, Defendant makes, uses, offers for sale, sells, and/or imports certain products ("Accused Products"), such as, e.g., Meta's advertising platform, that

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directly infringe, literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, claims of the '586 patent.

- 13. The infringement of the '586 Patent is also attributable to Defendant. Defendant (and/or users of the Accused Products) directs and controls use of the Accused Products to perform acts that result in infringement the '586 Patent, conditioning benefits on participation in the infringement and establishing the timing and manner of the infringement.
- 14. Defendant's infringement has been and is willful. Through at least the interactions as detailed in Plaintiff's Factual Allegations, Meta knew of the '586 Patent and the infringing nature of the Accused Products long before this suit was filed. Despite Meta's knowledge of the Asserted Patents, Meta continued and still continues to infringe the '586 patent. In doing so, Meta knew, or should have known, that its conduct amounted to infringement of the '586 patent. Accordingly, Meta is liable for willful infringement.
- 15. Defendant also knowingly and intentionally induces infringement of claims of the '586 patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b). Defendant has had knowledge of the '586 patent and the infringing nature of the Accused Products at least as early as when this Complaint was filed and/or earlier, as set forth above. Despite this knowledge of the '586 patent, Defendant continues to actively encourage and instruct its customers and end users (for example, through user manuals and online instruction materials on its website) to use the Accused Products in ways that directly infringe the '586 patent. Defendant does so knowing and intending that its customers and end users will commit these infringing acts. Defendant also continues to make, use, offer for sale, sell, and/or import the Accused Products, despite its knowledge of the '586 patent, thereby specifically intending for and inducing its customers to infringe the '586 patent through the customers' normal and customary use of the Accused Products.
  - 16. Defendant has also infringed, and continue to infringe, claims of the '586 patent by

offering to commercially distribute, commercially distributing, making, and/or importing the Accused Products, which are used in practicing the process, or using the systems, of the patent, and constitute a material part of the invention. Defendant knows the components in the Accused Products to be especially made or especially adapted for use in infringement of the patent, not a staple article, and not a commodity of commerce suitable for substantial noninfringing use. Accordingly, Defendant has been, and currently are, contributorily infringing the '586 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c).

- 17. The Accused Products satisfy all claim limitations of claims of the '586 patent. A claim chart comparing independent claim 1 of the '586 patent to a representative Accused Product, is attached as Exhibit 2.
- 18. By making, using, offering for sale, selling and/or importing into the United States the Accused Products, Defendant has injured AlmondNet and are liable for infringement of the '586 patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271.
- 19. As a result of Defendant's infringement of the '586 patent, AlmondNet is entitled to monetary damages in an amount adequate to compensate for Defendant's infringement, but in no event less than a reasonable royalty for the use made of the invention by Defendant, together with interest and costs as fixed by the Court.

## **COUNT II**

# INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 8,244,582

- 20. AlmondNet realleges and incorporates by reference the foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
- 21. AlmondNet owns all rights, title, and interest in U.S. Patent No. 8,244,582, titled "methods and stored program for accumulating descriptive profile data along with source

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information for use in targeting third-party advertisements," issued on August 14, 2012. ('582 patent). A true and correct copy of the '582 patent is attached as Exhibit 3.

- 22. On information and belief, Defendant makes, uses, offers for sale, sells, and/or imports certain products ("Accused Products"), such as, e.g., Meta's advertising platform, that directly infringe, literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, claims of the '582 patent.
- 23. The infringement of the '582 patent is also attributable to Defendant. Defendant and/or users of the Accused Products directs and controls use of the Accused Products to perform acts that result in infringement the '582 patent, conditioning benefits on participation in the infringement and establishing the timing and manner of the infringement.
- 24. Defendant's infringement has been and is willful. Through at least the interactions as detailed in Plaintiff's Factual Allegations, Meta knew of the '582 Patent and the infringing nature of the Accused Products long before this suit was filed. Despite Meta's knowledge of the Asserted Patents, Meta continued and still continues to infringe the '582 patent. In doing so, Meta knew, or should have known, that its conduct amounted to infringement of the '582 patent. Accordingly, Meta is liable for willful infringement.
- 25. Defendant also knowingly and intentionally induces infringement of claims of the '582 patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b). Defendant has had knowledge of the '582 patent and the infringing nature of the Accused Products at least as early as when this Complaint was filed and/or earlier, as set forth above. Despite this knowledge of the '582 patent, Defendant continues to actively encourage and instruct its customers and end users (for example, through user manuals and online instruction materials on its website) to use the Accused Products in ways that directly infringe the '582 patent. Defendant does so knowing and intending that its customers and end users will commit these infringing acts. Defendant also continues to make, use, offer for

sale, sell, and/or import the Accused Products, despite its knowledge of the '582 patent, thereby specifically intending for and inducing its customers to infringe the '582 patent through the customers' normal and customary use of the Accused Products.

- 26. Defendant has also infringed, and continue to infringe, claims of the '582 patent by offering to commercially distribute, commercially distributing, making, and/or importing the Accused Products, which are used in practicing the process, or using the systems, of the patent, and constitute a material part of the invention. Defendant knows the components in the Accused Products to be especially made or especially adapted for use in infringement of the patent, not a staple article, and not a commodity of commerce suitable for substantial noninfringing use. Accordingly, Defendant has been, and currently are, contributorily infringing the '582 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c).
- 27. The Accused Products satisfy all claim limitations of claims of the '582 patent. A claim chart comparing independent claim 1 of the '582 patent to a representative Accused Product is attached as Exhibit 4.
- 28. By making, using, offering for sale, selling and/or importing into the United States the Accused Products, Defendant has injured AlmondNet and are liable for infringement of the '582 patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271.
- 29. As a result of Defendant's infringement of the '582 patent, AlmondNet is entitled to monetary damages in an amount adequate to compensate for Defendant's infringement, but in no event less than a reasonable royalty for the use made of the invention by Defendant, together with interest and costs as fixed by the Court.

#### **COUNT III**

## **INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 8,677,398**

- 30. AlmondNet realleges and incorporates by reference the foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
- 31. AlmondNet owns all rights, title, and interest in U.S. Patent No. 8,677,398, titled "system and methods for taking action with respect to one network-connected device based on activity on another device connected to the same network," issued on March 18, 2014. ('398 patent). A true and correct copy of the '398 Patent is attached as Exhibit 5.
- 32. On information and belief, Defendant makes, uses, offers for sale, sells, and/or imports certain products ("Accused Products"), such as, e.g., Meta's advertising platform, that directly infringe, literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, claims of the '398 patent.
- 33. The infringement of the '398 Patent is also attributable to Defendant. Defendant and/or users of the Accused Products directs and controls use of the Accused Products to perform acts that result in infringement the '398 Patent, conditioning benefits on participation in the infringement and establishing the timing and manner of the infringement.
- 34. Defendant's infringement has been and is willful. Through at least the interactions as detailed in Plaintiff's Factual Allegations, Meta knew of the '398 Patent and the infringing nature of the Accused Products long before this suit was filed. Despite Meta's knowledge of the Asserted Patents, Meta continued and still continues to infringe the '398 patent. In doing so, Meta knew, or should have known, that its conduct amounted to infringement of the '398 patent. Accordingly, Meta is liable for willful infringement.
- 35. Defendant also knowingly and intentionally induces infringement of claims of the '398 patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b). Defendant has had knowledge of the '398 patent

and the infringing nature of the Accused Products at least as early as when this Complaint was filed and/or earlier, as set forth above. Despite this knowledge of the '398 patent, Defendant continues to actively encourage and instruct its customers and end users (for example, through user manuals and online instruction materials on its website) to use the Accused Products in ways that directly infringe the '398 patent. Defendant does so knowing and intending that its customers and end users will commit these infringing acts. Defendant also continues to make, use, offer for sale, sell, and/or import the Accused Products, despite its knowledge of the '398 patent, thereby specifically intending for and inducing its customers to infringe the '398 patent through the customers' normal and customary use of the Accused Products.

- 36. Defendant has also infringed, and continue to infringe, claims of the '398 patent by offering to commercially distribute, commercially distributing, making, and/or importing the Accused Products, which are used in practicing the process, or using the systems, of the patent, and constitute a material part of the invention. Defendant knows the components in the Accused Products to be especially made or especially adapted for use in infringement of the patent, not a staple article, and not a commodity of commerce suitable for substantial noninfringing use. Accordingly, Defendant has been, and currently are, contributorily infringing the '398 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c).
- 37. The Accused Products satisfy all claim limitations of claims of the '398 patent. A claim chart comparing independent claim 13 of the '398 patent to a representative Accused Product, is attached as Exhibit 6.
- 38. By making, using, offering for sale, selling and/or importing into the United States the Accused Products, Defendant has injured AlmondNet and are liable for infringement of the '398 patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271.

- 39. As a result of Defendant's infringement of the '398 patent, AlmondNet is entitled to monetary damages in an amount adequate to compensate for Defendant's infringement, but in no event less than a reasonable royalty for the use made of the invention by Defendant, together with interest and costs as fixed by the Court.
- 40. Defendant's infringing activities have injured and will continue to injure AlmondNet, unless and until this Court enters an injunction prohibiting further infringement of the '398 patent, and, specifically, enjoining further manufacture, use, sale, importation, and/or offers for sale that come within the scope of the patent claims.

#### **COUNT IV**

#### **INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 8,671,139**

- 41. AlmondNet realleges and incorporates by reference the foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
- 42. AlmondNet owns all rights, title, and interest in U.S. Patent No. 8,671,139, titled "media properties selection method and system based on expected profit from profile-based ad delivery," issued on March 11, 2014 ('139 patent). A true and correct copy of the '139 patent is attached as Exhibit 7.
- 43. On information and belief, Defendant makes, uses, offers for sale, sells, and/or imports certain products ("Accused Products"), such as, e.g., Meta's advertising platform, that directly infringe, literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, claims of the '139 patent.
- 44. The infringement of the '139 patent is also attributable to Defendant. Defendant and/or users of the Accused Products directs and controls use of the Accused Products to perform acts that result in infringement the '139 patent, conditioning benefits on participation in the infringement and establishing the timing and manner of the infringement.

- 45. Defendant's infringement has been and is willful. Through at least the interactions as detailed in Plaintiff's Factual Allegations, Meta knew of the '139 Patent and the infringing nature of the Accused Products long before this suit was filed. Despite Meta's knowledge of the Asserted Patents, Meta continued and still continues to infringe the '139 patent. In doing so, Meta knew, or should have known, that its conduct amounted to infringement of the '139 patent. Accordingly, Meta is liable for willful infringement.
- 46. Defendant also knowingly and intentionally induces infringement of claims of the '139 patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b). Defendant has had knowledge of the '139 patent and the infringing nature of the Accused Products at least as early as when this Complaint was filed and/or earlier, as set forth above. Despite this knowledge of the '139 patent, Defendant continues to actively encourage and instruct its customers and end users (for example, through user manuals and online instruction materials on its website) to use the Accused Products in ways that directly infringe the '139 patent. Defendant does so knowing and intending that its customers and end users will commit these infringing acts. Defendant also continues to make, use, offer for sale, sell, and/or import the Accused Products, despite its knowledge of the '139 patent, thereby specifically intending for and inducing its customers to infringe the '139 patent through the customers' normal and customary use of the Accused Products.
- 47. Defendant has also infringed, and continue to infringe, claims of the '139 patent by offering to commercially distribute, commercially distributing, making, and/or importing the Accused Products, which are used in practicing the process, or using the systems, of the patent, and constitute a material part of the invention. Defendant knows the components in the Accused Products to be especially made or especially adapted for use in infringement of the patent, not a staple article, and not a commodity of commerce suitable for substantial noninfringing use.

Accordingly, Defendant has been, and currently are, contributorily infringing the '139 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c).

- 48. The Accused Products satisfy all claim limitations of claims of the '139 patent. A claim charts comparing independent claims of the '139 patent to representative Accused Product, is attached as Exhibit 8.
- 49. By making, using, offering for sale, selling and/or importing into the United States the Accused Products, Defendant has injured AlmondNet and are liable for infringement of the '139 patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271.
- 50. As a result of Defendant's infringement of the '139 patent, AlmondNet is entitled to monetary damages in an amount adequate to compensate for Defendant's infringement, but in no event less than a reasonable royalty for the use made of the invention by Defendant, together with interest and costs as fixed by the Court.
- 51. Defendant's infringing activities have injured and will continue to injure AlmondNet, unless and until this Court enters an injunction prohibiting further infringement of the '139 patent, and, specifically, enjoining further manufacture, use, sale, importation, and/or offers for sale that come within the scope of the patent claims.

## COUNT V

# **INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 7,822,639**

- 52. AlmondNet realleges and incorporates by reference the foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
- 53. AlmondNet owns all rights, title, and interest in U.S. Patent No. 7,822,639, titled "added-revenue off-site targeted internet advertising," issued on October 26, 2010 ('639 patent). A true and correct copy of the '639 Patent is attached as Exhibit 9.

- 54. On information and belief, Defendant makes, uses, offers for sale, sells, and/or imports certain products ("Accused Products"), such as, e.g., Meta's advertising platform, that directly infringe, literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, claims of the '639 patent.
- 55. The infringement of the '639 Patent is also attributable to Defendant. Defendant and/or users of the Accused Products directs and controls use of the Accused Products to perform acts that result in infringement the '639 Patent, conditioning benefits on participation in the infringement and establishing the timing and manner of the infringement.
- 56. Defendant's infringement has been and is willful. Through at least the interactions as detailed in Plaintiff's Factual Allegations, Meta knew of the '639 Patent and the infringing nature of the Accused Products long before this suit was filed. Despite Meta's knowledge of the Asserted Patents, Meta continued and still continues to infringe the '639 patent. In doing so, Meta knew, or should have known, that its conduct amounted to infringement of the '639 patent. Accordingly, Meta is liable for willful infringement.
- 57. Defendant also knowingly and intentionally induces infringement of claims of the '639 patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b). Defendant has had knowledge of the '639 patent and the infringing nature of the Accused Products at least as early as when this Complaint was filed and/or earlier, as set forth above. Despite this knowledge of the '639 patent, Defendant continues to actively encourage and instruct its customers and end users (for example, through user manuals and online instruction materials on its website) to use the Accused Products in ways that directly infringe the '639 patent. Defendant does so knowing and intending that its customers and end users will commit these infringing acts. Defendant also continues to make, use, offer for sale, sell, and/or import the Accused Products, despite its knowledge of the '639 patent, thereby specifically intending for and inducing its customers to infringe the '639 patent through the

customers' normal and customary use of the Accused Products.

- 58. Defendant has also infringed, and continue to infringe, claims of the '639 patent by offering to commercially distribute, commercially distributing, making, and/or importing the Accused Products, which are used in practicing the process, or using the systems, of the patent, and constitute a material part of the invention. Defendant knows the components in the Accused Products to be especially made or especially adapted for use in infringement of the patent, not a staple article, and not a commodity of commerce suitable for substantial noninfringing use. Accordingly, Defendant has been, and currently are, contributorily infringing the '639 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c).
- 59. The Accused Products satisfy all claim limitations of claims of the '639 patent. A claim charts comparing independent claims of the '639 patent to representative Accused Product, is attached as Exhibit 10.
- 60. By making, using, offering for sale, selling and/or importing into the United States the Accused Products, Defendant has injured AlmondNet and are liable for infringement of the '639 patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271.
- 61. As a result of Defendant's infringement of the '639 patent, AlmondNet is entitled to monetary damages in an amount adequate to compensate for Defendant's infringement, but in no event less than a reasonable royalty for the use made of the invention by Defendant, together with interest and costs as fixed by the Court.
- 62. Defendant's infringing activities have injured and will continue to injure AlmondNet, unless and until this Court enters an injunction prohibiting further infringement of the '639 patent, and, specifically, enjoining further manufacture, use, sale, importation, and/or offers for sale that come within the scope of the patent claims.

#### **COUNT VI**

# **INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 9,830,615**

- 63. AlmondNet realleges and incorporates by reference the foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
- 64. AlmondNet owns all rights, title, and interest in U.S. Patent No. 9,830,615, titled "electronic ad direction through a computer system controlling ad space on multiple media properties based on a viewer's previous website visit," issued on November 28, 2017 ('615 patent). A true and correct copy of the '615 patent is attached as Exhibit 11.
- 65. On information and belief, Defendant makes, uses, offers for sale, sells, and/or imports certain products ("Accused Products"), such as, e.g., Meta's advertising platform, that directly infringe, literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, claims of the '615 patent.
- 66. The infringement of the '615 patent is also attributable to Defendant. Defendant and/or users of the Accused Products directs and controls use of the Accused Products to perform acts that result in infringement the '615 patent, conditioning benefits on participation in the infringement and establishing the timing and manner of the infringement.
- 67. Defendant's infringement has been and is willful. Through at least the interactions as detailed in Plaintiff's Factual Allegations, Meta knew of the '615 Patent and the infringing nature of the Accused Products long before this suit was filed. Despite Meta's knowledge of the Asserted Patents, Meta continued and still continues to infringe the '615 patent. In doing so, Meta knew, or should have known, that its conduct amounted to infringement of the '615 patent. Accordingly, Meta is liable for willful infringement.
- 68. Defendant also knowingly and intentionally induces infringement of claims of the '615 patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b). Defendant has had knowledge of the '615 patent

and the infringing nature of the Accused Products at least as early as when this Complaint was filed and/or earlier, as set forth above. Despite this knowledge of the '615 patent, Defendant continues to actively encourage and instruct its customers and end users (for example, through user manuals and online instruction materials on its website) to use the Accused Products in ways that directly infringe the '615 patent. Defendant does so knowing and intending that its customers and end users will commit these infringing acts. Defendant also continues to make, use, offer for sale, sell, and/or import the Accused Products, despite its knowledge of the '615 patent, thereby specifically intending for and inducing its customers to infringe the '615 patent through the customers' normal and customary use of the Accused Products.

- 69. Defendant has also infringed, and continue to infringe, claims of the '615 patent by offering to commercially distribute, commercially distributing, making, and/or importing the Accused Products, which are used in practicing the process, or using the systems, of the patent, and constitute a material part of the invention. Defendant knows the components in the Accused Products to be especially made or especially adapted for use in infringement of the patent, not a staple article, and not a commodity of commerce suitable for substantial noninfringing use. Accordingly, Defendant has been, and currently are, contributorily infringing the '615 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c).
- 70. The Accused Products satisfy all claim limitations of claims of the '615 patent. A claim charts comparing independent claims of the '615 patent to representative Accused Product, is attached as Exhibit 12.
- 71. By making, using, offering for sale, selling and/or importing into the United States the Accused Products, Defendant has injured AlmondNet and are liable for infringement of the '615 patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271.

- 72. As a result of Defendant's infringement of the '615 patent, AlmondNet is entitled to monetary damages in an amount adequate to compensate for Defendant's infringement, but in no event less than a reasonable royalty for the use made of the invention by Defendant, together with interest and costs as fixed by the Court.
- 73. Defendant's infringing activities have injured and will continue to injure AlmondNet, unless and until this Court enters an injunction prohibiting further infringement of the '615 patent, and, specifically, enjoining further manufacture, use, sale, importation, and/or offers for sale that come within the scope of the patent claims.

#### PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, AlmondNet respectfully requests that this Court enter:

- a. A judgment in favor of AlmondNet that Defendant has infringed, either literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, each of the Asserted Patents;
- A judgment in favor of Plaintiff that Defendant has willfully infringed the Asserted
   Patents;
- c. A permanent injunction prohibiting Defendant from further acts of infringement of each of the '398, '139, '639, and '615 patents;
- d. A judgment and order requiring Defendant to pay AlmondNet its damages, costs,
   expenses, and pre-judgment and post-judgment interest for Defendant's infringement of each of the Asserted Patents;
- e. A judgment and order requiring Defendant to provide an accounting and to pay supplemental damages to AlmondNet, including without limitation, pre-judgment and post-judgment interest;
- f. A judgment and order finding that this is an exceptional case within the meaning

- of 35 U.S.C. § 285 and awarding to AlmondNet its reasonable attorneys' fees against Defendant; and
- g. Any and all other relief as the Court may deem appropriate and just under the circumstances.

# **DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL**

AlmondNet, under Rule 38 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, requests a trial by jury of any issues so triable by right.

Dated: November 18, 2022 Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Reza Mirzaie

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Attorneys for Plaintiff AlmondNet, Inc. and Intent IQ, LLC

# **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I certify that on November 18, 2022, a true and correct copy of the foregoing document was electronically filed with the Court and served on all parties of record via the Court's CM/ECF system.

/s/ Reza Mirzaie Reza Mirzaie