

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS  
SHERMAN DIVISION**

MOBILITY WORKX, LLC,

*Plaintiff,*

v.

ERICSSON INC.,

*Defendant.*

Case No. 4:24-cv-796

**JURY TRIAL DEMANDED**

**COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT**

Plaintiff Mobility Workx, LLC (“Plaintiff” or “Mobility Workx”) files this complaint against Defendant Ericsson Inc. (“Defendant”) for infringement of U.S. Patents Nos. 7,697,508 (the “508 Patent”), 8,213,417 (the “417 Patent”), and 7,231,330 (the “330 Patent”) (collectively the “Patents in Suit”).

**I. PARTIES**

1. Plaintiff Mobility Workx LLC is a Florida limited liability company that maintains its principal place of business at 215 Circle Drive, Winters, TX 79567.

2. Mobility Workx is the owner of U.S. Patent No. 7,697,508, entitled “System, Apparatus, and Methods for Proactive Allocation of Wireless Communication Resources,” issued April 13, 2010.

3. Mobility Workx is the owner of U.S. Patent No. 8,213,417, entitled

“System, Apparatus, and Methods for Proactive Allocation of Wireless Communication Resources,” issued July 3, 2012.

4. Mobility Workx is the owner of U.S. Patent No. 7,231,330, entitled “Rapid Mobility Network Emulator Method and System,” issued June 12, 2007.

5. On information and belief, Defendant Ericsson Inc. is a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business at 6300 Legacy Drive, Plano, Texas 75024.

## **II. JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

6. Mobility Workx’s patent infringement claims arise under the patent laws of the United States, Title 35 of the United States Code. Accordingly, this Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this Complaint under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).

7. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because it is a resident of this District, conducts substantial business throughout Texas, including in this District, and derives substantial revenue from products and/or services it makes, uses, offers to sell, sells, or imports in Texas and this District that infringe the Patents in Suit.

8. Venue is proper in this District and division pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391 and 1400, because Defendant has both committed acts of infringement and has a regular and established place of business in this District.

### III. COUNT I: INFRINGEMENT OF THE '508 PATENT

9. Mobility Workx hereby restates, realleges, and incorporates by reference the foregoing paragraphs of the Complaint as if fully stated herein. Mobility Workx further alleges as follows:

10. Mobility Workx is the owner by assignment of all rights, title, and interest in the '508 Patent. A copy of the '508 patent is attached hereto as Exhibit 1. The '508 Patent is presumed valid and enforceable.

11. Upon information and belief, Defendant makes, uses, offers for sale, sells, or imports certain products and services ("Accused Handover Products/Services") in the United States and in this District that directly infringe one or more claims of the '508 Patent literally or under the doctrine of equivalents, including at least claims 7 and 14 of the '508 Patent as set forth in the preliminary infringement claim chart attached as Exhibit 2.

12. Upon information and belief, Defendant knowingly and intentionally induces infringement of the '508 Patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b). Prior to, or at least through, the filing and service of this complaint, Defendant knew of the '508 Patent and the infringing nature of the Accused Handover Products/Services. Defendant however continues to actively encourage users of its products and services to make and use the Accused Handover Products/Services so as to directly infringe the '508 Patent. Defendant does so with knowledge and intent that the users

of its products and services commit these acts of infringement.

13. Defendant also continues to make, use, offer for sale, sell, and/or import the Accused Handover Products/Services despite knowing of the ‘508 Patent, thereby specifically intending for and inducing users of its products and services to infringe the ‘508 Patent through their ordinary use of the Accused Handover Products/Services.

14. On information and belief, Defendant contributes to infringement of the ‘508 Patent by making, using, offering to sell, selling, and/or importing the Accused Handover Products/Services that have no substantial non-infringing uses.

15. To the extent Defendant has infringed or continues to infringe after knowledge of the ‘508 Patent, such infringement is deliberate, knowing, and willful under 35 U.S.C § 271.

16. Mobility Workx, under 35 U.S.C. § 284, may recover damages adequate to compensate for Defendant’s infringement, but in no event less than a reasonable royalty for the use made of the invention by the infringer, Defendant, together with interest and costs as fixed by the Court.

17. The Court should declare this an exceptional case under 35 U.S.C. § 285, entitling Mobility Workx to recover treble damages and attorneys’ fees.

#### **IV. COUNT II: INFRINGEMENT OF THE ‘417 PATENT**

18. Mobility Workx hereby restates, realleges, and incorporates by

reference the foregoing paragraphs of the Complaint as if fully stated herein.

19. Mobility Workx is the owner by assignment of all rights, title, and interest in the '417 Patent. A copy of the '417 patent is attached hereto as Exhibit 3. The '417 Patent was subject to an *Inter Partes* Review and claims 3 and 6 remain valid and enforceable.

20. Upon information and belief, Defendant makes, uses, offers for sale, sells, or imports Accused Handover Products/Services in the United States and in this District that directly infringe one or more claims of the '417 Patent, literally or under the doctrine of equivalents, including at least claims 3 and 6 of the '417 Patent as set forth in the preliminary infringement claim chart attached as Exhibit 4.

21. Upon information and belief, Defendant knowingly and intentionally induces infringement of the '417 Patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b). Prior to, or at least through, the filing and service of this complaint, Defendant knew of the '417 Patent and the infringing nature of the Accused Handover Products/Services. Defendant however continues to actively encourage users of its products and services to use the Accused Handover Products/Services so as to directly infringe the '417 Patent. Defendant does so with knowledge and intent that the users of its products and services commit these acts of infringement. Defendant also continues to make, use, offer for sale, sell, and/or import the Accused Handover Products/Services despite knowing of the '417 Patent, thereby specifically intending

for and inducing users of its products and services to infringe the '417 Patent through their ordinary use of the Accused Handover Products/Services.

22. On information and belief, Defendant contributes to infringement of the '417 Patent by making, using, offering to sell, selling, and/or importing the Accused Handover Products/Services that have no substantial non-infringing uses.

23. To the extent Defendant has infringed or continues to infringe after knowledge of the '417 Patent, such infringement is deliberate, knowing, and willful under 35 U.S.C § 271.

24. Mobility Workx, under 35 U.S.C. § 284, may recover damages adequate to compensate for Defendant's infringement, but in no event less than a reasonable royalty for the use made of the invention by the infringer, Defendant, together with interest and costs as fixed by the Court.

25. The Court should declare this an exceptional case under 35 U.S.C. § 285, entitling Mobility Workx to recover treble damages and attorneys' fees.

#### **V. COUNT III: INFRINGEMENT OF THE '330 PATENT**

26. Mobility Workx hereby restates, realleges, and incorporates by reference the foregoing paragraphs of the Complaint as if fully stated herein.

27. Mobility Workx is the owner by assignment of all rights, title, and interest in the '330 Patent. A copy of the '330 patent is attached hereto as Exhibit 5. The '330 Patent is presumed valid and enforceable.

28. Upon information and belief, Defendant makes, uses, offers for sale, sells, or imports certain products and services (“Accused Emulation Products/Services”) in the United States and in this District that directly infringe one or more claims of the ‘330 Patent, literally or under the doctrine of equivalents, including at least claims 1-19 of the ‘330 Patent as set forth in the preliminary infringement claim chart attached as Exhibit 6.

29. Upon information and belief, Defendant knowingly and intentionally induces infringement of the ‘330 Patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b). Prior to, or at least through, the filing and service of this complaint, Defendant knew of the ‘330 Patent and the infringing nature of the Accused Emulation Products/Services. Defendant however continues to actively encourage users of its products and services to use the Accused Emulation Products/Services so as to directly infringe the ‘330 Patent. Defendant does so with knowledge and intent that the users of its products and services commit these acts of infringement. Defendant also continues to make, use, offer for sale, sell, and/or import the Accused Emulation Products/Services despite knowing of the ‘330 Patent, thereby specifically intending for and inducing users of its products and services to infringe the ‘330 Patent through their ordinary use of the Accused Emulation Products/Services.

30. On information and belief, Defendant contributes to infringement of the ‘330 Patent by making, using, offering to sell, selling, and/or importing the Accused

Emulation Products/Services that have no substantial non-infringing uses.

31. To the extent Defendant has infringed or continues to infringe after knowledge of the '330 Patent, such infringement is deliberate, knowing, and willful under 35 U.S.C § 271.

32. Mobility Workx, under 35 U.S.C. § 284, may recover damages adequate to compensate for Defendant's infringement, but in no event less than a reasonable royalty for the use made of the invention by the infringer, Defendant, together with interest and costs as fixed by the Court.

33. The Court should declare this an exceptional case under 35 U.S.C. § 285, entitling Mobility Workx to recover treble damages and attorneys' fees.

### **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

Mobility Workx respectfully requests that the Court enter:

- a. A judgment that the Patents in Suit are valid and enforceable;
- b. A judgment that Defendant has infringed directly and indirectly, either literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, the Patents in Suit;
- c. A judgment and order requiring Defendant to pay Plaintiff its damages, costs, expenses, and pre-judgment and post-judgment interest for Defendant's infringement of the Patents in Suit;
- d. A judgment and order finding that this is an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285 and awarding to Plaintiff its reasonable attorneys' fees



against Defendant;

e. Any and all injunctive or equitable relief to which Mobility Workx is entitled, including but not limited to ongoing royalties with respect to Defendant's infringement of the Patents in Suit; and,

f. Any and all other relief as the Court may deem appropriate and just under the circumstances.

**DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL**

Plaintiff demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable.

Dated: September 2, 2024

Respectfully Submitted,

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