2009 NOV 30 A 9:52

Martin 1 of Jish

BY THEFT TOLER

Randall B. Bateman (USB 6482) Perry S. Clegg (USB 7831) C. Todd Kinard (USB 12575) BATEMAN IP LAW GROUP, P.C. 8 East Broadway, Suite 550

Salt Lake City, Utah 84111

Tel: (801) 533-0320/Fax: (801) 533-0323

Email: mail@batemanip.com, rbb@batemanip.com, psc@batemanip.com; ctk@batemanip.com

Attorneys for Plaintiff, Estate of Denis Reah and Denmel Holdings, LLC

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF UTAH, CENTRAL DIVISION

DENMEL HOLDINGS, LLC, a Utah limited liability company, and the ESTATE OF DENIS REAH

Plaintiff,

VS.

BROOKSTONE STORES, INC., a New Hampshire corporation, BROOKSTONE COMPANY, INC, a New Hampshire corporation, and DOES 1-10

Defendants.

COMPLAINT AND JURY DEMAND

Case: 2:09cv01048

Assigned To : Stewart, Ted

Assign. Date: 11/30/2009

Description: Denmel Holdings et al v.

Brookstone Stores et al

Plaintiffs, Denmel Holdings, LLC and the Estate of Denis Reah ("Plaintiffs" or "Denmel"), hereby complain against Defendants, Brookstone Stores, Inc. and Brookstone Company, Inc., (each a "Defendant" and collectively the "Defendants"), and allege as follows:

PARTIES

- 1. Plaintiff, Estate of Denis Reah, is the heirs of Denis Reah, an individual that resided in Amanzimtoti, South Africa.
- 2. Plaintiff, Denmel Holdings, LLC, is a limited liability company organized under the laws of the State of Utah.
- Defendant, Brookstone Stores, Inc., is a corporation incorporated and existing under the laws of the state of New Hampshire having at least one business address in Salt Lake City, Utah.
- 4. Defendant, Brookstone Company, Inc. is a corporation incorporated and existing under the laws of the New Hampshire.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 5. This action arises under the patent laws of the United States, 35 U.S.C. §1 *et seq*. This Court has jurisdiction over the patent claims under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).
- 6. Venue is proper in this district by virtue of 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391 and 1400 because Defendants' acts of infringement took place and are taking place within this jurisdiction and because Defendants either reside in this District, can be found in this District or are otherwise subject to personal jurisdiction in this District by making, using, selling, or offering for sale infringing product in this district.

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

7. Denis Reah is the inventor of an electronic device charging station for which the patent entitled "Accessory for Use with Mobile Telephones", United States Patent No. 6,982,542

(the "'542 Patent"), was issued on January 3, 2006. A copy of the '542 Patent is attached hereto as Exhibit A and expressly incorporated herein.

- 8. Plaintiff, Estate of Denis Reah, is the successor in interest of the '542 Patent.
- 9. Plaintiff, Denmel Holdings, LLC is the exclusive licensee to make, use, sell, import, or otherwise benefit from the rights granted by the '542 Patent in the United States.
- 10. The subject matter of the '542 Patent relates to charging stations for mobile telephones, PDAs, or other electronic devices.
- 11. The scope of the claims of the '542 Patent encompass charging stations which have structures to hold multiple mobile telephones, PDAs, or other electronic devices and their respective charger cables. The electronic devices held in the accessory can be connected to an electrical power supply to recharge the devices' batteries.
 - 12. The '542 Patent is valid and enforceable.
- 13. The Estate of Denis Reah currently sells abroad one embodiment of a charging stations as described in the '542 patent.
- 14. Plaintiffs have discovered that Defendants, manufacture, sale, offer for sale, and/or imports charging stations for electronic devices that come within the scope of one or more claims of the '542 Patent ("Infringing Products").
- 15. The presence of Infringing Products in the United States interferes with the ability of Denmel to enter into the United States market for charging stations.
- 16. On information and belief, Defendants have sold and/or offered for sale at least one of the Infringing Products in Utah.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

DIRECT INFRINGEMENT OF PATENT 35 U.S.C. § 271(a)

- 17. Plaintiffs incorporate herein each and every allegation of paragraphs 1 through 16 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein and further allege as follows:
- 18. The '542 Patent has at all times subsequent to its issue date been valid and fully enforceable.
- 19. Plaintiff, Estate of Denis Reah, is the owner of record and holds all rights under the '542 Patent, including the right to sue for infringement.
- 20. Plaintiff, Denmel Holdings, LLC, is the exclusive licensee of the '542 Patent and has the right to sue for infringement.
- 21. On information and belief, Defendants make, use, sale, offer for sale, and/or import Infringing Products that come within the scope of one or more claims of the '542 Patent.
- 22. On information and belief, Defendants make, use, sale, offer for sale, and/or import Infringing Products that come within a range of equivalents of the claims of the '542 Patent, including at least the "Charging Valet" and "Mini Charging Valet", see Exhibit B.
- 23. All making, using, selling, sale offerings, and/or importing of Infringing Products by Defendants has been without authority or license from Plaintiffs and in violation of Plaintiffs' rights, thereby infringing the '542 Patent.
- 24. The amount of money damages which Plaintiffs have suffered due to Defendants' acts of infringement cannot be determined without an accounting, but Plaintiffs are entitled to at

least a reasonable royalty for all Infringing Products made, used, sold, offered for sale, and/or imported by Defendants.

25. Further, harm to Plaintiffs arising from Defendants' acts of infringement is not fully compensable by money damages. Rather, Plaintiffs have suffered, and continue to suffer, irreparable harm for which there is no adequate remedy at law and which will continue until Defendants' conduct is enjoined.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

INDUCEMENT OF PATENT INFRINGEMENT 35 U.S.C. § 271(b)

- 26. Plaintiffs incorporate herein each and every allegation of paragraphs 1 through 25 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein and further allege as follows:
- 27. On information and belief, Defendants have actively induced, and are now inducing others to make or use Infringing Products that come within the scope of one or more claims of the '542 Patent.
- 28. On information and belief, Defendants have unlawfully derived, and continue to unlawfully derive income and profits by inducing others to infringe the '542 Patent.
- 29. On Information and belief, Plaintiffs have suffered and continues to suffer damages as a result of Defendants' inducement to infringe the '542 Patent.
- 30. On information and belief, Plaintiffs have suffered and will continue to suffer irreparable harm for which there is no adequate remedy at law because of Defendants' inducement of others to make and use products that infringe the '542 Patent, and will continued to be harmed unless Defendants are enjoined from further acts of inducement.

THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF

CONTRIBUTORY PATENT INFRINGEMENT 35 U.S.C. § 271(c)

- 31. Plaintiffs incorporate herein each and every allegation of paragraphs 1 through 30 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein and further allege as follows:
- 32. On information and belief, Defendants have sold, or have offered to sell within the United States, components of one or more claims of the '542 Patent which constitute a material component of the invention.
- 33. On information and belief, Defendants knew that such components were especially made or adapted for use in infringing of one or more claims of the '542 Patent.
- 34. On Information and belief, Plaintiffs have suffered and continue to suffer damages as a result of Defendants' contributory infringement of the '542 Patent.
- 35. On information and belief, Plaintiffs have suffered and will continue to suffer irreparable harm for which there is no adequate remedy at law because of Defendants' contribution to others who make and use products that infringe the '542 Patent, and will continued to be harmed unless Defendants are enjoined from further such acts.

FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

INJUNCTIVE RELIEF 35 U.S.C. § 283

- 36. Plaintiffs incorporate herein each and every allegation of paragraphs 1 through 35 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein and further allege as follows:
- 37. As a result of Defendants' actions, Plaintiffs have suffered and will continue to suffer irreparable harm, including loss of goodwill and the loss of customers.

- 38. Moreover, Defendants' actions have effectively barred Plaintiffs from entering the United States market and will continue to cause irreparable injury unless enjoined.
- 39. The injury to Plaintiffs outweighs the harm an injunction may cause to Defendants.
 - 40. The order and injunction will not be adverse to the public interest.
- 41. There is a substantial likelihood that Plaintiffs will prevail on the merits of the underlying claims, because the Infringing Products meet each element of at least one claim of the '542 patent.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Denmel prays for an Order, Judgment, and Injunction as follows:

- A. On each of the Claims for Relief, for a judgment in favor of Denmel and against

 Defendants, including an award of damages and injunctive relief as determined at trial or

 by the Court, including punitive or other exemplary damages, along with additional

 interest, costs, and attorney fees.
- B. Judgment that United States Patent No. 6,982,542 is valid and infringed by Defendants, and
 - For damages for patent infringement in an amount to be determined at trial, such damages being not less than a reasonable royalty;
- ii. That Defendants, their agents, servants, employees, directors, and those persons in active concert or participation with them, individually and/or jointly, be enjoined under 35 U.S.C.
 § 283 from further violation of Plaintiffs' patent rights or such terms as the Court deems

reasonable, including, without limitation, that Defendants cease making, selling, offering to sell, or distributing, the Infringing Goods and any other products which infringe the '542 Patent;

- iii. That Defendants be ordered to file with this Court and serve on Plaintiffs within thirty (30) days after service on Defendants of the injunction granted herein, or such extended period as the Court may direct, a report in writing, under oath, setting forth in detail the manner and form in which Defendants have complied with the injunction and order of the Court;
- iv. That Defendants be ordered to pay Plaintiffs' attorneys' fees and costs and disbursements for this action under 35 U.S.C. § 285; and
- v. That Defendants be required to pay pre-judgment and post-judgment interest until such awards are paid.
- C. That Defendants cease using all marketing or advertising materials reflecting the Infringing Goods.
- D. That Defendants destroy all materials using or containing the Infringing Goods and all advertisements in their possession or control.
- E. That Defendants recall all labels, signs, prints, packages, advertisements, promotional and/or marketing materials that reflect the Infringing Goods.
- F. That Defendants shall notify all affiliates which market or sell the Infringing Goods of this Court's order.
- G. That Defendants place a corrective statement in each venue, and through each form of media, where Defendants made or promulgated advertisements reflecting the Infringing Goods.

- H. That Defendants provide a copy of the Order of this Court to all consumers identified through reasonable efforts who received Infringing Goods.
- I. That Defendants are prohibited from continuing the unlawful conduct as set forth above in this Complaint.
- J. That Defendants be ordered to pay punitive damages, in an amount to be determined at trial, to be assessed against the Defendants in order to deter others from behaving similarly.
- K. That Defendants and their officers, agents, servants, employees, and attorneys, and those persons in active concert of participation with them, who receive actual notice of the Court's injunction by personal service or otherwise, be first preliminarily, and thereafter permanently, enjoined and restrained, as requested above.
- L. That Defendants be adjudged jointly and severally liable for the damages Plaintiffs have sustained as a result of Defendants' actions.
- M. Plaintiffs further pray for all other damages to which it is entitled for any of their claims, including without limitation actual damages, exemplary damages, consequential damages, incidental damages, punitive damages, lost profits, and damages for intangible injuries as this Court deems to be just and proper.

JURY DEMAND

Plaintiffs demand a jury by trial on all claims for relief and all issues so triable.

DATED: November 25, 2009.

Randall B. Bateman

Attorneys for Plaintiff
Estate of Denis Reah and Denmel Holdings, LLC

Exhibit A



(12) United States Patent Reah

(10) Patent No.:

US 6,982,542 B2

(45) Date of Patent:

Jan. 3, 2006

(54) ACCESSORY FOR USE WITH MOBILE TELEPHONES

Denis Graham Reah, 11 Mimosa (76) Inventor:

Drive, Doonheights, Kingsburgh (ZA)

4126

(*) Notice:

Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35

U.S.C. 154(b) by 142 days.

(21) Appl. No.:

10/481,316

(22) PCT Filed:

Jun. 19, 2002

(86) PCT No.:

PCT/IB02/02262

§ 371 (c)(1), (2), (4) Date:

Dec. 18, 2003

(87) PCT Pub. No.: WO03/001642

PCT Pub. Date: Jan. 3, 2003

(65)

Prior Publication Data

US 2004/0165367 A1 Aug. 26, 2004

(30)Foreign Application Priority Data

(ZA) 2001/5181 Jun. 22, 2001

(51) Int. Cl.

H01M 10/44

(2006.01)

H01M 10/46

(2006.01)

(52) U.S. Cl. 320/114

(58) Field of Classification Search 320/107, 320/110, 114, 115, 116; 429/9, 99, 100 See application file for complete search history.

(56)References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

3,696,283	A	*	10/1972	Ackley, III	 320/110
5,733,674	\mathbf{A}	*	3/1998	Law et al.	 320/125
5.963.014	A		10/1999	Chen	

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

2 345 595

7/2000

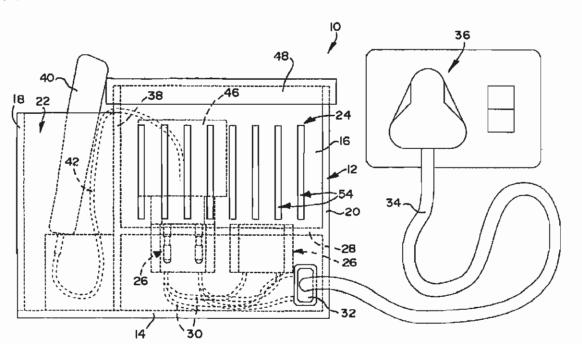
* cited by examiner

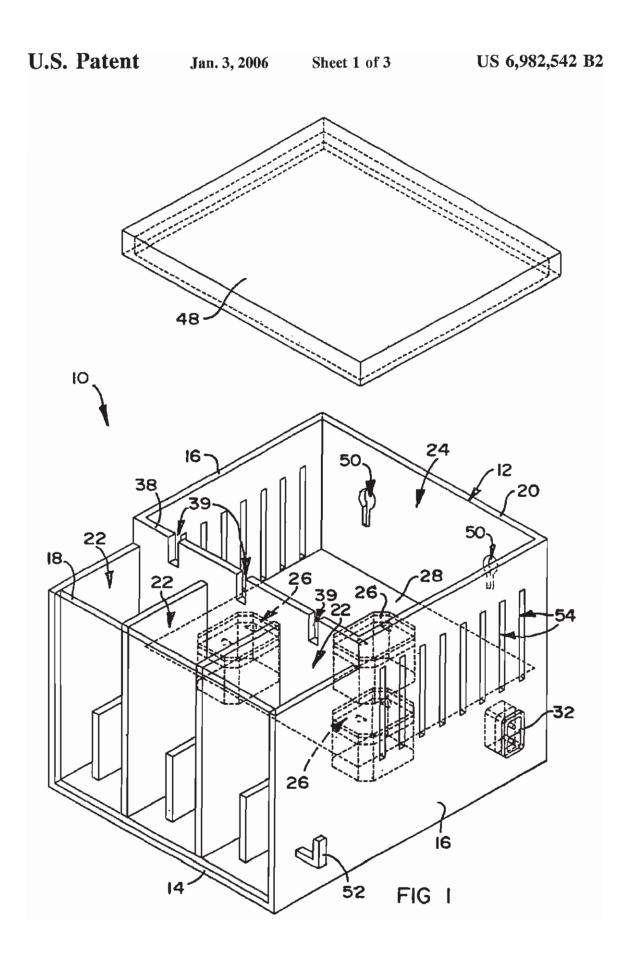
Primary Examiner-Edward H. Tso (74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm-Hodgson Russ LLP

ABSTRACT (57)

The invention relates to an accessory for use with mobile telephones. The accessory comprises a support body defining compartments within which mobile telephones and mobile telephone chargers can be held. The compartments for holding telephone chargers are each associated with a socket arrangement that can receive the contact pins of a telephone charger, all the socket arrangements being electrically connected with one another and being connectable to an electricity power supply. The accessory permits a plurality of mobile telephones to be simultaneously held therein and to be charged via their chargers from a single electricity power supply.

16 Claims, 3 Drawing Sheets



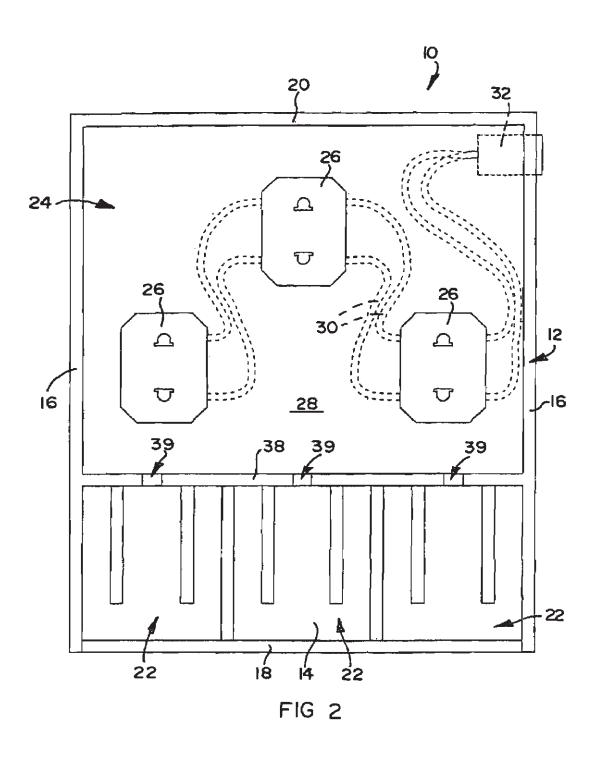


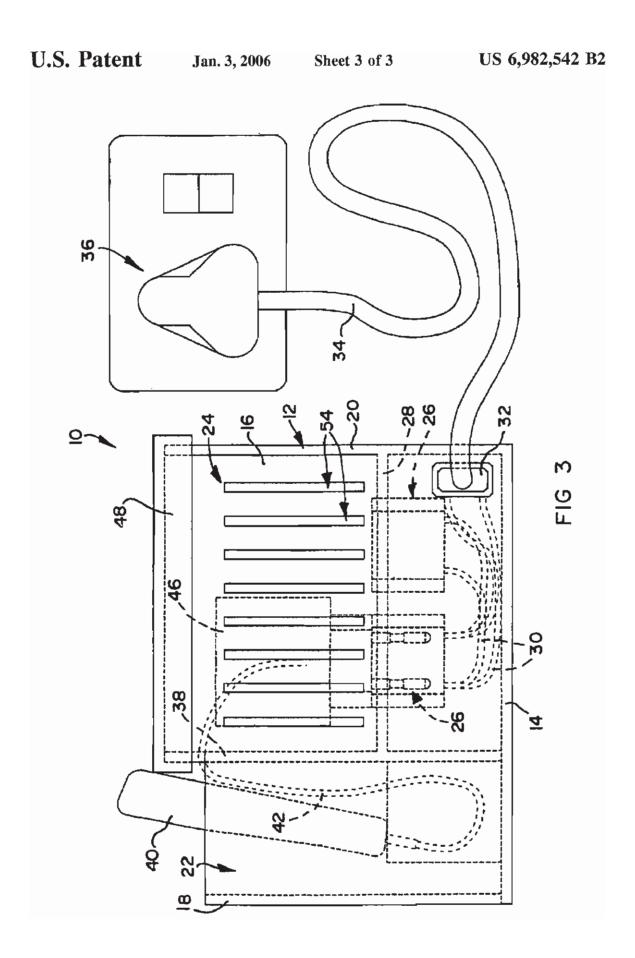
U.S. Patent

Jan. 3, 2006

Sheet 2 of 3

US 6,982,542 B2





US 6,982,542 B2

ACCESSORY FOR USE WITH MOBILE TELEPHONES

This invention relates to an accessory for use with mobile telephones.

According to the invention there is provided an accessory for use with mobile telephones, which comprises a support body that defines at least two pairs of holding formations, each pair of holding formations including a first formation in which a mobile telephone can be held and a second formation in which the charger of a mobile telephone can be held, and in which the support body has an electrical connector arrangement located thereon that includes a socket arrangement, for receiving the pins of a mobile telephone charger, for the second formation of each pair of holding formations and connector means for connecting the socket arrangements to a mains electricity power supply.

The support body may comprise a box-like structure defined by a base wall, two side walls, a front wall and a rear wall and the pairs of holding formations may be compartments defined within the box-like structure. Particularly, the pairs of holding formations may be disposed adjacent one another between the side walls of the box-like structure, with each first formation being a compartment disposed adjacent the front wall of the structure and each second formation 25 being a compartment disposed operatively behind the first formation with which it forms a pair.

According to one particular embodiment of the invention, the second formations of the pairs of bolding formations comprise a common compartment in which the socket 30 arrangements are positioned to each receive the pins of a mobile telephone charger therein in a configuration in which all the socket arrangements can have the pins of a mobile telephone charger received therein while located in the common compartment, operatively behind a first formation 35 in which an associated mobile telephone can be held. The accessory may include a lid for the said common compartment.

Further according to the invention, the compartments defining the pairs of holding formations each may be sepa-40 rated by a partition wall that has a slot formation defined therein for receiving an electric cord of a mobile telephone charger, to permit a mobile telephone held in a first compartment to be electrically connected with its charger via a cord leading from the charger.

The front wall of the box-like structure forming the accessory of the invention preferably is of a transparent sheet material.

Still further according to the invention, the support body may define formations for supporting the body against a 50 support wall. Also, the support body may have at least one hook-like formation projecting therefrom in a configuration in which at least one key can be suspended from the support body.

Each socket arrangement may be adapted to cooperate 55 with the connector pins of a predetermined mobile telephone charger. Alternatively, each socket arrangement may be adapted to cooperate with the connector pins of a predetermined range of mobile telephone chargers.

The connector means of the electrical connector arrangement may include a connector body mounted on the support body, which is electrically connected to the socket arrangements and which is accessible to permit a connector at one end of an electrical cord to cooperate therewith for connecting the socket arrangements in line with a mains electricity 65 power supply, to which the other end of the cord is con-

2

also may include an on-off switch for controlling current flow to the socket arrangements.

The support body of the accessory of the invention may define complementary inter-connecting formations on the respective opposite sides thereof for permitting two or more similar support bodies to be interconnected with one another in a side-by-side relationship.

The support body may be formed of any suitable material and, preferably, is formed of a synthetic plastics material. With the front wall being formed of a transparent material, a mobile telephone held in a first holding formation clearly can be easily identified.

It must be appreciated that the accessory of the invention may include any number of pairs of holding formations, it being envisaged in this regard that the accessory of the invention will be particularly suitable for use in a domestic situation in which, within a family, there may exist a relatively large number of mobile telephones and in which the accessory of the invention can provide for all the mobile telephones to be neatly held together and to be charged in a neat and effective manner, while using only one mains power supply point.

The accessory of the invention also may be associated with any other means that can be associated with the use of a mobile telephone, particularly to provide for communication with mobile telephones held thereby.

Further features of the invention are described hereafter with reference to an example of an accessory for use with mobile telephones, in accordance with the invention, which is illustrated in the accompanying diagrammatic drawings. In the drawings:

FIG. 1 shows a three-dimensional view of an accessory for use with mobile telephones, in accordance with the invention, with the lid thereof displaced from its operative position:

FIG. 2 shows a plan view of the accessory of FIG. 1, without its lid; and

FIG. 3 shows a side view of the accessory of FIG. 1, in its operative configuration.

Referring to the drawings, an accessory for use with mobile telephones, in accordance with the invention, is designated generally by the reference numeral 10. The accessory 10 comprises a support body in the form of a box-like structure 12, the box-like structure 12 being defined by a base wall 14, two side walls 16, a front wall 18 and a rear wall 20.

The box-like structure 12 is divided into three pairs of holding formations, each pair of holding formations including a first compartment 22 within which a mobile telephone can be held and a second compartment 24 in which the charger of a mobile telephone can be held. In the particular embodiment of the invention as shown, the second compartment 24 of the three pairs of holding formations comprise a common compartment, although it must be appreciated that these compartments also can be separated by partition walls.

Each second compartment 24 forming a pair of holding formations with a first compartment 22 has a socket arrangement in the form of a two-pin socket formation 26 located therein, the sockets of the socket formations 26 being rendered accessible for two-pin plugs to be plugged therein via a raised floor 28 within the compartment 24, beneath which the remainder of the socket formations are located (see particularly FIGS. 1 and 3).

As is illustrated clearly in FIG. 2 of the drawings, the socket formations 26 are electrically connected with one

nected to a connector socket 32, permitting a power supply to the socket formations 26 from a mains power supply via a cord 34, in use connected between the mains power supply 36 and the connector socket 32 (see FIG. 3). The sockets of the socket formations 26 are formed particularly to permit 5 either specific, or a range of different, connector pins of mobile telephone chargers to be plugged therein, the particular sockets as shown in FIG. 2 being adapted to receive a range of different connector pins, as are commonly associated with different countries, to be plugged therein. As 10 such, three-pin socket formations also may be provided for, where required.

The wall 38 dividing the pairs of holding formations, each defined by a first compartment 22 and a second compartment 24, has three slot formations 39 formed therein, each slot 15 formation 39 being formed to receive a connector wire leading from a mobile telephone charger plugged into a socket formation 26 to a first compartment 22, in order to permit plugging into a mobile telephone that can be held within the first compartment 22. FIG. 3 particularly illus- 20 trates the operative configuration of a mobile telephone with respect to its charger, with the mobile telephone 40 being held within a first compartment 22 and being connected via a connector wire 42 to its charger 46, that is plugged into a socket formation 26.

It will thus be understood that when connected to a mains power supply 36 in the configuration as shown in FIG. 3, charging of the mobile telephone 40 when so plugged in will occur. It will also be understood that the second compartments 24, being defined as a common compartment, can 30 have three mobile telephone chargers plugged therein, each charger to be associated with a mobile telephone to be held within a first compartment 22. With mobile telephone chargers so positioned within the common compartment forming the compartments 24, a hid 48 of the accessory 10 can cover 35 the common compartment, particularly as shown in FIG. 3.

For use, the accessory of the invention can be positioned on any suitable support surface in a suitably accessible location where it can be effectively plugged into a mains power supply, permitting the use only of this single power 40 supply for charging three mobile telephones beld in the respective first compartments 22 defined within the box-like structure 12, while the chargers of the mobile telephones are held within the common compartment forming the comparta neat configuration and in a location where they are easily accessible, while also not requiring each mobile telephone to be charged from a separate mains power supply. The rear wall 20 of the box-like structure 12 also has keyhole formations 50 formed therein, whereby the box-like struc- 50 ture can be mounted conveniently on a support wall, thereby still further facilitating the use of the accessory of the invention for the effective "storage" of mobile telephones.

It will be understood that the accessory of the invention will be particularly useful in domestic situations where a 55 number of family members have their own mobile telephones that require simultaneous charging. It is envisaged in this regard that the front wall of the box-like structure 12 will be formed of a transparent material, rendering individual mobile telephones easily identifiable.

Also as illustrated, the side walls 16 of the box-like structure 12 have venting slots formed therein in order to deal with any heating that may occur within the compartments 24 while mobile telephones are charged via chargers located therein. It is envisaged also that the accessory of the 65 invention and, particularly, the individual pairs of holding

located externally on the box-like structure (only one formation 52 shown in FIG. 1), permitting the owners of particular mobile telephones to hang, for example, their car keys from the accessory, thus facilitating the easy accessi-

telephones being "forgotten".

As illustrated in FIGS. 1 and 3, the side walls 16 of the box-like structure 12 has venting slots 54 defined therein which can serve to prevent overheating with the common compartment forming the compartments 24, during charging of mobile telephones.

bility of keys and mobile telephones and avoiding mobile

It must be appreciated that the accessory of the invention may be associated with any number of pairs of holding formations and it is envisaged also in this regard that where accessories are associated, for example, with two pairs of holding formations, the opposite side walls of the accessory may be associated with interconnecting formations whereby similar accessories can be held in an adjacent side-by-side relationship, thus forming a combination for holding different numbers of mobile telephones together, in a neat convenient configuration as herein envisaged.

What is claimed is:

1. An accessory for use with mobile telephones comprising a support body that defines at least two pairs of holding 25 formations, each pair of holding formations including a first formation in which a mobile telephone can be removably held and a second formation in which a mobile telephone charger having pins can be removably held, and wherein the support body has an electrical connector arrangement located thereon that includes a socket arrangement for the second formation of each pair of holding formations for receiving the pins of the mobile telephone charger, and connector means for connecting the socket arrangements to a mains electricity power supply.

- 2. An accessory as claimed in claim 1, in which the support body comprises a box-like structure defined by a base wall, two side walls, a front wall and a rear wall and in which the pairs of holding formations are compartments defined within the box-like structure.
- 3. An accessory as claimed in claim 2, in which the pairs of holding formations are disposed adjacent one another between the side walls of the box-like structure, with each first formation being a compartment disposed adjacent the front wall of the structure and each second formation being ments 24. This permits the mobile telephones to be held in 45 a compartment disposed operatively behind the first formation with which it forms a pair.
 - 4. An accessory as claimed in claim 3, in which the second formations of the pairs of holding formations comprise a common compartment in which the socket arrangements are positioned to each receive the pins of a mobile telephone charger therein in a configuration in which all the socket arrangements can have the pins of a mobile telephone charger received therein while located in the common compartment, operatively behind a first formation in which an associated mobile telephone can be held.
 - 5. An accessory as claimed in claim 4, which includes a lid for the said common compartment.
 - 6. An accessory as claimed in claim 2, in which the compartments defining the pairs of holding formations are each separated by a partition wall that has a slot formation defined therein for receiving an electric cord of a mobile telephone charger to permit a mobile telephone held in a first compartment to be electrically connected with its charger via a cord leading from the charger.
 - 7. An accessory as claimed in claim 2, in which the front wall of the box-like structure is of a transparent sheet

US 6,982,542 B2

-5

- 8. An accessory as claimed in claim 1, in which the support body defines formations for supporting the body against a support wall.
- 9. An accessory as claimed in claim 1, in which the support body has at least one hook-like formation projecting 5 therefrom in a configuration in which at least one key can be suspended from the support body.
- 10. An accessory as claimed in claim 1, in which each socket arrangement is adapted to cooperate with the connector pins of a predetermined mobile telephone charger. 10
- 11. An accessory as claimed in claim 1, in which each socket arrangement is adapted to cooperate with the connector pins of a predetermined range of mobile telephone chargers.
- 12. An accessory as claimed in claim 1, in which the 15 connector means of the electrical connector arrangement includes a connector body mounted on the support hody, which is electrically connected to the socket arrangements and which is accessible to permit a connector at one end of an electrical cord to cooperate therewith for connecting the 20 socket arrangements in line with a main electricity power supply, to which the other end of the cord is connectable via a connector plug.
- 13. An accessory as claimed in claim 1, in which the connector arrangement includes an on-off switch for controlling current flow to the socket arrangements.
- 14. An accessory as claimed in claim 1, in which the support body defines complementary interconnecting formations on the respective opposite sides thereof for permitting two or more similar support bodies to be interconnected 30 with one another in a side-by-side relationship.
 - An accessory for holding mobile phones comprising:
 a) a box-like structure,
 - b) pairs of holding formations formed in the box-like structure wherein each of the pairs of holding formations comprises a first compartment for holding the mobile phone and a second compartment,

- c) a socket arrangement positioned in the second compartment, a main power supply and a power supply cord in electrical communication with the main power supply and for supplying electrical power to the socket arrangement,
- d) a mobile telephone charger receivable in the second compartment and supplied with electrical from the socket arrangement and wherein the mobile telephone is in electrical communication with the mobile telephone charger and charged with electrical power supplied by the mobile telephone charger, and
- e) a raised floor in the second compartment and supported therein such that the raised floor is substantially flush with the socket arrangement.
- 16. A method of providing an accessory for use with mobile telephones comprising the steps of:
 - a) providing a support body and defining two or more pairs of holding formations, each pair of holding formations including a first formation in which a mobile telephone can be held and a second formation in which a mobile telephone charger can be held and providing the mobile telephone charger with pins,
 - b) providing an electrical connector arrangement located in the support body and providing the electrical connector arrangement with a socket arrangement for receiving the pins of the mobile telephone charger and wherein the mobile telephone charger is located in the second formation of each pair of holding formations, and
 - c) providing a connector means and providing a main electrical power supply and connecting the connector means with the main electrical power supply.

9 * * * *

Exhibit B

