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9	San Francisco, CA 94111-5800 Telephone: (415) 693-2000			
10	Facsimile: (415) 693-2222  Attorneys for Plaintiff			
11	Ronald A. Katz Technology Licensing, L.P.			
12	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA			
13				
14	In Re Katz Interactive Call Processing Patent Litigation	Case No. 07-ML-01816-B RGK (FFMx)		
15	Tatent Diagation	(PTWX)		
16	RONALD A. KATZ TECHNOLOGY LICENSING, L.P.	Case No. CV 07-2213 RGK (FFMx)		
17	,	, ,		
18	Plaintiff,	Transferred from the United States District Court for the Eastern District		
19	V.	of Texas Case No. 06-CV-335-TJW		
20	AETNA INC.,AETNA RX HOME DELIVERY, LLC, WELLPOINT, INC, PROFESSIONAL CLAIM			
21	SERVICES, INC.,D/B/A	PLAINTIFF RONALD A. KATZ TECHNOLOGY LICENSING,		
22	WELLPOINT PHARMACY MANAGEMENT, INC., ANTHEM	L.P.'S FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR PATENT		
23	MANAGEMENT, INC., ANTHEM PRESCRIPTION MANAGEMENT, LLC, PRECISION RX, INC.,	INFRINGEMENT		
24	INC., D/B/A CAREMARK	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL		
25	PRESCRIPTION SERVICES, THE KROGER CO., KROGER TEXAS			
26	L.P., and HEALTHY OPTIONS, INC., D/B/A POSTAL PRESCRIPTION			
27	SERVICES			
28	Defendants.			

Plaintiff, Ronald A. Katz Technology Licensing, L.P. ("Katz Technology Licensing"), by counsel, alleges as follows: THE PARTIES Plaintiff Katz Technology Licensing is a limited partnership organized 1. under the laws of the State of California, and having a principal place of business at 9220 Sunset Blvd. #315, Los Angeles, CA 90069. 2. On information and belief, Defendant Aetna Inc. is a Pennsylvania entity maintaining its principal place of business at 151 Farmington Ave., Hartford, CT 06156. 3. On information and belief, Aetna Rx Home Delivery, L.L.C. ("Aetna Rx") is a Delaware entity maintaining its principal place of business at 151 Farmington Ave., Hartford, CT 06156. 4. On information and belief, Defendant WellPoint, Inc. is an Indiana entity maintaining its principal place of business at 120 Monument Circle, Indianapolis, IN 46204. 5. On information and belief, Defendant Professional Claim Services Inc., dba WellPoint Pharmacy Management, Inc., ("WellPoint Pharmacy") is a New York entity maintaining its principal place of business at 120 Monument Circle, Indianapolis, IN 46204. 6. information and belief. Defendant Anthem Management, L.L.C. ("Anthem Prescription") is an Ohio entity maintaining its principal place of business at 8890 Duke Blvd., Mason, OH 45040. On information and belief, Defendant Precision Rx, Inc., is a Delaware 7. entity with its principal place of business at 120 Monument Circle, Indianapolis, IN 46204. 8. On information and belief, Defendant Caremark Rx, Inc. ("Caremark") is a Delaware entity maintaining its principal place of business at 211 Commerce

Street, Suite 800, Nashville, TN 37201.

Prescription

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On information and belief, Defendant Caremark Inc., dba Caremark

On information and belief, Defendant The Kroger Co. is an Ohio entity

On information and belief, Defendant Kroger Texas L.P. is an Ohio

On information and belief, Defendant Healthy Options, Inc., dba

This is a civil action for patent infringement arising under the United

The United States District Court for the Eastern District of Texas ("the

Upon information and belief, Defendants Aetna and Aetna Rx

Prescription Services, ("Caremark Prescription") is a California entity maintaining

its principal place of business at 211 Commerce Street, Suite 800, Nashville, TN

maintaining its principal place of business at 1014 Vine Street, Cincinnati, OH

entity maintaining its principal place of business at 1014 Vine Street, Cincinnati.

Ohio 45202 and offices at 16770 Imperial Valley Dr., Suite 200, Houston, TX

Postal Prescription Services, ("Healthy Options") is a Delaware entity maintaining

**JURISDICTION AND VENUE** 

Texas Court") has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this action under 28 U.S.C.

(collectively, the "Aetna defendants") are subject to the Texas Court's personal

its principal place of business at 3800 SE 22nd Avenue, Portland, OR 97202.

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§§ 1331 and 1338(a).

States patent statutes, 35 U.S.C. § 1 et seq.

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- jurisdiction because they do and have done substantial business in the Eastern District of Texas, including: (i) operating infringing automated telephone call processing systems, including without limitation customer service systems that
- - allow their customers, including customers within the State of Texas and the
  - Eastern District of Texas, to order prescriptions and/or obtain other services over
  - the telephone, including without limitation the "Aetna Voice Advantage," Aetna Rx

3.

Home Delivery, Aetna U.S. Healthcare, and Aetna/TRS claim customer service systems; and/or (ii) regularly doing or soliciting business, engaging in other persistent courses of conduct, and/or deriving substantial revenue from services provided to individuals in the State of Texas and the Eastern District of Texas. In addition, Defendant Aetna Rx has designated an agent for service of process in the State of Texas.

- 16. Upon information and belief, Defendants WellPoint, Inc., WellPoint Pharmacy, Anthem Prescription, and Precision Rx, Inc., (collectively, "the WellPoint/Anthem defendants") are subject to the Texas Court's personal jurisdiction because they do and have done substantial business in the Eastern District of Texas, including: (i) operating infringing automated telephone call processing systems, including without limitation customer service systems that allow their customers, including customers within the State of Texas and in the Eastern District of Texas, to order prescriptions and/or obtain other services over the telephone, including without limitation the Precision Rx and Anthem Prescription Rx customer service systems; and/or (ii) regularly doing or soliciting business, engaging in other persistent courses of conduct, and/or deriving substantial revenue from services provided to individuals in the State of Texas and in the Eastern District of Texas. In addition, Defendant Precision Rx, Inc. has designated an agent for service of process in the State of Texas.
- 17. Upon information and belief, Defendants Caremark and Caremark Prescription (collectively, the "Caremark defendants") are subject to the Texas Court's personal jurisdiction because they do and have done substantial business in the Eastern District of Texas, including: (i) operating infringing automated telephone call processing systems, including without limitation customer service systems that allow their customers, including customers within the State of Texas and in the Eastern District of Texas, to order prescriptions and/or obtain other services over the telephone; and/or (ii) regularly doing or soliciting business,

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COOLEY GODWARD KATZ V. AETNA, INC., ET AL. CASE No. 2:07-CV-2213 RGK (FFMX) ATTORNEYS AT LAW

engaging in other persistent courses of conduct, and/or deriving substantial revenue from services provided to individuals in the State of Texas and in the Eastern District of Texas. In addition, Defendant Caremark Prescription has designated an agent for service of process in the State of Texas.

- Upon information and belief, Defendants The Kroger Co., Kroger 18. (collectively, the "Kroger defendants") are Texas L.P., and Healthy Options subject to the Texas Court's personal jurisdiction because they do and have done substantial business in the Eastern District of Texas, including: (i) operating infringing automated telephone call processing systems, including without limitation customer service systems that allow their customers, including customers within the State of Texas and in the Eastern District of Texas, to order prescriptions and/or obtain other services over the telephone, including without limitation the "Easy Fill" and 1-800-Krogers customer service systems; and/or (ii) regularly doing or soliciting business, engaging in other persistent courses of conduct, and/or deriving substantial revenue from services provided to individuals in the State of Texas and in the Eastern District of Texas. In addition, the Kroger defendants have designated an agent for service of process in the State of Texas.
- Venue is proper in the Eastern District of Texas under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b)-(c) and 1400(b). This case is before this Court pursuant to the Transfer Order dated March 20, 2007, In re Katz Interactive Call Processing Patent Litig., Docket No. 1816.

# **BACKGROUND FACTS**

- Ronald A. Katz ("Mr. Katz"), founder of Katz Technology Licensing, 20. is the sole inventor of each of the patents in suit. Mr. Katz has been widely recognized as one of the most prolific and successful inventors of our time, and his inventions over the last forty-plus years have been utilized by literally millions of people.
  - 21. In 1961, Mr. Katz co-founded Telecredit Inc. ("Telecredit"), the first

- 22. Telecredit was eventually acquired by Equifax, and has now been spun off as Certegy, a public company traded on the New York Stock Exchange. Certegy continues to provide services in the credit and check verification field established by Mr. Katz and Telecredit.
- 23. Mr. Katz's inventions have not been limited to telephonic check verification. Indeed, Mr. Katz is responsible for advancements in many fields of technology. Among his most prominent and well-known innovations are those in the field of interactive call processing. Mr. Katz's inventions in that field are directed to the integration of telephonic systems with computer databases and live operator call centers to provide interactive call processing services.
- 24. The first of Mr. Katz's interactive call processing patents issued on December 20, 1988. More than fifty U.S. patents have issued to Mr. Katz for his inventions in the interactive call processing field, including each of the patents-insuit.
- 25. In 1988, Mr. Katz partnered with American Express to establish FDR Interactive Technologies, later renamed Call Interactive, to provide interactive call processing services based on Mr. Katz's inventions. The American Express business unit involved in this joint venture later became known as First Data.
- 26. Early clients of Call Interactive included *The New York Times*, ABC's *Monday Night Football*, KABC Radio, CBS News, and Beatrice Foods (Hunt-Wesson division).

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- 27. Many of these clients utilized Call Interactive technology for highprofile events. For example, CBS News hired Call Interactive to operate an interactive, real-time telephone poll to gauge viewer reaction to President George H.W. Bush's 1992 State of the Union address.
- 28. Mr. Katz sold his interest in Call Interactive to American Express in 1989 but continued to provide advisory services to Call Interactive until 1992. American Express later spun off the First Data business unit into a separate corporation, and with that new entity went Mr. Katz's interactive call processing patents and the Call Interactive call processing business. The former Call Interactive, now known as First Data Voice Services, continues to provide call processing solutions today.
- 29. In 1994, Mr. Katz formed Katz Technology Licensing, which acquired the rights to the entire interactive call processing patent portfolio, including the rights to each of the patents-in-suit, from First Data, the owner of all of the Katz interactive call processing patents at that time.
- 30. The marketplace has clearly recognized the value of Mr. Katz's inventions. Indeed, over 200 companies have licensed the patents-in-suit. Licensees include IBM, Hewlett-Packard, Bank of America, JPMorgan Chase, Wells Fargo, HSBC, AT&T, Verizon, Sprint, Microsoft, Delta Airlines, Merck, Sears, and Home Shopping Network. These licensees and others acknowledge the applicability of the patents-in-suit to multiple fields of use, including but not limited to financial services call processing, automated securities transactions, automated credit authorization card services. automated wireless telecommunication services and support, automated health care services, and product and service support.
- Each of the defendants employs the inventions of certain of the 31. patents-in-suit. Katz Technology Licensing, through its licensing arm A2D, L.P., has repeatedly attempted to engage each defendant in licensing negotiations, but to

date, none of the defendants have agreed to take a license to any of the patents-in-1 2 suit. 3

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KATZ V. AETNA, INC., ET AL.

CASE No. 2:07-CV-2213 RGK (FFMx)

On December 20, 1988, the United States Patent and Trademark 32. Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 4,792,968 ("the '968 Patent"), entitled "Statistical Analysis System For Use With Public Communication Facility," to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor. The '968 Patent expired on December 20, 2005.

THE PATENTS-IN-SUIT

- 33. On May 29, 1990, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 4,930,150 ("the '150 Patent"), entitled "Telephonic Interface Control System," to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor. The '150 Patent expired on December 20, 2005.
- 34. On July 7, 1992, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 5,128,984 ("the '984 Patent"), entitled "Telephone Interface Call Processing System With Call Selectivity," to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor.
- 35. On October 5, 1993, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 5,251,252 ("the '252 Patent"), entitled "Telephone Interface Call Processing System With Call Selectivity," to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor.
- 36. On October 19, 1993, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 5,255,309 ("the '309 Patent"), entitled "Telephonic-Interface Statistical Analysis System," to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor. The '309 Patent expired on December 20, 2005.
- On September 27, 1994, the United States Patent and Trademark 37. Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 5,351,285 ("the '285 Patent"), entitled "Multiple Format Telephonic Interface Control System," to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor. The '285 Patent expired on December 20, 2005.

- 38. On October 1, 1996, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 5,561,707 ("the '707 Patent"), entitled "Telephonic-Interface Statistical Analysis System," to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor. The '707 Patent expired on December 20, 2005.
- 39. On November 4, 1997, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 5,684,863 ("the '863 Patent"), entitled "Telephonic-Interface Statistical Analysis System," to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor. The '863 Patent expired on December 20, 2005.
- 40. On July 28, 1998, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 5,787,156 ("the '156 Patent") entitled "Telephonic-Interface Lottery System," to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor. The '156 Patent expired on December 20, 2005.
- 41. On September 29, 1998, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 5,815,551 ("the '551 Patent"), entitled "Telephonic-Interface Statistical Analysis System," to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor. The '551 Patent expired on December 20, 2005.
- 42. On October 27, 1998, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 5,828,734 ("the '734 Patent"), entitled "Telephone Interface Call Processing System With Call Selectivity," to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor.
- 43. On April 27, 1999, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 5,898,762 ("the '762 Patent"), entitled "Telephonic-Interface Statistical Analysis System," to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor. The '762 Patent expired on December 20, 2005.
- 44. On June 29, 1999, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 5,917,893 ("the '893 Patent"), entitled "Multiple Format Telephonic Interface Control System," to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor. The '893 Patent expired on December 20, 2005.

- 46. On March 28, 2000, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 6,044,135 ("the '135 Patent"), entitled "Telephone-Interface Lottery System," to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor. The '135 Patent expired on July 10, 2005.
- 47. On November 14, 2000, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 6,148,065 ("the '065 Patent"), entitled "Telephonic-Interface Statistical Analysis System," to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor. The '065 Patent expired on July 10, 2005.
- 48. On September 18, 2001, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 6,292,547 ("the '547 Patent"), entitled "Telephonic-Interface Statistical Analysis System," to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor. The '547 Patent expired on July 10, 2005.
- 49. On January 1, 2002, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 6,335,965 ("the '965 Patent"), entitled "Voice-Data Telephonic Interface Control System," to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor. The '965 Patent expired on December 20, 2005.
- 50. On August 13, 2002, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 6,434,223 ("the '223 Patent"), entitled "Telephone Interface Call Processing System With Call Selectivity," to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor. The '223 Patent expired on July 10, 2005.
- 51. On January 28, 2003, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 6,512,415 ("the '415 Patent"), entitled "Telephonic-Interface Game Control System," to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor. The '415 Patent expired on July 10, 2005.

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KATZ V. AETNA, INC., ET AL.

52. On January 13, 2004, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 6,678,360 ("the '360 Patent"), entitled "Telephonic-Interface Statistical Analysis System," to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor. The '360 Patent expired on July 10, 2005.

# COUNT I (PATENT INFRINGEMENT BY THE AETNA DEFENDANTS)

- Katz Technology Licensing realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1-52 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
- Katz Technology Licensing is the sole holder of the entire right, title, and interest in the '968, '150, '984, '309, '285, '707, '863, '156, '551, '734, '762, '893, '120, '135, '065, '547, '965, '223, '415, and '360 Patents.
- 55. Upon information and belief, the Aetna defendants operate automated telephone systems, including without limitation customer service systems that allow their customers to order prescriptions and/or obtain other services over the telephone, including without limitation the "Aetna Voice Advantage," Aetna Rx Home Delivery, Aetna U.S. Healthcare, and Aetna/TRS claim customer service systems.
- 56. The Aetna defendants have directly and contributorily infringed, and induced others to infringe, one or more claims of each of the patents identified in paragraph 54 of this Complaint by making, using, offering to sell, and/or selling within the United States automated telephone systems, including without limitation customer service systems that allow their customers to order prescriptions and/or obtain other services over the telephone, including without limitation the "Aetna Voice Advantage," Aetna Rx Home Delivery, Aetna U.S. Healthcare, and Aetna/TRS claim customer service systems.
- 57. The Aetna Defendants continue to infringe, contributorily infringe, and induce others to infringe the '984, '734, and '120 Patents.
  - 58. The Aetna defendants' infringement of the patents identified in

59. Katz Technology Licensing has been, and continues to be, damaged and irreparably harmed by the Aetna defendants' infringement, which will continue unless the Aetna defendants are enjoined by this Court and/or the Texas Court.

# COUNT II (PATENT INFRINGEMENT BY THE WELLPOINT/ANTHEM DEFENDANTS)

- 60. Katz Technology Licensing realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1-52 as if fully set forth herein.
- 61. Katz Technology Licensing is the sole holder of the entire right, title, and interest in the '968, '984, '252, '309, '285, '707, '863, '156, '551, '762, '893, '120, '135, '065, '965, and '360 Patents.
- 62. Upon information and belief, the WellPoint/Anthem defendants operate automated telephone systems, including without limitation customer service systems that allow their customers to order prescriptions and/or obtain other services over the telephone, including without limitation the Precision Rx and Anthem Prescription Rx customer service systems.
- 63. The WellPoint/Anthem defendants have directly and contributorily infringed, and induced others to infringe, one or more claims of each of the patents identified in paragraph 61 of this Complaint by making, using, offering to sell, and/or selling within the United States automated telephone systems, including without limitation customer service systems that allow their customers to order prescriptions and/or obtain other services over the telephone, including without limitation the Precision Rx customer service system.
- 64. The WellPoint/Anthem Defendants continue to infringe, contributorily infringe, and induce others to infringe the '984, '252, and '120 Patents.
- 65. The WellPoint/Anthem defendants' infringement of the patents identified in paragraph 61 of this Complaint has been willful.

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66. Katz Technology Licensing has been, and continues to be, damaged and irreparably harmed by the WellPoint/Anthem defendants' infringement, which will continue unless the WellPoint/Anthem defendants are enjoined by this Court and/or the Texas Court.

# COUNT III (PATENT INFRINGEMENT BY THE CAREMARK DEFENDANTS)

- 67. Katz Technology Licensing realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1-52 as if fully set forth herein.
- 68. Katz Technology Licensing is the sole holder of the entire right, title, and interest in the '968, '984, '252, '309, '285, '707, '863, '156, '551, '762, '893, '120, '135, '065, '965, and '360 Patents.
- 69. Upon information and belief, the Caremark defendants operate automated telephone systems, including without limitation customer service systems that allow their customers to order prescriptions and/or obtain other services over the telephone.
- 70. The Caremark defendants have directly and contributorily infringed, and induced others to infringe, one or more claims of each of the patents identified in paragraph 68 of this Complaint by making, using, offering to sell, and/or selling within the United States automated telephone systems, including without limitation customer service systems that allow their customers to order prescriptions and/or obtain other services over the telephone.
- 71. The Caremark Defendants continue to infringe, contributorily infringe, and induce others to infringe the '120, '984, and '252 Patents.
- 72. The Caremark defendants' infringement of the patents identified in paragraph 68 of this Complaint has been willful.
- 73. Katz Technology Licensing has been, and continues to be, damaged and irreparably harmed by the Caremark defendants' infringement, which will continue unless the Caremark defendants are enjoined by this Court and/or the

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Texas Court.

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## **COUNT IV**

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# (PATENT INFRINGEMENT BY THE KROGER DEFENDANTS)

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- 74. Katz Technology Licensing realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1-52 as if fully set forth herein.
- 6 7
- 75. Katz Technology Licensing is the sole holder of the entire right, title, and interest in the '984, '252, '309, '707, '863, '156, '551, '223, '415, and '360
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Patents.

service systems.

- 76. Upon information and belief, the Kroger defendants operate automated telephone systems, including without limitation customer service systems that allow
- 1011
- their customers to order prescriptions and/or obtain other services over the
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- telephone, including without limitation the "Easy Fill" and 1-800-Krogers customer
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- 77. The Kroger defendants have directly and contributorily infringed, and
- 1415
- induced others to infringe, one or more claims of each of the patents identified in
- 16
- paragraph 75 of this Complaint by making, using, offering to sell, and/or selling within the United States automated telephone systems, including without limitation
- 1718
- customer service systems that allow their customers to order prescriptions and/or
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- obtain other services over the telephone, including without limitation the "Easy
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- Fill" and 1-800-Krogers customer service systems.
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- 78. The Kroger Defendants continue to infringe, contributorily infringe, and induce others to infringe the '984 and '252 Patents.
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- 79. The Kroger defendants' infringement of the patents identified in paragraph 75 of this Complaint has been willful.
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KATZ V. AETNA, INC., ET AL.

CASE No. 2:07-CV-2213 RGK (FFMx)

# 80. Katz Technology Licensing has been, and continues to be, damaged and irreparably harmed by the Kroger defendants' infringement, which will continue unless the Kroger defendants are enjoined by this Court and/or the Texas Court.

# REQUEST FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff Katz Technology Licensing respectfully requests the following relief:

- A judgment holding the Aetna defendants liable for infringement of A. the patents identified in paragraph 54 of this Complaint;
- В. A permanent injunction against the Aetna defendants, their officers, agents, servants, employees, attorneys, parent and subsidiary corporations, assigns and successors in interest, and those persons in active concert or participation with them, enjoining them from continued acts of infringement of the '984, '734, and '120 Patents;
- C. An accounting for damages resulting from the Aetna defendants' infringement of the patents identified in paragraph 54 of this Complaint, together with pre-judgment and post-judgment interest;
- A judgment holding that the Aetna defendants' infringement of the patents identified in paragraph 54 of this Complaint is willful, and a trebling of damages pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;
- A judgment holding the WellPoint/Anthem defendants liable for E. infringement of the patents identified in paragraph 61 of this Complaint;
- F. A permanent injunction against the WellPoint/Anthem defendants, their officers, agents, servants, employees, attorneys, parent and subsidiary corporations, assigns and successors in interest, and those persons in active concert or participation with them, enjoining them from continued acts of infringement of the '984, '252, and '120 Patents;
  - An accounting for damages resulting from the WellPoint/Anthem

defendants' infringement of the patents identified in paragraph 61 of this Complaint, together with pre-judgment and post-judgment interest;

- H. A judgment holding that the WellPoint/Anthem defendants' infringement of the patents identified in paragraph 61 of this Complaint is willful, and a trebling of damages pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;
- I. A judgment holding the Caremark defendants liable for infringement of the patents identified in paragraph 68 of this Complaint;
- J. A permanent injunction against the Caremark defendants, their officers, agents, servants, employees, attorneys, parent and subsidiary corporations, assigns and successors in interest, and those persons in active concert or participation with them, enjoining them from continued acts of infringement of the '120, '984, and '252 Patents;
- K. An accounting for damages resulting from the Caremark defendants' infringement of the patents identified in paragraph 68 of this Complaint, together with pre-judgment and post-judgment interest;
- L. A judgment holding that the Caremark defendants' infringement of the patents identified in paragraph 68 of this Complaint is willful, and a trebling of damages pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;
- M. A judgment holding the Kroger defendants liable for infringement of the patents identified in paragraph 75 of this Complaint;
- N. A permanent injunction against the Kroger defendants, their officers, agents, servants, employees, attorneys, parent and subsidiary corporations, assigns and successors in interest, and those persons in active concert or participation with them, enjoining them from continued acts of infringement of the '984 and '252 Patents;
- O. An accounting for damages resulting from the Kroger defendants' infringement of the patents identified in paragraph 75 of this Complaint, together with pre-judgment and post-judgment interest;

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KATZ V. AETNA, INC., ET AL.

CASE No. 2:07-CV-2213 RGK (FFMx)

- P. A judgment holding that the Kroger defendants' infringement of the patents identified in paragraph 75 of this Complaint is willful, and a trebling of damages pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;
- Q. A judgment holding this Action an exceptional case, and an award to Plaintiff Katz Technology Licensing for its attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285; and
- R. Such other relief as this Court and/or the Texas Court deem just and equitable.

PALO ALTO

Case	2:07-cv-02213-RGK -FFM	Document 84 Filed 12/07/07 Page 18 of 19 Page ID #:445
1	Dated: October 29, 2007	7 Respectfully submitted,
2		By: Benton Mejin/ PEN
3		Stephen C. Neal (State Bar No. 170085)  nealsc@cooley.com
4		Janet L. Cullum (State Bar No. 104336)
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.LP	Katz v. Aetna, Inc., et al.	1 Q PLAINTIFF'S FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT

# **DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL**

Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 38, Plaintiff Ronald A. Katz Technology Licensing, L.P. hereby demands trial by jury.

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5	Dated: October 29, 2007	Respectfully submitted,
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KATZ V. AETNA, INC., ET AL. CASE No. 2:07-CV-2213 RGK (FFMx) PLAINTIFF'S FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT