

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
LUFKIN DIVISION

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U.S. DISTRICT COURT
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TX EASTERN - LUFKIN

RONALD A. KATZ TECHNOLOGY
LICENSING, L.P.,

Plaintiff,

v.

ALLTEL CORPORATION; ALLTEL
COMMUNICATIONS WIRELESS, INC.;
ALLTEL COMMUNICATIONS OF
TEXARKANA, INC.; COX
COMMUNICATIONS, INC.; COXCOM,
INC.; THE DIRECTV GROUP, INC.;
DIRECTV, INC.; DIRECTV HOLDINGS,
LLC; DIRECTV ENTERPRISES, LLC;
EARTHLINK, INC. and TRACFONE
WIRELESS, INC.

Defendants.

BY _____

CASE NO. 9:06cv177

Jury Trial Demanded

Judge Clark

**PLAINTIFF RONALD A. KATZ TECHNOLOGY LICENSING, L.P.'S
COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT**

Plaintiff, Ronald A. Katz Technology Licensing, L.P. ("Katz Technology Licensing"), by
counsel, alleges as follows:

THE PARTIES

1. Plaintiff Katz Technology Licensing is a limited partnership organized under the
laws of the State of California, and having a principal place of business at 9220 Sunset Blvd.
#315, Los Angeles, California 90069.

2. On information and belief, Defendant Alltel Corporation is a corporation
organized under the laws of the State of Delaware, and having a principal place of business at
One Allied Drive, Little Rock, Arkansas 72202.

3. On information and belief, Defendant Alltel Communications Wireless, Inc. is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, and having a principal place of business at One Allied Drive, Little Rock, AR 72202.

4. On information and belief, Defendant Alltel Communications of Texarkana, Inc. is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, and having a principal place of business at One Allied Drive, Little Rock, AR 72202.

5. On information and belief, Defendant Cox Communications, Inc. is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Delaware, and having a principal place of business at 1400 Lake Hearn Drive, Atlanta, GA 30319.

6. On information and belief, Defendant Coxcom, Inc. is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Delaware, and having a principal place of business at 1550 West Deer Valley Road, Phoenix, AZ 85027-2121.

7. On information and belief, Defendant The DirecTV Group, Inc. is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Delaware, and having a principal place of business at 2230 East Imperial Highway, El Segundo, CA 90245.

8. On information and belief, Defendant DirecTV, Inc. is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of California, and having a principal place of business at 2230 East Imperial Highway, El Segundo, CA 90245.

9. On information and belief, Defendant DirecTV Holdings, LLC is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Delaware, and having a principal place of business at 2230 East Imperial Highway, El Segundo, CA 90245.

10. On information and belief, Defendant DirecTV Enterprises, LLC is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Delaware, and having a principal place of business at 2230 East Imperial Highway, El Segundo, CA 90245.

11. On information and belief, Defendant Earthlink, Inc. is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Delaware, and having a principal place of business at 1375 Peachtree St., Atlanta, Georgia 30309.

12. On information and belief, Defendant Tracfone Wireless, Inc. is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Florida, and having a principal place of business at 8390 NW 25th Street, Miami, FL 33122.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

13. This is a civil action for patent infringement arising under the United States patent statutes, 35 U.S.C. § 1 *et seq.*

14. This Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this action under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).

15. On information and belief, Alltel Corporation, Alltel Communications Wireless, Inc., and Alltel Communications of Texarkana, Inc. (collectively the “Alltel defendants”) are subject to this Court’s personal jurisdiction because they do and have done substantial business in this judicial district, including: (i) selling wireless telephone services within the District, including at locations in Texarkana and Marshall, Texas; (ii) operating infringing automated telephone systems, including without limitation the Alltel customer service systems for wireless customers, including services for prepaid accounts, postpaid accounts, activation, air time cards and voice mail, that allow their customers, including customers within this State and in this District, to perform account payment, purchasing, activation, account service, and voice mail

functions over the telephone; and (iii) regularly doing or soliciting business, engaging in other persistent courses of conduct, and/or deriving substantial revenue from goods used or consumed by, and services provided to, individuals in this State and in this District. In addition, Alltel Communications Wireless, Inc. and Alltel Communications of Texarkana, Inc. have designated an agent for service of process in the State of Texas.

16. On information and belief, Cox Communications, Inc. and Coxcom, Inc. (collectively the "Cox defendants") are subject to this Court's personal jurisdiction because they do and have done substantial business in this judicial district, including: (i) selling cable television and internet services, cable equipment and cable accessories at locations within the District, including in Lufkin, Paris and Tyler; (ii) operating infringing automated telephone systems, including without limitation the Cox customer service, Cox Pay-Per-View, Cox credit services, Cox internet services, sales and activation systems, that allow their customers, including customers within this State and in this District, to perform purchasing, ordering, activation, service and other functions over the telephone; and (iii) regularly doing or soliciting business, engaging in other persistent courses of conduct, and/or deriving substantial revenue from goods used or consumed by, and services provided to, individuals in this State and in this District.

17. On information and belief, The DirecTV Group, Inc., DirecTV, Inc., DirecTV Holdings, LLC, and DirecTV Enterprises, LLC (collectively the "DirecTV defendants") are subject to this Court's personal jurisdiction because they do and have done substantial business in this judicial district, including: (i) selling satellite television and internet services, satellite access, equipment and accessories at locations within the District, including in Lufkin, Marshall and Tyler; (ii) operating infringing automated telephone systems, including without limitation

the DirecTV sales, activation, billing, business service and customer service systems, that allow their customers, including customers within this State and in this District, to perform purchasing, activation, ordering, service, and technical support functions over the telephone; and (iii) regularly doing or soliciting business, engaging in other persistent courses of conduct, and/or deriving substantial revenue from goods used or consumed by, and services provided to, individuals in this State and in this District. In addition, DirecTV, Inc. has designated an agent for service of process in the State of Texas.

18. On information and belief, Earthlink, Inc. ("Earthlink") is subject to this Court's personal jurisdiction because it does and has done substantial business in this judicial district, including: (i) operating internet dial-up and ISP services in Lufkin; (ii) operating infringing automated telephone call processing systems, including without limitation the Earthlink customer service and sales service systems, that allow its customers, including customers within this State and in this District, to perform purchasing, bill paying, ordering, verification and other functions over the telephone; and (iii) regularly doing or soliciting business, engaging in other persistent courses of conduct, and/or deriving substantial revenue from goods and services provided to individuals in this State and in this District. In addition, Defendant Earthlink has designated an agent for service of process in the State of Texas.

19. On information and belief, Tracfone Wireless, Inc. ("Tracfone") is subject to this Court's personal jurisdiction because it does and has done substantial business in this judicial district, including: (i) selling mobile telephone equipment and accessories at retail locations within the District, including several retail locations known as K-Mart and Family Dollar in Lufkin and Texarkana; (ii) operating infringing automated telephone systems, including without limitation the Tracfone direct sales, long distance service, international long distance service,

activation and customer service systems, that allow its customers, including customers within this State and in this District, to perform purchasing, activation, service and other functions over the telephone; and (iii) regularly doing or soliciting business, engaging in other persistent courses of conduct, and/or deriving substantial revenue from goods used or consumed by, and services provided to, individuals in this State and in this District. In addition, Tracfone Wireless, Inc. has designated an agent for service of process in the State of Texas.

20. Venue is proper in this judicial district under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b)-(c) and 1400(b).

BACKGROUND FACTS

21. Ronald A. Katz (“Mr. Katz”), founder of Katz Technology Licensing, is the sole inventor of each of the patents in suit. Mr. Katz has been widely recognized as one of the most prolific and successful inventors of our time, and his inventions over the last forty-plus years have been utilized by literally millions of people.

22. In 1961, Mr. Katz co-founded Telecredit Inc. (“Telecredit”), the first company to provide online, real-time credit authorization, allowing merchants to verify checks over the telephone. Further innovations from Telecredit include the first online, real-time, point-of-sale credit verification terminal, which enabled merchants to verify checks without requiring the assistance of a live operator, and the first device that used and updated magnetically-encoded cards in automated teller machines. Multiple patents issued from these innovations, including patents co-invented by Mr. Katz.

23. Telecredit was eventually acquired by Equifax, and has now been spun off as Certegy, a public company traded on the New York Stock Exchange. Certegy continues to provide services in the credit and check verification field established by Mr. Katz and Telecredit.

24. Mr. Katz's inventions have not been limited to telephonic check verification. Indeed, Mr. Katz is responsible for advancements in many fields of technology. Among his most prominent and well-known innovations are those in the field of interactive call processing. Mr. Katz's inventions in that field are directed to the integration of telephonic systems with computer databases and live operator call centers to provide interactive call processing services.

25. The first of Mr. Katz's interactive call processing patents issued on December 20, 1988. More than fifty U.S. patents have issued to Mr. Katz for his inventions in the interactive call processing field, including each of the patents-in-suit.

26. In 1988, Mr. Katz partnered with American Express to establish FDR Interactive Technologies, later renamed Call Interactive, to provide interactive call processing services based on Mr. Katz's inventions. The American Express business unit involved in this joint venture later became known as First Data.

27. Early clients of Call Interactive included *The New York Times*, ABC's *Monday Night Football*, KABC Radio, CBS News, and Beatrice Foods (Hunt-Wesson division).

28. Many of these clients utilized Call Interactive technology for high-profile events. For example, CBS News hired Call Interactive to operate an interactive, real-time telephone poll to gauge viewer reaction to President George H.W. Bush's 1992 State of the Union address.

29. Mr. Katz sold his interest in Call Interactive to American Express in 1989 but continued to provide advisory services to Call Interactive until 1992. American Express later spun off the First Data business unit into a separate corporation, and with that new entity went Mr. Katz's interactive call processing patents and the Call Interactive call processing business. The former Call Interactive, now known as First Data Voice Services, continues to provide call processing solutions today.

30. In 1994, Mr. Katz formed Katz Technology Licensing, which acquired the rights to the entire interactive call processing patent portfolio, including the rights to each of the patents-in-suit, from First Data, the owner of all of the Katz interactive call processing patents at that time.

31. The marketplace has clearly recognized the value of Mr. Katz's inventions. Indeed, over 100 companies, including in some instances direct competitors of the defendants, have licensed the patents-in-suit. Licensees include IBM, Hewlett-Packard, Bank of America, JPMorgan Chase, Wells Fargo, HSBC, AT&T, Verizon, Sprint, Microsoft, Delta Airlines, Merck, Sears, and Home Shopping Network. These licenses and others acknowledge the applicability of the patents-in-suit to multiple fields of use, including but not limited to financial services call processing, automated securities transactions, automated credit card authorization services, automated wireless telecommunication services and support, automated health care services, and product and service support.

32. The defendants employ the inventions of certain of the patents-in-suit. Katz Technology Licensing, through its licensing arm A2D, L.P., has repeatedly attempted to engage the defendants in licensing negotiations, but to date, none of the defendants have agreed to take a license to any of the patents-in-suit.

THE PATENTS-IN-SUIT

33. On December 20, 1988, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 4,792,968 ("the '968 Patent"), entitled "Statistical Analysis System For Use With Public Communication Facility," to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor. The '968 Patent expired on December 20, 2005.

34. On May 29, 1990, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 4,930,150 (“the ‘150 Patent”), entitled “Telephonic Interface Control System,” to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor. The ‘150 Patent expired on December 20, 2005.

35. On July 7, 1992, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 5,128,984 (“the ‘984 Patent”), entitled “Telephone Interface Call Processing System With Call Selectivity,” to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor.

36. On October 5, 1993, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 5,251,252 (“the ‘252 Patent”), entitled “Telephone Interface Call Processing System With Call Selectivity,” to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor.

37. On September 27, 1994, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 5,351,285 (“the ‘285 Patent”), entitled “Multiple Format Telephonic Interface Control System,” to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor. The ‘285 Patent expired on December 20, 2005.

38. On November 4, 1997, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 5,684,863 (“the ‘863 Patent”), entitled “Telephonic-Interface Statistical Analysis System,” to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor. The ‘863 Patent expired on December 20, 2005.

39. On July 28, 1998, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 5,787,156 (“the ‘156 patent”), entitled “Telephonic-Interface Lottery System,” to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor. The ‘156 Patent expired on December 20, 2005.

40. On September 29, 1998, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 5,815,551 (“the ‘551 Patent”), entitled “Telephonic-Interface Statistical Analysis System,” to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor. The ‘551 Patent expired on December 20, 2005.

41. On October 27, 1998, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 5,828,734 (“the ‘734 Patent”), entitled “Telephone Interface Call Processing System With Call Selectivity,” to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor.

42. On April 27, 1999, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 5,898,762 (“the ‘762 Patent”), entitled “Telephonic-Interface Statistical Analysis System,” to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor. The ‘762 Patent expired on December 20, 2005.

43. On June 29, 1999, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 5,917,893 (“the ‘893 Patent”), entitled “Multiple Format Telephonic Interface Control System,” to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor. The ‘893 Patent expired on December 20, 2005.

44. On October 26, 1999, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 5,974,120 (“the ‘120 Patent”), entitled “Telephone Interface Call Processing System With Call Selectivity,” to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor.

45. On March 28, 2000, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 6,044,135 (“the ‘135 Patent”), entitled “Telephone-Interface Lottery System,” to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor. The ‘135 Patent expired on July 10, 2005.

46. On November 14, 2000, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 6,148,065 (“the ‘065 Patent”), entitled “Telephonic-Interface Statistical Analysis System,” to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor. The ‘065 Patent expired on July 10, 2005.

47. On January 1, 2002, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 6,335,965 (“the ‘965 Patent”), entitled “Voice-Data Telephonic Interface Control System,” to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor. The ‘965 Patent expired on December 20, 2005.

48. On February 19, 2002, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 6,349,134 (“the ‘134 Patent”), entitled “Telephonic-Interface Statistical Analysis System,” to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor. The ‘134 Patent expired on December 20, 2005.

49. On July 23, 2002, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 6,424,703 (“the ‘703 Patent”), entitled “Telephonic-Interface Lottery System,” to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor. The ‘703 Patent expired on July 10, 2005.

50. On August 13, 2002, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 6,434,223 (“the ‘223 Patent”), entitled “Telephone Interface Call Processing System With Call Selectivity,” to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor. The ‘223 Patent expired on July 10, 2005.

51. On January 28, 2003, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 6,512,415 (“the ‘415 Patent”), entitled “Telephonic-Interface Game Control System,” to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor. The ‘415 Patent expired on July 10, 2005.

52. On January 13, 2004, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued United States Patent No. 6,678,360 (“the ‘360 Patent”), entitled “Telephonic-Interface Statistical Analysis System,” to Ronald A. Katz, sole inventor. The ‘360 Patent expired on July 10, 2005.

COUNT I
(PATENT INFRINGEMENT BY ALLTEL CORPORATION, ALLTEL
COMMUNICATIONS WIRELESS, INC., and ALLTEL COMMUNICATIONS OF
TEXARKANA, INC.)

53. Katz Technology Licensing realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1-52 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.

54. Katz Technology Licensing is the sole holder of the entire right, title, and interest in the ‘968, ‘551, ‘065, ‘360, ‘762, ‘863, ‘134, ‘150, ‘285, ‘893, ‘984, ‘252, ‘734, ‘120, ‘223, ‘965, ‘135, ‘156 and ‘415 Patents.

55. On information and belief, the Alltel defendants operate automated telephone systems, including without limitation the Alltel customer service systems for wireless customers, including services for prepaid accounts, postpaid accounts, activation, air time cards and voice mail that allow its customers to perform account payment, purchasing, activation, account service, and voice mail functions over the telephone.

56. The Alltel defendants have directly and contributorily infringed, and induced others to infringe, one or more claims of each of the patents identified in paragraph 54 of this Complaint by making, using, offering to sell, and/or selling within the United States automated telephone systems, including without limitation the Alltel customer service systems for wireless customers and their prepaid accounts, postpaid accounts, activation, air time cards and voice mail.

57. The Alltel defendants continue to infringe, contributorily infringe, and induce others to infringe the '984, '252, '734 and '120 Patents.

58. The Alltel defendants' infringement of the patents identified in paragraph 54 of this Complaint has been willful.

59. Katz Technology Licensing has been, and continues to be, damaged and irreparably harmed by the Alltel's infringement, which will continue unless Alltel is enjoined by this Court.

COUNT II
(PATENT INFRINGEMENT BY COX COMMUNICATIONS, INC.
and COXCOM, INC.)

60. Katz Technology Licensing realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1-59 as if fully set forth herein.

61. Katz Technology Licensing is the sole holder of the entire right, title, and interest in the '968, '551, '065, '360, '762, '863, '134, '150, '285, '893, '984, '734, '120, '223, '965, '703 and '415 Patents.

62. On information and belief, the Cox defendants operate automated telephone systems, including without limitation the Cox customer service, Cox Pay-Per-View, Cox credit services, Cox internet services, sales and activation systems that allow its customers to perform purchasing, ordering, activation, service and other functions over the telephone.

63. The Cox defendants have directly and contributorily infringed, and induced others to infringe, one or more claims of each of the patents identified in paragraph 61 of this Complaint by making, using, offering to sell, and/or selling within the United States automated telephone systems, including without limitation the Cox customer service, pay-per-view, credit, internet, sales and activation systems.

64. The Cox defendants continue to infringe, contributorily infringe, and induce others to infringe the '984, '734 and '120 Patents.

65. The Cox defendants' infringement of the patents identified in paragraph 61 of this Complaint has been willful.

66. Katz Technology Licensing has been, and continues to be, damaged and irreparably harmed by Cox's infringement, which will continue unless Cox is enjoined by this Court.

COUNT III
(PATENT INFRINGEMENT BY THE DIRECTV GROUP, INC., DIRECTV, INC.,
DIRECTV HOLDINGS, LLC and DIRECTV ENTERPRISES, LLC)

67. Katz Technology Licensing realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1-66 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.

68. Katz Technology Licensing is the sole holder of the entire right, title, and interest in the '551, '065, '360, '762, '863, '134, '150, '285, '734, '120, '223, '135 and '965 Patents.

69. On information and belief, the DirecTV defendants operate automated telephone systems, including without limitation the DirecTV sales, activation, billing, business service and customer service systems that allow its customers to perform purchasing, activation, ordering, service, and technical support functions over the telephone.

70. The DirecTV defendants have directly and contributorily infringed, and induced others to infringe, one or more claims of each of the patents identified in paragraph 68 of this Complaint by making, using, offering to sell, and/or selling within the United States automated telephone systems, including without limitation the DirecTV sales, activation, billing, business service and customer service systems.

71. The DirecTV defendants continue to infringe, contributorily infringe, and induce others to infringe the '734 and '120 Patents.

72. The DirecTV defendants' infringement of the patents identified in paragraph 68 of this Complaint has been willful.

73. Katz Technology Licensing has been, and continues to be, damaged and irreparably harmed by the DirecTV defendants' infringement, which will continue unless the DirecTV defendants are enjoined by this Court.

**COUNT IV
(PATENT INFRINGEMENT BY EARTHLINK, INC.)**

74. Katz Technology Licensing realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1–73 as if fully set forth herein.

75. Katz Technology Licensing is the sole holder of the entire right, title, and interest in the '551, '065, '360, '863, '134, '150, '285, '893, '734, '120, '223, '965 and '703 Patents.

76. On information and belief, Earthlink operates automated telephone systems, including without limitation the Earthlink customer service and sales service systems that allow its customers to perform purchasing, bill paying, ordering, verification and other functions over the telephone.

77. Earthlink has directly and contributorily infringed, and induced others to infringe, one or more claims of each of the patents identified in paragraph 75 of this Complaint by making, using, offering to sell, and/or selling within the United States automated telephone systems, including without limitation the Earthlink customer service and sales service systems.

78. Earthlink continues to infringe, contributorily infringe, and induce others to infringe the '734 and '120 Patents.

79. Earthlink's infringement of the patents identified in paragraph 75 of this Complaint has been willful.

80. Katz Technology Licensing has been, and continues to be, damaged and irreparably harmed by Earthlink's infringement, which will continue unless Earthlink is enjoined by this Court.

**COUNT V
(PATENT INFRINGEMENT BY TRACFONE WIRELESS, INC.)**

81. Katz Technology Licensing realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1-80 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.

82. Katz Technology Licensing is the sole holder of the entire right, title, and interest in the '551, '065, '360, '762, '863, '134, '150, '893, '734, '120, '223, '965, '135, '156, '415 and '703 Patents.

83. On information and belief, Tracfone operates automated telephone systems, including without limitation the Tracfone direct sales, long distance service, international long distance service, activation and customer service systems that allow its customers to perform purchasing, activation, service and other functions over the telephone.

84. Tracfone has directly and contributorily infringed, and induced others to infringe, one or more claims of each of the patents identified in paragraph 82 of this Complaint by making, using, offering to sell, and/or selling within the United States automated telephone systems, including without limitation the Tracfone direct sales, long distance service, activation and customer service systems.

85. Tracfone continues to infringe, contributorily infringe, and induce others to infringe the '734 and '120 Patents.

86. Tracfone's infringement of the patents identified in paragraph 82 of this Complaint has been willful.

87. Katz Technology Licensing has been, and continues to be, damaged and irreparably harmed by the Tracfone's infringement, which will continue unless Tracfone is enjoined by this Court.

REQUEST FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff Katz Technology Licensing respectfully requests the following relief:

A. A judgment holding the Alltel defendants liable for infringement of the patents identified in paragraph 54 of this Complaint;

B. A permanent injunction against the Alltel defendants, their officers, agents, servants, employees, attorneys, parent and subsidiary corporations, assigns and successors in interest, and those persons in active concert or participation with them, enjoining them from continued acts of infringement of the '984, '252, '734 and '120 Patents;

C. An accounting for damages resulting from the Alltel defendants' infringement of the patents identified in paragraph 54 of this Complaint, together with pre-judgment and post-judgment interest;

D. A judgment holding that the Alltel defendants' infringement of the patents identified in paragraph 54 of this Complaint is willful, and a trebling of damages pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;

E. A judgment holding the Cox defendants liable for infringement of the patents identified in paragraph 61 of this Complaint;

F. A permanent injunction against the Cox defendants, their officers, agents, servants, employees, attorneys, parent and subsidiary corporations, assigns and successors in interest, and those persons in active concert or participation with them, enjoining them from continued acts of infringement of the '984, '734 and '120 Patents;

G. An accounting for damages resulting from the Cox defendants' infringement of the patents identified in paragraph 61 of this Complaint, together with pre-judgment and post-judgment interest;

H. A judgment holding that the Cox defendants' infringement of the patents identified in paragraph 61 of this Complaint is willful, and a trebling of damages pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;

I. A judgment holding the DirecTV defendants liable for infringement of the patents identified in paragraph 68 of this Complaint;

J. A permanent injunction against the DirecTV defendants, their officers, agents, servants, employees, attorneys, parent and subsidiary corporations, assigns and successors in interest, and those persons in active concert or participation with them, enjoining them from continued acts of infringement of the '734 and '120 Patents;

K. An accounting for damages resulting from the DirecTV defendants' infringement of the patents identified in paragraph 68 of this Complaint, together with pre-judgment and post-judgment interest;

L. A judgment holding that the DirecTV defendants' infringement of the patents identified in paragraph 68 of this Complaint is willful, and a trebling of damages pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;

M. A judgment holding Earthlink liable for infringement of the patents identified in paragraph 75 of this Complaint;

N. A permanent injunction against Earthlink, its officers, agents, servants, employees, attorneys, parent and subsidiary corporations, assigns and successors in interest, and those persons in active concert or participation with them, enjoining them from continued acts of infringement of the '734 and '120 Patents;

O. An accounting for damages resulting from Earthlink's infringement of the patents identified in paragraph 75 of this Complaint, together with pre-judgment and post-judgment interest;

P. A judgment holding that Earthlink's infringement of the patents identified in paragraph 75 of this Complaint is willful, and a trebling of damages pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;

Q. A judgment holding Tracfone liable for infringement of the patents identified in paragraph 82 of this Complaint;

R. A permanent injunction against Tracfone, its officers, agents, servants, employees, attorneys, parent and subsidiary corporations, assigns and successors in interest, and those persons in active concert or participation with them, enjoining them from continued acts of infringement of the '734 and '120 Patents;

S. An accounting for damages resulting from Tracfone's infringement of the patents identified in paragraph 82 of this Complaint, together with pre-judgment and post-judgment interest;

T. A judgment holding that Tracfone's infringement of the patents identified in paragraph 82 of this Complaint is willful, and a trebling of damages pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;

U. A judgment holding this Action an exceptional case, and an award to Plaintiff Katz Technology Licensing for its attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285; and

V. Such other relief as the Court deems just and equitable.

Dated: August 21, 2006

Respectfully submitted,

By: 

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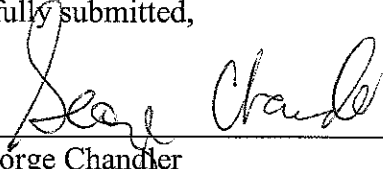
DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 38, Plaintiff Ronald A. Katz Technology Licensing, L.P. hereby demands trial by jury.

Dated: August 21, 2006

Respectfully submitted,

By: _____


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