1 2 3 4 5 6	Marc R. Ascolese, <mascolese@sidley.com> (B SIDLEY AUSTIN LLP 555 California Street, Suite 2000 San Francisco, California 94104 Telephone: (415) 772-1200 Facsimile: (415) 772-7400  Counsel for Plaintiff Microsoft Corporation  NOTE: Additional counsel listed on signature p</mascolese@sidley.com>			
7 8	UNITED STATE	S DISTRICT COURT		
9	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA			
10	SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION			
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12				
13	Microsoft Corporation,	No. 3:10-cv-5108-EMC (filed Nov. 10, 2010)		
14	Plaintiff,	) FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR DECLARATORY JUDGMENT		
15	VS.	)		
16	PartsRiver, Inc. and Kelora Systems, LLC,			
17	Defendants.	) )		
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## THE PARTIES

- 1. Plaintiff Microsoft Corporation ("Microsoft") is a Washington corporation having its principal place of business at One Microsoft Way, Redmond, WA 98052.
- 2. On information and belief, Defendant PartsRiver, Inc. ("PartsRiver") is a Delaware corporation having its principal place of business at 3155 Kearney Street, Suite 210, Fremont, CA 94538.
- 3. On information and belief, Defendant Kelora Systems, LLC ("Kelora") is a Delaware limited liability company having its principal place of business at 19925 Stevens Creek Boulevard, Suite 100, Cupertino CA 95014.

## **NATURE OF THE ACTION**

4. This is a declaratory judgment action seeking a determination that Microsoft does not infringe at least reexamined claims 1 and 2 of U.S. Patent No. 6,275,821 under 35 U.S.C. § 271; that at least reexamined claims 1 and 2 of this patent are invalid under at least 35 U.S.C. §§ 102, 103, 112, and/or 305; and/or that Microsoft has intervening rights to at least reexamined claims 1 and 2 of this patent under 35 U.S.C. §§ 252 and 307(b).

## **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

- 5. On information and belief, this Court has personal jurisdiction over PartsRiver because PartsRiver is doing business in, and has its principal place of business in, this Judicial District at 3155 Kearney Street, Suite 210, Fremont, CA 94538.
- 6. On information and belief, this Court has personal jurisdiction over Kelora because Kelora is doing business in, and has its principal place of business in, this Judicial District at 19925 Stevens Creek Boulevard, Suite 100, Cupertino CA 95014.
- 7. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over Microsoft's causes of action asserted here pursuant to 28 U.S.C.§ 1331 and 1338(a), because those claims arise under the patent laws of the United States, 35 U.S.C. §§ 101, et seq., and under the Federal Declaratory Judgment Act, 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202.
  - Venue is proper in this judicial district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b) and (c).

## 1 INTRADISTRICT ASSIGNMENT 2 9. Pursuant to Civil Local Rule 3-2(c), this is an Intellectual Property Action that 3 normally would be assigned on a district-wide basis. However, under Civil L.R. 3-12, this action is 4 related to PartsRiver, Inc., v. Shopzilla, Inc., et al., No. 4:09-cv-00811-CW and thus should be 5 assigned to Judge Wilken in the Oakland Division. 6 FACTUAL BACKGROUND 7 10. U.S. Patent No. 6,275,821 ("the '821 patent"), is entitled "Method and System for 8 Executing a Guided Parametric Search," and originally issued August 14, 2001. 9 11. The '821 patent expires on October 14, 2014. 12. 10 On information and belief, PartsRiver is and/or was the owner by assignment of the 11 '821 patent. 12 13. On information and belief, Kelora has at least some rights to the '821 patent. 13 14. The first-named inventor of the '821 patent is Mohamed Sherif Danish ("Sherif 14 Danish"). 15 15. Sherif Danish lives in Cupertino, California. 16. 16 Sherif Danish has referred to the '821 patent as the "Step Search" patent. 17 17. On information and belief, after PartsRiver acquired ownership of the '821 patent, 18 Sherif Danish encouraged PartsRiver to enforce the '821 patent. 19 18. For example, in August 2006, Sherif Danish wrote to Horacio Woolcott, the CEO of PartsRiver: 20 21 Horacio. 22 As promised, here is a partial list of companies that infringe on the Step Search patent. 23 Sherif 24 www.yahoo.com www.circuitcity.com 25 www.officedepot.com http://www.newark.com/ 26 http://catalog.graybar.com/

bhinone.farnell.com/

http://www.gcs.com/

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Portals	
1) Yahoo	
2) Amazon	
3) Ebay	
4) Google	
5) MSN	
Software Search Vendo	ors
Endeca Technologies	
2) Fast Search & Transfer	:
3) IBM	
4) Autonomy	
5) Entopia	:
6) Convera	!
7) Microsoft	
8) Google	
9) Coveo	
10) dtSearch	
11) Dieselpoint	
12) Exalead	
13) InQuira	
14) Inxight Software	
15) ISYS Software	
16) Kaidara Software	
17) Knova Software	
18) Mercado	_
19) Nervana	
20) Open Text	i
21) Oracle	
22) PolySpot	1
23) Progress Software	
24) Recommind	-

25) S. L. I. Systems
26) Thunderstone
27) Vivisimo
28) WCC
29) WebSide Story
30) X1 Technologies
31) ZyLab
Retailers
Best Buy
Circuit City
10000 Others

- 20. On information and belief, pursuant to a consulting agreement effective August 1, 2007, Sherif Danish agreed to help PartsRiver enforce the '821 patent in exchange for \$10,000 per month for the term of the agreement, plus 10% of the first \$100 million received as a result of any licenses, settlements, or judgments involving the '821 patent.
- 21. On October 3, 2007, PartsRiver filed a civil action in the Eastern District of Texas (No. 2:07-cv-440-DF) alleging that the following companies infringe the '821 patent: Shopzilla, Inc.; ValueClick, Inc.; PriceRunner Limited; Yahoo!, Inc.; PriceGrabber.com, Inc.; eBay Inc.; and Microsoft Corporation.
  - 22. Claim 2 of the '821 patent depends from claim 1.
- 23. On February 18, 2008, PartsRiver contended that the following websites are operated by Microsoft and utilize search processes or methods which infringe upon both claims 1 and 2 of the '821 patent:

shopping.msn.com
http://shopping.sympatico.msn.ca/
http://magasiner.sympatico.msn.ca/
http://shopping.msn.co.jp/
http://shopping.ninemsn.com.au/
http://shopping.msn.fr/
http://shopping.msn.nl/
http://shopping.msn.nl/

- 24. On December 22, 2008, the United States Patent and Trademark Office ("USPTO") determined that there was a substantial new question of patentability affecting claims 1 and 2 of the '821 patent and thus ordered an *ex parte* reexamination of those claims (Reexamination Control No. 90/009,316).
- 25. On January 30, 2009, the Court in the Eastern District of Texas determined that "the Northern District of California would clearly be a more convenient venue" and thus transferred PartsRiver's action to this Court, where it was assigned to Judge Wilken as Civil Action No. 4:09-cv-00811-CW.
- 26. On May 28, 2009, Microsoft, along with other defendants in that case, filed with Judge Wilken a motion for summary judgment of non-infringement and invalidity of claims 1 and 2 of the '821 patent.
- 27. On June 18, 2009, an Examiner at the USPTO issued an Office Action finally rejecting claims 1 and 2 of the '821 patent under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Granacki et al., *A Component Library Management System and Browser*, ISI Research Report, ISI/RR-93-386, USC/Information Sciences Institute, April, 1993.
- 28. On August 21, 2009, Judge Wilken granted summary judgment that claims 1 and 2 of the '821 patent were invalid under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) due to the on-sale bar.
- 29. On September 18, 2009, PartsRiver appealed the Examiner's final rejection of claims 1 and 2 to the Board of Patent Appeals and Interferences ("BPAI").
- 30. On September 18, 2009, PartsRiver appealed Judge Wilken's summary judgment of invalidity to the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit.
- 31. The notice of appeal that PartsRiver filed on September 18, 2009, was signed by the firm Manatt, Phelps & Phillips, LLP.
- 32. On January 29, 2010, PartsRiver filed a brief in the Federal Circuit arguing that Judge Wilken's summary judgment of invalidity should be reversed.
- 33. The brief that PartsRiver filed in the Federal Circuit was signed by Manatt, Phelps & Phillips, LLP.

Corporation; Chelsea & Scott, Ltd., d/b/a One Step Ahead & Leaps And Bounds; National Business

At least reexamined claims 1 and 2 of the '821 patent are invalid.

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