1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	PILLSBURY WINTHROP LLP ALBERT J. BORO, JR. #126657 50 Fremont Street San Francisco, CA 94105 Telephone: (415) 983-1000 Facsimile: (415) 983-1200  PILLSBURY WINTHROP LLP DAVID A. JAKOPIN #209950 NICOLE M. TOWNSEND #189655 2550 Hanover Street Palo Alto, CA 94304-1115 Telephone: (650) 233-4500 Facsimile: (650) 233-4545  Attorneys for Plaintiffs PAXONET COMMUNICATIONS, INC. and RAZA MICROELECTRONICS, INC.  UNITED STATES DIST NORTHERN DISTRICT (4)	
13		· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
14		C 00 4004
15	PAXONET COMMUNICATIONS, INC. and	$C_{\text{ase No}}$ 03 4204
16	RAZA MICROELECTRONICS, INC.,	COMPLAINT FOR PATENT
17	Plaintiffs,	INFRINGEMENT, DECLARATORY JUDGMENT AND INJUNCTIVE
18	<b>v</b> .	<u>RELIEF</u>
19	TRANSWITCH CORPORATION, and DOES 1 ) to 10,	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL
20	Defendants.	CERTIFICATION OF INTERESTED ENTITIES, PURSUANT TO N.D.
21		) CAL. CIVIL LOCAL RULE 3-16
22		)
23	PAXONET COMMUNICATIONS, INC. ("Paxonet") and RAZA	
24	MICROELECTRONICS, INC. ("Raza Microelectronics" and collectively with Paxonet,	
25	"Plaintiffs") file this Complaint for patent infringement against TRANSWITCH	
26	CORPORATION ("TranSwitch") and DOES 1 to 10, and allege as follows:	
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	- 1 -	COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT, DECLARATORY JUDGMENT & INJUNCTIVE RELIEF

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#### THE PARTIES

- 1. Paxonet is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware and maintaining its principal place of business at 4046 Clipper Court, Fremont, California 94538. Paxonet provides customer-specific silicon services to other systems or semi-conductor companies predominantly in the area of telecommunications and networking. Paxonet also markets its Viti product to a restrictive set of customers.
- 2. Raza Microelectronics is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware and maintaining its principal place of business at 3080 North First Street, Suite 600, San Jose, California 95134. Raza Microelectronics is a developer of highly integrated next-generation microprocessor solutions. Paxonet is a contractor designer for Raza Microelectronics.
- 3. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that defendant TranSwitch is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware and maintaining its principal place of business at 3 Enterprise Drive, Shelton, Connecticut 06484. Plaintiffs are further informed and believe and thereon allege that TranSwitch maintains a Customer Technical Support Center in this judicial district in the city of San Jose, California.
- 4. Defendants DOES 1 to 10, inclusive, are sued herein under fictitious names. Their true names and capacities are unknown to Plaintiffs. When their true names and capacities are ascertained, Plaintiffs will amend this Complaint by inserting their true names and capacities herein. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that each of the fictitiously named defendants is responsible in some manner for the occurrences herein alleged, and that Plaintiffs' damages as herein alleged were proximately caused by those defendants.
- 5. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that at all times herein mentioned each of the defendants was the agent and/or employee of each of the remaining defendants, and in doing the things alleged below, was acting within the scope of such agency and/or employment.

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# JURISDICTION AND VENUE

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This action arises under the Patent Laws of the United States, 35 U.S.C. § 1, et seq. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).

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7. Venue is proper in this Court and judicial District, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391 and 1400, based on the fact that the matters in controversy arise out of activities undertaken in this judicial district.

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### INTRADISTRICT ASSIGNMENT

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8. As this action involves claims for patent infringement, pursuant to Civil Local Rule 3-2(c), it is in a category of cases that the Clerk of the Court is to assign to a Courthouse on a district-wide basis.

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## FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

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(Infringement of U.S. Patent No. 6,069,893)

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9. Plaintiffs Paxonet and Raza Microelectronics incorporate by reference paragraphs 1 through 8 of this Complaint, as though fully stated herein.

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10. Plaintiffs are co-owners of United States Patent No. 6,069,893, entitled "Asynchronous transfer mode switching architectures having connection buffers" (the ""893 Patent"). The '893 Patent duly and legally issued on May 30, 2000. A true and

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correct copy of the '893 Patent is attached to this Complaint as Exhibit A.

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11. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 282, the '893 Patent is presumed valid.

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directly, contributorily, and/or by inducement, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271, by

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performing proscribed activities, including making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing infringing device(s) that are covered by the '893 Patent, including but not limited

TranSwitch has been and continues to infringe the '893 Patent, either

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to its TranSwitch OMNI Transport Processor, to customers throughout the United States.

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Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that TranSwitch's 13. infringement of the '893 Patent has been and continues to be willful, wanton, deliberate,

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without license, and with full knowledge and awareness of Plaintiffs' rights.

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- 14. TranSwitch's infringement of the '893 Patent has damaged Plaintiffs in an amount to be proven at trial.
- 15. Unless restrained and enjoined by this Court, TranSwitch will continue its acts of infringement and the resulting damage to Plaintiffs will be substantial, continuing, and irreparable.

#### SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Declaratory Judgment of Patent Non-Infringement and Invalidity)

- 16. Plaintiff Raza Microelectronics incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 15 of this Complaint, as though fully stated herein.
- 17. Raza Microelectronics is informed and believes and thereon alleges that TranSwitch purports to be the owner of United States Patent No. 4,967,405 (the "'405 Patent"), which issued October 30, 1990 to TranSwitch as the purported assignee of Daniel C. Upp. A true and correct copy of the '405 Patent is attached to this Complaint as Exhibit B.
- 18. Raza Microelectronics is informed and believes and thereon alleges that TranSwitch purports to be the owner of United States Patent No. 4,998,242 (the "'242 Patent"), which issued March 5, 1991 to TranSwitch as the purported assignee of Daniel C. Upp. A true and correct copy of the '242 Patent is attached to this Complaint as Exhibit C.
- 19. Raza Microelectronics is informed and believes and thereon alleges that TranSwitch purports to be the owner of United States Patent No. 5,040,170 (the "'170 Patent"), which issued August 13, 1991 to TranSwitch as the purported assignee of Daniel C. Upp. A true and correct copy of the '170 Patent is attached to this Complaint as Exhibit D.
- 20. Raza Microelectronics is informed and believes and thereon alleges that some or all of TranSwitch's synchronous optical networks (SONET)/synchronous digital hierarchy (SDH) chip products, including but not limited to its OMNI Transport Processor and OMNI Switch Element, are covered by the '405, '242, and '170 Patents.

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of a lawsuit against Galazar Networks Incorporated ("Galazar") for infringement of a "number" of TranSwitch's patents that "cover the technology for systems on a chip that perform mapping, switching and cross connection of synchronous optical networks (SONET) and synchronous digital hierarchy (SDH) signals." TranSwitch also stated in its February 4, 2003 press release that "[w]e aggressively enforce our patent portfolio to protect the interests of our customers and shareholders." TranSwitch's complaint against Galazar alleges infringement of the '405, '242, and '170 Patents. Raza Microelectronics is informed and believes and thereon alleges that this complaint was filed without providing advance notice to Galazar of its alleged infringement of TranSwitch's patents. A true and correct copy of the February 4, 2003 press release issued by TranSwitch is attached to this Complaint as Exhibit E.

On February 4, 2003, TranSwitch issued a press release announcing its filing

- 22. In a letter dated February 11, 2003, to Chetan Sanghvi of Paxonet, counsel for TranSwitch asserted to Paxonet that its Viti-48 product and IP core products may be infringing one or more claims of the '405 Patent, the '242 Patent, and/or the '170 Patent. In its letter, counsel for TranSwitch stated that "TranSwitch is currently enforcing its intellectual property rights against others in your field" and referenced the Complaint for patent infringement TranSwitch filed against Galazar, a copy of which was enclosed with TranSwitch counsel's February 11, 2003 letter. A true and correct copy of the February 11, 2003 letter is attached to this Complaint as Exhibit F.
- 23. In a letter dated February 19, 2003, counsel for Paxonet responded to TranSwitch counsel's letter of February 11, 2003. A true and correct copy of the February 19, 2003 letter is attached to this Complaint as Exhibit G.
- 24. In a letter dated February 25, 2003, counsel for TranSwitch responded to Paxonet counsel's letter of February 19, 2003 and indicated that if it did not receive confirmation by March 3, 2003 that Paxonet will provide the requested data sheets or a detailed substantive response, TranSwitch would "turn to other alternatives to resolve this

matter expeditiously." A true and correct copy of the February 25, 2003 letter is attached to this Complaint as Exhibit H.

- 25. In a letter dated March 6, 2003 counsel for Paxonet addressed the assertions of infringement of the '405, '242, and '170 Patents set forth in TranSwitch counsel's letter of February 11, 2003. A true and correct copy of the March 6, 2003 letter is attached to this Complaint as Exhibit I.
- 26. Raza Microelectronics is informed and believes and thereon alleges that instead of responding to the analysis of Paxonet's counsel in the March 6 letter, TranSwitch filed suit against Paxonet. On or about March 27, 2003, TranSwitch initiated Civil Action No. 03-10564 NG in the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts against Paxonet. In its Complaint, TranSwitch alleged that Paxonet has infringed and continues to infringe both the '242 Patent and the '405 Patent.
- 27. TranSwitch did not file suit against Paxonet on the '170 Patent; however, it has not withdrawn the assertion in its February 11, 2003 letter that Paxonet may be infringing the '170 Patent.
- 28. On or about June 13, 2003, Paxonet initiated Civil Action No. C 03-02782 CW in the United States District Court for the Northern District of California against Transwitch seeking declaratory judgment that Paxonet has not infringed the '405 Patent, the '242 Patent, or the '170 Patent, seeking declaratory judgment that the '405 Patent, the '242 Patent, and the '170 Patent are each invalid, and requesting injunctive relief.
- 29. Raza Microelectronics' TR3010, TR3020, and TR3040 products are chips that perform mapping, switching, and cross connection of synchronous optical networks (SONET) and/or synchronous digital hierarchy (SDH) signals.
- 30. Raza Microelectronics has confidentially shown its TR3010, TR3020, and/or TR3040 chip products to potential customers, including potential customers that currently purchase some of the TranSwitch SONET/SDH chip products. Certain networking products made by these potential customers will use a SONET/SDH chip product, such as the Raza Microelectronics' TR3010, TR3020, and TR3040 products or TranSwitch's

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27 28 SONET/SDH chip products, but each such networking product will generally include only one type of such SONET/SDH chip product. Accordingly, Raza Microelectronics and TranSwitch are competitors in the field of technology for systems on a chip that perform mapping, switching and cross connection of synchronous optical networks (SONET) and synchronous digital hierarchy (SDH) signals.

- Raza Microelectronics has a reasonable apprehension and belief that it will 31. be sued by TranSwitch for alleged infringement of the '405 Patent, the '242 Patent, and the '170 Patent by its TR3010, TR3020, and/or TR3040 chip products. This reasonable apprehension and belief is based on, among other things, TranSwitch's public announcements regarding its aggressive enforcement of its patent portfolio covering the SONET/SDH field; its issuance of a press release announcing its filing of a lawsuit for patent infringement against Galazar, Raza Microelectronics' belief that Galazar first learned of TranSwitch's claims of infringement from TranSwitch's press release announcing the lawsuit; TranSwitch's assertions of infringement against Paxonet; its rapid filing of a lawsuit against Paxonet for patent infringement without responding to Paxonet's counsel's analysis of noninfringement of the TranSwitch patents; TranSwitch's allegations in its complaint against Paxonet for patent infringement that Paxonet is actively inducing infringement of the '405 and '242 Patents, Paxonet's position as a contractor designer for Raza Microelectronics; and Raza Microelectronics' competing with TranSwitch in the SONET/SDH field with its TR3010, TR3020, and TR3040 chip products. Thus, there is an actual controversy between Raza Microelectronics and TranSwitch regarding the scope and validity of the claims of the '405 Patent, the '242 Patent, and the '170 Patent, as well as whether any of Raza Microelectronics' products infringe any claims therein.
- Raza Microelectronics has not infringed and is not presently infringing the 32. '405 Patent, the '242 Patent, or the '170 Patent for reasons that include but are not limited to the following:
  - the products or methods used by Raza Microelectronics do not infringe the claims of the '405 Patent, the '242 Patent, or the '170 Patent;

- b. Raza Microelectronics has not contributed to nor induced the infringement of the '405 Patent, the '242 Patent, or the '170 Patent;
- c. the '405 Patent cannot be infringed in any case, because it is invalid in that it does not satisfy the legal requirements for patentability set out in 35 U.S.C. §§ 101, 102, 103, and/or 112;
- d. the '242 Patent cannot be infringed in any case, because it is invalid in that it does not satisfy the legal requirements for patentability set out in 35 U.S.C. §§ 101, 102, 103, and/or 112; and/or
- e. the '170 Patent cannot be infringed in any case, because it is invalid in that it does not satisfy the legal requirements for patentability set out in 35 U.S.C. §§ 101, 102, 103, and/or 112.

#### PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for judgment as set forth in this prayer for relief.

On the First Claim for Relief, Plaintiffs Paxonet and Raza Microelectronics request that this Court:

- a. Enter a judgment that TranSwitch has infringed the '893 Patent;
- b. Enter a judgment that TranSwitch's infringement of the '893 Patent is and has been willful and deliberate;
- c. Issue preliminary and permanent injunctions prohibiting TranSwitch, its officers, directors, employees, agents, licensees, servants, successors, and assigns, and any and all persons acting in privity or in concert with them from further acts of infringement of the '893 Patent;
- d. Award damages against TranSwitch and in favor of Plaintiffs in an amount adequate to compensate Plaintiffs for TranSwitch's infringement of the '893 Patent, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;
- e. Increase damages by three times the amount found or assessed due to TranSwitch's willful infringement, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;

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1	f.	Award Plaintiffs their costs, expenses, and disbursements in this
2		action, including reasonable attorneys' fees, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. §§
3		284 & 285, due to the exceptional circumstances presented by
4		TranSwitch's willful infringement of the '893 Patent,
5	g.	Award Plaintiffs interest on the amount of damages found, including
6		pre-judgment and post-judgment interest, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. §
7		284; and
8	h.	Award Plaintiffs such other and further relief as this Court may deem
9		just and proper.
10	On the Secon	d Claim for Relief, Plaintiff Raza Microelectronics requests that this
11	Court:	
12	<b>i.</b>	Enter a judgment declaring that United States Patent No. 4,967,405 is
13		invalid, in whole or in part;
14	j.	Enter a judgment declaring that Raza Microelectronics has not
15		infringed United States Patent No. 4,967,405;
16	k.	Enter a judgment declaring that Raza Microelectronics has not
17		contributed to nor induced the infringement of United States Patent
18		No. 4,967,405;
19	1.	Enter a judgment declaring that United States Patent No. 4,998,242 is
20		invalid, in whole or in part;
21	m.	Enter a judgment declaring that Raza Microelectronics has not
22		infringed United States Patent No. 4,998,242;
23	n.	Enter a judgment declaring that Raza Microelectronics has not
24		contributed to nor induced the infringement of United States Patent
25		No. 4,998,242;
26	0.	Enter a judgment declaring that United States Patent No. 5,040,170 is
27		invalid, in whole or in part;
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1	p. Enter a judgment declaring that Raza Microelectronics has not
2	infringed United States Patent No. 5,040,170;
3	q. Enter a judgment declaring that Raza Microelectronics has not
4	contributed to nor induced the infringement of United States Patent
5	No. 5,040,170;
6	r. Award Raza Microelectronics its costs of suit and reasonable
7	attorneys' fees to the extent permitted by law, and
8	s. Award Raza Microelectronics such other and further relief as this
9	Court may deem just and proper.
10	Dated: September 15, 2003. PILLSBURY WINTHROP LLP ALBERT J. BORO, JR.
11	DAVID A. JAKOPIN NICOLE M. TOWNSEND
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13	By allut & Boro,
14	Albert J. Boro, Jr.
15	Attorneys for Plaintiffs PAXONET COMMUNICATIONS, INC.
16	and RAZA MICROELECTRONICS, INC.
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**DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL** Pursuant to Rule 38(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiffs Paxonet Communications, Inc. and Raza Microelectronics, Inc. hereby demand a trial by jury for all issues which are so triable. Dated: September 15, 2003. PILLSBURY WINTHROP LLP ALBERT J. BORO, JR. DAVID A. JAKOPIN NICOLE M. TOWNSEND Attorneys for Plaintiffs PAXONET COMMUNICATIONS, INC. and RAZA MICROELECTRONICS, INC. 

# <u>CERTIFICATION OF INTERESTED ENTITIES OR PERSONS</u> <u>PURSUANT TO LOCAL RULE 3-16</u>

Pursuant to Civil L.R. 3-16, the undersigned certifies that the following listed persons, associations of persons, firms, partnerships, corporations (including parent corporations), or other entities (i) have a financial interest in the subject matter in controversy or in a party to the proceeding, or (ii) have non-financial interest in that subject matter or in a party that could be substantially affected by the outcome of this proceeding:

Chetan Sanghvi, and entities affiliated with Mr. Sanghvi; Atiq Raza, and entities affiliated with Mr. Raza; Bipin Shah; KK Nohria, and entities affiliated with Mr. Nohria; Alliance Select Investor Series, Technology Portfolio; the following investment funds affiliated with American Express Trust Company, a subsidiary of American Express Company: AXP Strategy Aggressive Fund, a series of AXP Strategy Series, Inc. and AXP Variable Portfolio - AXP Strategy Aggressive Fund, a series of AXP Strategy Series, Inc.; Yu Hao Lin; Bidyut Parruch; Rothchild Technology Partners, LP; Chidambaram Sambasivam; Dave Family Trust; Warburg Pincus, and entities affiliated with Warburg Pincus; Bruce Dunlieve; Henry Kressel; Beau Vrolyk; Matthew Tolomeo; and L. William Caraccio.

Dated: September 15, 2003.

PILLSBURY WINTHROP LLP ALBERT J. BORO, JR. DAVID A. JAKOPIN NICOLE M. TOWNSEND

Albert J. Boro, Jr.

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PAXONET COMMUNICATIONS, INC.
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