Case 3:08-cv-0030<u>7</u>-BTM-CAB Document 1

Plaintiff JENS E. SORENSEN, as TRUSTEE OF THE SORENSEN RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT TRUST ("SRDT"), for its Complaint for Patent Infringement against Defendants alleges as follows:

## THE PARTIES

- 1. SRDT is a California resident, and the trustee of a trust organized according to California law, and owner of all rights to United States Patent No. 4,935,184 (hereinafter "'184 patent"). A true and correct copy of the '184 patent is attached hereto as Exhibit A.
- 2. Defendant STAR ASIA, U.S.A., LLC ("STAR ASIA") is a corporation organized under the laws of Washington, having a principal office located at 7638 S. Mission Drive, Seattle, WA 98178.
- 3. Defendants DOES 1 100 are other persons or entities, presently unidentified, that have also been engaged, directly or indirectly, in the manufacture, import, sale, and/or offer for sale in the United States of the products accused of infringement herein.
- 4. On information and belief, Defendants have acted as agents of one or more of each other during some or all of the times relative to the subject matter of this Complaint.

## JURISDICTION and VENUE

- 5. This action arises under the Patent Laws of the United States of America, Title 35, United States Code. Jurisdiction is founded on Title 28, United States Code §§ 1331, 1332(a), and 1338(a).
- 6. On information and belief, venue in this district is proper under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391 and 1400(b) because Defendants have committed acts of infringement in this District.
  - 7. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendants because they have

Case No. \_\_\_\_\_

1 2

3

4

5 6

8

7

10

11

9

12 13 14

15 16

17 18

19 20

21

22

23

24

25 26

27

28

manufactured within, imported into, offered for sale, and/or sold infringing products in this District.

## **CLAIM FOR RELIEF**

## (Patent Infringement)

- SRDT realleges and incorporates herein by reference paragraphs 1 8. through 7, inclusive, as though fully set forth herein.
- The '184 patent entitled "Stabilized Injection Molding When Using a 9. Common Mold Part With Separate Complimentary Mold Parts," was issued on June 19, 1990.
- On information and belief, Defendants have, within the past six years, 10. made, imported into, sold or offered for sale within the United States and this District, products for which the two plastic component external plastic shells are manufactured through processes which incorporate all elements of the '184 patented process (hereinafter "Accused Products").
- Accused Products include the product(s) specifically identified below, 11. and any other of Defendants' products sold under any name which were manufactured utilizing similar processes, including but not limited to, any other product manufactured using the same injection mold as any of the products identified in the following table:

## TITAN LIGHTED 25' TAPE MEASURE

- Defendants have not obtained a license or any other valid authorization 12. for import, sale, or offer for sale in the United States of products manufactured through use of the '184 patented process.
- Defendants have been on constructive notice of the '184 patent since its 13. issuance on June 19, 1990.

Case	No.	

3

9

6

15

16

14

17

18

19 20

21

22 23

24

25 26

27

28

- Defendants have been on actual express notice of the '184 patented 14. process since December 13, 2006.
- 15. Upon information and belief, the Defendants have engaged in design, manufacture, import, sell, and/or offer for sale within the United States, including this District, products that have dual-layer external plastic housings.
- On information and belief, the Accused products identified herein and as-yet-unidentified products manufactured through the same or substantially similar process have been manufactured through processes which incorporate all elements of the '184 patented process.
- None of the Defendants have obtained a license or any other 17. authorization from the Plaintiff for manufacture, import, sale, and/or offer for sale in the United States of products manufactured through use of the '184 patented process.
- Plaintiff's initial infringement notice to Defendants on December 13, 2006, provided Defendants with a drawing and associated claim chart showing the substantial likelihood pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 295, of the infringement of the '184 patented process by the import, sale and/or offer for sale in this District and the United States of the identified Accused Products and all other Defendants' products manufactured with processes which incorporate the elements of the '184 patent.
- The evidence provided to Defendants in the initial letter and subsequent 19. correspondence, illustrate how the processes utilized to produce the Accused Products incorporated each element of the '184 patent claims.
- The initial letter requested Defendants pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 295 to 20. provide factual information necessary to verify the manufacturing process used to make the Accused Products.
- To date, Defendants have not produced admissible evidence 21. demonstrating the actual process used to manufacture the Accused Products.
- SRDT made reasonable efforts to obtain process information for the 22. Accused Products, providing Defendants with an opportunity to prove that it was not

using the '184 process.

- 23. On information and belief, Defendant made, used, imported, sold and/or offered for sale within the United States and this District, during the past six years and before February 5, 2008, the Accused Products using the '184 patent process, without authority to do so, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271, knowing such to be an infringement of the '184 patent, and in wanton and willful disregard of Plaintiff's '184 patent rights.
- 24. On information and belief, Defendants contributed to infringement of the '184 patent and actively induced others to infringe the '184 patent by virtue of making, importing, selling, using and/or offering for sale within the United States and this District, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271, Accused Products manufactured using the '184 patent process in wanton and willful disregard of Plaintiff's '184 patent rights.
- 25. On information and belief, the conduct of Defendants in willfully infringing the '184 patent, and contributing to infringement and inducing others to infringe the '184 patent, by the acts alleged hereinabove despite being on both constructive notice and actual notice, was deliberate, thus making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285.
- 26. On information and belief, Plaintiff has suffered damages by reason of Defendants' infringing conduct alleged hereinabove. The damages for Defendants' conduct are in an amount that constitutes at least a reasonable royalty for all of Defendants' sales of the Accused Products from six years prior to filing of this Complaint and continuing until February 5, 2008.
- 27. On information and belief, the reasonable royalty owed to Plaintiff from Defendants is at least eight percent (8%) of gross revenues from sales of the Accused Products from six years prior to filing of this Complaint and continuing until February 5, 2008, and according to proof at trial.
  - 28. On information and belief, the reasonable royalty owed to SRDT from

Case No. \_\_\_\_\_

Defendants should be trebled on account of willful infringement by Defendants, and according to proof at trial.

## **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

WHEREFORE, SRDT prays that judgment be entered as follows:

- a. For a determination that the Accused Processes are presumed to infringe the '184 patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 295;
- b. Defendants are adjudicated and decreed to have infringed the '184 patent;
- c. Defendants are adjudicated and decreed to have contributed to the infringement of the '184 patent and to have induced others to infringe the '184 patent;
- d. Defendants are ordered to account for damages adequate to compensate Plaintiff for the infringement of '184 patent, their contributory infringement of the '184 patent, and their inducement of infringement of the '184 patent, in the amount of at least eight percent (8%) of gross sales during the infringing time period as a reasonable royalty for all relevant sales of Accused Products and according to proof at trial, and such damages are awarded to Plaintiff;
- e. Such damages as are awarded are trebled by the Court pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284 by reason of the willful, wanton, and deliberate nature of the infringement;
- f. That this case is decreed an "exceptional case" and Plaintiff is awarded reasonable attorneys' fees by the Court pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285;
  - g. For interest thereon at the legal rate;
  - h. For costs of suit herein incurred;
  - i. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

Case No. \_\_\_\_\_

## **DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL**

SRDT respectfully requests that its claims be tried to a jury.

DATED this Friday, February 15, 2008...

JENS ERIK SORENSEN, as Trustee of SORENSEN RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT TRUST, Plaintiff

Molecuy A. Kramer, Esq. Attorney for Plaintiff

J. Michael Kaller Esq. Attorney for Plaintiff

.

7.

**EXHIBIT A** 

## United States Patent [19]

Sorensen

[11] Patent Number:

4,935,184

[45] Date of Patent:

Jun. 19, 1990

[54]	STABILIZED INJECTION MOLDING WHEN USING A COMMON MOLD PART WITH SEPARATE COMPLIMENTARY MOLD
	PARTS

- [75] Inventor: Jens O. Sorensen, Rancho Santa Fo. Calif.
- [73] Assignee: Primtee, Rancho Santa Fe, Calif.
- [21] Appl No. 386,812
- [22] Filed: Jul. 27, 1989

#### Related U.S. Application Data

- [63] Continuation of Ser. No. 152,670, Feb. 5, 1981, abandoned.
- [51] Ist. CL<sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ B29C 45/16 [52] U.S. CL \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 264/246; 264/255; 264/328.1; 425/129.1

#### [56] References Cited

#### U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

1.441.118	12/1970	Cooper 264/24	6
1.717.272	6/1973	Sermiller	ē
1.812.110	1/1974	Rehl	u
4.341.275	4/1983	Sociates 201/JZL	ŧ
4.472.995	12/1963	Schad 425/129.	ı
4.459.256	7/1984	Ziegier 264/24	d
4 508 676	4/1945	Screenen 264/328.	ą

#### . FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

17577 L/1972 Australia

#### OTHER PUBLICATIONS

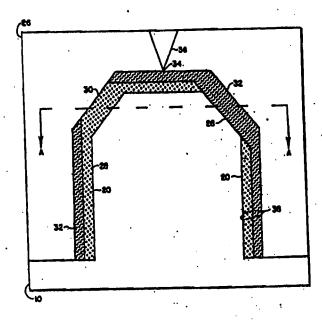
Promat 100-100/100, Nestal.

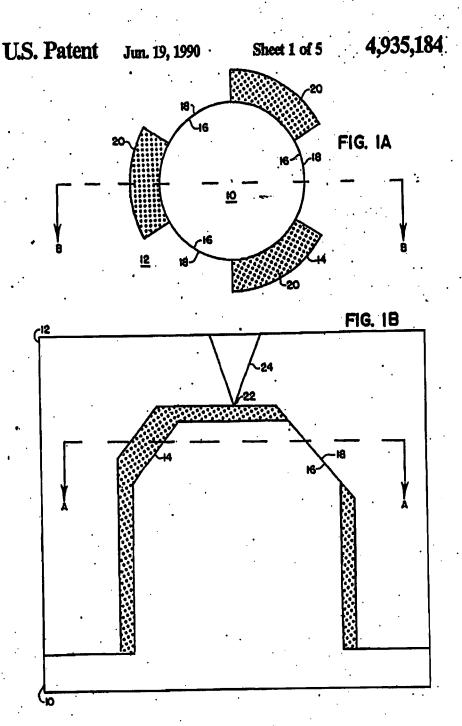
Primary Examiner—Jill L. Heitbriak Attorney, Agent, or Firm—Edward W. Callan

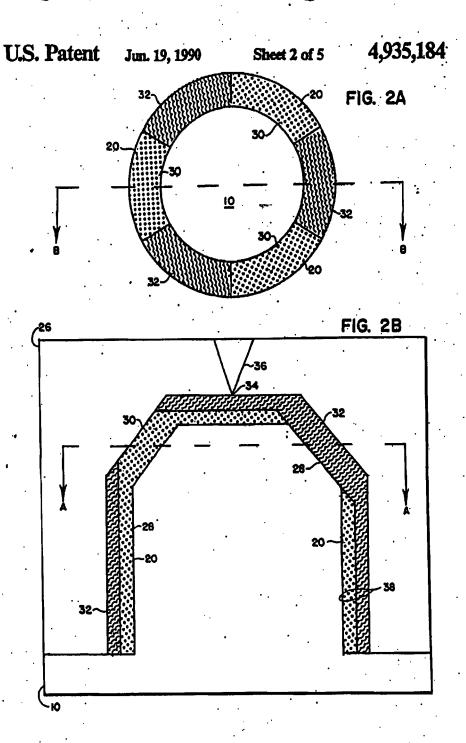
[57] . ABSTRACT

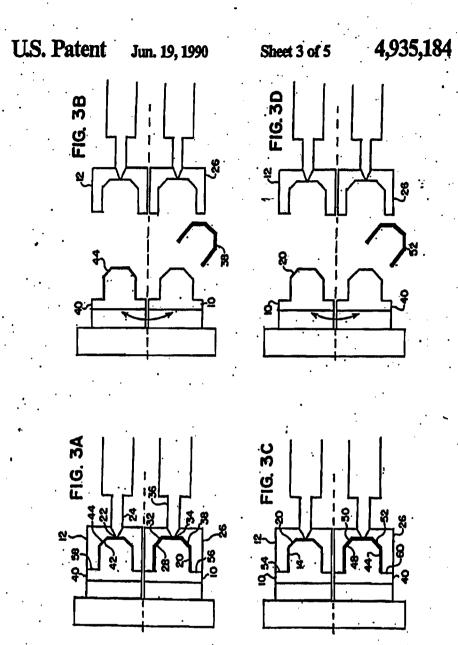
A process for injection molding plastic products having a closed exti and an open end with laminated walls terminating in a rim at the open end. A first common mold part is combined with a first complementary mold part to assemble a first mold cavity in which the first plastic material is injected until it reaches the portion of the first mold cavity that defines the rim of the product. Portions of the first complementary mold part contact portions of the first complementary mold part contact portions of the first complementary mold part contact portions of the first complementary mold part in product. Portions of the first complementary mold parts in relation to each other in order to impede movement of the mold parts in relation to each other during injection of a first plastic material into the first mold cavity. The first plastic material is shaped such that when it is contained after solidification in a second mold cavity is provides one or more stabilizing regions that rigidly secure the first common mold part in position in relation to the second complementary mold part in order to impede movement of such mold parts in relation to each other during the injection of a second plastic material into the second mold cavity. As second plastic material having different characteristic than the first plastic material is injected until it reaches the portion of the second mold cavity that defines the rim of the product to form a laminated wall.

10 Cisims, 5 Drawing Sheets

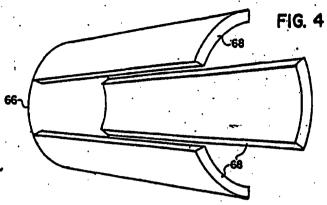


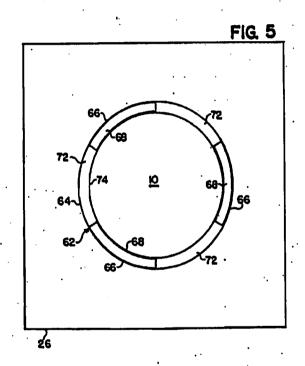


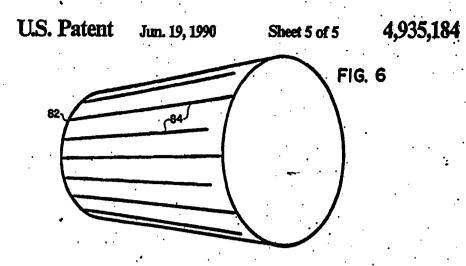


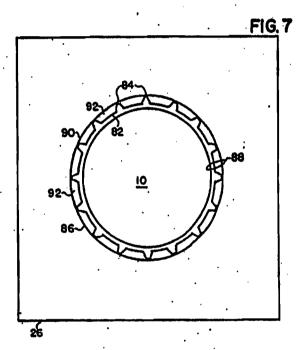












#### STABILIZED INJECTION MOLDING WHEN USING A COMMON MOLD PART WITH SEPARATE COMPLIMENTARY MOLD PARTS

This is a continuation of co-pending application Ser. No. 07/152,670 filed on Feb. 5, 1988 now abandoned.

#### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention generally pertains to injection 10 molding of plastic products and is particularly directed to stabilizing the dimensions of mold cavities during the

complementary mold parts to provide separate mold cavities for receiving separate injections of plastic materisks for producing a hollow plastic product is known. In one knows prior art method of cyclic injection molding a hollow plastic product, a first mold cavity is defined by a first common mold part and a first complementary mold part; and a second mold cavity is defined- 25 by the first common mold part and a second complementary mold part. The method includes the steps of:

(a) combining the first common mold part with the first complementary mold part to assemble the first mold cavity;

(b) injecting a first plastic material into the first mold

(c) solidifying the injected first plastic material to

form a first plastic material component;
(d) combining the first common mold part with the 35 second complementary mold part to assemble the second mold cavity with the first plastic material component attached to the first common mold part so that when the second mold cavity is assembled the first plastic material component is contained within the sec-

(e) injecting a second plastic material into the second mold cavity while the first plastic material component is contained therein; and

(f) solidifying the injected second plastic material so 45 as to form a accord plastic material component that

fuses with the first plastic material component to pro-duce a hollow plastic product. It also is known to expand upon this method by further using a third mold cavity defined by a second com- 30 mon mold part and the first complementary mold part, and a fourth mold cavity defined by the second common mold part and the second complementary mold part. The method further includes the steps of:

(h) during step (d), combining the second common 55 mold part with the first complementary mold part to assemble the third mold cavity;

(i) during step (e), injecting a third plastic material into the third mold cavity;

(i) during step (f), solidifying the injected third plastic 60 material to form a third plastic material component;

(k) during step (a), combining the second common mold part with the second complementary mold part to assemble the fourth mold cavity with the third plastic material attached to the second common mold part so 65 that when the fourth mold cavity is assembled the third plastic material is contained within the fourth-mold cavity:

(I) during step (b), injecting the fourth plastic material into the fourth mold cavity while the solidified third plastic material is contained therein; and

(m) during step (c), solidifying the injected fourth plastic material so as to form a fourth plastic material component that fuses with the third plastic material to

produce a second said hollow plastic product.
This method has been used for producing hollow plastic products having composite walls of separately injected plastic materials. In performing such method, the first plastic material is injected until it reaches the parting line between the first common mold part and injection steps when using a common mold part and at least two complementary mold parts to assemble separate mold cavities for receiving separate injections of 15 plastic materials to produce a thin-walled, hollow plastic product.

The use of a common mold part with at least two complementary mold parts to provide separate mold cavities for receiving separate injections of plastic materials in the first common mold part and the second complementary mold parts to the first common mold part; the third plastic material is injected until it reaches the parting line between the second complementary mold parts to provide separate mold cavities for receiving separate injections of plastic materials in injected until it reaches the parting line between the first common mold part and the first common mold part and the second complementary mold part; the third plastic material is injected until it reaches the parting line between the first common mold part and the second complementary mold part; the second plastic material is injected until it reaches the parting line between the first common mold part and the first common mold part and the first common mold part; the second complementary mold part; the third plastic material is injected until it reaches the parting line between the first common mold part; the first common mold part; the third plastic material is injected until it reaches the parting line between the first common mold part; the third plastic material is injected until it reaches the parting line between the first common mold part; the fi until it reaches the parting line between the second common mold part and the second complementary

Typically, all four plastic materials are the same.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides a method and appara tus for injecting molding hollow, thin-walled plastic products, having a closed end and an open end with inminated walls terminating in a rim at the open end, 30 where relative movement between the common mold part and the complementary mold parts is impeded during injection of the plastic materials.

According to the present invention, the first and second plastic materials have different characteristics, and in the injection molding method described above, the step of solidifying the injected first plastic material to form the first plastic material component (step (c))

includes the step of

(g) shaping the first plastic material component such that when the first plastic material component is so contained in the second mold cavity the first plastic material component provides one or more stabilizing regions that rigidly secure the first common mold part in position in relation to the second complementary mold part in order to impede movement of the first common moid part in relation to the second complementary mold part during the injection of the second plastic material into the second mold cavity, to thereby produce a thin-walled plastic product having controlled dimension in that the wall-thickness dimensions of the second mold cavity are stabilized by the stabilizing regions.

The step of injecting the first plastic material into the first mold cavity (step (b)) includes the step of

(h) injecting the first plastic material until it reaches the portion of the first mold cavity that defines the rim of the product; and

the step of injecting the second plastic material into the second mold cavity (step (e)) includes the step of

(i) injecting the second plastic material until it reaches the portion of the second mold cavity that defines the rim of the product.

When the method of the present invention utilizes two common moid cavities, such as described above, the step of solidifying the injected third plastic material to form the third plastic material component (step (j)) includes the step of shaping the third plastic material component such that when the third plastic material component is so contained in the fourth mold cavity the solidified third plastic material provides one or more stabilizing regions that rigidly secure the second common mold part in position in relation to the second complementary mold part in order to impede move-5 ment of the second common mold part in relation to the second complementary mold part during the injection of the fourth plastic material into the fourth mold cavity, to thereby produce a second thin-walled plastic product having controlled dimensions.

The method of the present invention may also be used for molding a product having a side wall including an approximately longitudinal strip that may be transperent to provide a transparent window in the side wall. This feature is particularly advantageous when it is 15 desired to provide a longitudinal window in the side wall in order to monitor the level of a substance, such as a fluid, contained in the plastic product. In one embodiment, the first plastic material component is shaped to provide at least one stabilizing region that is transverse 20 to a parting line between the first common mold part and the first complementary mold part, whereby the longitudinal strip is defined by the transverse stabilizing region. A transparent window is provided in the side wall by injecting a transparent first plastic material into 25 the first mold cavity. A nontransparent second plastic material is injected into the second mold cavity to provide a soutransperent background for printing in the remainder of the side wall. In an alternative embodiment, the first plastic material component is shaped 30 such that when the first plastic material component is contained in the second mold cavity, the second mold cavity defines at least one unfilled cavity region that is transverse to a parting line between the first common mold part and the second complementary mold part, 15 whereby the longitudinal strip is defined by the unfilled transverse cavity region. In this embodiment, a transparent window is provided in the side wall by injecting a transparent second plastic material into the second mold cavity; and a nontransparent first plastic material 40 is injected into the first mold cavity to provide a nontransparent background for printing in the remainder of the side wall.

In another aspect of the method of the present invention, the step of shaping the first plastic material component (step (g)) may further include the step of providing a first complementary mold part that is dimensioned in relation to the first common mold part such that when combined with the first common mold part to assemble the first mold cavity, portions of the first complementary mold part to rigidly secure the first common mold part in position is relation to the first complementary mold part in order to impede movement of the first common mold part in relation to the first complementary mold part during the injection of the first plastic material into the first mold cavity.

The present invention further provides apparatus for performing the method of the present invention and hollow, thin-walled plastic products molded according 60 to the method of the present invention.

Additional features of the present invention are described in relation to the description of the preferred embodiments.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

FIGS. 1A and 1B are sectional views illustrating a first mold cavity assembled by combining a first com-

mon mold part with a first complementary mold part. FIG. 1A is a top sectional view taken along lines A—A in FIG. 1B; and FIG. 1B is a side sectional view taken along lines B—B in FIG. 1A. FIGS. 1A and 1B further show the first plastic material injected into the first mold cavity.

FIGS. 2A and 2B are sectional views illustrating a second mold cavity assembled by combining the first common mold part of FIGS. 1A and 1B with a second complementary mold part. FIG. 2A is a top sectional view taken along lines A—A in FIG. 2B; and FIG. 2B is a side sectional view taken along lines B—B in FIG. 2A. FIGS. 2A and 2B further show the first plastic material component contained in the second mold cavity and the second politic material injected into the

second mold cavity.

FIGS. 3A through 3D illustrate a series of steps in the performance of a preferred embodiment of the method of the present invention.

FIG. 4 illustrates a first plastic material component formed in an alternative embodiment of the method of the present invention.

FIG. 5 is a sectional view illustrating a second mold cavity containing the first plastic material component of FIG. 4. FIG. 5 also is a sectional view illustrating a product molded according to such alternative embodiment of the method of the present invention.

FIG. 6 illustrates a first plastic material component

PIG. 6 illustrates a first plastic material component formed in a further alternative embodiment of the method of the present invention.

FIG. 7 is a sectional view illustrating a second mold cavity containing the first plastic material component of FIG. 6 FIG. 7 also provides a sectional view of a product molded according to such further alternative embodiment of the method of the present invention.

## DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Referring to FIGS. IA and 1B the apparatus of a preferred embodiment of the present invention includes a first common mold part 10 and first complementary mold part 12. The first common mold part 10 is com bined with the first complementary mold part 12 to sesemble a first mold cavity 14. The first complementary mold part 12 is dimensioned in relation to the first mmon mold part 10 such that when so combined with the first common mold part 10 to assemble the first mold cavity 14, portions 16 of the first complementary mold part 12 contact portions 18 of the first common mold part 10 to rigidly accure the first common mold part 10 in position in relation to the first complementary mold part 12 in order to impede movement of the first common mold part 10 in relation to the first complementary mold part 12 during injection of the first plastic material 20 into the first mold cavity 14. The first plastic material 20 is injected into the mold cavity 14 through a gate 22 and a runner 24 in the first complementary mold part

The injected first plastic material 20 is solidified to form a first plastic material component 20 by cooling the injected first plastic material in the first mold cavity 14, whereby the first plastic material component 20 is shaped in accordance with the dimensions of the first mold cavity 14. In an alternative embodiment, the first plastic material component may be further shaped following removal of the first complementary mold part 12.

FW 009

Referring to FIGS. 2A and 2B the apparatus of a preferred embodiment of the present invention includes a second complementary mold part 26. The first common mold part 10 is combined with the second complementary mold part 26 to assemble a second mold cavity 28 with the first plastic material component 20 states the the first common mold part 10 are that when the

to the first common mold part 10, so that when the second mold cavity 28 is assembled, the first plastic material component 20 is contained within the second mold cavity 28.

The first plastic material component 20 is shaped such that when the first plastic material component 20 is so contained in the second mold cavity 28 the first plastic material component 20 provides one or more stabilizing regions 30 that rigidly secure the first common shold 15 part 10 in position in relation to the second complementary mold part 26 in order to impede movement of the first common mold part 10 in relation to the second complementary mold part 26 during the insertion of a second plastic material 32 into the second mold cavity 20

The second plastic material 32 is injected into the second mold cavity 28 through a gate 34 and a runner 36 in the second complementary mold part 26 while the first plastic material component 20 is contained in the 25 second mold cavity 28.

The injected second plastic material 32 is solidified by cooling in the second mold cavity 28 so as to form a second plastic material component 32 that fixes with the first plastic material component 20 to produce thinwalled hollow plastic product 38 having controlled dimensions.

A preferred embodiment of a method of cyclic injection molding of hollow, thin-walled plastic products according to the present levention, utilizing two common mold parts and two complementary mold parts to provide four mold cavities is described with reference to FIGS. 3A through 3D.

Referring to FIG. 3A, a second common mold part 40 is combined with the first complementary mold part 40 is combined with the first complementary mold part 40 is combined with the second complementary mold part 10 is combined with the second mold cavity 28, with the first plastic material component 18 attached to the first common mold part 43 10, so that when the second mold cavity 28 is assembled, the first plastic material component 20 is contained within the second mold cavity 28. The formation of the first plastic material component 20 is discussed above in relation to FIGS. 1A and 1B.

A third plastic material 44, which may be the same as the first plastic material 20, is injected into the third mold cavity 42 through the gate 22 and the runner system 24 contained in the first complementary mold part 12; while at the same time, the accord plastic material 32 is injected into the accord mold cavity 28 through the gate 34 and a runner system 36 contained in

the second complementary mold part 26.

The injected third plastic material 44 is solidified by cooling in the third mold cavity 42 to form a third plastic material component 44; while at the same time the injected second plastic material 32 is solidified by cooling in the second mold cavity 28 so as to form the second plastic material component 28 that fuses with the first plastic material component 20 to produce the hol- 65 low, thin-walled plastic product 38.

Referring to FIG. 3B, the first common moid part 10 and the second common mold part 40 are separated

from the second complementary mold part 26 and the first complementary mold part 12 respectively; and the molded hollow, thin-walled plastic product 38 is ejected from first common mold part 16, while the third-plastic material component 44 is retained on the third common mold part 40. The positions of the first common mold part 10 and the second common mold part 40 are then interchanged from those shown in FIG. 3B to those shown in FIG. 3C.

Referring to FIG. 3G, the first common mold part 10 is combined with the first complementary mold part 12 to assemble the first mold cavity 14; while at the same time the second common mold part 40 is combined with the second complementary mold part 26 to assemble a fourth mold cavity 48; with the first plastic material component 44 attached to the third common mold part 40, so that when the fourth mold cavity 48 is assembled, the third plastic material component 44 is contained within the fourth mold cavity 48. The formation of the third plastic material component 44 is discussed above in relation to FIG. 3A.

The first plastic material 20, which may be the same as the third plastic material 44, is injected into the first mold cavity 14 through the gate 22 and the runner system 24 contained in the first complementary mold part 12; while at the same time, a fourth plastic material 50, which may be identical to the second plastic material 32, is injected into the fourth mold cavity 48 through the gate 34 and a runner system 36 contained in the second complementary mold part 26.

the second complementary mold part 26.

The injected first plastic material 20 is solidified by cooling in the first mold cavity 14 to form another first plastic material component 20; while at the same time the injected fourth plastic material 50 is solidified by 5 cooling in the fourth mold cavity 48 so as to form the second plastic material component 48 that fuses with the third plastic material component 44 to produce a second hollow, thin-walled plastic product 52.

Referring to FIG. 3D, the first common mold part 16 and the second common mold part 40 are separated from the first complementary mold part 26 respectively; and the second complementary mold part 26 respectively; and the second molded hollow, thin-walled plastic product 52 is ejected from second common mold part 40, while the first plastic material component 20 is retained on the first common mold part 10. The positions of the first common mold part 10 and the second common mold part 40 are then interchanged from those shown in FIG. 3D to those shown in FIG. 3A, and the cycle is repeated.

As described above, the first plastic material component 20 is shaped such that when the first plastic material component 20 is contained in the second mold cavity 28, the first plastic material component 20 provides one or more stabilizing regions 30 that rigidly secure the first common mold part 20 in position in relation to the second complementary mold part 26 in order to impede movement of the first common mold part 10 in relation to the second complementary mold part 26 during injection of the second plastic material 32 into the second mold cavity 28:

Likewise, the third plastic material component 44 is shaped such that when the third plastic material component 44 is contained in the fourth mold cavity 48, the third plastic material component 44 provides one or more stabilizing regions that rigidly secure the second common mold part 40 in position in relation to the second complementary mold part 26 in order to impede

movement of the second common mold part 40 in relation to the second complementary mold part 26 during injection of the fourth plastic material 50 into the fourth mold cavity 48.

The method described above with reference to FIGS. 5
3A through 3D may be used for producing hollow, thin-walled plastic products having laminated walls of different plastic materials. In performing such method, the first plastic material 20 is injected until it reaches a parting line 54 between the first common mold part 10 and the first complementary mold part 12 (FIG. 3C); and the second plastic material 32 is injected until it reaches a parting line 54 between the first common mold part 16 and the second complementary mold part 26 (FIG. 3A). Likewise, the third plastic material 44 is injected until it reaches a parting line 58 between the second common mold part 40 and the first complementary mold part (FIG. 3A); and the fourth plastic material 50 is injected until it reaches a parting line 60 between the second common mold part 40 and the second 20 complementary mold part 36.

complementary mold part 26.

Referring to FIGS. 4 and 8, the method of the present invention also may be used for molding a product 62 having a side wall 64 including at least one approximately longitudinal strip that may be transparent to 25 thereby provide a transparent window in the side wall

In one embodiment, the first plastic material composent 66 is shaped to provide at least one stabilizing region 68 that is transverse to a parting line 54 (FIG. 30 3C) between the first common mold part 10 and the first complementary mold part 12, whereby each longitudinal strip is defined by a transverse stabilizing region 68. The stabilizing regions 68 need not extend all the way to the parting line 54. A transparent window is provided in 33 the side wall 64 by injecting a transparent first plastic material into the first mold cavity to provide the first plastic material component 66. A nontransparent second plastic material 72 is injected into the second mold cavity 74 to provide a nontransparent background for 40 printing in the remainder of the side wall 64.

In an alternative embodiment, the first plastic material component 66 is shaped such that when the first plastic material component 66 is contained in the second mold cavity 74, the second mold cavity 74 defines at 45 least one unfilled cavity region 72 that is transverse to a parting line 56 (PIG. 3A) between the first common mold part 10 and the second complementary mold part 26, whereby longitudinal strips may be provided in the unfilled transverse cavity regions 72. The unfilled transverse cavity regions 72 need not extend all the way to the parting line 56. In this embodiment, transparent windows are defined in the side wall 64 by injecting a transparent second plastic material into the second mold cavity 74 to fill the transverse cavity regions 72. Prior 55 thereto, a nontransparent first plastic material is injected into the first mold cavity to form the first plastic material component 66 and thereby provide a nontrans-parent background for printing in the remainder of the side wall 64.

Referring to FIGS. 6 and 7, in a further preferred embodiment, the first plastic material component \$2 that is shaped as shown in FIG. 6 to include a plurality of symmetrically disposed stabilizing regions \$4, which axtend approximately longitudinally over a portion of 65 the side wall \$6 of the molded product \$8. The first plastic material component \$2 is molded in a first mold cavity in accordance with the teaching of applicant's

U.S. Pat. application No. 7,463, filed Jan. 26, 1987 and in accordance of the above description to the extent that such description is compatible with the teaching of application Ser. No. 7,463. After the first plastic material component 82 is formed in a first mold cavity, which is assembled by combining a first complementary mold part 12 and a first common mold part 10, the first plastic component 82 is retained on the first common mold part 10 while the first common mold part 10 is combined with a second complementary mold part 26 to assemble a accord mold cavity 90, as shown in FIG.

Referring to FIG. 7, the first plastic material component \$2 is shaped such that when the first plastic material component \$2 is contained in the second mold cavity 90, the first plastic material component \$2 provides one or more stabilizing regions \$4 that rigidly secure the first common mold part 10 is position in relation to the second complementary mold part 26 in order to impede movement of the first common mold part 16 in relation to the second complementary mold part 26 during injection of the second plastic material 92 into the second mold cavity 90.

The injected second plastic material 92 is solidified by cooling in the second mold cavity 90 to form a second plastic material component 92 that fuses with the first plastic material component 82 to produce the hollow, thin-walled, plastic product 88. The side wall 86 of the molded product 88 thus includes two layers of plastic 82, 92. The molded product 88 has controlled dimensions, is generally shaped as shown in FIG. 6, and has a lateral cross section as shown in FIG. 7. The side wall 86 of the molded product thus includes two layers of plastic 82, 92.

The stabilizing regions \$4 have a wall thickness equal to the thickness of the side wall \$6 and are transverse to the parting line \$6 (FIG. 3A) between the first-common mold part 10 and the second complementary mold part 26 to thereby provide longitudinal transparent windows \$4 in the side wall \$6. The stabilizing regions \$4 need not extend all the way to the parting line \$6. In a preferred embodiment of this product, the other side-wall layer \$0 is nontransparent and extends throughout the majority of the side wall \$6.

The present invention may be modified from the embodiments illustrated and described above. The common mold parts may be cavity mold parts instead of core mold parts, as illustrated and described herein. In addition, injections of plastic material into any given mold cavity may be made through more than one gate. Also, injections of plastic materials may be made into more than two mold cavities included in the mold may be a multiple of the number of separate mold cavities required to produce a single product. For example, when using the method described and illustrated herein for producing a product composed of two plastic material components formed following injection of plastic material into two separate mold cavities, the number of mold cavities included in the mold may be any multiple of two, i.e. 2, 4, 6, etc.

of two, i.e. 2, 4, 6, etc.

The present invention also can be used to moid products including more than two plastic material components formed following injection of plastic material into more than two separate mold cavities. In an embodiement requiring three separate mold cavities, a third complementary mold part is used, and the fused first and second plastic material components are retained on

the first common mold part when the first common mold part is combined with the third complementary mold part to assemble the third mold cavity, with the fused first and second mold parts being shaped to stabi-lize the common mold in relation to the third complementary mold part during injection of a third plastic material into the third mold cavity.

The core-stabilization techniques described in applicant's U.S. Pat. Nos. 4,381,275 and 4,508,676; U.S. Pat. No. 3,737,272 to Stegmuller; and in Australian Patent 10 Specification 17,577/70 filed by Ryles and published Jan. 20, 1972 may be used to stabilize the common mold part in relation to the first complementary mold part during the injection of the first plastic material in lies of the technique described above with relation to FIGS. 15

The first and second plastic materials may be either the same material or different materials. It is sometimes advantageous to use first and second plastic materials having different physical characteristics. For example, 20 the present invention is ideally suited for molding a hollow, thin-walled plastic product in which the side wall must provide both a moisture barrier and a gas wan must provide both a monthly barrier and a gas (such as Caygen) barrier. To mold such a product, a plastic material having a desirable moisture-barrier 25 characteristic is selected as one of the injected plastic staterials; and a plastic material having a desirable gas-barrier characteristic is selected as the other injected plastic material.

1. A method of cyclic injection molding a thin-walled hollow, plastic product having a closed end and an open end with imminated walls terminating in a rim at the open end, utilizing a first mold cavity and a second mold cavity, the first mold cavity being defined by a 15 first common mold part and a first complementary mold part, and the second mold cavity being defined by the first common mold part and a second complementary mold part, the method comprising the steps of

(a) combining the first common mold part with the 40 first complementary mold part to assemble the first mold cavity;

(b) injecting a first plastic material into the first mold

(c) solidifying the injected first plastic material to 45 form a first plastic material component;

(d) combining the first common mold part with the second complementary mold part to assemble the second mold cavity with the first plastic material component attached to the first common mold part 30 so that when the second mold cavity is assembled the first plastic material component is contained within the second mold cavity;

(e) injecting a second plastic material having different characteristics than the first plastic material into 55 the second mold cavity while the first plastic material component is contained therein; and

(f) solidifying the injected second plastic material so as to form a second plastic material component that fuses with the first plastic material component to 60 produce a hollow plastic product; wherein step (c) comprises the step of

(g) shaping the first plastic material component such that when the first plastic material component is so contained in the second mold cavity the first plastic 65 material component provides one or more stabilizing regions that rigidly secure the first common mold part in position in relation to the second com-

plementary mold part in order to impede movement of the first common mold part in relation to the second complementary mold part during step (e), to thereby produce a thin-walled plastic prodact having controlled dimensions;

wherein step (b) comprises the step of (h) injecting the first plastic material until it reaches the portion of the first mold cavity that defines the rim of the product; and

wherein step (c) comprises the step of

(i) injecting the second plastic material until it reaches the portion of the second mold cavity that defines the rim of the product.

2. A method according to claim 1 for molding a prodact having a side wall including an approximately longitudinal strip, wherein step (g) comprises shaping the first plastic material component to provide at least one said stabilizing region that is transverse to a parting line. between the first common mold part and the first com-plementary mold part, whereby said longitudinal strip is defined by said transverse stabilizing region.

& A method according to claim 2

wherein step (b) comprises injecting a said first plastic material that is transparent, whereby said strip defines a transparent window in the side wall; and wherein step (e) comprises injecting a said second plastic material that is nontransparent.

4. A method according to claim 1 for molding a product having a side wall including an approximately longitudinal strip, wherein step (g) comprises shaping the first plastic material component such that when the first plastic material component is contained in the second mold cavity, the second mold cavity defines at least one unfilled cavity region that is transverse to a parting line between the first common mold part and the second complementary mold part, whereby said longitudinal strip is defined by said unfilled transverse cavity region.

5. A method according to claim 4,

wherein step (b) comprises injecting a said first plastic material that is sontransperent; and

wherein step (e) comprises injecting a said second plastic stateful that is transparent, whereby said strip defines a transparent window in the side wall.

6. A method according to claim 1, for cyclic injection molding a plurality of thin-walled, hollow, plastic products, further stillizing a third mold cavity and a fourth mold cavity, the third mold cavity being defined by a second common mold part and the first complementary. mold part, and the fourth mold cavity being defined by the second common mold part and the second complementary mold part, the method further comprising the steps of:

(h) during step (d), combining the second common mold part with the first complementary mold part to assemble the third mold cavity;

(i) during step (e), injecting a third plastic material

into the third mold cavity;
(f) during step (f), solidifying the injected third plastic material to form a third plastic material compo-

(k) during step (a), combining the second common mold part with the second complementary shold part to assemble the fourth mold cavity with the third plastic material attached to the second common mold part so that when the fourth mold cavity is assembled the third plastic material is contained within the fourth mold cavity;

4,935,184

(I) during step (b), injecting the fourth plastic material into the fourth mold cavity while the solidified

third plestic material is contained therein; and
(m) during step (o), solidifying the injected fourth
plestic material so as to form a fourth plastic material component that fuses with the third plastic material to produce a second hollow plastic prod-

wherein step (i) comprises the step of

that when the third plastic material component is so contained in the fourth mold cavity the third so contained in the fourth mold cavity the third plastic material component provides one or more stabilizing regions that rigidity secure the second common mold part in position in relation to the second complementary and complementary to the second complementary to the second complementary and complementary to the second complementary common most part in posmon in relation to the second complementary mold part in order to impede movement of the second common mold part in relation to the second complementary mold part during step (I), to thereby produce a second thinwalled plastic product having controlled dimen-

7. A method according to claim 6, for producing said products having laminated walls,

wherein step (b) comprises the step of

25 (o) injecting the first plastic material until it reaches the parting line between the first common mold part and the first complementary mold part;

wherein step (e) comprises the step of
(p) injecting the second plastic material until it so
reaches the parting line between the first common mold part and the accord complementary mold

wherein step (1) comprises the step of wherein step (i) comprises the step of
(a) injecting the third plastic material until it reaches
the parting line between the second common mold
part and the first complementary mold part; and
wherein step (i) comprises the step of

(r) injecting the fourth plastic material until it reaches the parting line between the second common mold part and the second complementary mold part.

1. A method according to claim 6, wherein the first (n) shaping the third plastic material component such 10 plastic material is the same as the third plastic material and the second plastic material is the same as the fourth

> common mold part such that when so combined with common most part such that when so commoned when the first common mold part to assemble the first mold cavity, portions of the first complementary mold part contact portions of the first common mold part in position in relation to the first complementary mold part in order to impede movement of the first common mold part in relation to the first complementary mold part during step (b).

10. A method according to claim 1, further compris-

ing the step of

35

(f) between steps (c) and (d), separating said first common mold part with the first plastic material component attached thereto from said first complementary mold part without dividing that portion of said first complementary mold part that defines the rim of the product.

# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
SAN DIEGO DIVISION

# 147727 - BH

February 15, 2008 15:27:38

## Civ Fil Non-Pris

USAO # .: 08CV0307 CIVIL FILING

Judge..: MARILYN L HUFF

\$350.00 CK

1 11 100

Amount.:

Check#.: BC# 1282

Total-> \$350.00

FROM: SORENSEN V. STAR ASIA U.S.A

CIVIL FILING

S JS 44 (Rev. 12/07)

## **CIVIL COVER SHEET**

American LegalNet, Inc. www.FormsWorkflow.com

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE REVERSE OF THE FORM.)

purpose of initiating the civil c	locker sileer. (SEE 11451 KC	CHONS ON TH	E KEVEK	SE OF THE PORM.)	P A	
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS			•	DEFENDANTS	FILER	)
JENS ERIK SORENSEN, as Trustee of SORENSEN RESEARCH				STAR ASIA, U.S.	LLC, a Washington	Corporation; and
AND DEVELOPMENT TRUST				DOES 1 – 100 Z	DOB FEB 15 PM 3	
(1) =		Diago Califor		C:	,,, J	· 3
• • •	of First Listed Plaintiff San		rnia	- County of Residensoppy	Prist Listed Defendant Kir	ig, wasnington
(EXCER	PT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CAS	iE3)		NOTE: IN LAND CON	DEMNATION CASES, U	3(0្នាមូY) ម៉ែកអគ្គ LOCATION OF THE
(c) Attorney's (Firm Name	, Address and Telephone Nu	mber)		LAND RWOL Attorneys (If Known)	1	EPUTY
J. Michael Kaler, Kale San Diego, CA 92121	er Law Office, 9930 Me (858)362-3151	esa Rim Rd., #	200,		•	·· 0 / Y
	ramer Law Office, Inc., 3 92121 (858)362-3150		im Rd.,			
II. BASIS OF JURISD	ICTION (Place an "X" in On	e Box Only)		TIZENSHIP OF PRI	NCIPAL PARTIES	(Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff and One Box for Defendant)
1 U.S. Government				Citizen of This State	FF CV 5 Incorporated or Pr of Business In T	
	4 Diversity		c	Citizen of Another State	2 Incorporated and I	
Defendant	(Indicate Citizenship of	Parties in Item III)	. ا	citizen or Subject of a 😘 🗆	of Business in A  3 Foreign Nation	nother State
		,		oreign Country		
IV. NATURE OF SUI					n ANGENTINE CAL	OWNED OF ATHEE
CONTRACT		RTS PERSONAL IN		FORFEITURE/PENALTY		OTHER STATUTES  400 State Reapportionment
110 Insurance 120 Marine 130 Miller Act 140 Negotiable Instrument	PERSONAL INJURY  310 Airplane	362 Personal In	jury -	610 Agriculture 620 Other Food & Drug 625 Drug Related Seizure	422 Appeal 28 USC 158	410 Antitrust
130 Miller Act 140 Negotiable Instrument	315 Airplane Product	Med. Malp	jury -	A C D-cc-tr. 21 T ICC 991	423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157	430 Banks and Banking 450 Commerce
& Enforcement of Judgment	320 Assault, Libel & Slander	Product List 368 Asbestos P	ersonal	630 Liquor Laws 640 R. R. & Truck 650 Airline Regs.	PROPERTY RIGHTS	460 Deportation 470 Racketeer Influenced and
151 Medicare Act 152 Recovery of Defaulted	330 Federal Employers' Liability	Injury Prod Liability	luct	650 Airline Regs. 660 Occupational	820 Copyrights	Corrupt Organizations 480 Consumer Credit
Student Loans (Excl. Veterans)	340 Marine 345 Marine Product	PERSONAL PR		Safety/Health	830 Patent 840 Trademark	490 Cable/Sat TV
☐ 153 Recovery of Overpayment	Liability  350 Motor Vehicle	370 Other Frau 371 Truth in Le 380 Other Perso	ending	LABOR	SOCIAL SECURITY	810 Selective Service 850 Securties/Commodities/
of Veteran's Benefits 160 Stockholders' Suits	355 Motor Vehicle	Property D	amage	710 Fair Labor Standards	☐ 861 HIA (1395ff)	Exchange  875 Customer Challenge
160 Stockholders' Suits 190 Other Contract 195 Contract Product Liability	Product Liability  360 Other Personal	385 Property De Product Lie	amage ability	A at	<ul><li>■ 862 Black Lung (923)</li><li>■ 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g))</li></ul>	12 USC 3410
196 Franchise REAL PROPERTY	Injury  CIVIL RIGHTS	PRISONER PET	TITIONS	730 Labor/Mgmt. Reporting	864 SSID Title XVI	891 Agricultural Acts
210 Land Condemnation	441 Voting	510 Motions to		& Disclosure Act 740 Railway Labor Act		892 Economic Stabilization Act 893 Environmental Matters
220 Foreclosure	442 Employment 443 Housing/	Sentence HABEAS COF	RPUS:	790 Other Labor Litigation	FEDERAL TAX SUITS  870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff	894 Energy Allocation Act
220 Foreclosure 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment 240 Torts to Land	Accommodations  444 Welfare	530 General 535 Death Pena	alty	791 Empl. Ret. Inc. Security Act	or Defendant)	895 Freedom of Information
245 Tort Product Liability 290 All Other Real Property	445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment	540 Mandamus 550 Civil Right 555 Prison Con	& Other	IMMIGRATION	871 IRS -Third Party 26 USC 7609	900 Appeal of Fee Determination
	446 Amer. w/Disabilities -	555 Prison Con	dition	462 Naturalization Application 463 Habeas Corpus -	٠	to Justice 950 Constitutionality of
,	Other 440 Other Civil Rights			Alien Detainee  465 Other Immigration	•	State Statutes
		,		Actions		
V. ORIGIN (Place	an "X" in One Box Only)	_	_	Transferred another dis	trict	Appeal to Distric
- 1 O.Ig.ii	State Court App	ellate Court	4 Reins Reop	ened	□6 Multidis Litigatio	n Judgment
	Title 35 USC 27		h you are f	filing (Do not cite jurisdiction	onal statutes unless diversi	ty): 
VI. CAUSE OF ACTI	Brief description of Patent Infringen					
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	<del> </del>	A CLASS ACT		DEMANDS coeding to Pre	A	ly if demanded in complaint:  D:  Yes  No
VIII. RELATED CAS	SE(S) (See instructions):	DGE (see Noti		elated Cases)	DOCKET NUMBER	
DATE IF ANY		SIGNATURE C	F ATTOR	YEY OF RECORD		
02/15/2008		WINT MI.	-(-	- Jan		
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY RECEIPT # 147727	AMOUNT \$355 ZI	APPLYING IFP_		JUDGE	MAG. JU	DGE