

CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE REVERSE OF THE FORM.)

<p>I. (a) PLAINTIFFS REX DARLINGTON</p> <p>(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff <u>losco, MI</u> (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)</p> <p>(c) Attorney's (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number) Grant S. Palmer, Joel L. Dion Blank Rome LLP, One Logan Square, Philadelphia, PA 19103 - 215-569-5578</p>	<p>DEFENDANTS HIGH COUNTRY ARCHERY</p> <p>County of Residence of First Listed Defendant _____ (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)</p> <p>NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE LAND INVOLVED.</p> <p>Attorneys (If Known)</p>
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<p>II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION (Place an "X" in One Box Only)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 2 U.S. Government Defendant</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)</p>	<p>III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES (Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff and One Box for Defendant)</p> <table style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 25%;">Citizen of This State</td> <td style="width: 5%;">PTF</td> <td style="width: 5%;">DEF</td> <td style="width: 25%;">Incorporated or Principal Place of Business In This State</td> <td style="width: 5%;">PTF</td> <td style="width: 5%;">DEF</td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Citizen of Another State</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td>Incorporated and Principal Place of Business In Another State</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td>Foreign Nation</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> </table>	Citizen of This State	PTF	DEF	Incorporated or Principal Place of Business In This State	PTF	DEF	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Citizen of Another State	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Incorporated and Principal Place of Business In Another State	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Foreign Nation	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
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IV. NATURE OF SUIT (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

CONTRACT	TORTS	FORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES	
<input type="checkbox"/> 110 Insurance <input type="checkbox"/> 120 Marine <input type="checkbox"/> 130 Miller Act <input type="checkbox"/> 140 Negotiable Instrument <input type="checkbox"/> 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment <input type="checkbox"/> 151 Medicare Act <input type="checkbox"/> 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excl. Veterans) <input type="checkbox"/> 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits <input type="checkbox"/> 160 Stockholders' Suits <input type="checkbox"/> 190 Other Contract <input type="checkbox"/> 195 Contract Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 196 Franchise	<p>PERSONAL INJURY</p> <input type="checkbox"/> 310 Airplane <input type="checkbox"/> 315 Airplane Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 320 Assault, Libel & Slander <input type="checkbox"/> 330 Federal Employers' Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 340 Marine <input type="checkbox"/> 345 Marine Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 350 Motor Vehicle <input type="checkbox"/> 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 360 Other Personal Injury	<p>PERSONAL INJURY</p> <input type="checkbox"/> 362 Personal Injury - Med. Malpractice <input type="checkbox"/> 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability <p>PERSONAL PROPERTY</p> <input type="checkbox"/> 370 Other Fraud <input type="checkbox"/> 371 Truth in Lending <input type="checkbox"/> 380 Other Personal Property Damage <input type="checkbox"/> 385 Property Damage Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 610 Agriculture <input type="checkbox"/> 620 Other Food & Drug <input type="checkbox"/> 625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 <input type="checkbox"/> 630 Liquor Laws <input type="checkbox"/> 640 R.R. & Truck <input type="checkbox"/> 650 Airline Regs. <input type="checkbox"/> 660 Occupational Safety/Health <input type="checkbox"/> 690 Other	<input type="checkbox"/> 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 <input type="checkbox"/> 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 <p>PROPERTY RIGHTS</p> <input type="checkbox"/> 820 Copyrights <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 830 Patent <input type="checkbox"/> 840 Trademark	<input type="checkbox"/> 400 State Reapportionment <input type="checkbox"/> 410 Antitrust <input type="checkbox"/> 430 Banks and Banking <input type="checkbox"/> 450 Commerce <input type="checkbox"/> 460 Deportation <input type="checkbox"/> 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations <input type="checkbox"/> 480 Consumer Credit <input type="checkbox"/> 490 Cable/Sat TV <input type="checkbox"/> 810 Selective Service <input type="checkbox"/> 850 Securities/Commodities/Exchange <input type="checkbox"/> 875 Customer Challenge 12 USC 3410 <input type="checkbox"/> 890 Other Statutory Actions <input type="checkbox"/> 891 Agricultural Acts <input type="checkbox"/> 892 Economic Stabilization Act <input type="checkbox"/> 893 Environmental Matters <input type="checkbox"/> 894 Energy Allocation Act <input type="checkbox"/> 895 Freedom of Information Act <input type="checkbox"/> 900 Appeal of Fee Determination Under Equal Access to Justice <input type="checkbox"/> 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes
<p>REAL PROPERTY</p> <input type="checkbox"/> 210 Land Condemnation <input type="checkbox"/> 220 Foreclosure <input type="checkbox"/> 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment <input type="checkbox"/> 240 Torts to Land <input type="checkbox"/> 245 Tort Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 290 All Other Real Property	<p>CIVIL RIGHTS</p> <input type="checkbox"/> 441 Voting <input type="checkbox"/> 442 Employment <input type="checkbox"/> 443 Housing/Accommodations <input type="checkbox"/> 444 Welfare <input type="checkbox"/> 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment <input type="checkbox"/> 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other <input type="checkbox"/> 440 Other Civil Rights	<p>PRISONER PETITIONS</p> <input type="checkbox"/> 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence <p>Habeas Corpus:</p> <input type="checkbox"/> 530 General <input type="checkbox"/> 535 Death Penalty <input type="checkbox"/> 540 Mandamus & Other <input type="checkbox"/> 550 Civil Rights <input type="checkbox"/> 555 Prison Condition	<p>LABOR</p> <input type="checkbox"/> 710 Fair Labor Standards Act <input type="checkbox"/> 720 Labor/Mgmt. Relations <input type="checkbox"/> 730 Labor/Mgmt. Reporting & Disclosure Act <input type="checkbox"/> 740 Railway Labor Act <input type="checkbox"/> 790 Other Labor Litigation <input type="checkbox"/> 791 Empl. Ret. Inc. Security Act	<p>SOCIAL SECURITY</p> <input type="checkbox"/> 861 HIA (1395ff) <input type="checkbox"/> 862 Black Lung (923) <input type="checkbox"/> 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) <input type="checkbox"/> 864 SSD Title XVI <input type="checkbox"/> 865 RSI (405(g))	<p>FEDERAL TAX SUITS</p> <input type="checkbox"/> 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) <input type="checkbox"/> 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609

V. ORIGIN (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

1 Original Proceeding
 2 Removed from State Court
 3 Remanded from Appellate Court
 4 Reinstated or Reopened
 5 Transferred from another district (specify)
 6 Multidistrict Litigation
 7 Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment

VI. CAUSE OF ACTION

Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing (Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity):
35 U.S.C. §271 et seq.

Brief description of cause:
Complaint for patent infringement

VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:

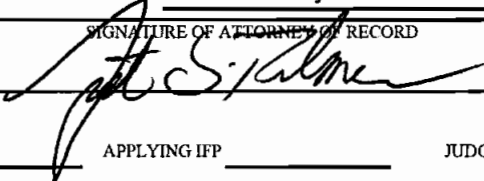
CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER F.R.C.P. 23 DEMAND \$ _____

CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint:
 JURY DEMAND: Yes No

VIII. RELATED CASE(S) IF ANY (See instructions):

JUDGE J. Curtis Joyner DOCKET NUMBER 09-3666

DATE 12/22/2010

SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD 

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

RECEIPT # _____ AMOUNT _____ APPLYING IFP _____ JUDGE _____ MAG. JUDGE _____

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA**

CASE MANAGEMENT TRACK DESIGNATION FORM

REX DARLINGTON

v.

HIGH COUNTRY ARCHERY

:
:
:
:
:
:


CIVIL ACTION

NO.

In accordance with the Civil Justice Expense and Delay Reduction Plan of this court, counsel for plaintiff shall complete a Case Management Track Designation Form in all civil cases at the time of filing the complaint and serve a copy on all defendants. (See § 1:03 of the plan set forth on the reverse side of this form.) In the event that a defendant does not agree with the plaintiff regarding said designation, that defendant shall, with its first appearance, submit to the clerk of court and serve on the plaintiff and all other parties, a Case Management Track Designation Form specifying the track to which that defendant believes the case should be assigned.

SELECT ONE OF THE FOLLOWING CASE MANAGEMENT TRACKS:

- (a) Habeas Corpus – Cases brought under 28 U.S.C. § 2241 through § 2255. ()
- (b) Social Security – Cases requesting review of a decision of the Secretary of Health and Human Services denying plaintiff Social Security Benefits. ()
- (c) Arbitration – Cases required to be designated for arbitration under Local Civil Rule 53.2. ()
- (d) Asbestos – Cases involving claims for personal injury or property damage from exposure to asbestos. ()
- (e) Special Management – Cases that do not fall into tracks (a) through (d) that are commonly referred to as complex and that need special or intense management by the court. (See reverse side of this form for a detailed explanation of special management cases.) (✓)
- (f) Standard Management – Cases that do not fall into any one of the other tracks. ()

December 22, 2010		Rex Darlington
Date	Attorney-at-law	Attorney for
(215) 569-5578	(215) 832-5578	palmer@blankrome.com
<hr/> Telephone	<hr/> FAX Number	<hr/> E-Mail Address

(Civ. 660) 10/02

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA — DESIGNATION FORM to be used by counsel to indicate the category of the case for the purpose of assignment to appropriate calendar.

Address of Plaintiff: 6828 Maple Acres Drive, Whitmore, MI 48770

Address of Defendant: 312 Industrial Park Road, P.O. Box 1269, Dunlap, TN 37327

Place of Accident, Incident or Transaction: (Use Reverse Side For Additional Space)

Does this civil action involve a nongovernmental corporate party with any parent corporation and any publicly held corporation owning 10% or more of its stock?

(Attach two copies of the Disclosure Statement Form in accordance with Fed.R.Civ.P. 7.1(a)) Yes No [X]

Does this case involve multidistrict litigation possibilities? Yes No [X]

RELATED CASE, IF ANY:

Case Number: 09-3666 Judge J. Curtis Joyner Date Terminated: January 12, 2010

Civil cases are deemed related when yes is answered to any of the following questions:

- 1. Is this case related to property included in an earlier numbered suit pending or within one year previously terminated action in this court?
2. Does this case involve the same issue of fact or grow out of the same transaction as a prior suit pending or within one year previously terminated action in this court?
3. Does this case involve the validity or infringement of a patent already in suit or any earlier numbered case pending or within one year previously terminated action in this court?
4. Is this case a second or successive habeas corpus, social security appeal, or pro se civil rights case filed by the same individual?

CIVIL: (Place [X] in ONE CATEGORY ONLY)

A. Federal Question Cases:

- 1. Indemnity Contract, Marine Contract, and All Other Contracts
2. FELA
3. Jones Act-Personal Injury
4. Antitrust
5. Patent
6. Labor-Management Relations
7. Civil Rights
8. Habeas Corpus
9. Securities Act(s) Cases
10. Social Security Review Cases
11. All other Federal Question Cases (Please specify)

B. Diversity Jurisdiction Cases:

- 1. Insurance Contract and Other Contracts
2. Airplane Personal Injury
3. Assault, Defamation
4. Marine Personal Injury
5. Motor Vehicle Personal Injury
6. Other Personal Injury (Please specify)
7. Products Liability
8. Products Liability — Asbestos
9. All other Diversity Cases (Please specify)

ARBITRATION CERTIFICATION

(Check Appropriate Category)

Grant S. Palmer, counsel of record do hereby certify: Pursuant to Local Civil Rule 53.2, Section 3(c)(2), that to the best of my knowledge and belief, the damages recoverable in this civil action case exceed the sum of \$150,000.00 exclusive of interest and costs; Relief other than monetary damages is sought.

DATE: December 22, 2010

Attorney-at-Law

57686

Attorney I.D.#

NOTE: A trial de novo will be a trial by jury only if there has been compliance with F.R.C.P. 38.

I certify that, to my knowledge, the within case is not related to any case now pending or within one year previously terminated action in this court except as noted above.

DATE: December 22, 2010

Attorney-at-Law

57686

Attorney I.D.#

CIV. 609 (6/08)

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

OFFICE OF THE CLERK OF COURT

Rule 5.1.2 of the Local Rules of Civil Procedure
Electronic Case Filing

Validation of Signature Form

Pursuant to Rule 5.1.2, Electronic Case Filing, all attorneys who have been excused from registering as an ECF Filing User, as defined in the ECF Procedures set forth in Rule 5.1.2, are required to complete this *Validation of Signature* form validating his or her signature for submission of filings on disk in portable document format (PDF), so that the filings may be entered into the District Court's ECF system. The document on disk must be accompanied by a courtesy copy of the document in paper format for use by the court. Attorneys who complete this form will receive a signature code which must be used by the attorney on the signature line of all courtesy copies submitted with a disk. The document as submitted on the disk will constitute the original document under Section 3 of Local Civil Rule 5.1.2.

(Please Print or Type)

First Name: Grant Middle Initial/Name: S.

Last Name: Palmer Generation (i.e., Sr., Jr.) _____

Firm: Blank Rome LLP Bar Id No. and State: 57686

Address: One Logan Square

Address: _____

City: Philadelphia State: PA Zip Code 19103

Telephone No: (215) 569-5578 FAX No: (215) 832-5578

E-mail Address: palmer@blankrome.com

Are you admitted to practice in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania?

Yes No

If yes, are you a member in good standing?

Yes No

Are you admitted to practice pro hac vice in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania?

Yes No

4/07

Are you registered as an ECF Filing User in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania?

Yes No

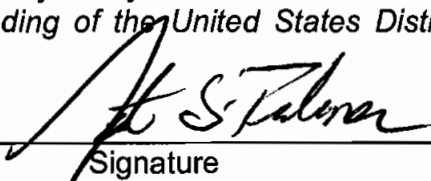
If no, would you like to also register as an ECF Filing User in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania?

Yes No

By submitting this registration form, the undersigned agrees/consents to the following:

1. I have read and understood the provisions of Rule 5.1.2 of the Local Rules of Civil Procedure, *Electronic Case Filing*, and the court's *ECF Procedures* set forth in Rule 5.1.2, and I agree to abide by all provisions set forth therein.
2. I agree that this form constitutes my signature for filings which must be submitted on disk in portable document format (PDF), as required by Section 3 of Rule 5.1.2, *Electronic Case Filing*. I understand that I will be provided with a signature code which I must use on the signature line of all courtesy copies submitted with a disk. I have read and understood the provisions of Rule 11 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, and I agree that my signature code used on the signature line of all courtesy copies submitted with a disk will serve as my signature for purposes of Rule 11. I further understand that the document as submitted on the disk will constitute the original document under Section 3 of Local Civil Rule 5.1.2.
3. I understand and agree that service of process will be made in accordance with those provisions set forth in Rule 5 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

I hereby certify that the above information is true and correct and I am a member in good standing of the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.



Signature

December 22, 2010

Date

Please return completed form by U.S. Mail to: Michael E. Kunz
U.S. District Court
2609 U.S. Courthouse
601 Market Street
Philadelphia, PA 19106-1797

selling or offering to sell infringing products in Pennsylvania and/or shipping infringing products into Pennsylvania.

3. Venue is proper under 28 U.S.C. §1391(c), as on information and belief, Defendant is subject to personal jurisdiction in this district.

II. THE PARTIES

4. Darlington is an individual residing at 6828 Maple Acres Drive, Whittemore, MI 48770.

5. Upon information and belief, Defendant has its principal place of business at 312 Industrial Park Road, Dunlap, TN 37327.

6. Upon information and belief, Defendant is offering for sale, selling, making, and using all or a material part of an infringing product in this district and elsewhere using the High Country name.

7. High Country Archery, Inc. previously sold the same or similar infringing products that Defendant is currently selling before filing for bankruptcy in Tennessee.

8. High Country Archery, Inc. has been administratively dissolved and is currently inactive.

9. Defendant now makes, uses, sells or offers for sale the infringing products using the High Country name.

III. INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 6,990,970

10. On January 31, 2006, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued the '970 patent, entitled "Compound Archery Bow." A true and correct copy of the '970 patent is attached as Exhibit A.

11. Darlington is the owner of all right, title, and interest in and to the '970 patent.

12. On information and belief, Defendant has infringed the '970 patent in this district and elsewhere by making, using, offering for sale, or selling infringing products and will continue to do so unless enjoined by the Court.

13. Defendant knowingly, willfully, and deliberately infringed the '970 patent in conscious disregard of Darlington's rights, making this case exceptional within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. §285 and justifying treble damages pursuant to 35 U.S.C. §284.

14. On information and belief, Defendant will continue to infringe the '970 patent, causing immediate and irreparable harm unless this Court enjoins and restrains its activities.

15. On information and belief, the infringement by Defendant has and will deprive Plaintiff of sales, profits, royalties, and other related revenue which Plaintiff would have made or would enjoy in the future, has injured Plaintiff in other respects, and will cause Plaintiff added injury and damage, including loss of sales, profits, royalties and other related revenue in the future unless Defendant is enjoined from infringing the '970 patent.

IV. JURY DEMAND

16. Pursuant to Rule 38 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff demands that the issues in this case be tried by a jury.

V. PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully requests this Court to:

1. Enter judgment for Plaintiff that the '970 patent is valid, enforceable, and has been infringed by Defendant;
2. Issue a permanent injunction restraining Defendant, its directors, officers, agents, employees, successors, subsidiaries, assigns, and all persons acting in privity or in concert or participation with Defendant from the continued infringement, direct or contributory, or active inducement of infringement by others, of the '970 patent;

3. Direct Defendant to file with this Court, and to serve on Plaintiff, a written report under oath setting forth in detail the manner and form in which Defendant has complied with the injunction;

4. Order Defendant to account for and to pay to Plaintiff their actual damages suffered by reason of its infringement of the '970 patent and that such damages be trebled due to Defendant's deliberate, willful, and knowing conduct;

5. Order Defendant to pay Plaintiff costs, expenses, and fees, including reasonable attorneys' fees pursuant to 35 U.S.C. §285, and pre-judgment and post-judgment interest at the maximum rate allowed by law; and

6. Grant Plaintiff such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

Respectfully submitted,

BLANK ROME LLP

By: 

GRANT S. PALMER
JOEL L. DION [JLD6264]
One Logan Square
Philadelphia, PA 19103-6299
(215) 569-5500

Attorneys for Plaintiff

Dated: December 22, 2010

EXHIBIT A



US006990970B1

(12) **United States Patent**
Darlington

(10) **Patent No.:** **US 6,990,970 B1**

(45) **Date of Patent:** **Jan. 31, 2006**

(54) **COMPOUND ARCHERY BOW**

(76) **Inventor:** **Rex F. Darlington**, 6828 Maple Acres Dr., Whittemore, MI (US) 48770

(*) **Notice:** Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.

5,782,229 A 7/1998 Evans et al.
5,791,322 A 8/1998 McPherson
5,934,265 A 8/1999 Darlington
5,975,067 A 11/1999 Strother
6,082,347 A 7/2000 Darlington

(Continued)

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

CA 2183305 2/1997

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Mulloney, "One Step Beyond the Compound?" Archery World, Sep. 1976.

(Continued)

Primary Examiner—John A. Ricci
(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm*—Reising, Ethington, Barnes, Kisselle, P.C.

(21) **Appl. No.:** **10/927,764**

(22) **Filed:** **Aug. 27, 2004**

Related U.S. Application Data

(60) **Provisional application No.** 60/498,122, filed on Aug. 27, 2003.

(51) **Int. Cl.**
F41B 5/10 (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.** **124/25.6; 124/900**

(58) **Field of Classification Search** **124/25,**
124/25.6, 900

See application file for complete search history.

(57) **ABSTRACT**

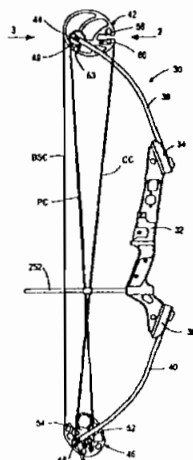
A compound archery bow includes a handle having projecting limbs. A first pulley is mounted for rotation around a first axis on a first of the limbs, and a second pulley is mounted for rotation around a second axis on a second of the limbs. A bow cable arrangement extends between the pulleys, and includes a bowstring cable extending from bowstring let-out grooves in the first and second pulleys so that, as the bowstring cable is drawn away from the handle, the bowstring cable lets out or unwraps from the bowstring grooves and rotates the pulleys around the respective axes. First and second cables extend from cable take-up grooves on the respective pulleys to first and second cable let-out means on the respective opposite pulleys. Thus, as the bowstring cable is drawn away from the handle, the first and second cables are each taken up or wound at one end onto one of the pulleys and let out or unwound at the other end from the other pulley.

11 Claims, 16 Drawing Sheets

(56) **References Cited**

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

- 3,990,425 A 11/1976 Ketchum
- 4,401,097 A 8/1983 Simmonds
- 4,438,753 A 3/1984 Simmonds
- 4,519,374 A 5/1985 Miller
- 4,774,927 A 10/1988 Larson
- 4,838,236 A 6/1989 Kudlacck
- 4,926,832 A 5/1990 Darlington
- 4,926,833 A 5/1990 Darlington
- 4,967,721 A 11/1990 Larson
- 4,976,250 A 12/1990 Jeffrey
- 4,986,250 A 1/1991 Darlington
- 5,092,309 A 3/1992 Beaton
- 5,301,651 A 4/1994 LaBorde et al.
- 5,368,006 A 11/1994 McPherson
- 5,433,792 A 7/1995 Darlington
- 5,505,185 A 4/1996 Miller
- 5,649,522 A 7/1997 Troncoso
- 5,678,529 A 10/1997 Larson



U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

6,112,732 A 9/2000 Larson
RE37,544 E 2/2002 Darlington
6,516,790 B1 2/2003 Darlington
6,666,202 B1 12/2003 Darlington
6,688,295 B1 2/2004 Miller

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

"Graham Take-Down Dynabo," Archery World, Jun./Jul. 1980.

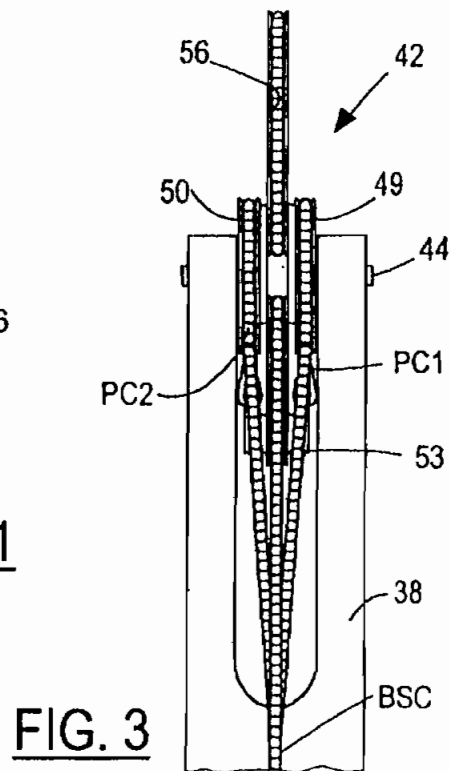
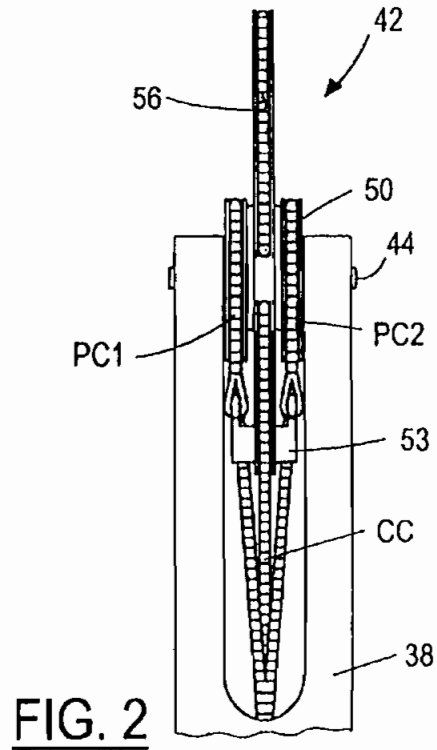
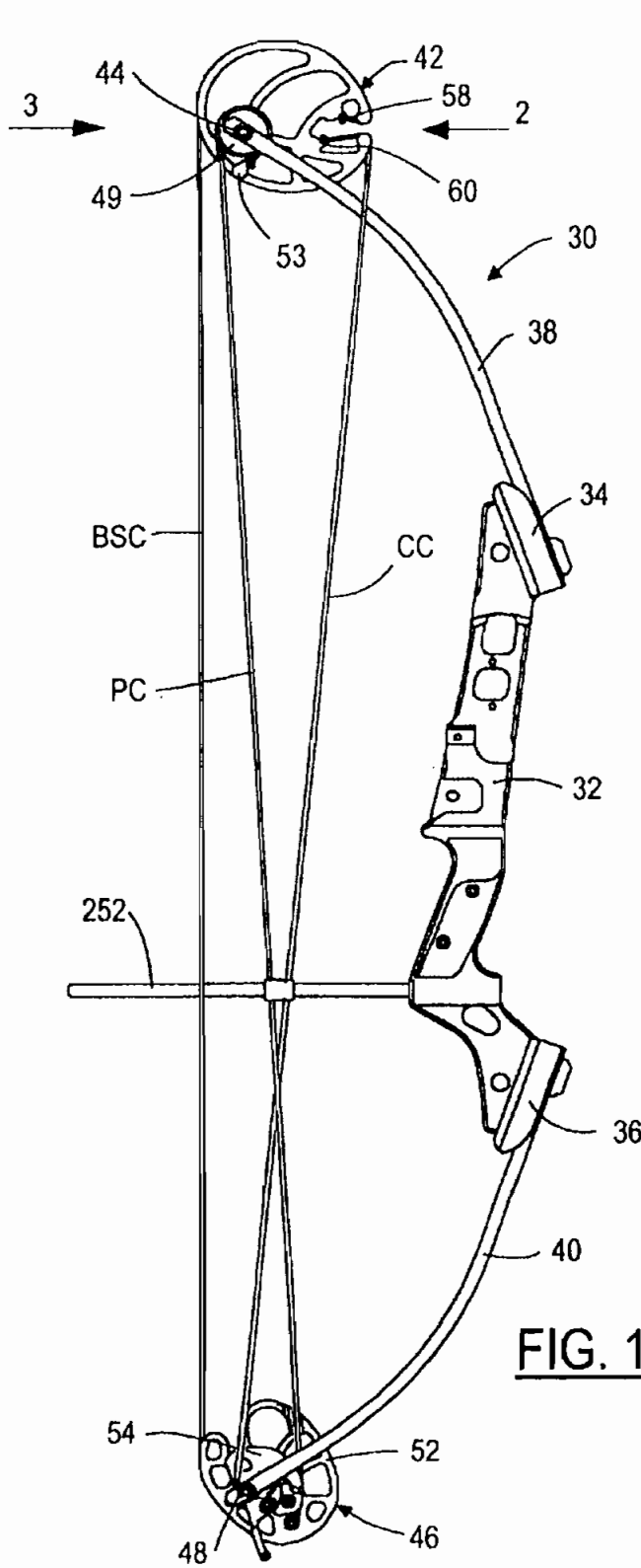
Patent application of Larry D. Miller for "Archery Bow Assembly," date and serial No. unknown.

Alpine Archery Bow Manual, 1989.

"Instruction Manual—York Thunderbolt DynaBo," York Archery date unknown.

"M-10 Dynabo Draw Chart," Martin Archery, Inc. date unknown.

M-10 Cheetah DynaBo Owner's Manual, Martin Archery date unknown.



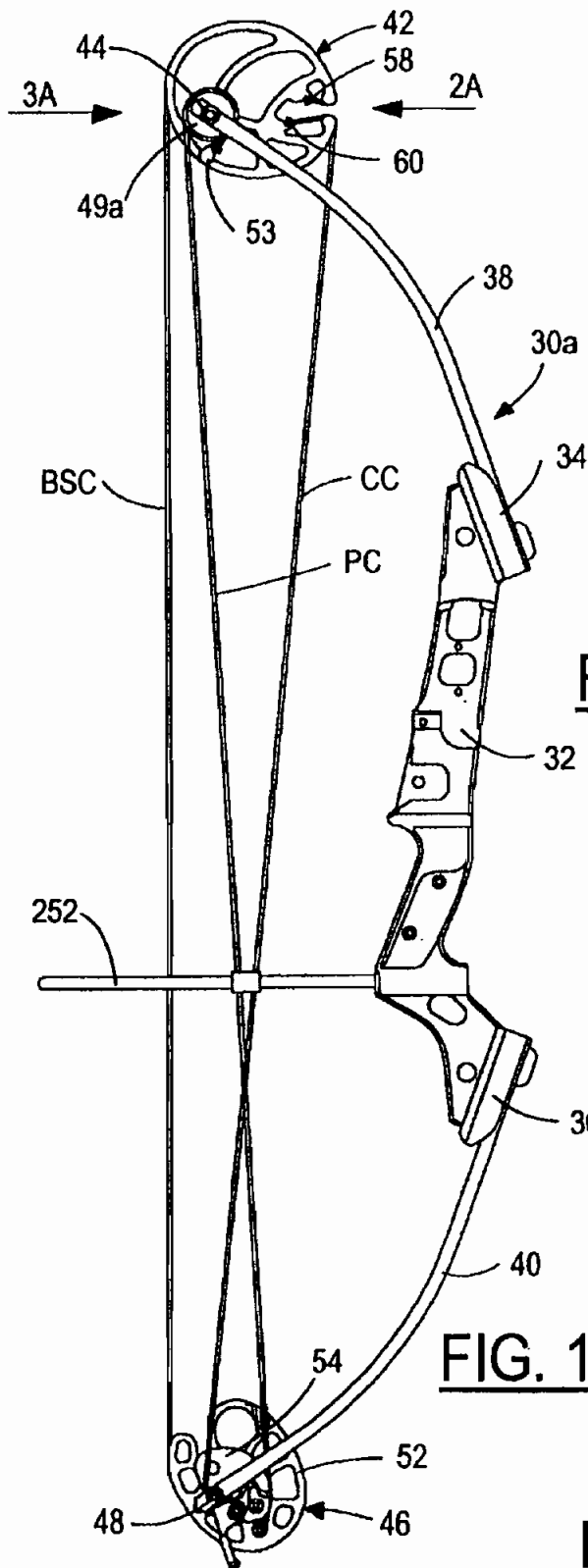


FIG. 1A

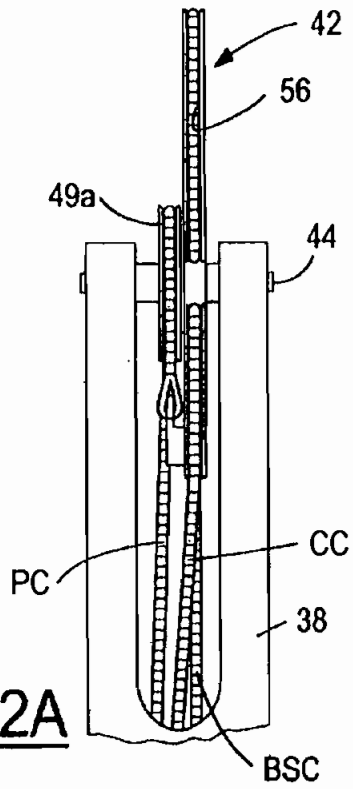


FIG. 2A

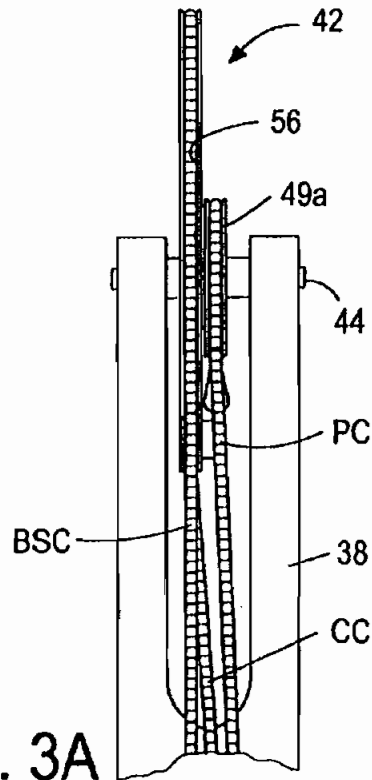
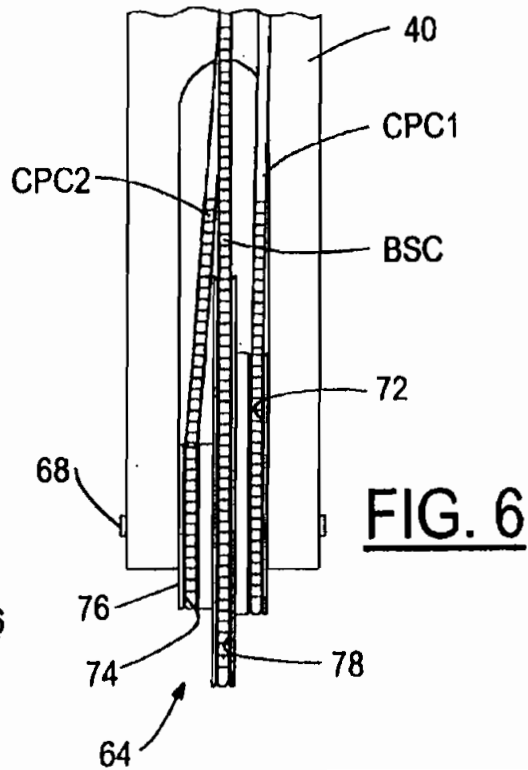
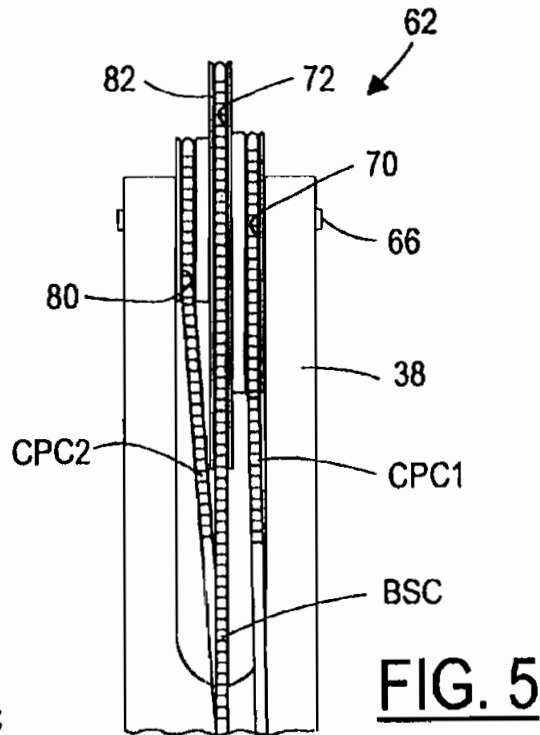
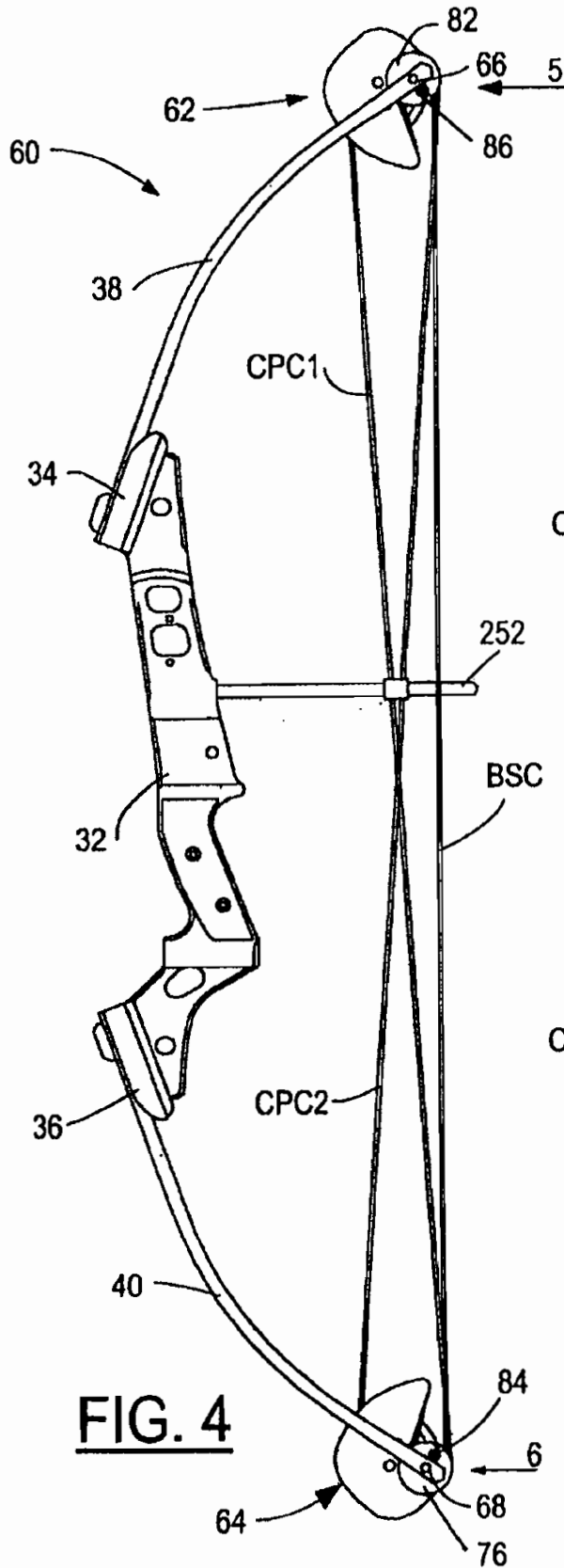
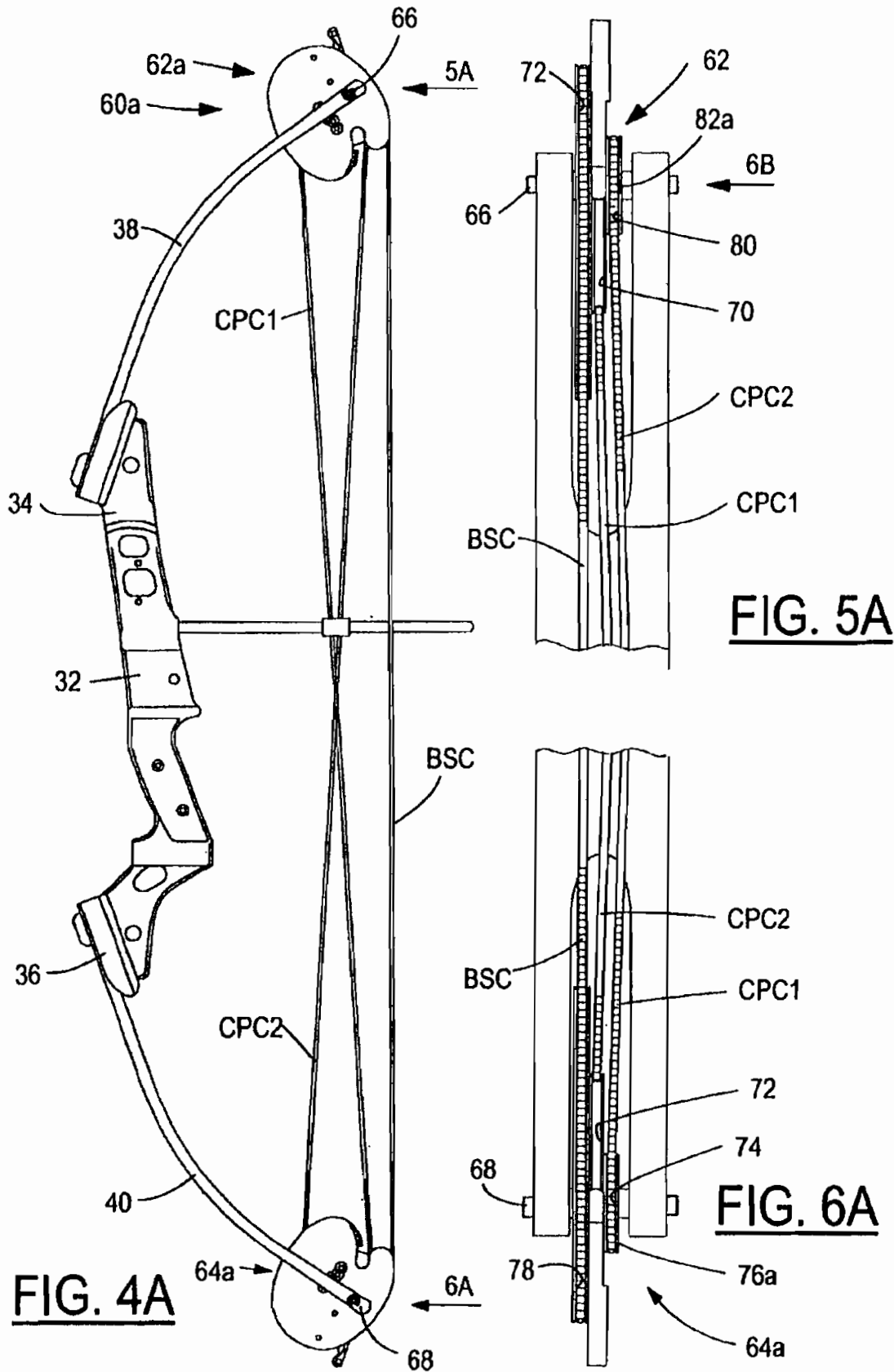


FIG. 3A





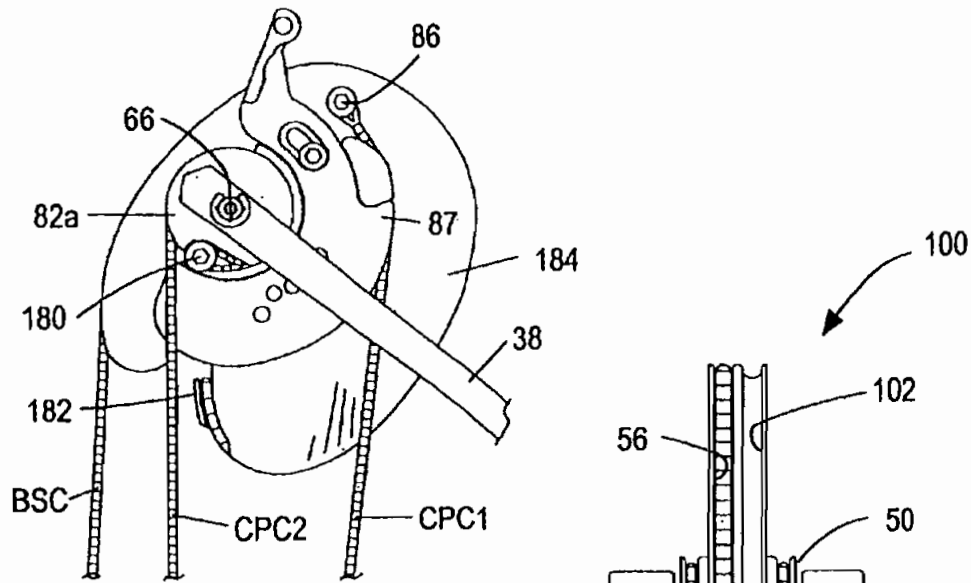


FIG. 6B

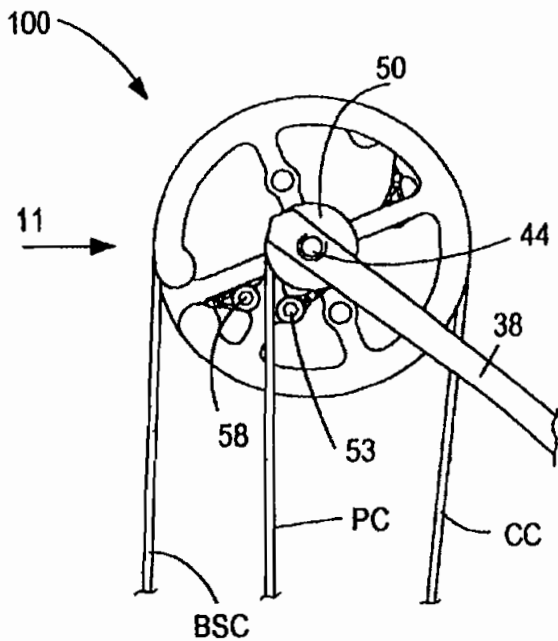


FIG. 10

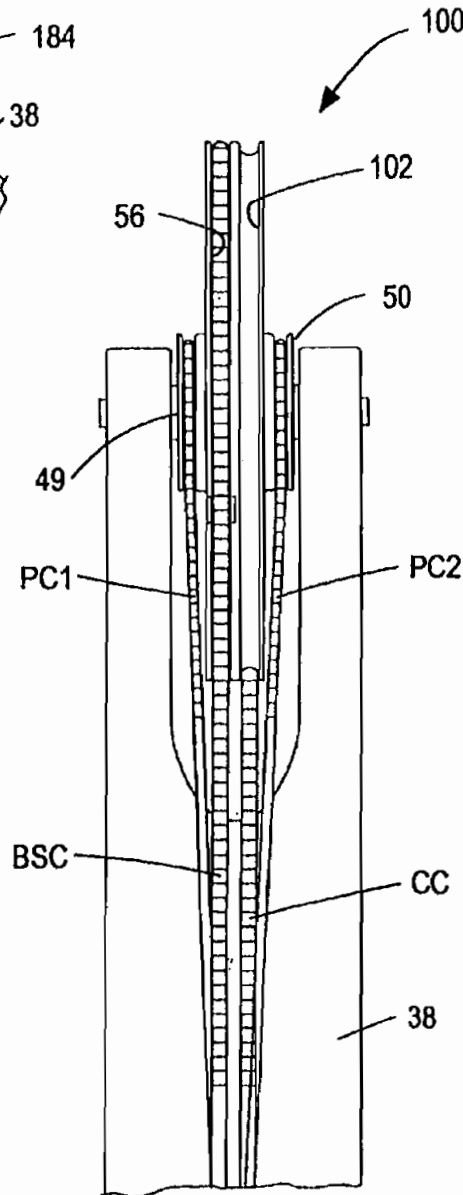
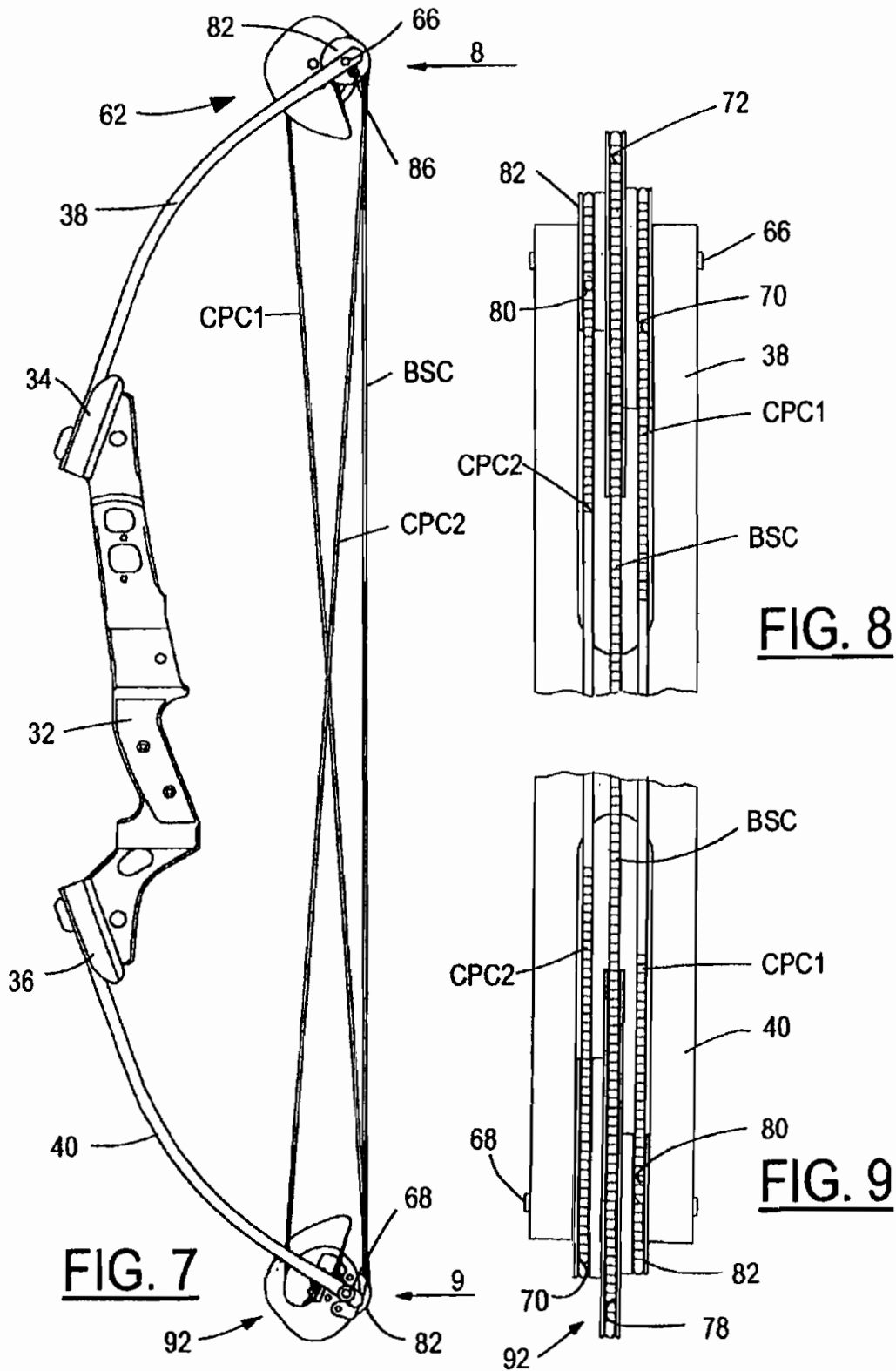


FIG. 11



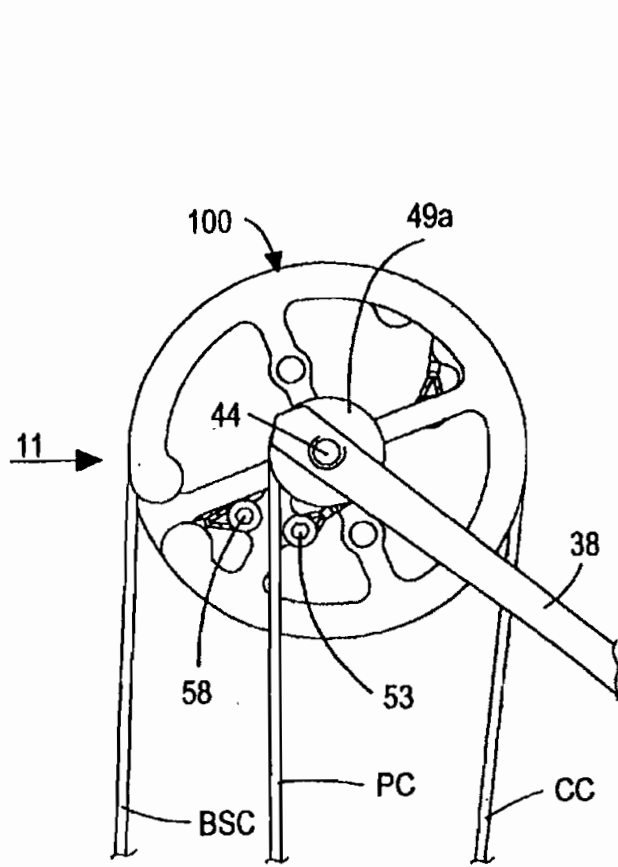


FIG. 10A

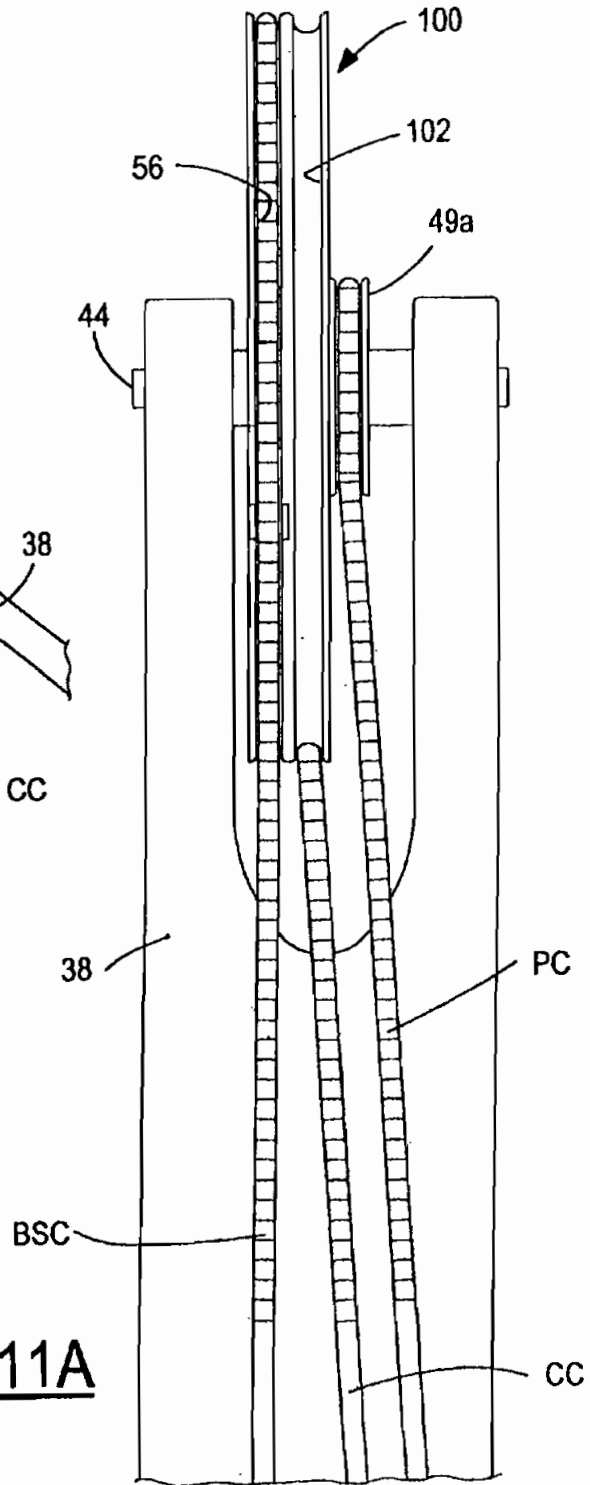
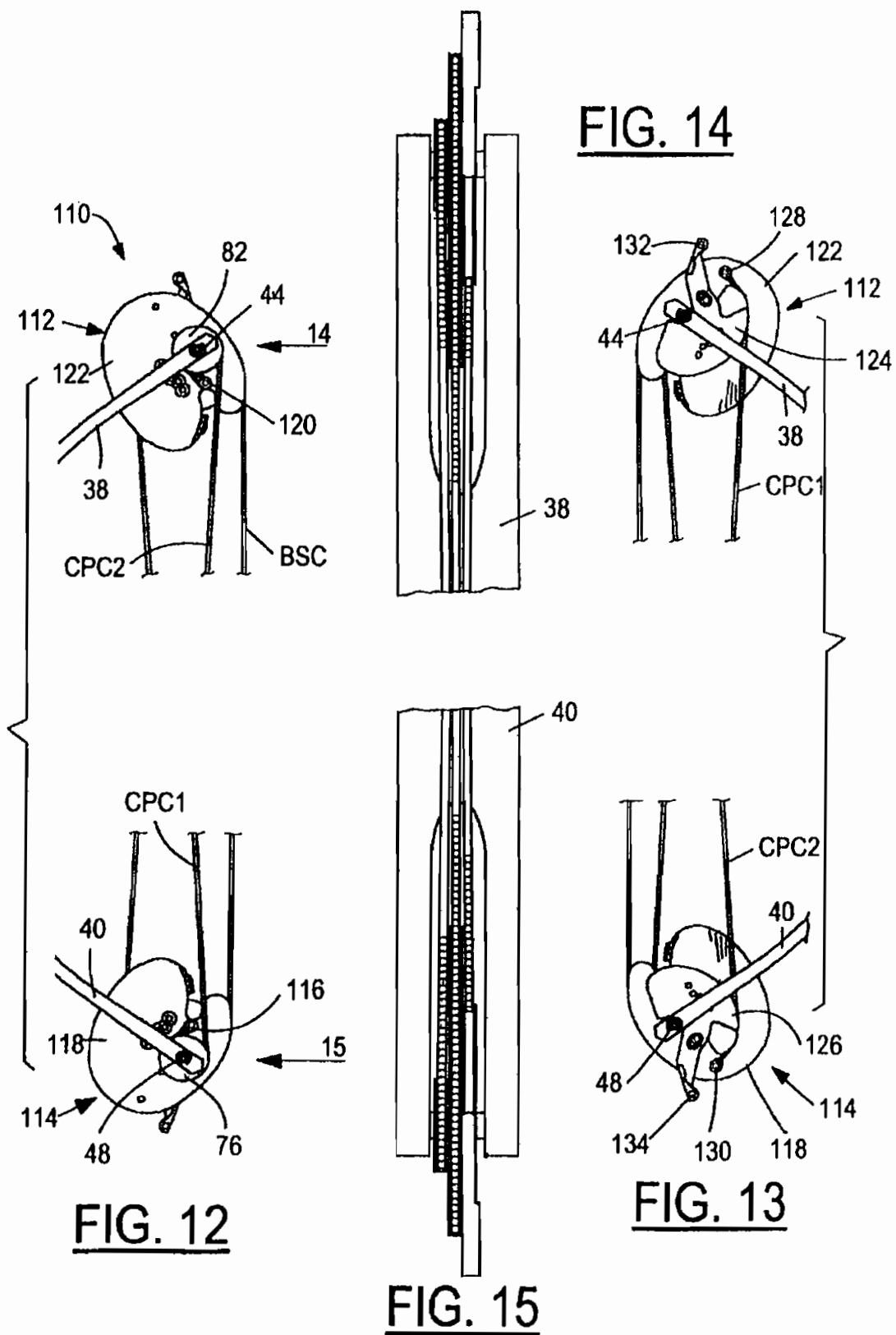
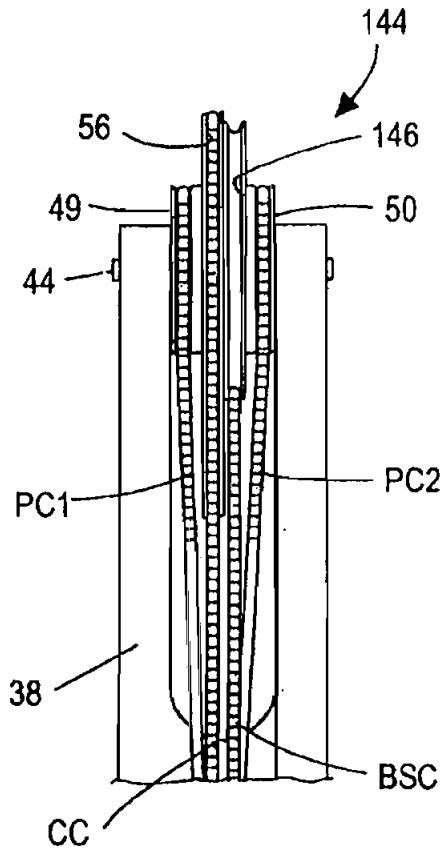
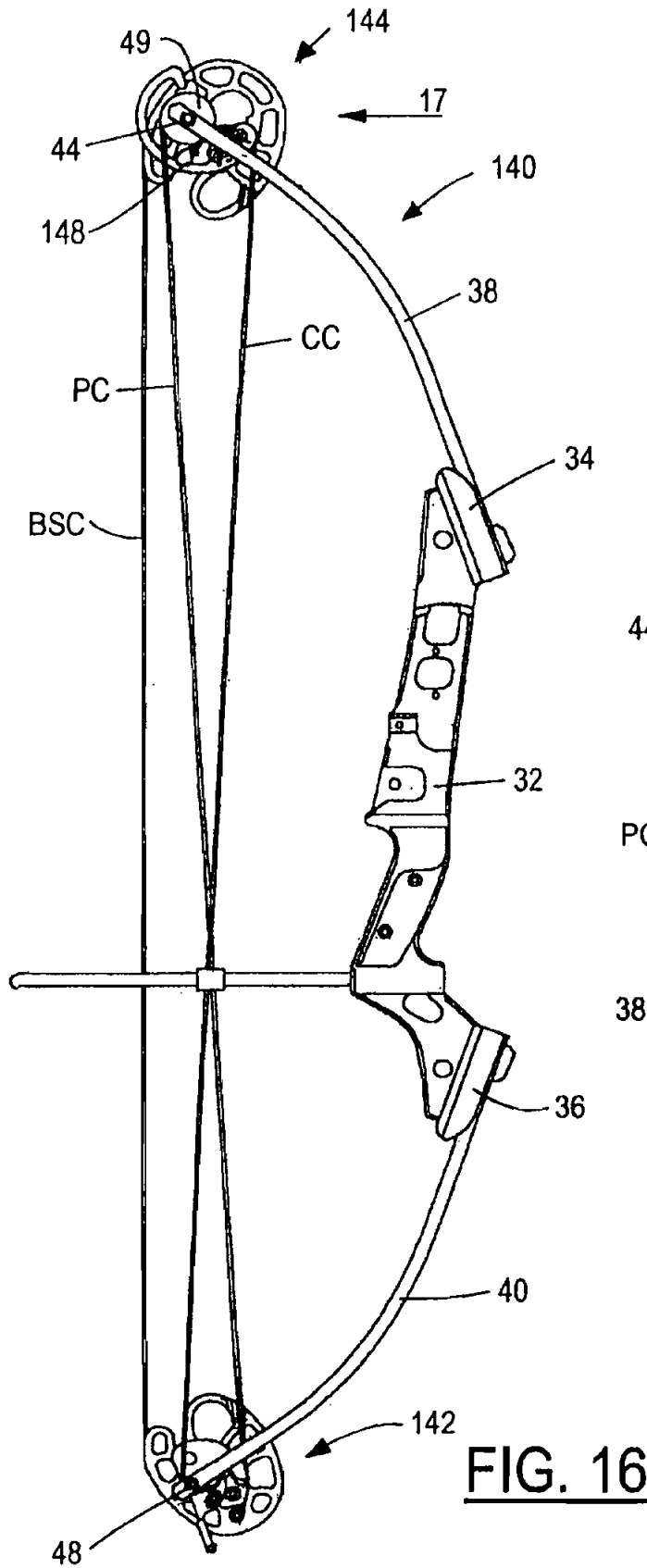


FIG. 11A





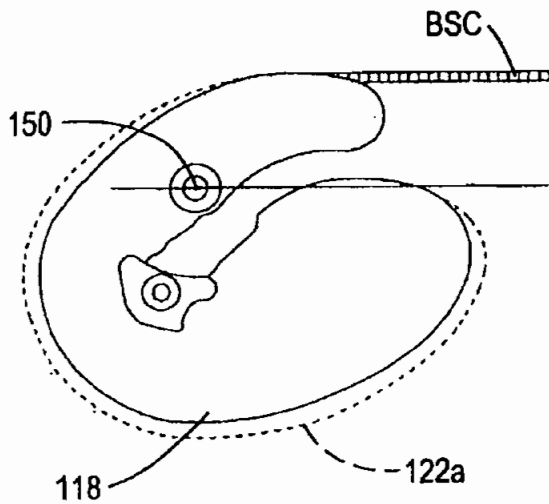


FIG. 18

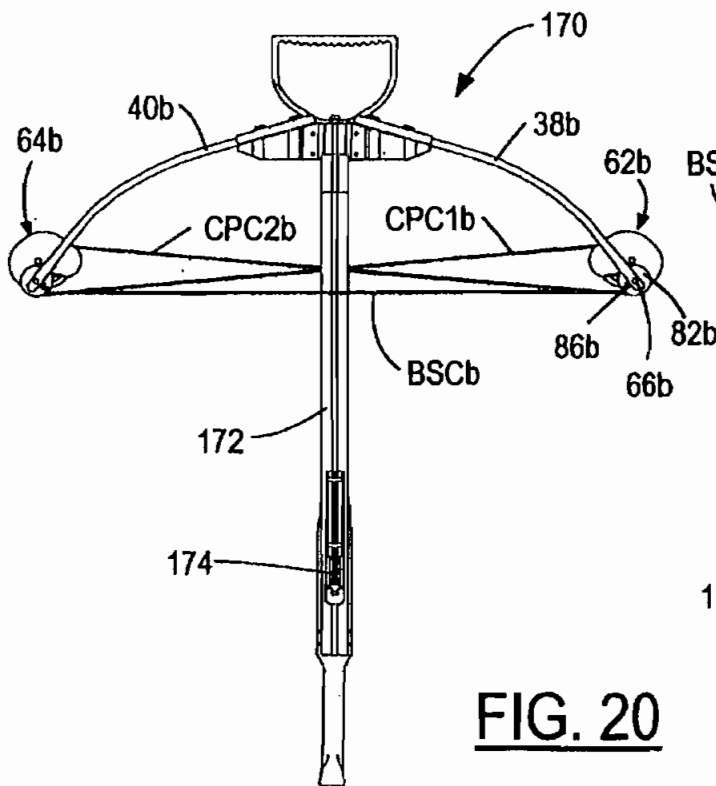
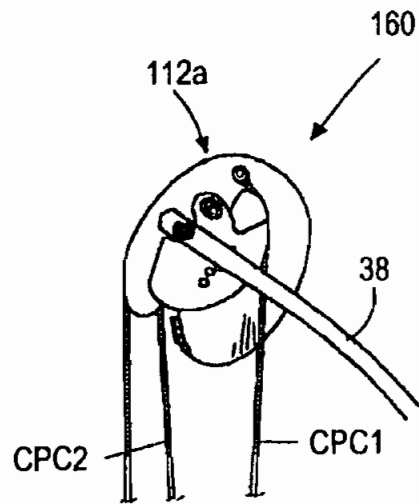


FIG. 20

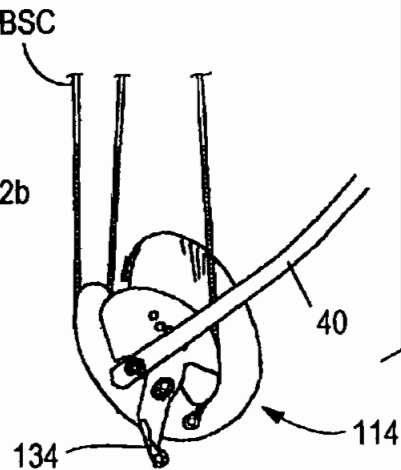


FIG. 19

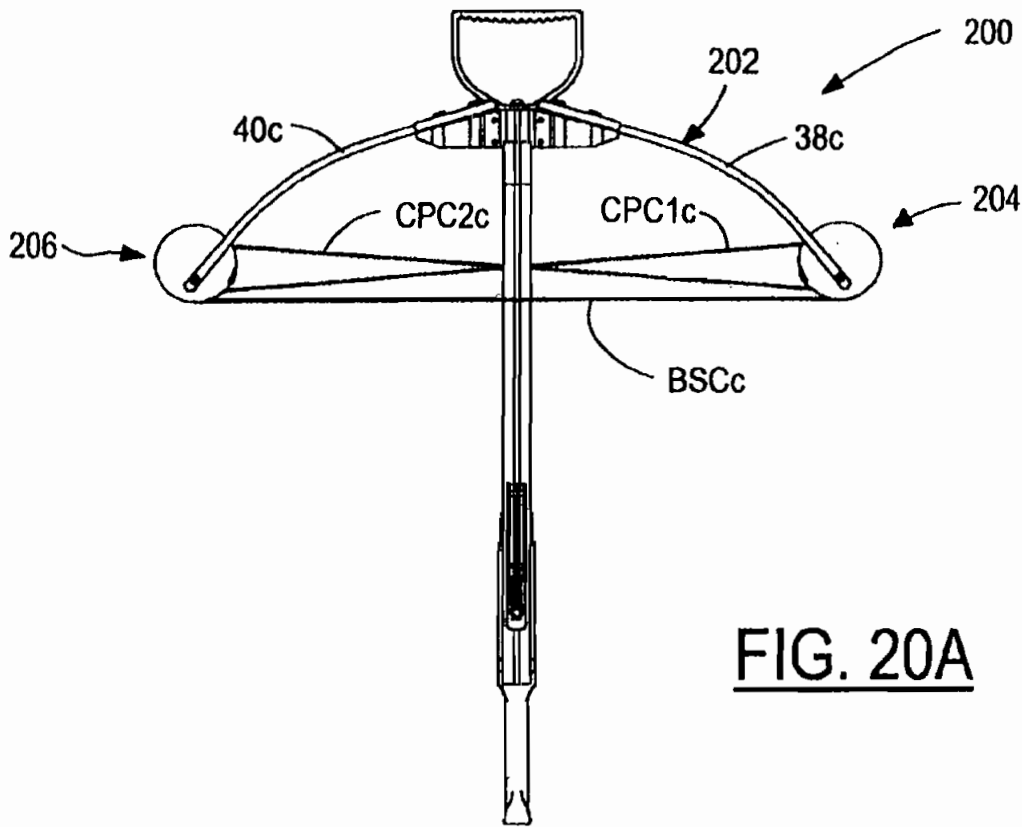


FIG. 20A

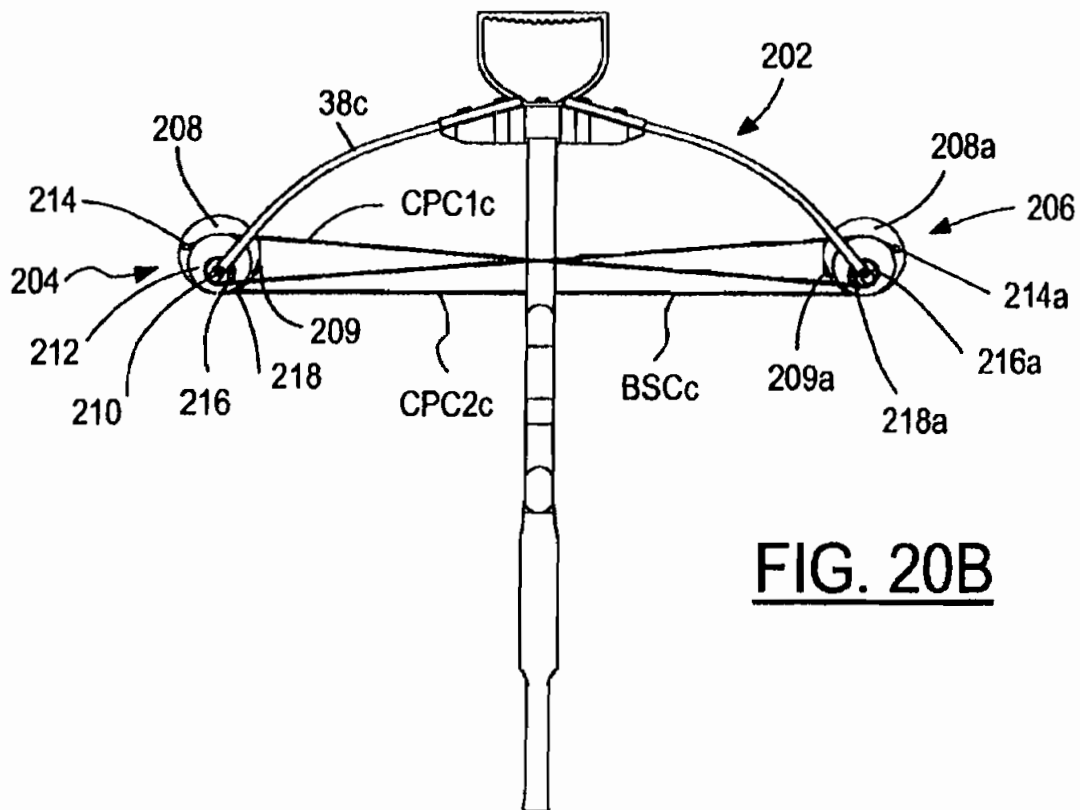


FIG. 20B

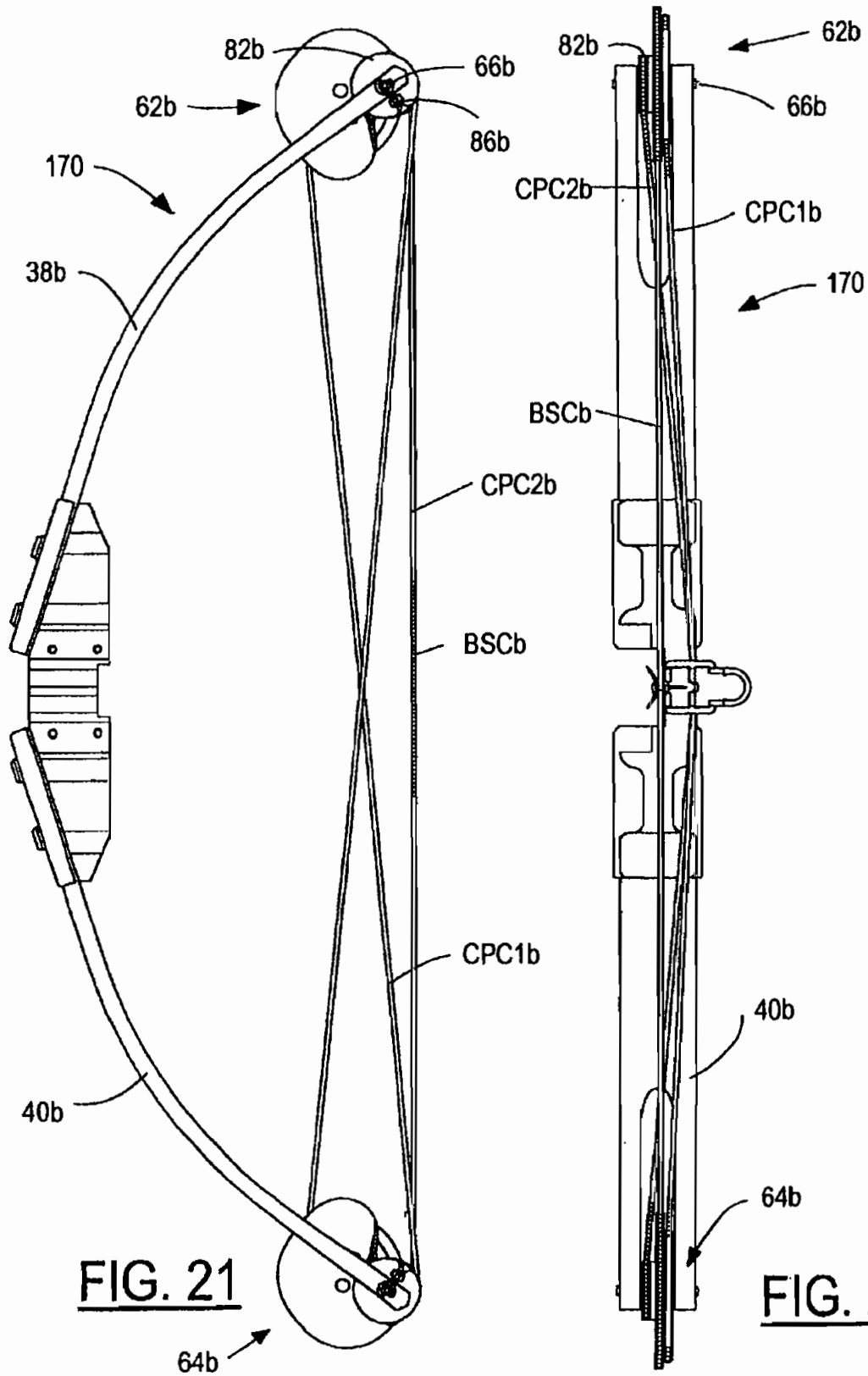


FIG. 21

FIG. 22

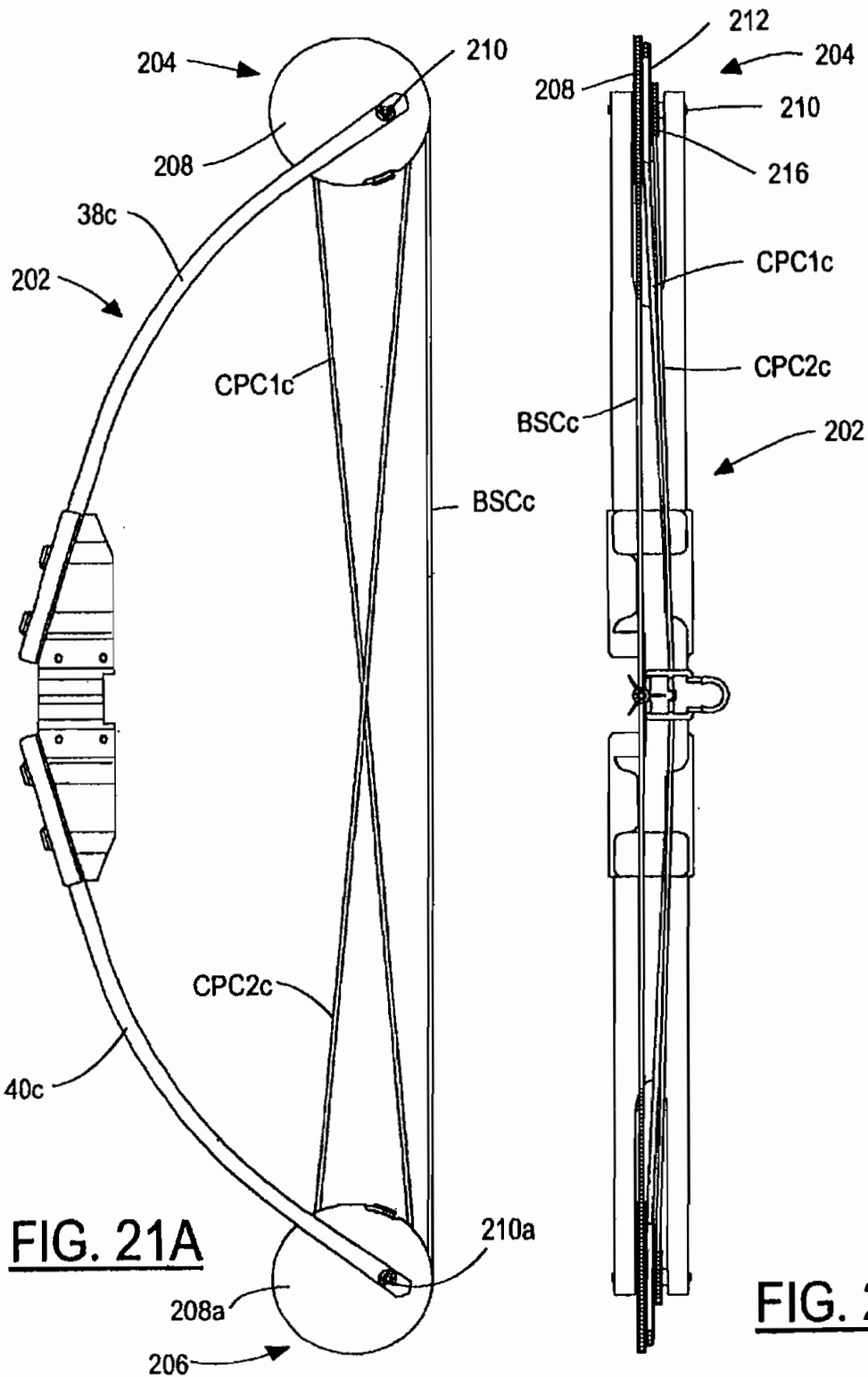


FIG. 21A

FIG. 22A

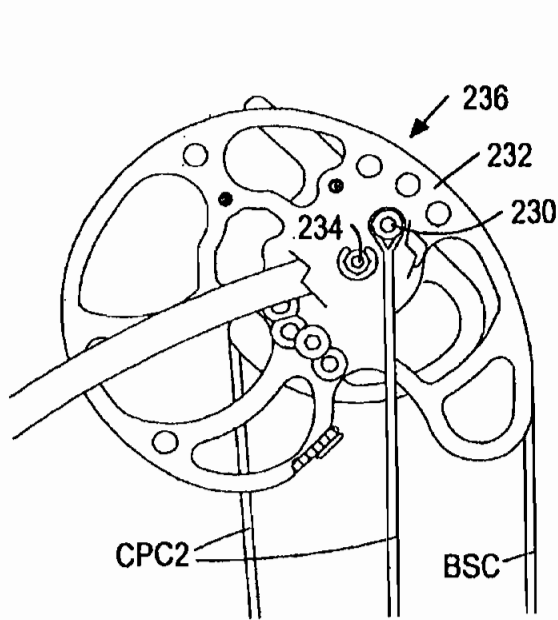


FIG. 23

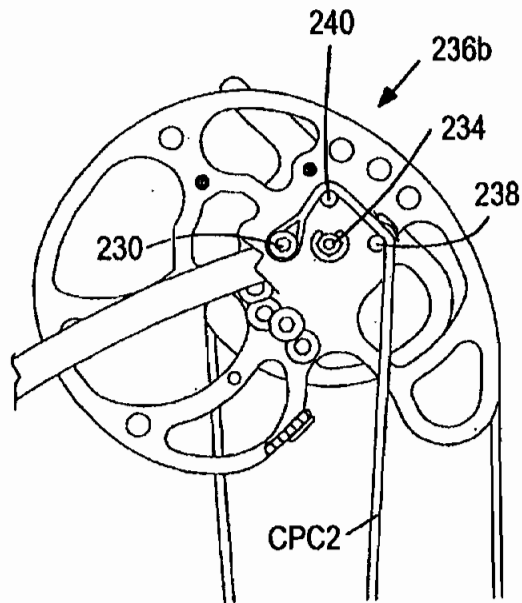


FIG. 25

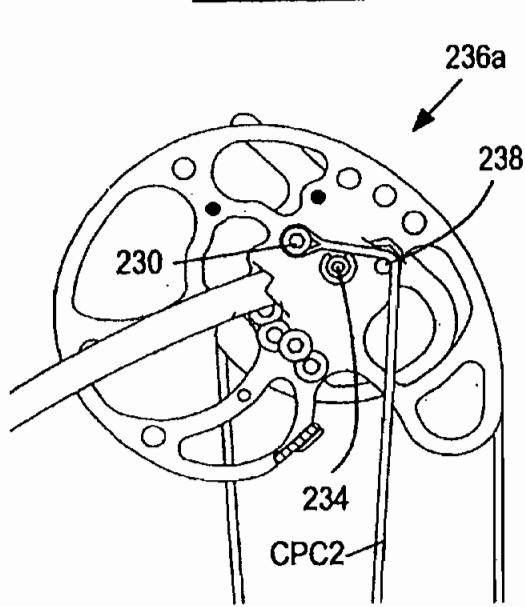


FIG. 24

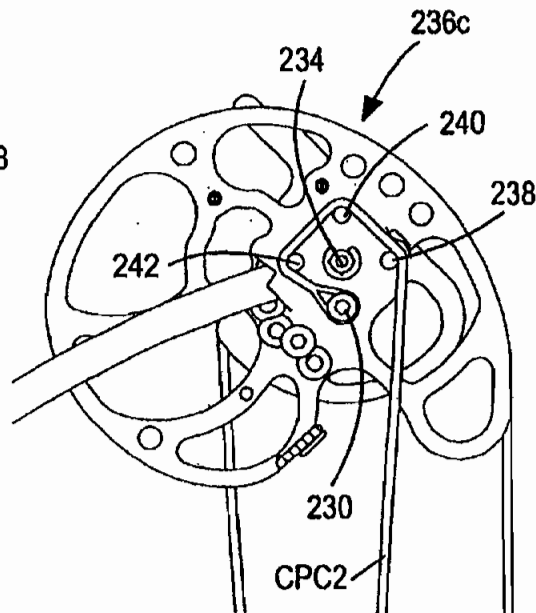


FIG. 26

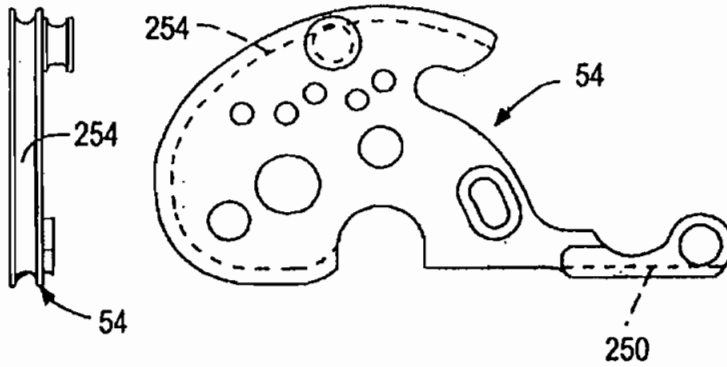


FIG. 30

FIG. 27

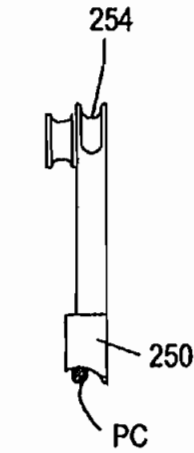


FIG. 29

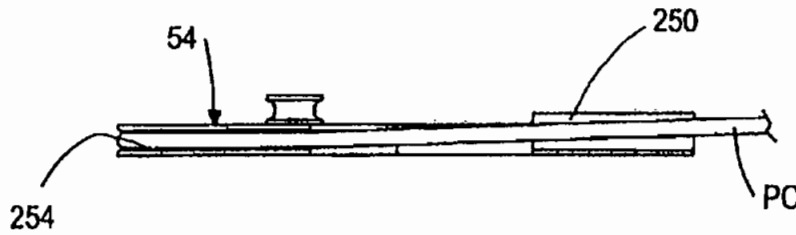


FIG. 28

COMPOUND ARCHERY BOW

This application claims priority from application Ser. No. 60/498,122 filed Aug. 27, 2003.

The present invention is directed to compound archery bows having pulleys at the ends of the bow limbs to control the force/draw characteristics of the bow, and more particularly to both single-cam bows having a power let-off cam mounted on the end of one of the bow limbs and dual-cam bows having power let-off cams mounted on the ends of both bow limbs.

BACKGROUND AND SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Single-cam and dual-cam compound archery bows have power cams mounted on one or both ends of the bow limbs to control the draw force on the bowstring and the bending of the limbs as the bowstring is drawn. In single-cam bows, there is a power cam on the end of one bow limb, and a wheel on the end of the other bow limb to control or time take-up of a power cable at the power cam and let-out of the bowstring and control cables at the power cam as the bow is drawn. In dual-cam bows, power cams are mounted on the ends of both bow limbs, with each including groove segments to control let-out of the bowstring cable at the opposing cam. In conventional single-cam and dual-cam bows or crossbows, the power cables or cable segments are anchored near the end of one or both bow limbs, at the axles in most cases.

Briefly stated, in accordance with the presently preferred embodiments of the invention, the power cable or cable segment is anchored not to the end of a bow limb, but is trained around additional let-out means in the cam or control wheel at the end of the bow limb. This additional let-out means decreases limb movement as the power cam takes up the power cable during the power stroke, and allows the design of the power cam take-up groove to be larger and thereby facilitate use of larger radii in designing the cable path to reduce fatigue of the power cable. The additional let-out means also facilitates bow designs with increased pre-stress in the bow limbs while minimizing movement of the limbs during the power stroke, thereby reducing limb shock and increasing efficiency. This additional let-out means also facilitates additional control of the cam and/or cam wheel rotation between the upper and lower limbs because the additional cross-coupling forces the rotation to be in unison. As applied specifically to dual-cam bows and crossbows with draw stops on one or both cams, the invention permits continued rotation at both cams until the draw stops are engaged at both cams.

A compound archery bow in accordance with a first aspect of the invention includes a handle having projecting limbs. (The term "compound archery bow," as employed in this application, encompasses both compound traditional bows (e.g., FIGS. 1-19) and compound crossbows (e.g., FIGS. 20-22A).) A first pulley is mounted for rotation around a first axis on a first of the limbs, and a second pulley is mounted for rotation around a second axis on a second of the limbs. In single-cam bows, one of the pulleys is a control wheel and the other pulley is a power cam. In dual-cam bows, the pulleys are respective power cams. A bow cable arrangement extends between the pulleys, and includes a bowstring cable extending from bowstring let-out grooves in the first and second pulleys so that, as the bowstring cable is drawn away from the handle, the bowstring cable lets out

or unwraps from the bowstring grooves and rotates the pulleys around the respective axes.

First and second cables extend from cable take-up grooves on the respective pulleys to first and second cable let-out means on the respective opposite pulleys. Thus, as the bowstring cable is drawn away from the handle, the first and second cables are each taken up or wound at one end onto one of the pulleys and let out or unwound at the other end from the other pulley. The let-out means preferably comprises at least one groove from which the cable is let-out or unwrapped as the cable is drawn. This let-out groove preferably is circular and concentric with the axis of pulley rotation but can be non-circular and/or non-concentric with the axis of rotation. In some embodiments, the let-out grooves are disposed on opposite sides of the bowstring let-out groove for improved balance. The let-out means alternatively may comprise one or more posts mounted on the pulley and offset from the axis of pulley rotation.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The invention, together with additional objects, features, advantages and aspects thereof, will be best understood from the following description and the accompanying drawings, in which:

FIG. 1 is a side elevational view of a single-cam compound archery bow in accordance with one presently preferred embodiment of the invention, and FIGS. 2 and 3 are fragmentary elevational views taken substantially from the respective directions 2 and 3 in FIG. 1;

FIGS. 1A, 2A and 3A are views respectively similar to those in FIGS. 1, 2 and 3 but illustrating a modification to the embodiment of FIGS. 1-3;

FIG. 4 is a side elevational view of a dual-cam bow in accordance with another preferred embodiment of the invention, and FIGS. 5 and 6 are fragmentary elevational views taken from the respective directions 5 and 6 in FIG. 4;

FIGS. 4A, 5A and 6A are views respectively similar to those in FIGS. 4, 5 and 6 but illustrating a modification to the embodiment of FIGS. 4-6, and FIG. 6B is a fragmentary elevational view taken substantially from the direction 6B in FIG. 5A;

FIG. 7 is a side elevational view of a dual-cam bow in accordance with yet another presently preferred embodiment of the invention, and FIGS. 8 and 9 are fragmentary elevational views taken substantially from the respective directions 8 and 9 in FIG. 7;

FIG. 10 is a fragmentary elevational view that illustrates a modification to the bow of FIGS. 1-3, and FIG. 11 is an elevational view taken from the direction 11 in FIG. 10;

FIGS. 10A and 11A are elevational views similar to those in FIGS. 10 and 11 but illustrating a modification to the embodiment of FIGS. 10-11;

FIGS. 12 and 13 are opposing fragmentary side elevational views of a dual-cam bow in accordance with another embodiment of the invention, and FIGS. 14 and 15 are fragmentary elevational views taken from the respective directions 14, 15 in FIG. 12;

FIG. 16 is a side elevational view of a single-cam bow in accordance with another embodiment of the invention, and FIG. 17 is a fragmentary elevational view taken from the direction 17 in FIG. 16;

FIGS. 16A and 17A are elevational views that are respectively similar to those in FIGS. 16 and 17 but illustrate a modification to the embodiment of FIGS. 16-17;

FIG. 18 is an elevational view that compares cam-base peripheries in a dual-cam bow modification to the embodiment of FIGS. 12–15;

FIG. 19 is a fragmentary elevational view that illustrates another modification to the bow of FIGS. 12–15;

FIG. 20 is a top plan view of a crossbow that embodies the principles of the present invention, and FIGS. 21 and 22 are top plan and side elevational views of the crossbow front assembly in the crossbow of FIG. 20;

FIGS. 20A, 21A and 22A are views respectively similar to those in FIGS. 20–22 but illustrating a modification to the embodiment of FIGS. 20–22, and FIG. 20B is a bottom plan view of the bow in FIGS. 20A–22A.

FIGS. 23–26 are fragmentary elevational views that illustrate respective further embodiments of the invention; and

FIG. 27 is an elevational view of the draw length adjustment module in the bow of FIG. 16, FIG. 28 is a fragmentary elevational view of a power cable engaging the draw stop in the module of FIG. 27, and FIGS. 29 and 30 are opposed end views of the module in FIG. 27.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

FIGS. 1–3 illustrates a single-cam compound archery bow 30 in accordance with one presently preferred embodiment of the invention as comprising a handle 32 of aluminum or other relatively rigid construction having spaced risers 34, 36 with a limb-mounting surface at each end. A pair of flexible resilient limbs 38, 40 of fiber-reinforced resin or other suitable resilient construction are mounted on respective handle risers 34, 36 and project away from handle 32. A control wheel 42 is mounted on an axle 44 that extends laterally across the free end of bow limb 38, such that control wheel 42 is mounted for rotation around a first axis within an open space or bracket at the free end of limb 38. Likewise, a power cam 46 is mounted on an axle 48 that extends laterally across the free end of limb 40, such that power cam 46 is mounted for rotation around a second axis within a notch or bracket at the free end of limb 40. Control wheel 42 and power cam 46 may be rotatable on axles 44, 48, or the axles may be secured to the control wheel and/or power cam and rotatable on the limbs. The positions of control wheel 42 and power cam 46 can, of course, be reversed.

A control cable CC is anchored at one end to control wheel 42 and at an opposing end to power cam 46. Likewise, a bowstring cable BSC is anchored at opposing ends to control wheel 42 and power cam 46. An arrow is to be nocked on bowstring cable BSC between control wheel 42 and power cam 46. Power cam 46 comprises a cam base 52, which preferably although not necessarily has a draw-length adjustment module 54 mounted thereon with a take-up groove to load the opposite limb through power cable PC. Power cam 46 is similar to a cam illustrated in U.S. Pat. No. 6,516,790, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference for further discussion of the power cam assembly and operation of the overall bow. A power cable PC is anchored at power cam 46 and extends across bow 30 to control wheel 42. Control wheel 42 has a pair of pulleys 49, 50 disposed on laterally opposed sides of the control wheel. Pulleys 49, 50 may be formed integrally with control wheel 42, or may be separately made and pinned or otherwise secured to the control wheel. The end of power cable PC is split at PC1, PC2, and the split ends of the power cable are wound around pulleys 49, 50 respectively. (In the embodiment of FIGS. 1A–3A, a single pulley 49a combines the

functions of pulleys 49, 50 in FIGS. 1–3, and power cable PC is not split and is wound around pulley 49a.). The split ends PC1, PC2 of the power cable are anchored at 53 to control wheel 42. The peripheral power cable let-out grooves in pulleys 49, 50 preferably are circular and concentric with the axis of rotation at axle 44 as illustrated in FIGS. 1–3, but can be non-circular and/or non-concentric with the axis of control wheel rotation.

Control wheel 42 has a single circular or non-circular peripheral groove 56 with a center or axis that preferably is offset from the axis of axle 44. Peripheral groove 56 lies in a plane that is perpendicular to the axis of axle 44. Bowstring cable BSC extends clockwise (in FIG. 1) around the periphery of groove 56 and is anchored to control wheel 42 at a post 58. Control cable CC extends at wheel 42 counterclockwise through a small tangential portion of groove 56 (in the rest position of the bow and the orientation illustrated in FIG. 1), and is anchored to control wheel 42 at a post 60. There thus is a gap in peripheral groove 56 through which cables BSC and CC extend to respective anchor posts 58, 60, which are mounted to the body of the control wheel inwardly of the gap. As a modification to the embodiment illustrated in FIG. 1, control cable CC and bowstring cable BSC may comprise a single length of cable that is suitably anchored to the control wheel.

Thus, as bowstring cable BSC is drawn, the effective radius of groove 56 from axle 44 continuously changes. Both the bowstring cable and the control cable travel in groove 56. The bowstring cable is let out as the bow is drawn, and the control cable is taken up in the same groove. At some point, the control cable may enter a segment of the groove that previously was occupied by the bowstring cable in the rest position of the bow. The control wheel configuration illustrated in FIG. 1 provides more control of the let-out of the bowstring while maintaining better control of nock point travel and making it easier to achieve more stored energy in the bow. Wrapping into and unwrapping from a single peripheral groove at the periphery of control wheel 42 also reduces torsional stresses on the axle that would otherwise be associated with wrapping into and unwrapping from laterally adjacent grooves on the control wheel. The additional power cable let-out grooves at pulleys 49, 50 on both sides of the central control wheel groove 56 accomplishes the objectives of the invention set forth above, and gives improved limb balance and timing control. Groove 56, which is the take-up groove for cable CC (as well as the let-out groove for cable BSC) preferably is non-circular. Disposition of cables PC1 and PC2 in let-out grooves on opposite sides of groove 56 balances the forces applied to axle 44 and reduces torsion in limb 38.

FIGS. 4–6 illustrate a dual-cam compound archery bow 60 in accordance with another embodiment of the invention. Power cams 62, 64 are mounted by corresponding axles 66, 68 at the ends of respective bow limbs 38, 40. A bowstring cable BSC extends between let-out grooves 72, 78 on the respective cams 62, 64. A first control/power cable CPC1 extends from a take-up groove 70 on power cam 62 to a let-out groove 74 on a pulley 76 at power cam 64. Likewise, a second control/power cable CPC2 extends from a take-up groove 72 at power cam 64 across bow 60 to a let-out groove 80 on a pulley 82 secured to power cam 62. Cables CPC1, CPC2 are anchored at 84, 86 to pulleys 76, 82 respectively. As in the embodiment of FIGS. 1–3, the grooves 74, 80 of pulleys 76, 82 are circular and concentric with the respective axes of rotation at axles 68, 66, but may be non-circular and/or non-concentric if desired. Disposition of cables CPC1 and CPC2 in grooves 70, 80 on opposite sides of

groove 72 at cam 62, and in grooves 72, 74 on opposite sides of groove 78 at cam 64, reduces torsion on limbs 38, 40.

FIGS. 4A, 5A, 6A and 6B illustrate a bow 60a having power cams 62a, 64a. In the power cams of FIGS. 4A, 5A, 6A and 6B, the bowstring let-out grooves 72, 74 are on one side of the cams, rather than being positioned in the middle of the cams in FIGS. 5 and 6. Let-out groove 80 for cable CP2 is positioned on the opposing side of cam 62a, and take-up groove 70 for cable CP1 on cam 62a is positioned between grooves 72, 80. Likewise, let-out groove 74 for cable CP1 at cam 64a is positioned on a side of cam 64a opposite bowstring let-out groove 74, and take-up groove 72 for cable CPC2 at cam 64a is positioned between grooves 74, 78. As shown in FIG. 6B, cable CPC1 is anchored at 86 at cam 62a after passing around an adjustable draw length module 87, and cable CPC2 is anchored at 180 on pulley 82a. Bowstring cable BSC is anchored at 182 on base 184 of cam 62a.

FIGS. 7-9 illustrate a dual-cam bow 90 in accordance with a further embodiment of the present invention. Power cam 62 at the end of bow limb 38 is the same as power cam 62 in embodiment of FIGS. 4-6. In the embodiment of FIGS. 4-6, power cam 64 is the mirror image of power cam 62. However, in the embodiment of FIGS. 7-9, power cam 92 at the end of bow limb 90 is identical to power cam 62 at the end of bow limb 38. As a result, as best seen in FIGS. 8 and 9, control/power cables CPC1 and CPC2 do not cross each other at the center of the bow, as they do in FIGS. 5 and 6, and the arrow is shot from bowstring cable BSC between the control/power cables. This cable configuration allows the bow to be set up with or without cable guards. Otherwise, operation of the embodiment of FIGS. 7-9 is the same as in FIGS. 4-6.

FIGS. 10 and 11 illustrate a modification to the embodiment of FIG. 1, in which the control wheel or pulley 100 at the end of bow limb 38 has a pair of peripheral grooves 56, 102 at relatively large diameter coaxial and concentric with axle 44, and a pair of side pulleys 49, 50 with peripheral let-out grooves also concentric and coaxial with axle 44. Ends PC1, PC2 of power cable PC are wound in the peripheral grooves of pulleys 49, 50. Control cable CC is wound into take-up pulley groove 102, while bowstring cable BSC is wound out of let-out pulley groove 56. Thus, as bowstring cable BSC is drawn (to the left in FIG. 10), the bowstring cable is unwound from groove 56, while power cable ends PC1, PC2 are unwound from pulleys 49, 50 and control cable CC is wound into pulley groove 102. As in the other embodiments, pulleys 49, 50 may be made as one piece with the wheel 100 that includes grooves 56, 102, or may be fabricated separately and pinned or otherwise secured to the larger wheel. Pulleys 49, 50 may be non-circular and/or non-concentric with axle 44, if desired. FIGS. 10A and 11A illustrate a modification to the embodiment of FIGS. 10 and 11 in which the separate pulleys 49, 50 of FIGS. 10 and 11, are combined into a single pulley 49a, and power cable PC is wrapped around pulley 49a and not split.

FIGS. 12-15 illustrate a dual-cam bow 110 having cams 112, 114 mounted at the respective ends of bow limbs 38, 40. Cams 110, 114 preferably are mirror images of each other in this embodiment. In this embodiment, control/power cable CPC1 is wound around a peripheral let-out groove in a pulley 76 on cam 114, and is anchored at 116 to the cam base 118. Likewise, control/power cable CPC2 is wound around a peripheral let-out groove in a pulley 82 on cam 112 and anchored at 120 to cam base 122. Each cam 112, 114 has a take-up groove or a draw-length module 124, 126 mounted

on the associated cam base 122, 118. Control/power cable CPC1 engages a peripheral take-up groove on draw-length module 124, and is anchored at 128 to cam base 122. Likewise, control/power cable CPC2 engages a peripheral take-up groove on draw-length module 126, and is anchored at 130 to cam base 118. Each draw-length module 124, 126 includes an associated draw stop 132, 134 that engages the associated control/power cable when the bow is fully drawn—i.e., when the associated control/power cable is fully taken up into the associated draw-length module peripheral groove. An advantage of this embodiment of the invention lies in the fact that, if cams 112, 114 are not perfectly timed, draw of bowstring cable BSC may continue from both cams until both draw stops engage the associated control/power cables.

FIGS. 16 and 17 illustrate a single-cam bow 140 that has a power cam 142 at the end of bow limb 40 and a control wheel 144 at the end of limb 38. Power cam 142 is similar to cam 46 discussed in connection with FIGS. 1-3. Control wheel 144 has a peripheral bowstring cable let-out groove 56, and a peripheral control cable take-up groove 146. Power cable let-out pulleys 49, 50 have associated peripheral grooves that receive the split ends PC1, PC2 of power cable PC. The power cable ends are anchored to the opposed sides of the base of control wheel 144, as illustrated at 148 in FIG. 16. Thus, as bowstring cable BSC is drawn to the left in FIG. 16, bowstring cable BSC is let out of groove 56 on control wheel 144 and an associated groove on power cam 142, and power cable PC is let out of the peripheral grooves of pulleys 49, 50. Control cable CC is taken up into the groove 146 on control wheel 144, and let out from power cam 142. The power cable PC that is let out from pulleys 49, 50 is taken up at power cam 142. FIGS. 16A, 17A show a modification to the embodiment of FIGS. 16 and 17, in which pulleys 49, 50 are combined into a single pulley 49a, around which non-split power cable PC is wrapped.

FIG. 18 illustrates a modification to bow 110 illustrated in FIGS. 12-15. FIG. 18 compares the periphery of cam base 118 of lower cam 114 to periphery of cam base 122a of upper cam 110. As can be seen in FIG. 18, cam base 122a has a periphery that is a greater distance from the axis of rotation 150 for most but not all of the peripheries of the cam bases. The upper cam thereby lets out more cable BSC than the lower cam as the cams simultaneously rotate and the bowstring is drawn. This keeps the center portion of the bowstring, to which the arrow is nocked, parallel with the bow handle, and obtains straight-line nock travel that does not slope upwardly or downwardly with respect to the bow handle if the arrow is not drawn from the center of the bow. The bow 30 of FIGS. 1-3 and the bow 140 of FIGS. 16-17 could be modified by providing a second power cable PC, a second power cable take-up groove on the opposite side of power cam 46 or 114, and thus employing parallel power cables instead of a single split power cable as illustrated in those drawings.

FIG. 19 illustrates a bow 160 that is a modification to the bow 110 illustrated in FIGS. 12-15. In the bow 160, the lower cam 114 is the same as in FIGS. 12-15, while the upper cam 112a is similar to cam 112 but does not include a draw stop (132 in FIG. 13). This modification takes advantage of the fact that the system eliminates the problem of timing between the upper and lower cams, and the problem of non-linear nock travel if one draw stop is engaged on one cam but not on the other.

FIGS. 20, 21 and 22 illustrate a crossbow 170 that embodies the principles of the present invention, particularly as illustrated in the embodiment of FIGS. 4-6. Elements in

the crossbow 170 of FIGS. 20–22 that correspond to the elements of the bow 60 in FIGS. 1–6 are indicated by correspondingly identical reference numerals followed by the suffix “b.” The stock 172 and the trigger mechanism 174 preferably are as illustrated in U.S. Pat. No. 5,884,614. The crossbow alternatively could embody the cam and control wheel configurations illustrated in any of the other drawing figures.

FIG. 20A is a top plan view of a crossbow 200 in accordance with another embodiment of the invention, FIG. 20B is a bottom plan view of the crossbow 200, and FIGS. 21A and 22A show the crossbow front assembly 202 in the crossbow 200. Elements in FIGS. 20A, 20B, 21A and 22A that are similar to those in FIGS. 20–22 are indicated by correspondingly identical reference numerals with the suffix “c”. Bow 200 has a pair of power cams 204, 206 mounted on the ends of the respective bow limbs 38c, 40c. Cams 204, 206 are mirror images of each other. In cam 204, bowstring cable BSCc is wound around a peripheral groove on a cam base 208, which has a circular peripheral groove that is eccentric to the axle 210 on which cam 204 is mounted to bow limb 38c. Control power cable CPC1c is wound around the circular peripheral groove on a pulley 212 and anchored at 214 to base 208. Cable CPC2c is wound around a pulley 216 and anchored at 218. Pulley 216 has a circular peripheral groove that is concentric with axle 210. The circular peripheral grooves of pulley 212 and base 208 are eccentric to axle 210 and to each other. The mirror image of this arrangement is provided at cam 206, with cable CPC2c being anchored at 214a on base pulley 208a, bowstring cable BSCc being trained around base pulley 208a and anchored at 209a, and cable CPC1c being trained around pulley 216a and anchored at 218a. Pulleys 208, 212, 216 (and pulleys 208a, 212a and 216a) preferably are constructed as a single unit.

FIGS. 23–26 illustrate respective modifications to the embodiment of FIGS. 4A, 5A, 6A and 6B, for example, in which the power/control cable let-out means comprises one or more posts secured to the pulley offset from the axis of rotation. In FIG. 23, for example, control/power cable CPC2 is anchored to a post 230 on cam base 232 at a position offset from axle 234 that defines the axis of rotation. As bowstring cable BSC is drawn (to the right in FIG. 23), pulley 236 rotates clockwise around axle 234 and cable CPC2 is let out from the pulley. At the extreme end of bowstring cable draw, as post 230 moves beneath axle 234 and back up, cable CPC2 may be taken up. In the pulley 236a of FIG. 24, cable 238 extends to post 230 around an intermediate post 238. In pulley 236b of FIG. 25, cable CPC2 extends to post 230 around two angularly spaced intermediate posts 238, 240. In pulley 236c of FIG. 26, cable CPC2 extends to post 230 around three angularly spaced intermediate posts 238, 240, 242. The intermediate posts reduce or eliminate the amount of cable CPC2 taken up at the end of the draw stroke.

FIGS. 27–29 illustrate draw length module 54 (FIG. 1, or 87 in FIG. 6B, or 124, 126 in FIG. 13) in greater detail. A draw stop 250 extends from module 54 for abutment with power cable PC (or cables CPC1, CPC2 in FIGS. 12–14). In bows having a cable guard 252 (FIG. 1) cable PC (or cable CPC1 in FIG. 6B, or CPC1, CPC2 in FIG. 13) extends at an angle from let-out groove 254 on module 54—i.e., at an angle to the plane of the draw length module as shown in FIG. 28. In accordance with a further aspect of the invention, the cable abutment surface 256 of draw stop is concave and angled (see FIG. 29) to maintain cable PC1 (or CPC1 or CPC2) in groove 254 at the extreme end of cable draw.

There thus has been disclosed a compound archery bow that fully satisfies all of the objects and aims previously set forth. The invention has been disclosed in conjunction with several presently preferred embodiments thereof, and additional modifications and variations have been discussed. Other modifications and variations will readily suggest themselves to persons of ordinary skill in the art in view of the foregoing discussion. The invention is intended to embrace these and all other modifications and variations as fall within the spirit and broad scope of the appended claims.

The invention claimed is:

1. A compound archery bow that includes:
 - a handle having projecting limbs,
 - a first pulley mounted on a first of said limbs for rotation around a first axis,
 - a second pulley mounted on a second of said limbs for rotation around a second axis, and
 - bow cable means including a bowstring cable extending from bowstring let-out grooves on said first and second pulleys,
 - a first cable extending from a cable take-up groove on said first pulley to second cable let-out means on said second pulley, and
 - a second cable extending from a cable take-up groove in said second pulley to first cable let-out means on said first pulley
 such that draw of said bowstring cable away from said handle lets out bowstring cable from said let-out grooves on said first and second pulleys, rotates on said first and second pulleys around said axes, and lets out portions of said first and second cables from said first and second cable let-out means on said first and second pulleys,
 - wherein at least one of said bowstring let-out grooves and/or at least one of said cable take-up grooves is non-circular.
2. The bow set forth in claim 1 wherein at least one of said first and second let-out means comprises at least one let-out groove.
3. The bow set forth in claim 2 wherein said at least one let-out groove is circular and concentric with the axis of said at least one pulley.
4. The bow set forth in claim 3 wherein said at least one let-out groove comprises a pair of circular let-out grooves disposed on opposite sides of the bowstring let-out groove on said pulley.
5. The bow set forth in claim 4 wherein at least one of said first and second pulleys includes a draw stop adjacent to the cable take-up groove in said pulley for engaging the cable taken up into said groove to arrest draw of said bow, and wherein said draw stop includes a concave abutment face for engaging said cable.
6. The bow set forth in claim 1 wherein at least one of said first and second let-out means comprises at least one post mounted on one of said first and second pulleys offset from the associated axis.
7. The bow set forth in claim 1 wherein, on at least one of said first and second pulleys, said take-up groove and said let-out means are on opposite ends of said bowstring let-out groove.
8. The bow set forth in claim 1 wherein, on at least one of said first and second pulleys, said take-up groove is non-circular.
9. The bow set forth in claim 1 wherein each of said pulleys includes a base having a periphery on which said bowstring let-out grooves are disposed, said bowstring let-

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out grooves on said pulleys being differently dimensioned with respect to the associated axes.

10. The bow set forth in claim 1 wherein at least one of said bowstring let-out grooves is non-circular.

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11. The bow set forth in claim 1 wherein at least one of said cable take-up grooves is non-circular.

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