#### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS TYLER DIVISION

TECHNOLOGY PROPERTIES LIMITED, LLC,	
Plaintiff,	
<b>v.</b>	CASE NO: 6:12 -cv -217
SHUTTLE INC.	JURY TRIAL DEMANDED
and	
SHUTTLE COMPUTER GROUP INC.,	
Defendant.	

### COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT

Plaintiff Technology Properties Limited, LLC files this Complaint against Shuttle Inc. and Shuttle Computer Group Inc. for infringement of U.S. Patent Nos. 7,295,443 and 7,522,424 (collectively, "the Patents-in-Suit").

### THE PARTIES

 Technology Properties Limited, LLC ("TPL") is a California limited liability company with a principal place of business at 20883 Stevens Creek Blvd., Suite 100, Cupertino, California 95014.

2. Defendant Shuttle Inc. is a Taiwanese corporation with a principal place of business at No. 30, Lane 76, Rei Kuang Rd., Nei-Hu Dist., Taipei, Taiwan. Shuttle Inc. can be served at its principal place of business at principal place of business at No. 30, Lane 76, Rei Kuang Rd., Nei-Hu Dist., Taipei, Taiwan.

3. Defendant Shuttle Computer Group Inc. is a California corporation with its principal place of business at 17068 Evergreen Place, City of Industry, California 91745. Shuttle

Computer Group, Inc. can be served via its registered agent at The Corporation Trust Company, Corporation Trust Center, 1209 Orange Street, Wilmington, Delaware 19801.

4. Shuttle Inc. and Shuttle Computer Group Inc. will be referred to herein individually and collectively as "Defendants."

#### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

5. This action arises under the patent laws of the United States, Title 35 of the United States Code, §§ 271 and 281, *et seq.* because Defendants have committed acts of patent infringement within the United States and this judicial district. Accordingly, this Court has subject matter jurisdiction of this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).

6. Personal jurisdiction and venue are proper in this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b), 1391(c) and 1400(b), in that Defendants are subject to personal jurisdiction in this district. At a minimum, Defendants have delivered infringing products into the stream of commerce with the expectation that they will be purchased by consumers in Texas, including consumers in the Eastern District of Texas.

#### <u>COUNT I</u> (INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 7,295,443)

7. TPL incorporates paragraphs 1 through 6 as though fully set forth herein.

8. This cause of action arises under the patent laws of the United States, and in particular, 35 U.S.C. § 271, *et seq*.

9. On November 13, 2007, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued U.S. Patent No. 7,295,443 ("the '433 Patent") entitled "Smartconnect Universal Flash Media Card Adapters," to Sreenath Mambakkam, et al. A copy of the '443 Patent is attached to the Complaint as Exhibit A.

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10. The '443 Patent discloses a multi-media memory adapter. The adapter has a first planar element or portion and a second planar element or portion that define a slot between them for receiving multiple types of flash memory cards. The planar elements or portions comprise molded plastic. The patent further discloses contact pins that extend or protrude from either the top or the bottom of the port (or both); these contact pins allow the port to receive electrical signals from a flash memory card. The patent also discloses a controller chip that maps a set of signal lines to a subset of the contact pins based on the type of flash memory card inserted into the reader.

11. TPL is the exclusive licensee of the '443 Patent, with ownership of all substantial rights in the '443 Patent, including the right to exclude others and to enforce, sue and recover damages for past and future infringement.

12. The '443 Patent is valid, enforceable and was duly issued in full compliance with Title 35 of the United States Code.

13. Without a license or permission from Plaintiff, Defendants have infringed, induced others to infringe, and/or contributorily infringed, literally or under the doctrine of equivalents, at least claims 9, 11, and 14 of the '443 Patent. Defendants did so by importing, making, using, offering to sell, and/or selling products and devices that embody and/or practice the patented invention.

14. Defendants were provided notice of the '443 Patent on December 21, 2007.

15. Defendants provided instructions to its users to use the accused products in an infringing manner with the intent to induce infringement of the '443 Patent.

16. Without limitation, an example of Defendants' infringing products is the XS35V2 and other devices that have the functionality accused herein.

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17. Defendants' infringement of the '443 Patent has caused substantial damage to Plaintiff.

18. Defendants' infringement of the '443 Patent has been willful and deliberate, entitling Plaintiff to enhanced damages and attorneys' fees.

## <u>COUNT II</u> (INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 7,522,424)

19. TPL incorporates paragraphs 1 through 18 as though fully set forth herein.

20. This cause of action arises under the patent laws of the United States, and in particular, 35 U.S.C. § 271, *et seq*.

21. On April 21, 2009, the United States Patent and Trademark Office duly and legally issued U.S. Patent No. 7,522,424 ("the '424 Patent") entitled "Smartconnect Universal Flash Media Card Adapters," to Sreenath Mambakkam, et al. A copy of the '424 Patent is attached to the Complaint as Exhibit B.

22. The '424 Patent discloses an apparatus with a port that has a number of sets of contact pins mounted at locations adapted to interface with the electrical contacts of different types of flash memory cards. The patent also discloses a set of interconnection pins. A component, such as a controller, maps power, ground and/or data signals between the interconnection pins and the proper contact pins, depending on the type of card in the slot.

23. TPL is the exclusive licensee of the '424 Patent, with ownership of all substantial rights in the '424 patent, including the right to exclude others and to enforce, sue and recover damages for past and future infringement.

24. The '424 Patent is valid, enforceable and was duly issued in full compliance with Title 35 of the United States Code.

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25. Without a license or permission from Plaintiff, Defendants have infringed, induced others to infringe, and/or contributorily infringed, literally or under the doctrine of equivalents, at least claims 25, 26, 28, and 29 of the '424 Patent. Defendants did so by importing, making, using, offering to sell, and/or selling products and devices that embody and/or practice the patented invention.

26. Defendants were provided notice of the '424 Patent on May 12, 2009.

27. Defendants provided instructions to its users to use the accused products in an infringing manner with the intent to induce infringement of the '424 Patent.

28. Without limitation, an example of Defendants' infringing products is the XS35V2 and other devices that have the functionality accused herein.

29. Defendants' infringement of the '424 Patent has caused substantial damage to Plaintiff.

30. Defendants' infringement of the '424 Patent has been willful and deliberate,

entitling Plaintiff to enhanced damages and attorneys' fees.

## **DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL**

Pursuant to Rule 38(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff Technology

Properties Limited, LLC demands a trial by jury of this action.

## PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff Technology Properties Limited, LLC prays for relief as follows:

- a. Judgment that one or more claims of the Patents-in-Suit have been infringed, either literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, by Defendants and/or by others to whose infringement Defendants have contributed and/or by others whose infringement has been induced by Defendants;
- b. Enter a permanent injunction enjoining Defendants and their offices, directors, agents, servants, affiliates, employees, divisions, branches, subsidiaries, parents, and all others acting in active concert or participation with them, from infringing

or inducing infringement of each Patent-in-Suit, or, in the alternative, judgment that Defendants account for and pay to Plaintiff a reasonable royalty and an ongoing post judgment royalty because of Defendants' past, present and future infringing activities and other conduct complained of herein;

- c. Judgment that Defendants account for and pay to TPL all damages to and costs incurred by TPL because of Defendants' infringing activities and other conduct complained of herein;
- d. Judgment that Defendants account for and pay to TPL a reasonable, on-going, post judgment royalty because of Defendants' infringing activities and other conduct complained of herein;
- e. That Defendants' infringements be found to be willful from the time that Defendants became aware of the infringing nature of their respective products and services, which is at latest the time of filing of Plaintiff's Complaint and that the Court award treble damages for the period of such willful infringement pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;
- f. That TPL be granted pre-judgment and post-judgment interest on the damages caused by Defendants' infringing activities and other conduct complained of herein;
- g. That this Court declare this an exceptional case and award TPL its reasonable attorney's fees and costs in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 285; and
- h. That TPL be granted such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper under the circumstances.

Dated: March 28, 2012

Respectfully submitted,

# THE SIMON LAW FIRM, PC

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### Attorneys for Plaintiff Technology Properties Limited, LLC