IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS EASTERN DIVISION

FILED

ABBOTT LABORATORIES, an Illinois corporation, FOURNIER INDUSTRIE ET SANTÉ, a French corporation, and LABORATOIRES FOURNIER S.A., a French corporation,	AUG 1 8 2000 MICHAEL W. DOBBINS, CLERK UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
Plaintiffs,	Civil Action No.
vs. NOVOPHARM LIMITED, a corporation of the dominion of Canada,	Judge 000 5094
Defendant.	Jury Trial Demanded CHIEF JUDGE ASPEN

NOTICE OF CLAIM INVOLVING PATENT

Pursuant to Rule LR3.4 of this Court, Plaintiff, Abbott Laboratories, submits this

Notice of Claim Involving Patent for this suit, stating that the parties are:

Abbott Laboratories 100 Abbott Park Road Abbott Park, Illinois 60064-3500;

MAGISTRATE JUDGE LEVIN

Fournier Industrie et Santé 42 Rue de Longvic 21300 Chenôve, France;

Laboratoires Fournier S.A. 42 Rue de Longvic 21300 Chenôve, France;

and

Novopharm Limited 30 Novopharm Court Toronto, Canada M1B 2K9. MOS335000

CH: 1118904v1

The patent upon which this action is brought is U.S. Patent 4,895,726, for which Bernard Curtet, EricTeillaud and Philippe Reginault are the listed inventors.

Date: August 18, 2000

ABBOTT LABORATORIES

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ABBOTT LABORATORIES, an Illinois corporation, FOURNIER INDUSTRIE ET SANTÉ, a French corporation, and LABORATOIRES FOURNIER S.A., a French corporation,) MICHAEL W. DOBBINS, CLERK) UNITED STATES DISTRICT COUR)
Plaintiffs,) Civil Action No. Company Company Com
VS.	
NOVOPHARM LIMITED, a corporation of the dominion of Canada,	CHIEF JUDGE ASPEN Output Discrepance of the control of the contr
·) Jury Trial Demanded
Defendant	MAGISTRATE JUDGE LEVIN
AUG 2 3 2000 COMPLAI	NT

Plaintiffs, Abbott Laboratories, Fournier Industrie et Santé, and Laboratoires Fournier S.A., for their complaint against Defendant, Novopharm Limited, allege as follows:

THE PARTIES

- 1. Abbott Laboratories ("Abbott") is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Illinois, having its headquarters and principal place of business at Abbott Park, Illinois 60064.
- 2. Fournier Industrie et Santé, formerly known as Fournier Innovation et Synergie, and Laboratoires Fournier S.A. (collectively "Fournier") are French corporations having their principal place of business at 42 Rue de Longvic, 21300 Chenôve, France.
- 3. Novopharm Limited ("Novopharm") is a corporation organized under the laws of the dominion of Canada, having its principal place of business at 30 Novopharm Court, Toronto, Canada M1B 2K9, doing business in the United States and in this district, and through

CH: 1118275v2

Case: 1:00-cv-05094 Document #: 1 Filed: 08/18/00 Page 4 of 16 PageID #:4

its wholly-owned subsidiary Novopharm, Inc., located at 165 Commerce Drive, Schaumburg, Illinois 60173.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 4. This Court has jurisdiction over this suit pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1338(a) as it arises under an Act of Congress relating to patents, Title 35, United States Code, §§ 1 et seq.
- 5. Venue properly exists in this judicial district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391 and § 1400(b) in that Novopharm is doing business in this district and therefore resides here.
- 6. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant under 735 ILCS 5/2-209 because it transacts business within the State of Illinois.

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

- 7. Abbott is the exclusive licensee of U.S. Patent No. 4,895,726, ("the '726 patent"). A copy of the '726 patent is attached as Exhibit A.
- 8. The '726 patent, which issued on January 23, 1990, claims, *inter alia*, a novel dosage form of fenofibrate containing fenofibrate and a solid surfactant which have been co-micronized as well as a method for the preparation of this dosage form and its use for improving bioavailability *in vivo*. Fournier is the owner of the '726 patent, which expires on January 19, 2009.
- 9. Fenofibrate is useful as a lipid and cholesterol lowering agent for treatment of adults with increased triglyceride levels.
- 10. Abbott has approval from the United States Food and Drug Administration ("FDA") to market fenofibrate capsules under the name TRICOR®.
- 11. TRICOR® (fenofibrate) is included in the FDA's list of "Approved Drug

 Products With Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations" also known as the "Orange Book."

 Approved drugs may be used as the basis of a later applicant's Abbreviated New Drug

Case: 1:00-cv-05094 Document #: 1 Filed: 08/18/00 Page 5 of 16 PageID #:5

Application ("ANDA") to obtain approval of the ANDA applicant's drug product under provisions of 21 U.S.C. § 355(j).

- 12. The FDA's "Orange Book" also lists patents associated with approved drugs. The '726 patent is listed in the "Orange Book" in association with TRICOR® (fenofibrate).
- 13. Abbott and Fournier received a letter from Novopharm dated July 6, 2000 stating that Novopharm had amended its ANDA, designated as No. 75-753, requesting FDA approval to market a generic version of Abbott's TRICOR® (fenofibrate) capsules in a 200 mg dosage before the expiration of the '726 patent.
- 14. 35 U.S.C. § 271(e)(2) provides that the submission of an application under 21 U.S.C. § 355(j) for a drug claimed in a patent or for a drug use claimed in a patent is an act of infringement if the applicant seeks FDA marketing approval effective prior to the expiration of the patent. Novopharm's submission of an ANDA for approval to sell fenofibrate capsules in a 200 mg dosage prior to the expiration of the '726 patent constitutes an act of infringement of one or more claims of the '726 patent under 35 U.S.C. § 271(e)(2). In addition, Novopharm's generic version of TRICOR® (fenofibrate), for which it has amended its ANDA, infringes one or more claims of the '726 patent.
- 15. Plaintiffs have no adequate remedy at law to redress Novopharm's infringement.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for the following relief:

(a) a judgment that the '726 patent remains valid and enforceable, and is infringed under 35 U.S.C. § 271(e)(2) by Novopharm's filing and amendment of its ANDA No. 75-753;

- (b) an order that the effective date of the approval of ANDA No. 75-753 be subsequent to the expiration date of the '726 patent;
- (c) an injunction prohibiting Novopharm from commercially manufacturing, selling, using, or importing the fenofibrate claimed in the '726 patent or otherwise infringing one or more claims of the '726 patent;
- (d) damages and/or other monetary relief for any commercial manufacture, use or sale of the fenofibrate falling within the scope of one or more claims of the '726 patent by Novopharm;
- (e) an award of Plaintiffs' costs and attorneys' fees pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271(e)(4) and 35 U.S.C. § 285; and,
- (f) such other and further relief as this Court may deem just and proper.

 A TRIAL BY JURY IS DEMANDED FOR ALL COUNTS.

Date: August 18, 2000

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Case: 1:00-cv-05094 Document #: 1 Filed: 08/18/00 Page 8 of 16 PageID #:8

EXHIBIT A

United States Patent [19]

Curtet et al.

[11] Patent Number:

4,895,726

Date of Patent:

Jan. 23, 1990

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[75]	Inventors		4,62 62./1 01'
[73]	Assignee:	Fournier Innovation et Synergie, Paris, France	02:
[21]	Appl No.:	299.073	Primary
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FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

/01649 5/1982 European Pat. Off. . 179583 4/1986 European Pat. Off. . 239541 9/1987 European Pat. Off. .

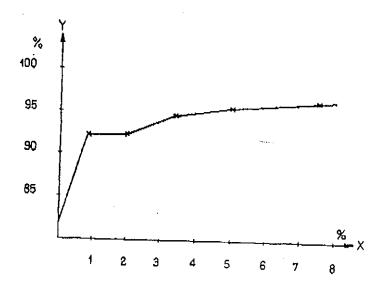
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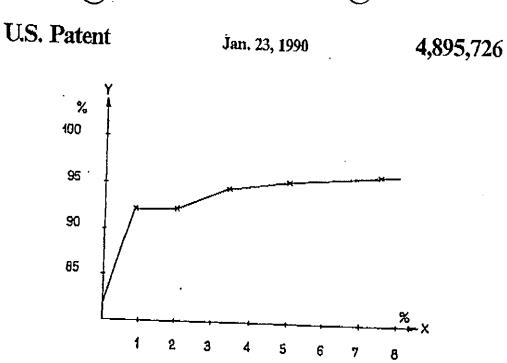
ABSTRACT

escut invention relates to a novel dosage form of rate containing fenofibrate and a solid surfactant have been co-mioronized.

relates to the method for the preparation of this form and its use for improving the bioaveilabity

12 Claims, 1 Drawing Sheet





NOVEL DOSAGE FORM OF PRNOFIBRATE

The present invention relates to a novel design form of fenofibrate. It relates more precisely to a therapeutic 5 composition containing fenofibrate and ensuring an improved biograilability, and to a method for the preparation of this composition.

Fenofibrate (international common name), which is recommended in the treatment of hyperlipidemia and 10 hypercholesterolemia, corresponds to the nomenclature isopropyl 2-(4-(4-chlorobenzoyl)phenoxy)-2-methyl-propionate. The customary adult dosage is three gelatin capsules per day, each containing 100 mg of fenofibrate.

For the patient's comfort, it is advantageous to try 13 and find a desage form which has to be taken only once a day and whose psychological effect is identical to that obtained when multiple doses are taken. A galatin capsule containing 300 mg of fenofibrate has therefore been proposed, the desage recommended in this case being 20 only one administration per day.

However, it is possible to try and improve the desage form still further. It is known, in fact, that the bicavailability of fenofibrate is not equal to 100%. It is therefore desirable to develop a desage form in which the bicavailability of the fenofibrate is improved and which can be administered only once a day.

It is known that the micronization of an active principle is capable of improving the dissolution of the said active principle in vivo, and hence its bioavailability. It 30 is also known that the addition of a surfactant excipient to a formulation of an active principle is capable of improving the absorption and consequently the bioavailability of the said active principle.

It has now been discovered that the co-micronization of fenosibrate and a solid surfactant (i.e. the micronization of an intimate mixture of fenosibrate and a solid surfactant) makes it possible to improve the bioavailability of the fenosibrate to a significantly greater extent than that which would be achieved either by adding a 40 surfactant, or by micronizing the fenosibrate on its own, or by intimately mixing the separately micronized fenosibrate and surfactant.

The present invendon therefore proposes a novel therapeutic composition, presented in the form of gelatin capsules, which is useful especially in the oral treatment of hyperlipidemia and hypercholesterolemia, the said composition containing fenofibrate and a solid surfactant which have been co-micronized.

The recommended amount of fenofibrate is about 200 50 mg per therapeutic unit.

The surfactant will be selected from solid surfactants so that it can be co-micronized with the fenofibrate. An alkali metal sulfate of lauryl alcohol, for example sodium lauryl-sulfate (alternative name: sodium dodeoyl-sulfate), will be preferred. The recommended amount of sodium lauryl-sulfate will be between 0.5% and 7% by weight, relative to the total weight of the formulation. The weight ratio surfactant/fenofibrate will advantageously be between about 0.75/100 and 10.5/100.

The co-micronization of the femofibrate and the solid surfactant will advantageously be carried out in an accelerated air-jet mill until the powder obtained is such that the mean particle size is less than 15 µm, preferably less than 10 µm and particularly preferably less than 5 65 µm.

To obtain a powder which can be formulated into gelatin capsules, conventional filling, dispersing and

flow-enhancing excipients, for example lactose, starch, polyvinylpyrrolident and magnesium stearate, may be added to the co-micronizate of fenofibrate and solid surfactant.

According to the invention, a method for the preparation of a therapentic composition containing fenofibrate and a solid surfactant is recommended which comprises:

 intimately mixing and then co-micronizing the fenolibrate and the solid surfactant,

(ii) adding lactose and starch to the mixture obtained,
 (iii) converting the whole to granules in the presence of water,

(iv) drying the granules until they contain no more than 1% of water.

(v) grading the granules,

(vi) adding polyvinylpyrrolidone and magnesium stearate to the graded granules, and

(vii) filling golatin capsules with the mixture obtained in stage (vi).

The invention will be understood more clearly from the description of the Preparative Examples which follow and from the description of the results obtained in comparative tests, which show that the invention is non-obvious.

PREPARATION I

For 100,000 gelatin capsules, each weighing 350 mg and containing 200 mg of fenofibrate, the amounts of products used are as follows:

icus Ebrata sodiam leuryi-ruifeto o-lactose monohydrata pregelatinized starch crossilated polyvinyi-	20.0 kg 0.7 kg t0.1 kg 1.0 kg
pycrolidose magnetium elektric	0.7 kg 0.5 kg

The fenofibrate/sodium lauryl-sulfate mixture is comicronized in an air-jet micronizer to give a powder with a median partizle size of 3 µm. The lactose and the starch are then added to this powder and the whole is converted to granules in the presence of 8.9% of distilled water, relative to the total weight of the mixture. The granules obtained in this way are dried for one day at 50° C. and then graded so as to retain only the particles with sizes less than or equal to 1000 µm. The polyvinylpytrolidone and the magnesium stearate are then added and the whole is mixed until homogeneous. The powder obtained is used to fill size I gelatin capsules on an automatic machine with the compression set to a maximum of 150N.

PREPARATION II

The procedure indicated in Preparation I is followed using a fenofibrate/sodium lauryl-sulfate mixture with a median particle size of 6-7 μ m.

PREPARATION III

For 100,000 size 1 gelatin capsules, each weighing 297 mg and containing 200 mg of active principle, the amounts of products are as follows:

Coofibrate	20.0 kg
ecdium lancyl-sulfate	0.3 kg.
a-lactose monohydrate	6.8 kg
pregelationized starch	1.5 kg

-continued	
crosslinked polyvinyl-	
pyrrolidone	0.6 kg
erranquimi stretate	0.5 kg

The procedure is analogous to that used for Preparation I, the co-micronization of the fenofibrate/sodium lawyl-sulfate mixture being such that the median particle size is $6-7~\mu m$ and the granulation being carried out in the presence of 10% of distilled water, relative to the weight of the fenofibrate/sodium lawyl-sulfate/ixc-tose/starch mixture.

PREPARATION IV

Following a procedure analogous to that described in Preparation I, using a co-micronized mixture of fenofibrate and sodium lancyl-sulfate with a median particle size of 6-7 µm, the formulations collated in Table I below were prepared:

Table (COMPOSITION (w mg) PER GRIATIN CAPSULE **FORMULATION** INGREDIENT Ħ C D E Fenofibrace 200 200 200 200 200 200 Na lauryl-mitate 0 12 95 26.5 83.5 17.5 Lactore TO\$ 103 101 90,5 Starch 30 7 30 30 30 7 30 30 Polyvlaylpyrrolidene Mg steamte Percentage of Na 91.0 7.53 haryl-milace

Taking these formulations, the dissolution curve shown in FIG. 1 was plotted, the percentage of dissolved fenofibrate (Y) being given as a function of the percentage of sodium lauryl-sulfate contained in the formulation (X). The dissolution kinetics are determined, as specified in the European Pharmacopocis, using a rotating-vane apparatus, the cluent consisting of water and 0.1M sodium lauryl-sulfate. The fenofibrate is determined by UV spectrophotometry at 282 nm. The curve in FIG. 1 is given by the values obtained after 20 minutes.

These results show that 82% of fenofibrate is dissolved at a sodium lauryl-sulfate concentration of 0%, 87% of fenofibrate is dissolved at a concentration of 0.5%, 92% of fenofibrate is dissolved at a concentration of 1% and a maximum dissolution of 95 to 96% of fenofibrate is obtained as from a sodium lauryl-sulfate 50 concentration of 4%.

The dissolution curves were also plotted, in a continuous-flow cell with a flow rate of 20 ml/min of 0.1M sodium lauryl-sulfate, for formulations containing comicronized fenofibrate and sodium lauryl-sulfate 55 (NaLS), by comparison with micronized fenofibrate and with formulations obtained by intimately mixing separately micronized fenofibrate and lauryl-sulfate. The comparison is made by means of T 50%, i.e. the time required for 50% of the fenofibrate to dissolve. 60 The results obtained are collated in Table II below:

TABLE II

VALUE OF THE T 50% TIMES (a minutes)

INGREDIENTS A B C

Micronized pure 37.165 37.165 0

[canofibrate + 1% 18.01 5.62 -32.14]

TABLE II-continued

VALUE OF THE T 50% TIMES (to calcutes)					
INGREDIENTS	A	B			
Femotheris + 3% of NaLS	23.75	12.61	-46.62		
Fractions: + 1% of NaL3 -	20.35	11.425	-43.16		
Fenofibrate + 7% of NaLS	14.5	10.76	25.79		

A difference of intercontration

B co-microschonics of the animuse of ingreetiess

C variation X 200 (to %)

These results show that the T 50% of the fenofibrate is very significantly reduced (honce the dissolution rate of the fenofibrate is very significantly increased) when the fenofibrate and the sodium larryl-sulfate are co-micronized, compared with the mixture of separately micronized fenofibrate and sodium larryl-sulfate and compared with fenofibrate alone.

The dissolution rate of fonofibrate is correlated with the bioavailability of fenofibrate, which increases with the dissolution rate. The above results shown that it was not within the understanding of those skilled in the art to prepare a therapeutic composition characterized by the co-micronization of fenofibrate and a solid surfactant.

These results have been confirmed in clinical trials. Fenofibrate was administered to groups of healthy subjects, (a) in the form of a single administration (1 getatin capsule) of 300 mg of non-micronized fenofibrate (marketed under the tradename "LIPANTHYL 300") and (b) in the form of a single administration of 200 mg of co-micronized fenofibrate obtained according to Preparation III described above. Blood samples are taken from the subjects at regular intervals and one of the active metabolites—2.[4-(4-chlorobenzoyl)phenoxy]-2-methylpropionic acid—is determined. The curve showing the concentration of this metabolite as a function of time is plotted and the area under the curve [AUC(O-co)], expressed in mg/l.h, is calculated.

The results obtained are shown in Table III below:

		TABLE III	
•	BIOAVAILABILITY PARAMETER	FENOFIBRATE 200 mg (1)	FENOFIBRATE 300 mg (2)
l	AUC(0-w)(mg/1.h) C mex (m/l) t max (h) t (h)	174.15 ± 48.67 10.86 ± 2.13 5.97 ± 2.50 15.13 ± 4.27	168.85 ± 57.68 10.39 ± 2.89 5.52 ± 1.70 17.79 ± 8.77

(1) co-microsized (coothersts (200 mg) (2) and suicrosized (coothersts (200 mg)

The results in Table III show that there is not a statistically significant difference between the in vivo bioavailability of 200 mg of co-micronized scuosibrate according to the invention and 300 mg of non-micronized scuosibrate (which is currently the preferred dosage form for a single daily administration). In other words, co-micronized senosibrate at a 200 mg dose is bioequivalent to non-micronized senosibrate at a 300 mg dose

According to another aspect of the invention, a method for improving the bioavailability of fenofibrate in vivo is recommended, the said method comprising co-micronization of the fenofibrate and a solid surfactant, the said co-micronization being carried out by

4,895,726

micronization of a fenofibrate/solid surfactant mixture until the perticle size of the powder obtained is less than 15 μm and preferably less than or equal to 5 μm . What is claimed is:

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1. A therapeutic composition, which is presented in the form of gelatin capanies and which is useful especially in the oral treatment of hyperlipidemia and hypercholesterolemia, said composition containing a comicronized mixture of particles of fenofibrate and a solid surfactant, wherein the mean particle size of said co-micronized mixture is less than 15 µm.

2. The therapeutic composition according to claim 1 wherein the weight ratio surfactant/fenolibrate is between about 0.75/100 and 10.5/100.

3. The therapeutic composition according to claim I wherein the amount of fenofibrate is equal to 200 mg per therapeutic unit.

4. The therapeutic composition according to claim 1, wherein the solid surfactant is sodium lauryl-sulfate.

The therapeutic composition according to claim 4. wherein the amount of sodium lanryl-sulfate is between 25 size of the powder obtained is less than 15 µm. 0.5 and 7% by weight, relative to the total weight of the formulation.

6. The therapeutic composition according to claim 1, wherein said mean particle size is less than or equal to 30 said particle size is less than or equal to 5 µm. 10 µm and said solid surfactant is sodium levryl-sulfate.

7. The therapeutic composition according to claim 1. which also contains excipients such as dispersants, fillers and flow enhancers.

8. A method for the manufacture of a therapeutic composition according to claim 1, which comprises:

(i) intimately mixing and then co-micronizing the fenolibrate and a solid surfactant.

(ii) adding lactose and starch to the mixture obtained, (iii) converting the whole to granules in the presence of water,

(iv) drying the granules until they contain no more than 1% of water,

(v) grading the granules,

(vi) adding polyvinylpyrrolidone and magnesium stearate, and

(vii) filling gelatin capsules.

9. The method according to claim 8, wherein the mean particle size of the co-micronized fenofibrate and sodium lauryl-sulfate is less than 15 µm.

10. A method for improving the bioavailability of senofibrate in vivo, which comprises co-micronization of the fenofibrate and a solid surfactant, the said comicronization being carried out by micronization of a fenofibrate/solid surfactant mixture until the particle

11. A method for treatment of hyperlipidemia or hypercholesterolemia comprising orally administering the therapoutic composition of claim 6 to a petient.

12. The method of treatment of claim 11, wherein

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JS 44 (Rev. 12/96)

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

CIVIL COVER SHEET

by law, except as provided I of the Clerk of Court for the	by local rules of court. Th	is form, approved b	bv the .	Judicial Conference of the	United States in Septem	ings or other papers as require about 1974, is required for the us
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110 Insurance 120 Marine 120 Marine 130 Miller Act 140 Negotlable Instrument 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment 151 Medicare Act 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excl. Veterans) 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits 160 Stockholders' Suits 190 Other Contract 195 Contract Product Liability REAL PROPERTY 210 Land Condemnation 220 Foreclosure 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment 240 Torts to Land 245 Tort Product Liability 290 All Other Real Property	PERSONAL INJURY 310 Airplane 315 Airplane Product Liability 320 Assault, Libel & Slander 330 Federal Employers Liability 340 Marine 345 Marine Product Liability 355 Motor Vehicle 355 Motor Vehicle 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability 360 Ciher Personal Injury CIVIL RIGHTS 441 Voting 442 Employment 443 Housing/ Accommodations 444 Welfare 440 Other Civil Rights N (CITE THE U.S. CIVIL STAT DO NOT CITE JURISDICT gement pursuant	IONAL STATUTES UNLES	rice y y y y y y y y y y y y y y y y y y		□ 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 □ 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 PROPERTY RIGHTS □ 820 Copyrights № 830 Pateni □ 840 Trademark SOCIAL SECURITY □ 861 HIA (1395ff) □ 862 Black Lung (923) □ 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) □ 864 SSID Tills XVI □ 865 RSI (405(g)) FEDERAL TAX SUITS □ 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) □ 871 IRS — Third Party 26 USC 7609 NT OF CAUSE	□ 895 Freedom of Information Act □ 900 Appeal of Fee Determination
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT	CHECK IF THIS IS UNDER F.R.C.P. 2	S A CLASS ACTIO	ON	DEMAND \$	CHECK YES	only if demanded in complaint AND: XYES ☐ NO
DATE August 18, 20	is not a refiling of a is a refiling of case	•	0	previously dismissed by	Judge	-

UN_ED STATES DISTRICT COU_ NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS

In the Matter of

Abbott Laboratories, Fournier Industrie et Santé and Laboratoires Fournier S.A. v. Novopharm Limited

Case Number:

APPEARANCES ARE HEREBY	FILEI	D BY	THE	UNDE	(SIGNED AS ATTORNET(S) TO	7. 2. 3.	, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	<u>ی</u>	
Abbott Laboratories				~	HER HUDGE ASPER				
					JDGE LEVIN				
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NAME James A. White	7				NAME (Daniel E) Reidy)_
FIRM Jones, Day, Reavis & Pogue	N. S.		• • • • •		Jones, Day, Reavis & Pogue				<u></u>
STREET ADDRESS 77 West Wacker Drive	, Suit	e 350	0		STREET ADDRESS 77 West Wacker Driv	e, Suite	e 3500)	
CITY/STATE/ZIP Chicago, Illinois 60601					City/State/ZIP Chicago, Illinois 60601	-1692			
TELEPHONE NUMBER (312) 782-3939					TELEPHONE NUMBER (312) 782-3939				
IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (SEE ITEM 4 ON REVERSE) 6	19022	25			IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (SEE ITEM 4 ON REVERSE) 02306948				
MEMBER OF TRIAL BAR?	YES	⊠	NO		MEMBER OF TRIAL BAR?	YES	Ø	NO	
TRIAL ATTORNEY?	YES	⊠	NO		TRIAL ATTORNEY?	YES	×	МО	
					DESIGNATED AS LOCAL COUNSEL?	YES		МО	X
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NAME Tina M. Tabacchi	<u>- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</u>				NAME Timothy J. Heverin		10	Mo .	
FIRM Jones, Day, Reavis & Pogue					FIRM Jones, Day, Reavis & Pogue				
street address 77 West Wacker Driv	e. Sui	 ite 35	00		STREET ADDRESS 77 West Wacker Dri	ve, Sui	te 350)0	
CITY/STATE/ZIP Chicago, Illinois 60601-1692				CITY/STATE/ZIP Chicago, Illinois 60601-1692					
TELEPHONE NUMBER (312) 782-3939					TELEPHONE NUMBER (312) 782-3939				
IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (SEE ITEM 4 ON REVERSE)	62109	61	···		IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (SEE ITEM 4 ON REVERSE)	62531	07		
MEMBER OF TRIAL BAR?	YES		NO	<u> </u>	MEMBER OF TRIAL BAR?	YES		NO	Ø
TRIAL ATTORNEY?	YES	⊠	МО		TRIAL ATTORNEY?	YES	×	МО	
DESIGNATED AS LOCAL COUNSEL?	YES		NO	×	DESIGNATED AS LOCAL COUNSEL?	YES		NO	⊠
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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS

In the Matter of
ABBOTT LABORATORIES, et al.
Plaintiffs,

Case Number: 0 0

OC 5094

NOVOPHARM LIMITED,

APPEARANCES ARE HEREBY FILED BY THE UNDERSIGNED AS ATTORNEY(S) FOR:

Plaintiffs Fourn	ier Industr		and Laboratoires Four	rnier S.A.	
			CHIEF JUDGE ASPEN		
			CHIEF JUDGE ASI DE LEVIN		
	(4)	MAGI		(A)	
Gracey Z	Wolfe		SIGNATURE	<u> </u>	·
Tracey L. Wolf	7		NAME	0 3	manus.
FFM			FFM		a .
Clark & DeGran			STREET ADDRESS	111300	
One South Wack		e 1495	CITY/STATE/ZIP	AGG 2 3 201	00 1
Chicago, Illino	ois 60606		TELEPHONE NUMBER	MOS A	
(312) 425-0500 DENTFICATION NUMBER (SEE IT					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
6256877		·	DEXIFICATION NUMBER (SEE ITEM	4 ON REVERSE)	
MEMBER OF TRIAL BAR?	λε\$ □	₩0 [X]	MEMBER OF TRIAL BAR?	YES 🔲	₩ 🔲
TRALATIONNEY	YES 🔲	NO 🔯	TRALATIONEY?	YES 🔲	MO []
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			DESIGNATED AS LOCAL COUNSEL?	YES 🔲	₩ 🗆
	(C)				
SIGNATURE	(~)		SIGNATURE	D)	
NAME		18 · 	MME		
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MEMBER OF TRIAL BAR?	YES 🔲	₩ 🔲	MEMBER OF TRAL BAR?	YES	₩ 🔲
TRALATICANEY?	YES 🔲	₩□	TRALATTORNEY?		
DESIGNATED AS LOCAL COUNSEL?				AER 🗆	№ 🗆
CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR	YES 🔲	₩ 🗆	DESIGNATED AS LOCAL COUNSEL?	YES 🔲	₩ 🗆

PLEASE COMPLETE IN ACCORDANCE WITH INSTRUCTIONS ON REVERSE.

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