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8	Attorneys for Plaintiff	DISTRICT COURT 33
9	UNITED STATES	DISTRICT COURT 🚆 🗒
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12	THE TAWNSAURA GROUP, LLC,	Case No. SACV12-1396 SJO(AGRx)
13	Plaintiff,	FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT
14	vs.	JURY TRIAL DEMANDED
15	SERIOUS NUTRITION SOLUTIONS, LLC,	JUNI TRIAL DEMANDED
16	Defendant	
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FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT

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Plaintiff The Tawnsaura Group, LLC ("Plaintiff") hereby alleges for its First Amended Complaint against Serious Nutrition Solutions, LLC ("Defendant"), on personal knowledge as to its own activities and on information and belief as to the activities of others, as follows:

I. THE PARTIES

- 1. Plaintiff is a limited liability company organized and existing under the laws of Nevada, with a registered office at 50 West Liberty Street, Suite 1100, Reno. Nevada 89501.
- Plaintiff is the owner and assignee of United States Patent No. 5,874,471 2. ("the '471 patent") titled "Orthomolecular Medical Use of L-Citrulline for Vasoprotection, Relaxative Smooth Muscle Tone and Cell Protection," and United States Patent No. 6,028,107 ("the '107 patent") titled "Orthomolecular Medical Use of L-Citrulline for Vasoprotection, Relaxative Smooth Muscle Tone and Cell Protection," and Plaintiff licenses the '471 patent and the '107 patent to at least one third-party and is in negotiations to license the patents to numerous other parties.
- 3. Upon information and belief, Defendant Serious Nutrition Solutions, LLC is a company organized and existing under the laws of Virginia with a principal place of business at 3801 U.S. Highway 29 in Danville, Virginia, 24540-1421.

II. **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

- 4. This is an action for patent infringement arising under the patent laws of the United States, Title 35 of the United States Code. Accordingly, this Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1338, and 1367.
 - 5. Venue is proper in this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391 and 1400.
- This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant. Defendant, directly 6. through intermediaries (including distributors, retailers, and others), ships, distributes, offers for sale, sells, and advertises its nutritional supplement products in the United States, the State of California, and the Central District of California, including the product "Citrulline Malate." Defendant has purposefully and voluntarily

placed the product Citrulline Malate into the stream of commerce with the expectation that it will be purchased in the Central District of California.

III. THE DEFENDANT'S INFRINGING PRODUCT

- 7. The label and/or advertisements for Defendant's product "Citrulline Malate" state that the product contains, <u>inter alia</u>, the ingredient "Citrulline Malate" (3 grams per serving) used for "enhancing pumps and cell volumization." The product "Citrulline Malate" contains the ingredient l-citrulline.
- 8. As set forth herein, this product infringes the claimed methods of the '471 patent and the '107 patent, and is therefore referred to herein as "the product that infringes the claimed methods."
- 9. Defendant has committed the tort of patent infringement within the State of California, and more particularly, within the Central District of California, by virtue of the fact that Defendant has shipped, distributed, offered for sale, sold, and advertised, and continues to ship, distribute, offer for sale, sell, and advertise the product that infringes the claimed methods in this District.

IV. THE DEFENDANT'S INFRINGEMENTS

10. Defendant's employees, agents, representatives and other persons sponsored by or who endorse Defendant and Defendant's products in advertising and marketing activities, have taken, used, and orally administered the product that infringes the claimed methods which has the effect, without limitation, of increasing the plasma level of arginine in the persons taking the product from a low or normal fasting level to a level which is up to three times an average overnight fasting level and increasing the plasma concentration of arginine in the persons taking the product from a low or normal fasting concentration to a level which is up to three times an average overnight fasting arginine level of about 90 mu.mole per liter of plasma. These persons included persons who, without limitation, were in good health, were in a condition of increased or continuing brain or neural activities, or were in a condition of increased or continuing muscular activities. Defendant has encouraged and/or is aware of these

persons' oral administration of the product that infringes the claimed methods for these purposes, and these persons are acting under Defendant's direction and control. Therefore, Defendant practices the methods as set forth in the '471 patent and the '107 patent and is a direct infringer of the patents.

- also direct infringers of the '471 patent and the '107 patent, because they have taken, used, and orally administered the product that infringes the claimed methods which has the effect, without limitation, of increasing the plasma level of arginine in the persons taking the product from a low or normal fasting level to a level which is up to three times an average overnight fasting level and/or increasing the plasma concentration of arginine in the persons taking the product from a low or normal fasting concentration to a level which is up to three times an average overnight fasting arginine level of about 90 mu mole per liter of plasma. These persons included persons who, without limitation, were in good health, were in a condition of increased or continuing brain or neural activities, or were in a condition of increased or continuing muscular activities. Therefore, they practice the methods as set forth in the '471 patent and the '107 patent.
- 12. Defendant's labels and advertising for the product that infringes the claimed methods explain the elements and essential elements of the methods disclosed in the '471 patent and the '107 patent to end-users and encourage, urge, and induce the product's end-users to purchase and orally administer the product to practice those methods, and end-users do practice those methods. Defendant has therefore specifically intended to cause these end-users to directly infringe the claimed methods of the patents, and has urged them to do so.
- 13. Defendant's product that infringes the claimed methods is not suitable for non-infringing uses, and none of Defendant's labels or advertisements for the product disclose any uses for the product nor for the citrulline in the product that do not infringe upon the methods disclosed in the '471 patent and the '107 patent. The inclusion of the

citrulline content in the product is, in fact, material to practicing the methods disclosed in the '471 patent and the '107 patent.

- 14. Defendant has knowledge that its product that infringes the claimed methods is especially adapted by end-users of the product for the practicing of the methods disclosed in the '471 patent and '107 patent, and, indeed, Defendant encourages, urges, and induces the product's end-users to purchase and orally administer the product to practice those methods, and has done so in the past.
- 15. Defendant has intentionally and knowingly induced, encouraged, and urged end-users of the product that infringes the claimed methods to purchase and orally administer the product for the purpose, without limitation, of increasing the plasma level of arginine in the persons taking the product from a low or normal fasting level to a level which is up to three times an average overnight fasting level and increasing the plasma concentration of arginine in the persons taking the product from a low or normal fasting concentration to a level which is up to three times an average overnight fasting arginine level of about 90 mu.mole per liter of plasma, including by end-users who, without limitation, were in good health, were in a condition of increased or continuing brain or neural activities, or were in a condition of increased or continuing muscular activities.
- 16. On information and belief, Defendant had actual, first-hand knowledge of the '471 patent and the '107 patent as early as the time Defendant launched the product that infringes the claimed methods in the marketplace. Defendant employs and engages sophisticated, experienced legal counsel with expertise in patent law. Defendant, through its counsel, conducts or should conduct due diligence on the potential for Defendant's products to infringe on patents and knew or should have known that the product that infringes the claimed methods actually infringes or could infringe on the '471 patent and '107 patent, but Defendant decided to infringe the patents anyway or ignored the risk of infringement.

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- 17. In the alternative, Plaintiff pleads that Defendant subjectively believed at the time Defendant launched the product that infringes the claimed methods in the marketplace that there is or was a high probability of the fact that patents existed that covered the use of citrulline as in the products, and that Defendant took deliberate actions to avoid confirming that fact, including not conducting due diligence as to potential patent infringements. Defendant therefore willfully blinded itself to the infringing nature of its sales of the product that infringes the claimed methods.
- 18. At a minimum, Defendant became aware of the '471 patent and the '107 patent at the time of the filing of the initial Complaint in this matter and the receipt of Plaintiff's counsel's letter regarding the suit. Defendant has not ceased its own direct infringement, contributory infringement, or inducement of infringements by end-users despite such knowledge.
- 19. The earliest exact date Defendant obtained knowledge of the '471 patent and the '107 patent is within the exclusive possession and control of Defendant. However, Defendant specifically induces end-users to use its product, and particularly the citrulline component in the product, for getting "pumps" and increasing muscle volume, and Defendant knows and intends that end-users achieve those objectives by practicing the methods as set forth in the '471 and '107 patents. This is why Defendant includes citrulline in its product - for the purposes of improving of the health of endusers to increase the plasma level of arginine in end-users to a level from a low or normal fasting level to a level which is up to three times an average overnight fasting level, and improving the health of end-users to increase the plasma concentration of arginine in the subject to a level from a low or normal fasting concentration to a level which is up to three times an average overnight fasting arginine level of about 90 mu.mole per liter of plasma – and Defendant knows that end-users purchase and ingest the product, and particularly the citrulline content of the product, for those purposes. Defendant's infringing activities have not stopped despite its knowledge of the patents' existence.

V. FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

Infringement of U.S. Patent No. 5,874,471

- 20. Plaintiff repeats and re-alleges the allegations of the foregoing paragraphs of this First Amended Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
- 21. Defendant has in the past and still is literally infringing or infringing under the doctrine of equivalents, directly and indirectly through contributory and/or induced infringement, one or more claims of the '471 patent by making, using, selling, and offering for sale nutritional supplements embodying the patented invention, and will continue to do so unless enjoined by this Court.
- 22. The claims of the '471 patent infringed by Defendant include claims 1, 2, 20, 21, 26, 27, 28, and 29.
- 23. Examples of Defendant's direct infringement includes, without limitation, the fact that Defendant's employees, agents, representatives and other persons sponsored by or who endorse Defendant and Defendant's products in advertising and marketing activities, have taken, used, and orally administered the product that infringes the claimed methods which has the effect, without limitation, of increasing the plasma level of arginine in the persons taking the product from a low or normal fasting level to a level which is up to three times an average overnight fasting level. These persons included persons who, without limitation, were in good health, were in a condition of increased or continuing brain or neural activities, or were in a condition of increased or continuing muscular activities. Defendant has encouraged and/or is aware of these persons' oral administration of the product that infringes the claimed methods for these purposes, these persons are acting under Defendant's direction and control, and therefore Defendant is directly practicing the methods set forth in the '471 patent.
- 24. End-users of Defendant's product that infringes the claimed methods are also direct infringers of the '471 patent, because they have taken, used, and orally administered the product that infringes the claimed methods which has the effect, without limitation, of increasing the plasma level of arginine in the persons taking the

product from a low or normal fasting level to a level which is up to three times an average overnight fasting level. These persons included persons who, without limitation, were in good health, were in a condition of increased or continuing brain or neural activities, or were in a condition of increased or continuing muscular activities. Therefore, they practice the methods as set forth in the '471 patent.

- 25. Defendant's labels and advertising for the product that infringes the claimed methods explain the elements or essential elements of the methods disclosed in the '471 patent to end-users and encourage, urge, and induce the products' end-users to purchase and orally administer the products to practice those methods. Defendant's product that infringes the claimed methods is not suitable for non-infringing uses, and none of Defendant's labels or advertisements for the product disclose any uses for the relevant ingredients in the product that have a use that does not infringe upon the methods disclosed in the '471 patent. Defendant has knowledge that its product that infringes the claimed methods is especially adapted by end-users of the product for the practicing of the method disclosed in the '471 patent, as Defendant encourages, urges, and induces the product's end-users to purchase and orally administer the product to practice those methods, and has done so in the past. Defendant therefore is liable for contributory infringement of one or more claims of the '471 patent.
- 26. Defendant has intentionally and knowingly induced, encouraged, and urged end-users of the product that infringes the claimed methods to purchase and orally administer the product for the purpose, without limitation, of increasing the plasma level of arginine in the persons taking the product from a low or normal fasting level to a level which is up to three times an average overnight fasting level, including by end-users who, without limitation, were in good health, were in a condition of increased or continuing brain or neural activities, or were in a condition of increased or continuing muscular activities. On information and belief, Defendant had actual, first-hand knowledge of the '471 patent as early as the time Defendant launched the product that infringes the claimed methods in the marketplace. In the alternative, and on

- 27. Defendant's activities have been without express or implied license by Plaintiff.
- 28. The infringement by Defendant has been and continues to be willful, since the infringement has not ceased, particularly after the filing of the initial suit in this matter.
- 29. As a result of Defendant's acts of infringement, Plaintiff has suffered and will continue to suffer damages in an amount to be proved at trial.
- 30. As a result of Defendant's acts of infringement, Plaintiff has been and will continue to be irreparably harmed by Defendant's infringement and inducement, which will continue unless Defendant is enjoined by this Court.
- 31. Plaintiff believes that Defendant's past infringement and/or continuing infringement has been deliberate and willful, and that this case is therefore an exceptional case, which warrants an award of treble damages and attorneys' fees in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 285.

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VI. <u>SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION</u>

Infringement of U.S. Patent No. 6,028,107

- 32. Plaintiff repeats and re-alleges the allegations of the foregoing paragraphs of this First Amended Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
- 33. Defendant has in the past and still is literally infringing or infringing under the doctrine of equivalents, directly and indirectly through contributory and/or induced infringement, one or more claims of the '107 patent by making, using, selling, and offering for sale nutritional supplements embodying the patented invention, and will continue to do so unless enjoined by this Court.
- 34. The claims of the '107 patent infringed by Defendant include claims 1, 2, 15, 16, 18, and 19.
- 35. Examples of Defendant's direct infringement includes, without limitation, the fact that Defendant's employees, agents, representatives and other persons sponsored by or who endorse Defendant and Defendant's products in advertising and marketing activities, have taken, used, and orally administered the product that infringes the claimed methods which has the effect, without limitation, of increasing the plasma concentration of arginine in the persons taking the product from a low or normal fasting concentration to a level which is up to three times an average overnight fasting arginine level of about 90 mu.mole per liter of plasma. These persons included persons who, without limitation, were in good health, were in a condition of increased or continuing brain or neural activities, or were in a condition of increased or continuing muscular activities. Defendant has encouraged and/or is aware of these persons' oral administration of the product that infringes the claimed methods for these purposes, these persons are acting under Defendant's direction and control, and therefore Defendant is directly practicing the methods set forth in the '107 patent.
- 36. End-users of Defendant's product that infringes the claimed methods are also direct infringers of the '107 patent, because they have taken, used, and orally administered the product that infringes the claimed methods which has the effect,

without limitation, of increasing the plasma concentration of arginine in the persons taking the product from a low or normal fasting concentration to a level which is up to three times an average overnight fasting arginine level of about 90 mu.mole per liter of plasma. These persons included persons who, without limitation, were in good health, were in a condition of increased or continuing brain or neural activities, or were in a condition of increased or continuing muscular activities. Therefore, they practice the methods as set forth in the '107 patent.

- 37. Defendant's labels and advertising for the product that infringes the claimed methods explain the elements or essential elements of the methods disclosed in the '107 patent to end-users and encourage, urge, and induce the products' end-users to purchase and orally administer the products to practice those methods. Defendant's product that infringes the claimed methods is not suitable for non-infringing uses, and none of Defendant's labels or advertisements for the product disclose any uses for the relevant ingredients in the product that have a use that does not infringe upon the methods disclosed in the '107 patent. Defendant has knowledge that its product that infringes the claimed methods is especially adapted by end-users of the product for the practicing of the method disclosed in the '107 patent, as Defendant encourages, urges, and induces the product's end-users to purchase and orally administer the product to practice those methods, and has done so in the past. Defendant therefore is liable for contributory infringement of one or more claims of the '107 patent.
- 38. Defendant has intentionally and knowingly induced, encouraged, and urged end-users of the product that infringes the claimed methods to purchase and orally administer the product for the purpose, without limitation, of increasing the plasma concentration of arginine in the persons taking the product from a low or normal fasting concentration to a level which is up to three times an average overnight fasting arginine level of about 90 mu.mole per liter of plasma, including by end-users who, without limitation, were in good health, were in a condition of increased or continuing brain or neural activities, or were in a condition of increased or continuing muscular

activities. On information and belief, Defendant had actual, first-hand knowledge of 1 the '107 patent as early as the time Defendant launched the product that infringes the 2 claimed methods in the marketplace. In the alternative, and on information and belief, 3 Plaintiff pleads that Defendant subjectively believed at the time Defendant launched the 4 product that infringes the claimed methods in the marketplace that there is or was a 5 high probability of the fact that patents existed that covered the use of citrulline as in 6 the product that infringes the claimed methods, and that Defendant took deliberate actions to avoid confirming that fact. Defendant therefore willfully blinded itself to the infringing nature of its sales of the product that infringes the claimed methods. At a minimum, Plaintiff pleads that Defendant became aware of the '107 patent at the time of the filing of the initial Complaint in this matter and the issuance of a correspondence from Plaintiff's counsel regarding the suit. Defendant has not ceased its contributory infringement or inducement of infringements by end-users despite such knowledge. Defendant is therefore liable for induced infringement of one or more of claims of the '107 patent.

- 39. Defendant's activities have been without express or implied license by Plaintiff.
- 40. The infringement by Defendant has been and continues to be willful, since the infringement has not ceased, particularly after the filing of the initial suit in this matter.
- As a result of Defendant's acts of infringement, Plaintiff has suffered and will continue to suffer damages in an amount to be proved at trial.
- 42. As a result of Defendant's acts of infringement, Plaintiff has been and will continue to be irreparably harmed by Defendant's infringement and inducement, which will continue unless Defendant is enjoined by this Court.
- Plaintiff believes that Defendant's past infringement and/or continuing infringement has been deliberate and willful, and that this case is therefore an

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exceptional case, which warrants an award of treble damages and attorneys' fees in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 285.

VII. PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for entry of judgment against Defendant as follows:

- 1. A declaration that Defendant has infringed the '471 patent and the '107 patent under 35 U.S.C. §§ 271 et seq.;
- 3. That injunctions, preliminary and permanent, be issued by this Court restraining Defendant, its respective officers, agents, servants, directors, and employees, and all persons in active concert or participation with each, from directly or indirectly infringing, or inducing or contributing to the infringement by others of, the '471 patent and the '107 patent;
- 4. That Defendant be required to provide to Plaintiff an accounting of all gains, profits, and advantages derived by Defendant's infringement of the '471 patent and the '107 patent, and that Plaintiff be awarded damages adequate to compensate Plaintiff for the wrongful infringing acts by Defendant, in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 284;
- 5. That the damages awarded to Plaintiff with regard to the '471 patent and the '107 patent be increased up to three times, in view of Defendant's willful infringement, in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 284;
- 6. That this case be declared to be exceptional in favor of Plaintiff under 35 U.S.C. § 285, and that Plaintiff be awarded its reasonable attorneys' fees and other expenses incurred in connection with this action;
- 7. That Plaintiff be awarded its interest and costs of suit incurred in this action;
 - 8. Compensatory damages;
 - 9. Punitive damages; and

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1	10. That Plaintiff be awarded such other and further relief as this Court may	
2	deem just and proper.	
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4		Respectfully submitted.
5		Respectfully submitted, NEWPORT TRIAL GROUP A Professional Corporation
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7	Dated: October <u>15</u> , 2012	By: Tyler/J. Woods
8		By: Tylerff. Woods Attorneys for Plaintiff
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DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 38(b), Plaintiff hereby demands a jury trial for all issues in this case that properly are subject to a jury trial. Respectfully submitted, NEWPORT TRIAL GROUP A Professional Corporation Dated: October 15, 2012

NAME, ADDRESS AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF ATTORNEY(S)

Tyler J Woods, Bar No. 232464

Scott J Ferrell, Bar No. 202091 NEWPORT TRIAL GROUP	
895 Dove Street, Suite 425, Newport Beach, CA 92660	
UNITED STATES I CENTRAL DISTRIC	
THE TAWNSAURA GROUP, LLC	CASE NUMBER
PLAINTIFF(S), v.	SACV12-1396 SJO(AGRx)
SERIOUS NUTRITION SOLUTIONS, LLC	PROOF OF SERVICE - ACKNOWLEDGMENT
DEFENDANT(S).	OF SERVICE
I, the undersigned, certify and declare that I am over ORANGE	the age of 18 years, employed in the County of State of California, and not a
party to the above-entitled cause. On October / , 2012 FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMEN	State of California, and not a , 2012 , I served a true copy of
depositing it in the United States Mail in a sealed envelop (list names and addresses for person(s) served. Attach ad Place of Mailing: Steven Wood, agent, Serious Nutrition So Exposured on October 45	olutions, LLC, 2965 Franklin Turnpike, Danville, VA 24540
Executed on October 15 , 20 12	
 California. I hereby certify that I am employed in the office of service was made. I hereby certify under the penalty of perjury that the penalty of pe	of the United States District Court, Central District of fa member of the Bar of this Court at whose direction the
ACKNOWLEDGEM	ENT OF SERVICE
I,, received a	true copy of the within document on
Signature	Party Served
CV-40 (01/00) PROOF OF SERVICE - AC	CKNOWLEDGMENT OF SERVICE