1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	SEPEHR DAGHIGHIAN, State Bar No. 239 LAW OFFICES OF SEPEHR DAGHIGH 433 North Camden Drive, Fourth Floor Beverly Hills, California 90210 Telephone: (310) 887-1333 Facsimile: (310) 887-1334 E-mail: sepehr@daghighian.com Attorney for Plaintiff: INTELLIGENT SMART PHONE CONCLLC UNITED STATES DI NORTHERN DISTRICT	CEPTS STRICT COURT
TAW OFFICES OF SEPERR DAGHIGHIAN, P.C. 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	INTELLIGENT SMART PHONE CONCEPTS LLC, a Delaware Limited Liability Company, Plaintiff, v. APPLE, INC., a California Corporation, Defendant.	Case No. C 12-5951 PJH FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT

Plaintiff, INTELLIGENT SMART PHONE CONCEPTS LLC, a Delaware Limited Liability Company ("Plaintiff"), files this complaint against APPLE, INC., A California Corporation ("Defendant" or "APPLE"), and demanding a trial by jury, avers as follows:

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 1. This is a civil action for patent infringement, under the United States Patent Act, 35 U.S.C. § 101 *et seq*. The Court therefore has jurisdiction over the claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338.
- 2. Venue is proper in this judicial district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b), 1391(c) and 1400(b) because the named defendant conducts business within this District and the acts of infringement have taken place in this district.
- 3. Venue is furthermore proper in this judicial district because the Defendant operates its businesses from within this judicial district.

THE PARTIES

- 4. Plaintiff, INTELLIGENT SMART PHONE CONCEPTS LLC is a Limited Liability Company organized under the laws of the State of Delaware.
- 5. Upon information and belief, Defendant APPLE, INC is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of California.

FACTS COMMON TO ALL COUNTS

- 6. This action is brought to obtain equitable and legal relief for the Defendant's infringement of Plaintiff's United States Patent.
- 7. Plaintiff is the owner of United States Patent No. 7,373,182 entitled "Wireless Mobile Phone Including a Headset" and awarded to Peter Zatloukal, Robert M. Heddle, and Christopher J. Dabrowski (the "PLAINTIFF'S PATENT") (Exhibit "A").
- 8. On information and belief, Defendant has been and are knowingly and intentionally infringing, contributing to infringement, and/or inducing others to infringe the PLAINTIFF'S PATENT by making, using, offering for sale, selling, or

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importing mobile cellular handsets that infringe upon the PLAINTIFF'S PATENT.

- On information and belief, Defendant's infringing mobile cellular 9. handsets include various models of the cellular handset commonly referred to as the "iPhone."
- 10. Upon information and belief, Defendant has made substantial sales and substantial profits by selling infringing mobile cellular handsets.
- 11. Defendant's acts of infringement have occurred within this district and elsewhere throughout the United States.
- 12. Plaintiff has complied with the provisions of the United States patent laws as 35 U.S.C. § 1 et seq. with respect to said patents.
- 13. Plaintiff has retained the undersigned counsel to represent it in this matter and is obligated to pay a reasonable fee for such representation.

COUNT I

PATENT INFRINGEMENT

- Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference the matters alleged in 14. the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
- Plaintiff has not authorized Defendant to make, use, offer for sale, sell 15. or import products infringing PLAINTIFF'S PATENT.
- 16. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges that Defendant has infringed the PLAINTIFF'S PATENT by, among other things, making, using, importing, advertising, offering for sale, and selling products infringing PLAINTIFF'S PATENT including, without limitation, mobile cellular handsets.
- Defendant is thereby directly infringing said patents, pursuant to 35 17. U.S.C. § 284.
- 18. Defendant will Unless enjoined, continue infringe the PLAINTIFF'S PATENT, and Plaintiff will suffer irreparable injury as a direct and proximate result of Defendant's conduct.

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- 19. Plaintiff has been damaged and injured by Defendant's conduct, and until an injunction issues will continue to be damaged and injured in an amount yet to be determined.
- 20. On information and belief, Defendant knew or should have known of the PLAINTIFF'S PATENT and the Plaintiff's rights to the patented structures.
- 21. Defendant proceeded to knowingly and willfully disregard Plaintiff's rights and to infringe PLAINTIFF'S PATENT.
- 22. Plaintiff is therefore entitled to an amount which is treble the amount of Plaintiff's damages found or assessed.
- Based on Defendant's willful infringement, Plaintiff believes this to be 23. an "exceptional" case, which entitles Plaintiff to attorney's fees pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285.
- 24. Defendant has caused and continue to cause irreparable injury to Plaintiff by infringement of PLAINTIFF'S PATENT.

COUNT II

INDUCEMENT OF PATENT INFRINGEMENT

- 25. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference the matters alleged in the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
- 26. Plaintiff has not authorized Defendant to make, use, offer for sale, sell or import products infringing PLAINTIFF'S PATENT.
- 27. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges that Defendant has infringed the PLAINTIFF'S PATENT by actively inducing its agents and others to, among other things, make, use, import, advertise, offer for sale, and sell products infringing PLAINTIFF'S PATENT.
- 28. Defendant is thereby inducing others including, without limitation, Defendant's distributors, retailers, and end users to infringe said patents, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271(b).
 - Unless enjoined, Defendant will continue to induce infringement of the 29.

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PLAINTIFF'S PATENT, and Plaintiff will suffer irreparable injury as a direct and proximate result of Defendant's conduct.

- 30. Plaintiff has been damaged and injured by Defendant's conduct, and until an injunction issues will continue to be damaged and injured in an amount yet to be determined.
- 31. On information and belief, Defendant knew or should have known of the PLAINTIFF'S PATENT and the Plaintiff's rights to the patented structures.
- 32. Defendant proceeded to knowingly and willfully disregard Plaintiff's right and to infringement PLAINTIFF'S PATENT.
- 33. Plaintiff is therefore entitled to an amount which is treble the amount of Plaintiff's damages found or assessed.
- Based on Defendant's willful infringement, Plaintiff believes this to be 34. an "exceptional" case, which entitles Plaintiff to attorney's fees pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285.

COUNT III

CONTRIBUTORY PATENT INFRINGEMENT

- 35. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference the matters alleged in the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
- 36. Plaintiff has not authorized Defendant to make, use, offer for sale, sell or import components of products that when combined with other components result in products that infringe PLAINTIFF'S PATENT.
- 37. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges that Defendant has infringed the PLAINTIFF'S PATENT by, among other things, selling one or more devices which comprise a material part of the patented invention especially adapted for use in an infringement of PLAINTIFF'S PATENT, without Plaintiff's permission or authority.
- Defendant is thereby contributorily infringing said patent, pursuant to 38. 35 U.S.C. § 271(c).

	39.	Unless enjoined, Defendant will continue to contributorily infringe the
PLAI	NTIFF	'S PATENT, and Plaintiff will suffer irreparable injury as a direct and
proxi	mate re	sult of Defendant's conduct.

- 40. Plaintiff has been damaged and injured by Defendant's conduct, and until an injunction issues will continue to be damaged and injured in an amount yet to be determined.
- 41. On information and belief, Defendant knew or should have known of the PLAINTIFF'S PATENT and the Plaintiff's rights to the patented structure.
- 42. Defendant proceeded to knowingly and willfully disregard Plaintiff's right and to infringement PLAINTIFF'S PATENT.
- 43. Plaintiff is therefore entitled to an amount which is treble the amount of Plaintiff's damages found or assessed.
- 44. Based on Defendant's willful infringement, Plaintiff believes this to be an "exceptional" case, which entitles Plaintiff to attorney's fees pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, INTELLIGENT SMART PHONE CONCEPTS LLC prays that the Court enter a judgment in favor of Plaintiff as follows:

- (1) That the PLAINTIFF'S PATENT is valid and enforceable;
- (2) That the PLAINTIFF'S PATENT is infringed by the Defendant;
- (3) That Defendant's infringement was willful;
- (4) That Defendant and their directors, officers, employees, attorneys, agents, suppliers, retailers, distributors, and all persons in active concert or participation with any of the foregoing be preliminarily and permanently enjoined from further acts of infringement of the PLAINTIFF'S PATENT;
- (5) That Defendant be required to pay Plaintiff damages according to the following:
 - a) In accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 284, the greater of \$1,000,000

or, actual damages, and in no event less than a reasonable royalty regarding Defendant's revenues and those of its agents from infringing sales revenues and of revenue convoyed thereby, consequential of Defendant's infringements, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271(a), (b), and (c);

- b) The greater of \$2,000,000 or actual damages resulting from lost revenue suffered by the Plaintiff as a result of Defendant's sales of infringing items;
- (6) That the foregoing damages awards be trebled, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;
- (7) That this is an exceptional case and that Plaintiff be awarded its reasonable costs and attorney's fees, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285;
- (8) That Plaintiff be awarded interest from the date of the commencement of infringement; and
- (9) That Plaintiff has such other and further relief as the Court may deem equitable.

Dated: December 21, 2012

Respectfully submitted, LAW OFFICES OF SEPEHR DAGHIGHIAN, P.C.

/s/Sepehr Daghighian SEPEHR DAGHIGHIAN, ESQ. Attorney for Plaintiff: INTELLIGENT SMART PHONE CONCEPTS LLC

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL Pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 38(b), Plaintiff demands a trial by jury of all issues raised by this Complaint which are triable by jury. Dated: December 21, 2012 Respectfully submitted, LAW OFFICES OF SEPEHR DAGHIGHIAN, P.C. /s/Sepehr Daghighian SEPEHR DAGHIGHIAN, ESQ. Attorney for Plaintiff: INTELLIGENT SMART LAW OFFICES OF SEPEHR DAGHIGHIAN, P.C. 433 NORTH CAMDEN DRIVE, FOURTH FLOOR BEVERLY HELLS, CALIFORNIA 90210 PHONE CONCEPTS LLC -8-

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LAW OFFICES OF SEPEHR DAGHIGHIAN, P.C. 433 NORTH CAMDEN DRIVE, FOURTH FLOOR BEVERLY HILLS. CALIFORNIA 90210	12	EXHIBIT "A"	
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US007373182B2

(12) United States Patent Zatloukal et al.

(10) Patent No.: US 7,373,182 B2 (45) Date of Patent: May 13, 2008

(54) WIRELESS MOBILE PHONE INCLUDING A HEADSET

(75) Inventors: **Peter Zatloukal**, Duvall, WA (US); **Robert M. Heddle**, Kirkland, WA

(US); Christopher J. Dabrowski,

Seattle, WA (US)

(73) Assignee: Varia Mobil LLC, Seattle, WA (US)

(*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this

patent is extended or adjusted under 35

U.S.C. 154(b) by 1161 days.

(21) Appl. No.: 10/087,032

(22) Filed: Mar. 1, 2002

(65) Prior Publication Data

US 2004/0192402 A1 Sep. 30, 2004

(51) **Int. Cl. H04M 1/00** (2006.01)

(58) **Field of Classification Search** .. 455/569.1–569.2, 455/575.1–575.2, 556.1, 557, 575.9, 90.3; 381/74; 379/430, 420.01–420.04, 422–423,

379/441–442

See application file for complete search history.

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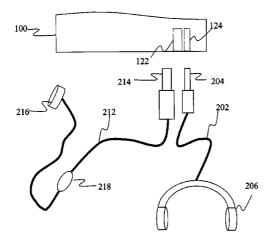
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Primary Examiner—Sharad Rampuria (74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm—Schwabe, Williamson & Wyatt, P.C.

(57) ABSTRACT

A wireless mobile phone is provided with an input-output interface and an output interface. The input-output interface may be employed singularly to facilitate removable attachment of a telephony headset to the phone to receive at least telephony audio signals from the phone, and to provide audio signals to the phone. Similarly, the output interface may be employed singularly to facilitate removable attachment of an audio output only headset to the phone to receive at least a selected one of telephony and non-telephony audio signals from the phone. However, the input-output interface and the output interface may also be used jointly to facilitate removable attachment of a two-plug headset to the phone to receive at least a selected one of telephony and non-telephony audio signals from the phone, and to provide audio signals to the phone.

11 Claims, 5 Drawing Sheets



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	7/2002 Inasaka		* cited by examiner		

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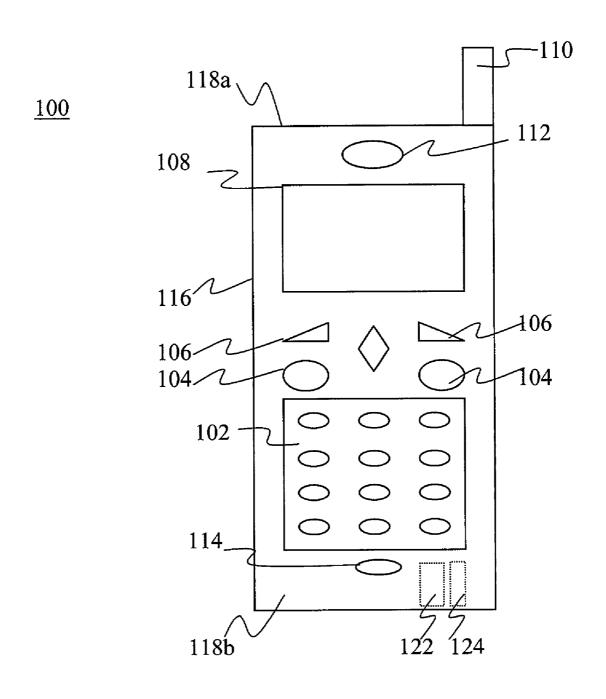


Figure 1

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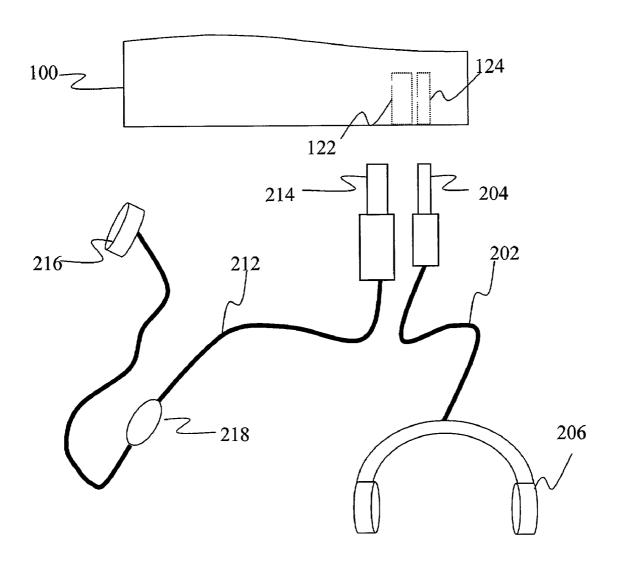


Figure 2a

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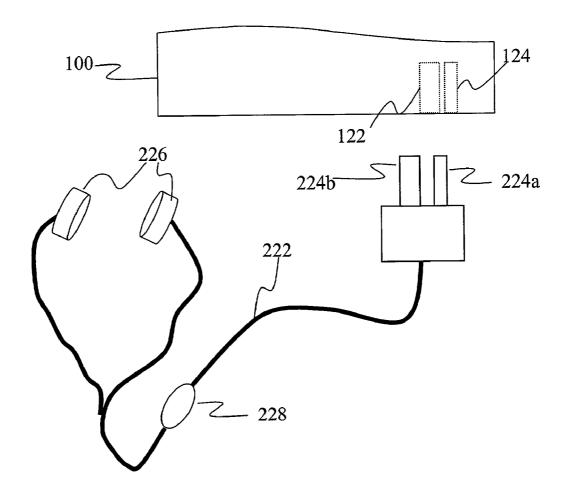


Figure 2b

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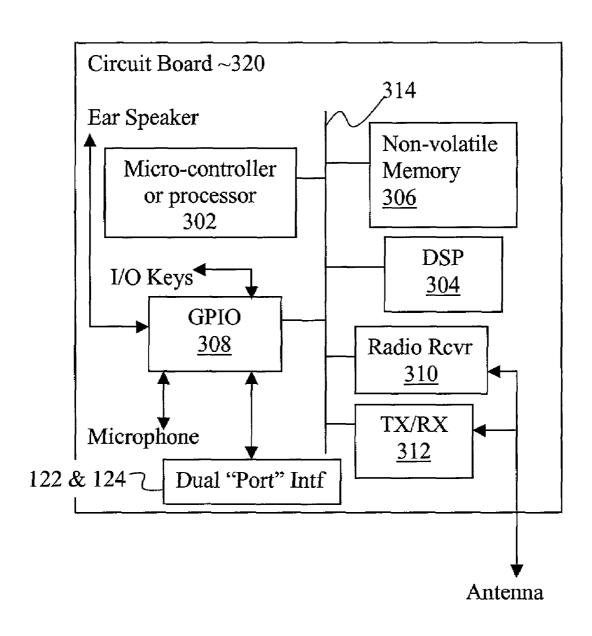
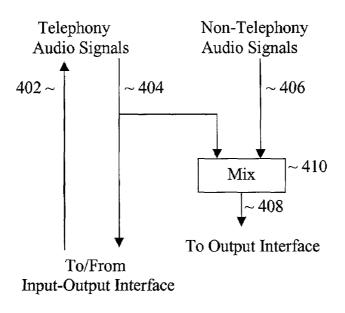


Figure 3

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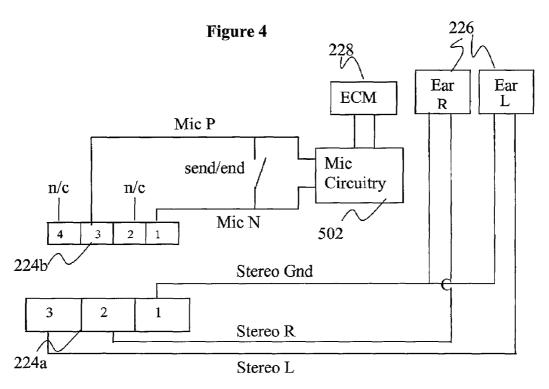


Figure 5

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WIRELESS MOBILE PHONE INCLUDING A HEADSET

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to the field of wireless mobile phones, including headsets.

2. Background Information

Advances in computer and telecommunication technology have led to wide spread adoption of mobile client devices, in particular, wireless mobile phones. The term "wireless mobile phone" as used herein (in the specification and in the claims) refers to the class of telephone devices equipped to enable a user to make and receive calls wirelessly, notwithstanding the user's movement, as long as the user is within the communication reach of a service or base station of a wireless telephone service network. The term "wireless mobile phone" is to include the analog subclass as well as the digital subclass (of all signaling protocols).

A conventional wireless mobile phone typically includes an input-output interface, such as an input-output port, for removable attachment of a headset to the wireless mobile phone to facilitate receipt of telephony audio signals from the phone, and provision of telephony audio signals to the 25 phone, for "hand-free" operation.

However, the next generation of wireless mobile phone is expected to be endowed with additional non-telephony functions, including functions such as radio and/or audio player, having non-telephony audio outputs.

Thus, an improved, in particular, a more user friendly input-output interface arrangement that efficiently supports the richer audio input/output environment is desired.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

The present invention will be described by way of exemplary embodiments, but not limitations, illustrated in the accompanying drawings in which like references denote similar elements, and in which:

FIG. 1 illustrates an external view of a wireless mobile phone of the present invention, incorporated with the improved input-output interface arrangement of the present invention, in accordance with one embodiment;

FIGS. 2*a*-2*b* illustrate various manners the improved 45 input-output interface arrangement of FIG. 1 may be employed;

FIG. 3 illustrates an internal component view of the wireless mobile phone of the present invention, in accordance with one embodiment;

FIG. 4 illustrates the audio paths of the wireless mobile phone of FIG. 1, in accordance with one embodiment; and

FIG. 5 is a schematic diagram illustrating the internal wiring of the novel headset of the present invention, in accordance with one embodiment.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention includes a wireless mobile phone 60 having an improved input-output arrangement, and a complementary headset to facilitate delivery of telephony and non-telephony audio to a user. In the following description, various aspects of the present invention will be described. However, it will be apparent to those skilled in 65 the art that the present invention may be practiced with only some or all aspects of the present invention. For purposes of

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explanation, specific numbers, materials and configurations are set forth in order to provide a thorough understanding of the present invention. However, it will also be apparent to one skilled in the art that the present invention may be practiced without the specific details. In other instances, well known features are omitted or simplified in order not to obscure the present invention.

The phrase "in one embodiment" will be used repeatedly, however the phrase does not necessarily refer to the same embodiment, although it may. The terms "comprising", "including", "having", and other terms of the like, are used interchangeably, and their meanings are synonymous.

FIG. 1 illustrates a wireless mobile phone 100 incorporated with the teachings of the present invention, in accordance with one embodiment. As illustrated, for the embodiment, wireless mobile phone 100 includes input keypad 102, "talk" and "end talk" buttons 104, cursor control buttons 106, display screen 108, antenna 110, ear speaker 112 and microphone 114, disposed relative to each other as shown. Wireless mobile phone 100 also includes palm-sized body casing 116 with top end 118a and bottom end 118b.

Further, and more importantly, in accordance with present invention, wireless mobile phone 100 includes an inputoutput interface arrangement having at least input-output interface 122 and output interface 124. In one embodiment, input-output interface 122 is an input-output port designed to accept a 2.5 mm 4-pin plug, whereas output interface 124 is an output port designed to accept a 1.8 in 3-pin plug. In alternate embodiments, other input-output as well as other output interfaces may be used instead. For the embodiment, interfaces 122-124 are disposed at the bottom end 118b of casing 116. In alternate embodiments, interfaces 122-124 may be disposed at the top end, left/right side wall, or other locations of design preference. Moreover, for the embodi-35 ment, wireless mobile phone 100 is endowed with additional non-telephony functions (not shown), including in particular a radio function (not shown), and an audio player function (not shown) having non-telephony audio outputs, which are outputted through interface 124.

As will be described in more details below, interfaces 122-124 are advantageously designed in a manner that allows each of interfaces 122-124 to be singularly employed to removably attach conventional telephony headsets and audio output only headsets to wireless mobile phone 100 respectively, as well as jointly employed to removably attach the complementary headset of the present invention, to be described more fully below referencing FIGS. 2a-2b.

For the embodiment, antenna 110, disposed at and extruded from top end 118a, in addition to being used to send and receive telephony signals, including audio as well as control signals (in a modulated or digitized manner), is also being used to receive radio signal with radio programming, to be described more fully below referencing FIG. 3. In alternate embodiments, a separate antenna may be employed to receive radio programming. In yet other alternate embodiments, antenna 110 may be disposed at and extruded from bottom end 118b, as described in co-pending U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/767,526, filed Jan. 22, 2001, entitled "A WIRELESS MOBILE PHONE WITH INVERTED PLACEMENT OF ANTENNA AND INPUT KEYPAD".

For the embodiment, each of the other elements 102-108 and 112-114 performs its conventional function known in the art. For example, input keypad 102, disposed near bottom end 118b, facilitates a user in providing numeric or alphanumeric inputs, whereas "talk" and "end talk" buttons 104, disposed in the mid-section of phone 100, are used to

start and end a call. Display screen 108, disposed near top end 118a, is used to echo numeric or alphanumeric inputs entered by a user, as well as to display various menu options, control information, and so forth. Cursor control buttons 106, disposed in the mid-section of phone 100, are used to 5 facilitate a user in making various menu and/or option selections. Microphone 114, also disposed near bottom end 118b, is used to facilitate the user in providing audio input, whereas ear speaker 112, disposed near top end 118a, is used to facilitate outputting for the user, received audio. These 10 elements and their operations will not be further described.

However, in alternate embodiments, input keypad 102 may also be equipped to enable a user to enter data and/or commands through stroking patterns, as described in copending U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/767,197, filed 15 Jan. 22, 2001, entitled "A WIRELESS MOBILE PHONE WITH KEY STROKING BASED INPUT FACILITIES".

Further, in alternate embodiments, wireless mobile phone 100 may also be endowed with other functionalities, such as encoded data entry facilities as described in co-pending U.S. 20 patent application Ser. No. 09/975,287, filed Oct. 10, 2001, entitled "WIRELESS MOBILE PHONE WITH ENCODED DATA ENTRY FACILITIES", or luminescent signaling display capability as described in co-pending U.S. patent "LUMINESCENT SIGNALING DISPLAYS UTILIZING A WIRELESS MOBILE COMMUNICATION DEVICE".

Referring now to FIGS. 2a-2b, wherein as alluded earlier, illustrate the various manners interface arrangement 122-124 may be singularly employed to removably attach con- 30 ventional telephony headsets and audio output only headsets to wireless mobile phone 100 respectively, as well as jointly employed to removably attach the complementary headset of the present invention. As illustrated in FIG. 2a, a conventional telephony headset 212 having earpiece receiver 35 216, microphone 218 and plug 214 may be removably attached to wireless mobile phone 100, via input-output interface 122, and have telephony audio signals be transferred from wireless mobile phone 100 to earpiece receiver 216 or audio signals be transferred from microphone 218 to 40 wireless mobile phone 100, to allow wireless mobile phone 100 to be used in a "hand free" manner. In one embodiment, plug 214 is a 2.5 mm 4-pin plug. In alternate embodiments, other connectors may be employed instead.

Further, a conventional audio output only headset 202 45 having earpiece receivers 206 and plug 204 may be removably attached to wireless mobile phone 100, via output interface 124, and have non-telephony audio signals be transferred from wireless mobile phone 100 to earpiece receiver 206. In one embodiment, plug 204 is a 1.8 in 3-pin 50 plug. In alternate embodiments, other connectors may be employed instead.

However, as a result of at least the audio path arrangement of wireless mobile phone 100, complementary headset 222 of the present invention having earpiece receivers 226a- 55 226b, microphone 228 and novel connector 230 with two plugs 224a-224a may be removably attached to wireless mobile phone 100, via input-output interface 122 and output interface 124, and have telephony as well as non-telephony audio signals be transferred from wireless mobile phone 100 60 to earpiece receivers 226 or audio signals be transferred from microphone 228 to wireless mobile phone 100, to allow wireless mobile phone 100 to be used in a "hand free" manner, as illustrated in FIG. 2b. The audio path of wireless mobile phone 100 as well as the wiring of connector 230 will 65 be further described below referencing FIGS. 4 and 5 respectively.

In one embodiment, telephony headset 222 also includes send/end switch (not shown). For the embodiment, the send/end switch is disposed on the same casing in which microphone 228 is disposed. In one embodiment, plug 224bis a 2.5 mm 4-pin plug, while plug 224a is a 1.8 in 3-pin plug. In alternate embodiments, other connectors may be employed instead.

FIG. 3 illustrates an architectural view of a wireless mobile phone 100, in accordance with one embodiment. As illustrated, wireless mobile phone 100 includes elements found in conventional mobile client devices, such as microcontroller/processor 302, digital signal processor (DSP) 304, non-volatile memory 306, general purpose input/output (GPIO) interface 308, and transmit/receive (TX/RX) 312 (also known as a transceiver), coupled to each other via bus 314, and disposed on a circuit board 320. Additionally, in accordance with the present invention, wireless mobile phone 100 further includes the earlier described dual "port" interface 122 and 124, which as illustrated is coupled to GPIO 308. Further, for the embodiment, wireless mobile phone 100 also includes radio receiver 310 coupled to antenna 110, and a software implementation of an MP3 player (not shown).

At least radio receiver 310 and the MP3 player generate application Ser. No. 09/908,118, filed Jul. 17, 2001, entitled 25 non-telephony audio signals for output through output interface 124.

> Except for the earlier described dual "port" interface 122-124 and audio path of wireless mobile phone 100, to be described more fully below, each of these elements 302-314 performs its conventional function known in the art, and is intended to represent a broad range of such element and its equivalents. In particular, TX/RX 312 may support one or more of any of the known signaling protocols, including but are not limited to CDMA, TDMA, GSM, and so forth. Further TX/RX 312 may be implemented using separate transmitter and receiver.

Accordingly, elements 302-314 will not be further described.

FIG. 4 illustrates the audio path of wireless mobile phone 100 of FIGS. 1 and 3, in accordance with one embodiment. As illustrated, for the embodiment, telephony audio signals 404 (including ring tone), in addition to being coupled to output through input-output interface 122, telephony audio signals 404 are also mixed with non-telephony audio signals **406** outputted by audio functions such as the earlier mentioned radio programming and media player (like MP3), and outputted through output interface 124. Audio signals 402 from a telephony headset 212 or 222 are provided to wireless mobile phone 100 through input-output interface 122.

Accordingly, when input-output interface 122 is singularly employed for a telephony headset, such as headset 212, telephony audio signals are properly delivered to the headset. Similarly, when output interface 124 is singularly employed for an audio output only headset, such as headset 202, telephony as well as non-telephony audio signals are properly delivered to the headset.

However, by virtue of the novel wiring of connector 230 of complementary headset 222 of the present invention, to be described in further detail below, referencing FIG. 5, only one set of the telephony audio signals is properly delivered to the earpiece receivers 226 of headset 222; the other set of telephony audio signals is advantageously removed.

FIG. 5 illustrates the wiring of connector 230 of FIG. 2 in further details, in accordance with one embodiment. As illustrated, for the embodiment, pins 2 and 3 of 3-pin plug 224a designed to engage output port 124, are coupled to the right and left earpiece receivers 226 respectively, whereas pin 1 of 3-pin plug is coupled to both earpiece receivers 226.

Electret condenser microphone (ECM) 228 is coupled to microphone (mic) circuitry 502, which in turn is coupled to pins 1 and 3 of 4-pin plug 224b in parallel .The connections between mic circuitry 502 and pins 1 and 3 are further subject to the condition of the send/end switch. More 5 importantly, pins 2 and 4 of 4-pin plug 224b are not coupled to earpiece receivers 226. For the embodiment, no connections are provided for pins 2 and 4 of 4-pin plug 224b at all.

Accordingly, telephony and/or non-telephony audio signals may be provided from wireless mobile phone 100 to earpiece receivers 226 through output port 124 and 3-pin plug 224a, while audio signals may be provided from microphone 228 to wireless mobile phone 100 through 4-pin plug 224b and input-output port 122. However, telephony audio signals output from wireless mobile phone 100 are advantageously non delivered to earpiece receivers 226, thereby avoiding interference with the identical telephony audio signals or non-telephony audio signals delivered to earpiece receivers 226 through output port 124 and 3-pin plug 224a.

Thus, a user having made a prior investment on a conventional audio only output headset, such as headset 202, may continue to use the same conventional audio only output headset 202 to enjoy the non-telephone audio signals output through output interface 124, by removably attaching the conventional audio only output headset 202 to output interface 124. A user having made a prior investment on a conventional telephony headset, such as headset 212, may also continue to use the same conventional telephony headset 212 to operate wireless mobile phone 100 in a hand free manner, by removably attaching the conventional telephony headset 212 to input-output interface 122. In each case, the user is protected with respect to his/her prior investment in headsets 202 and 212.

However, a user elected to invest in the complementary headset 222 of the present invention, may use the complementary headset 222 to enjoy the non-telephony audio programming, properly receiving the non-telephony audio signals in earpiece receivers 226, as well as to operate wireless mobile phone 100 in a "hand free" manner, properly receiving the telephony audio signals in earpiece receivers 226 and providing the telephony audio signals from microphone 228 to wireless mobile phone 100, by removably attaching complementary headset 222 to wireless mobile phone 100 through input-output interface 122.

In other words, wireless mobile phone 100 advantageously provides additional functions having non-telephony outputs, and a novel audio input/output interface arrangement 122-124 that provides new users with the opportunity to employ the new complementary headset 222, and yet for users having made prior investments in headsets 202 and/or 212, the flexibility of making additional investment in the new complementary headset 222, or continuing to leverage on the prior invested headsets 202 and/or 212.

Accordingly, a wireless mobile phone having an improved input-output interface arrangement, and a complementary headset has been described. While the present invention has been described in terms of the above illustrated embodiments, in particular, in term of wireless mobile

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phones, those skilled in the art will recognize that the invention is not limited to the embodiments described. The present invention can be practiced with modification and alteration within the spirit and scope of the appended claims, or on other wireless communication devices. Thus, the description is to be regarded as illustrative instead of restrictive on the present invention.

What is claimed is:

- 1. A wireless mobile phone comprising:
- telephony means for wirelessly sending and receiving telephony signals;
- audio means for generating non-telephony audio signals; an input-output interface to facilitate removable attachment of a first headset to said wireless mobile phone, and output of telephony audio signals to said first headset, and/or input of audio signals to said wireless mobile phone;
- an output interface to facilitate removable attachment of a second headset to said wireless mobile phone, and output of at least a selected one of telephony and non-telephony audio signals for said first headset; and audio signal paths to couple said input-output interface and said output interface to said telephony means and said audio means in a manner, to allow said input-output interface to be singularly employed for said first headset, said output interface to be singularly employed for said second headset, and said input-output and output interfaces to be jointly employed for said first and second headsets where said first and second headsets being the same headset.
- 2. The wireless mobile phone of claim 1, wherein telephony means comprises a wireless telephony signal transceiver.
- 3. The wireless mobile phone of claim 1, wherein said audio means comprises radio means for receiving and rendering radio programming.
- **4**. The wireless mobile phone of claim **1**, wherein said audio means comprises a digital audio player.
- 5. The wireless mobile phone of claim 4, wherein said digital audio player comprises a MP3 player.
- 6. The wireless mobile phone of claim 1, wherein said input-output interface comprises an input-output port designed to accept a 2.5 mm input-output plug.
- 7. The wireless mobile phone of claim 1, wherein said output interface comprises an output port designed to accept an ½ inch audio plug.
- 8. The wireless mobile phone of claim 1, wherein said first headset is a telephony headset comprising a microphone and at least one earpiece receiver.
- **9**. The wireless mobile phone of claim **1**, wherein said second headset is an audio output only headset.
- 10. The wireless mobile phone of claim 1, wherein said first and second headsets the same headset, and said same
 55 headset comprises two complementary plugs to mate with said output interface and said input-output interface.
 - 11. The wireless mobile phone of claim 1, wherein said wireless mobile phone is of a digital type.

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UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

PATENT NO. : 7,373,182 B2 Page 1 of 1

APPLICATION NO.: 10/087032
DATED: May 13, 2008
INVENTOR(S): Peter Zatloukal et al.

It is certified that error appears in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent is hereby corrected as shown below:

At col. 6, line 21, "non-telephony audio signals for said first headset;"

Should read -- non-telephony audio signals for said second headset; --

Signed and Sealed this

Twenty-fifth Day of May, 2010

David J. Kappos
Director of the United States Patent and Trademark Office