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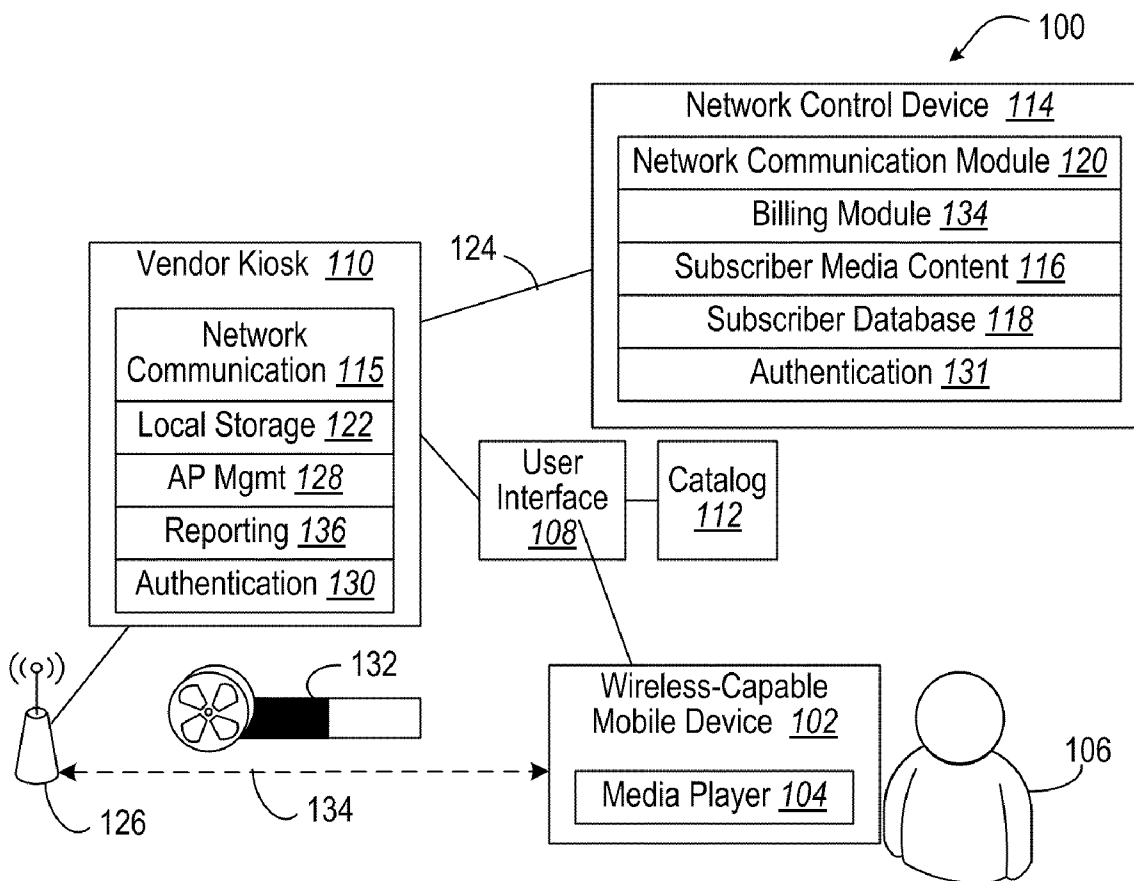
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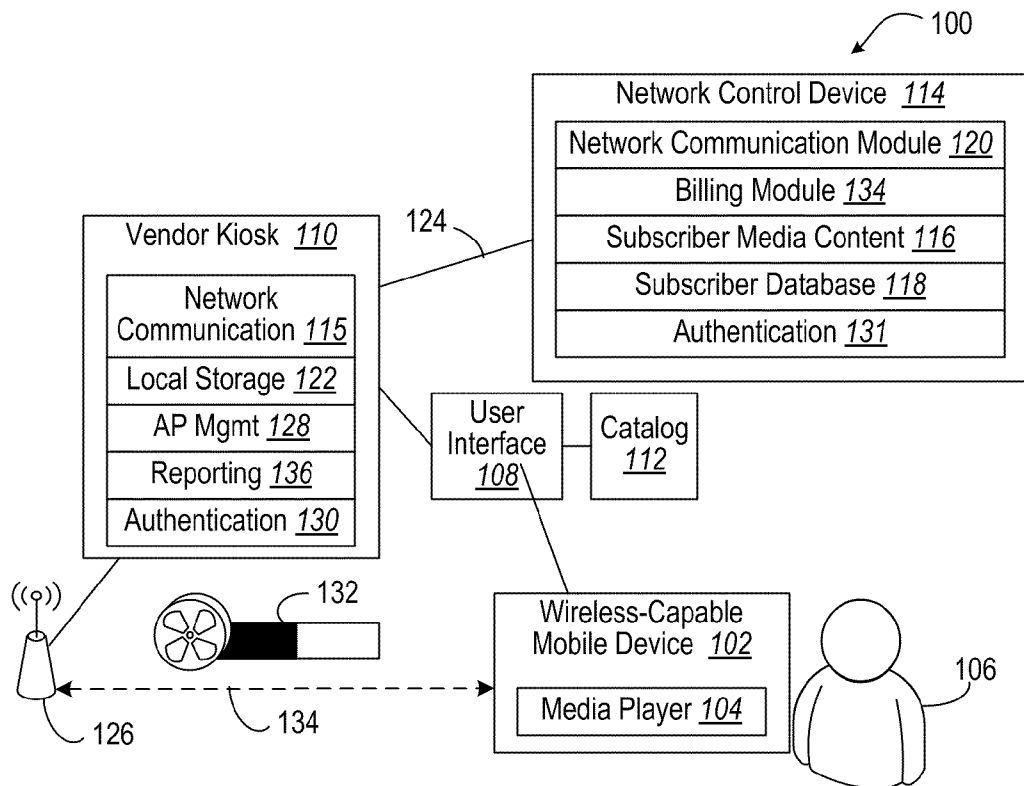
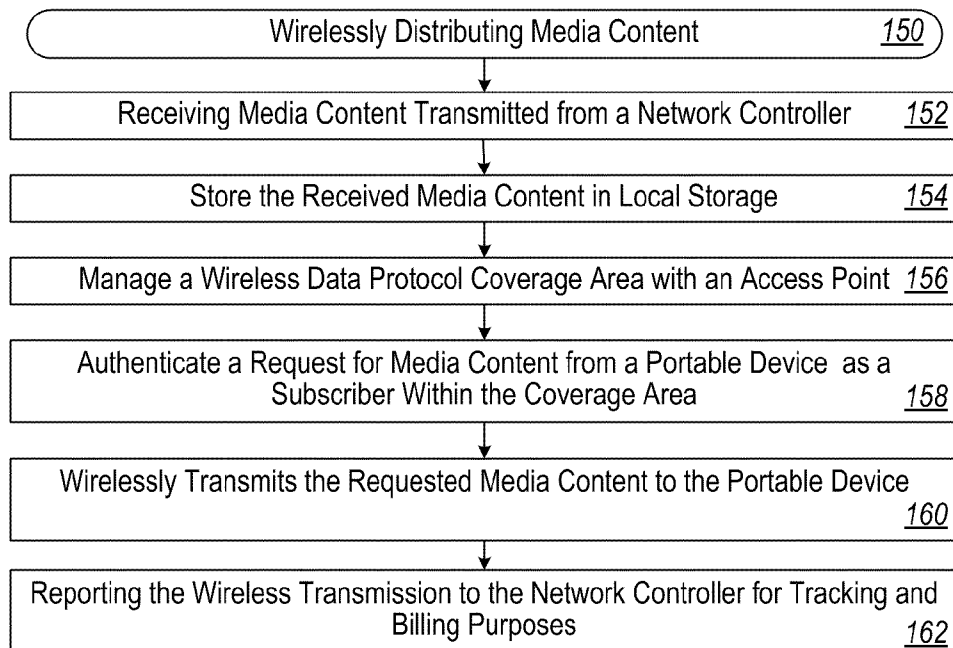
(57) **ABSTRACT**

A deployment and distribution model improves content delivery with a business incentive for placement of kiosks with one or more wireless access points in public locations so that portable media players (PMPs) can receive media content (e.g., audio, video, text, haptic content, etc.). In addition, coordination between subscribing users of PMPs, vendors who provide kiosks, and a network central controller of a content distribution system allow for prepositioning of video content at the kiosks through economically desirable low data rate communication links from the network (e.g., dial-up modem, DSL, etc.); coordinated queuing of downloads (e.g., partial downloads) between kiosk to PMP, peer-to-peer (P2P) downloading between PMPs, and uploads from PMP to kiosk; billing/crediting to correspond with such participation in the distribution; and changing priority/selection of prepositioning of content at kiosks to reflect a clientele profile.

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**FIG. 1****FIG. 2**

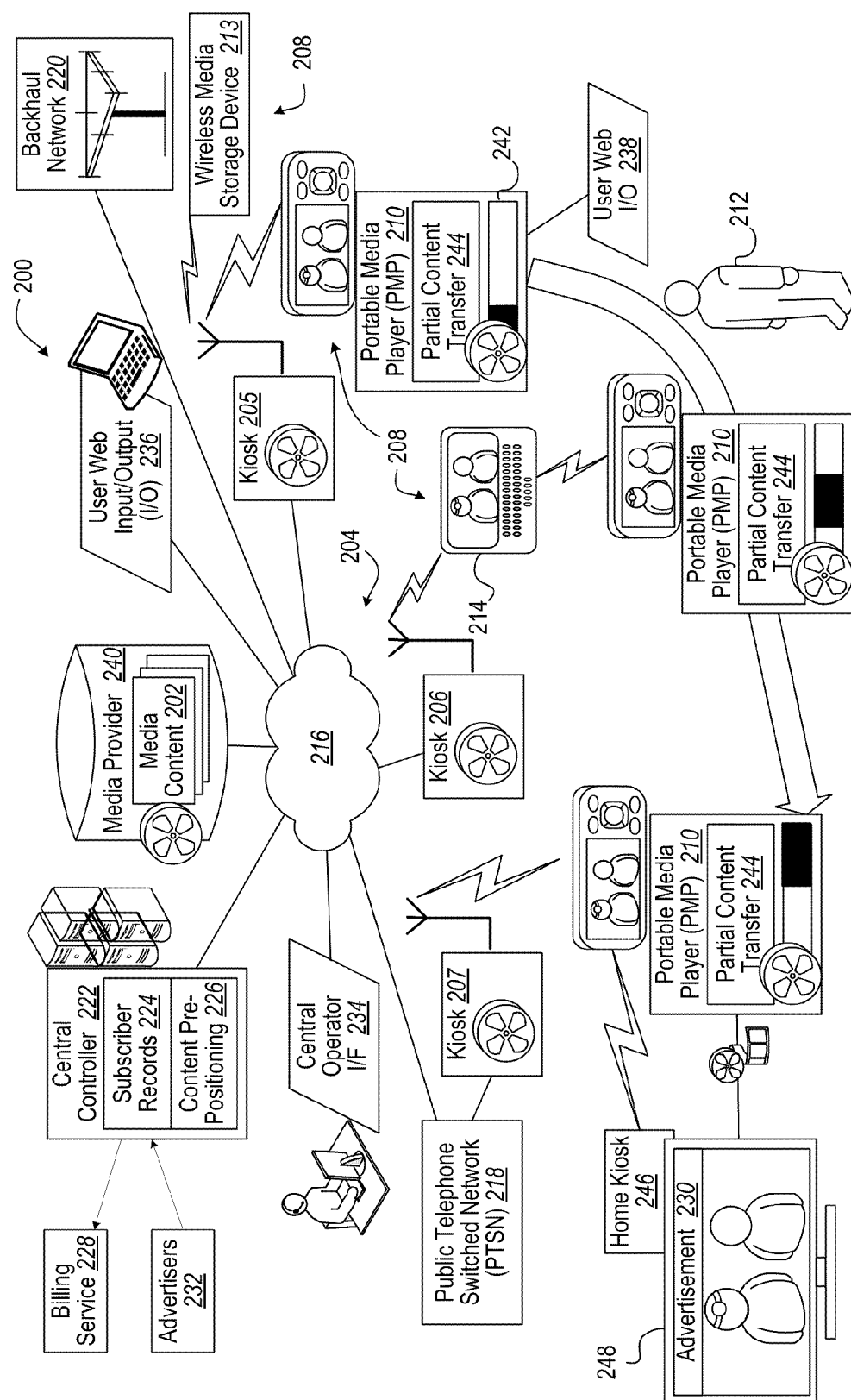


FIG. 3

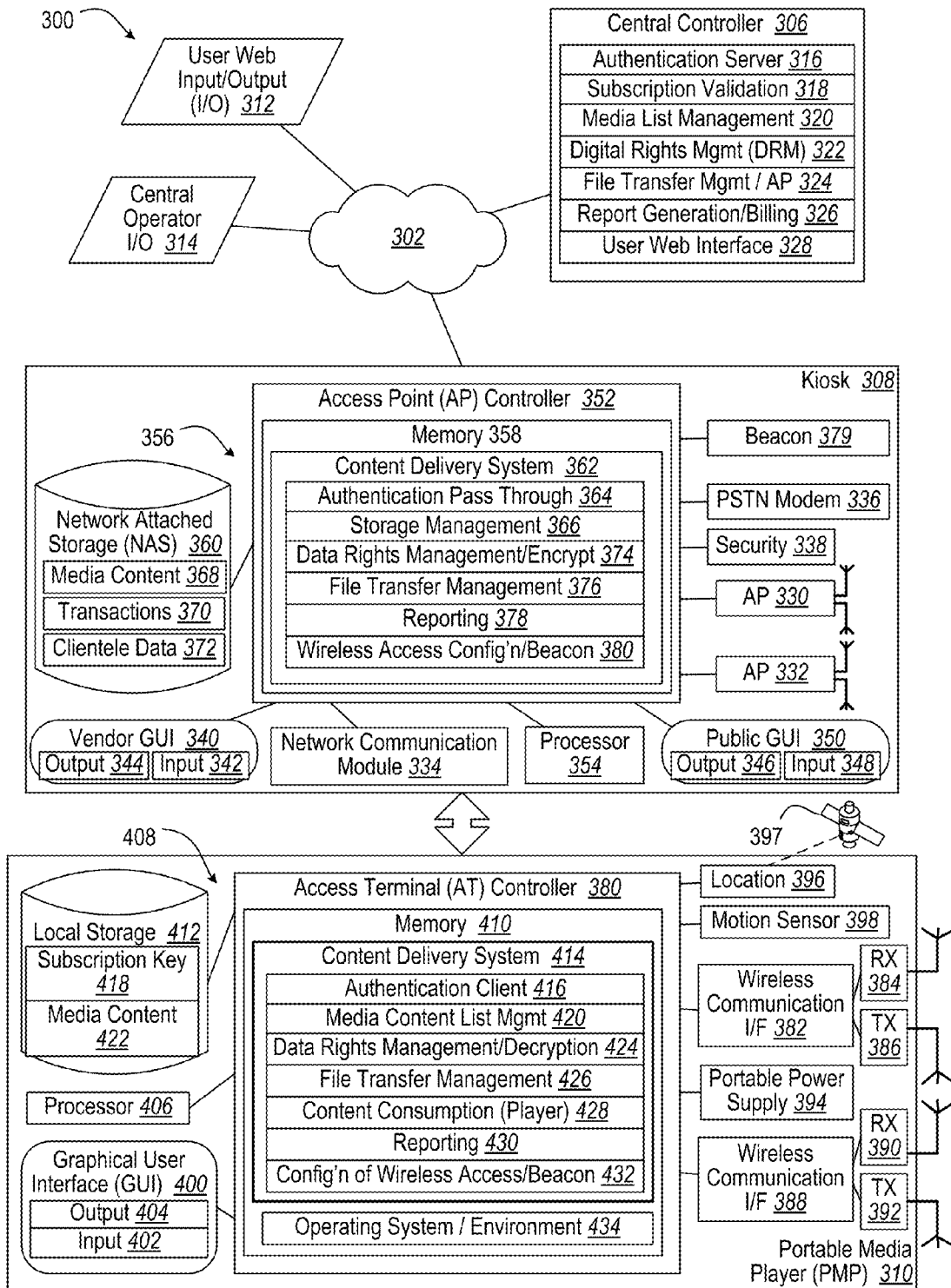


FIG. 4

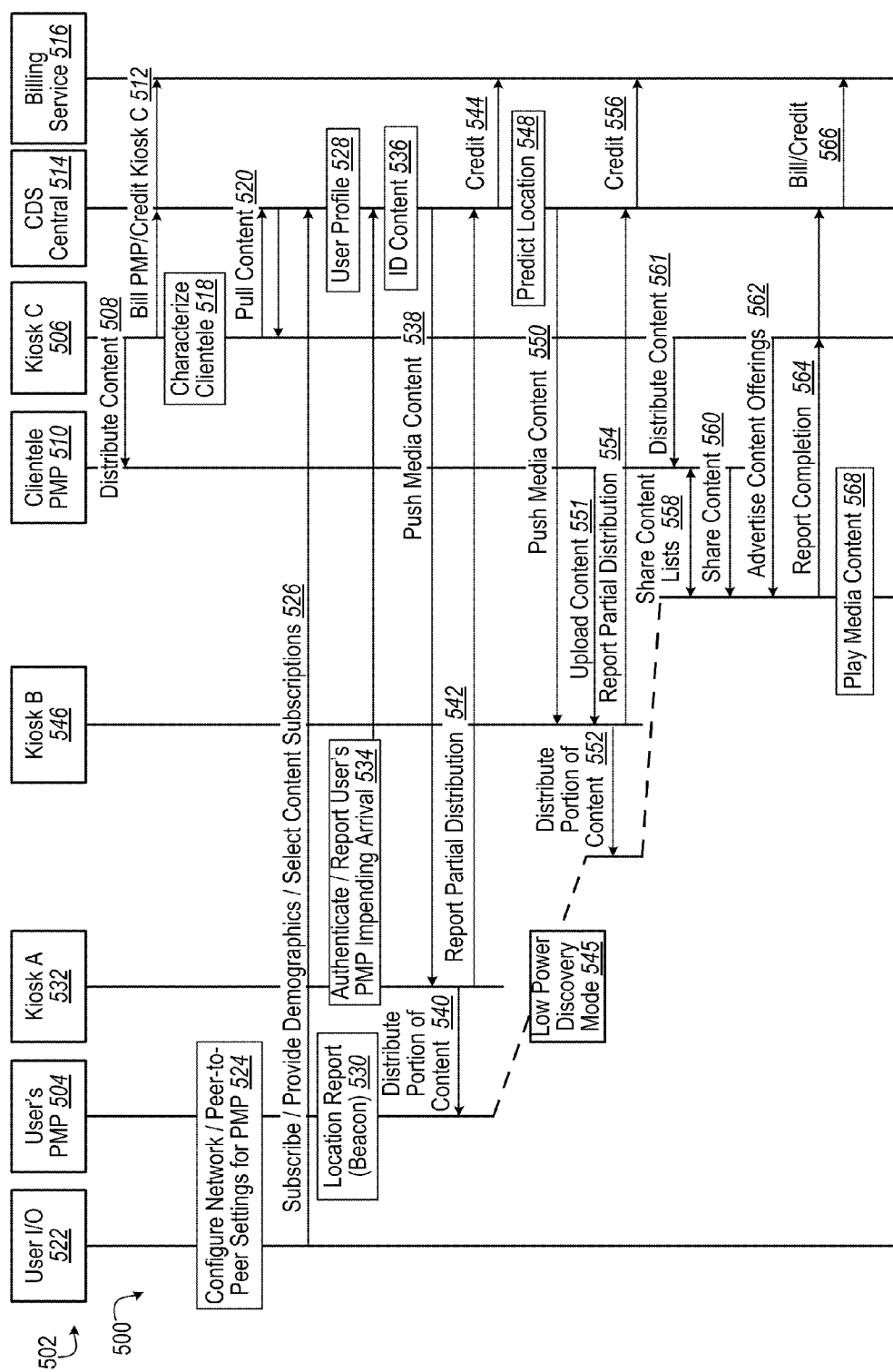


FIG. 5

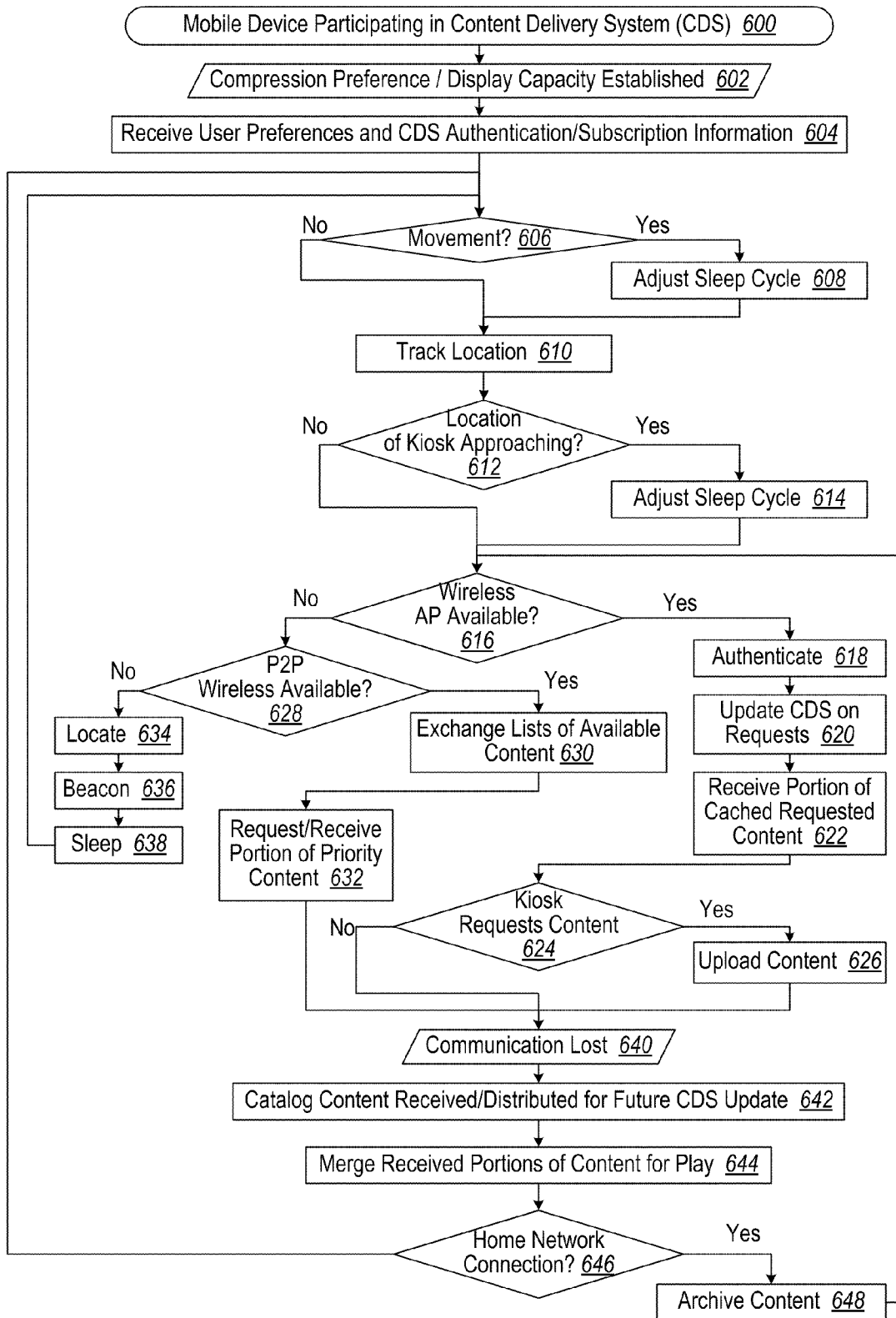
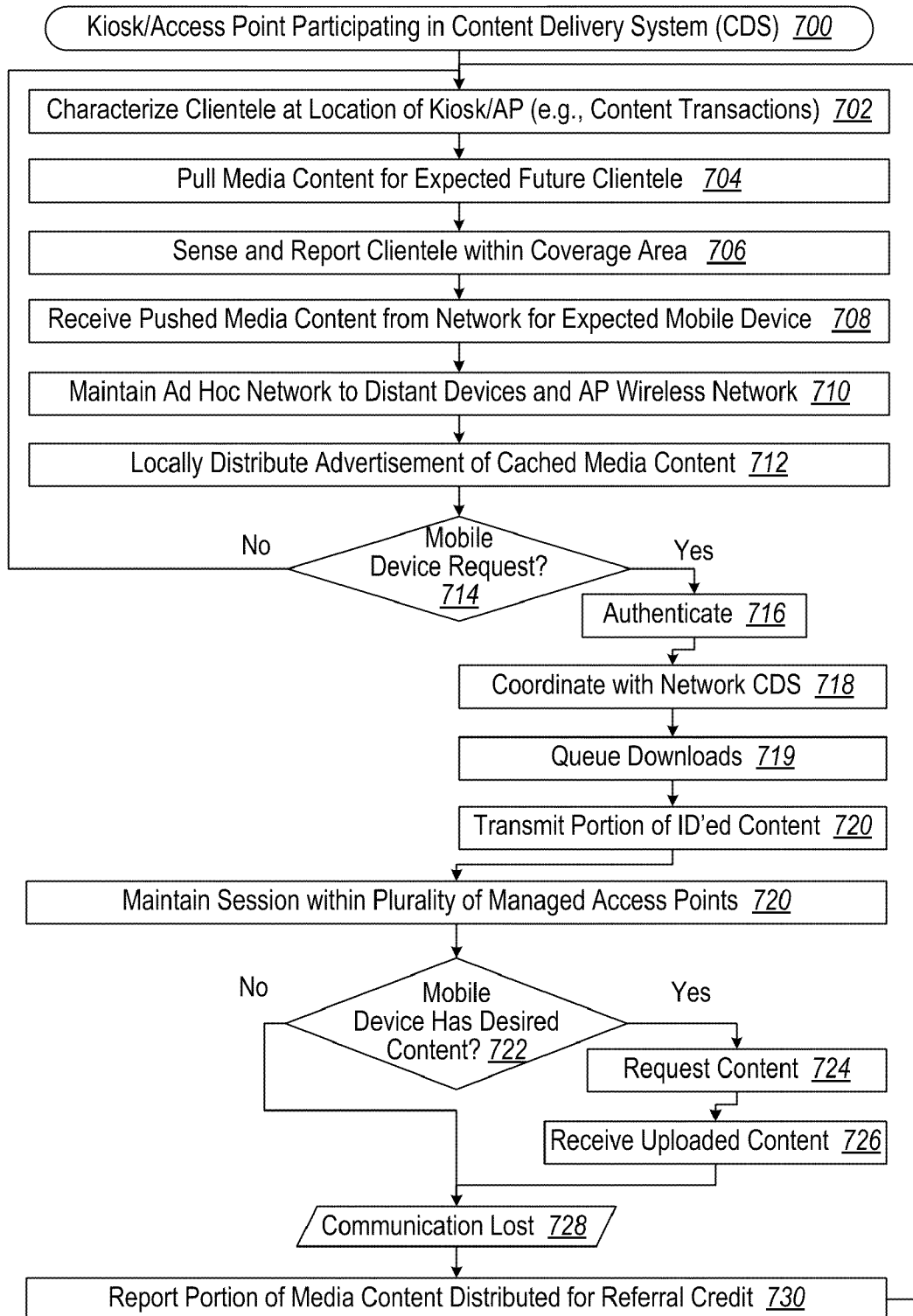
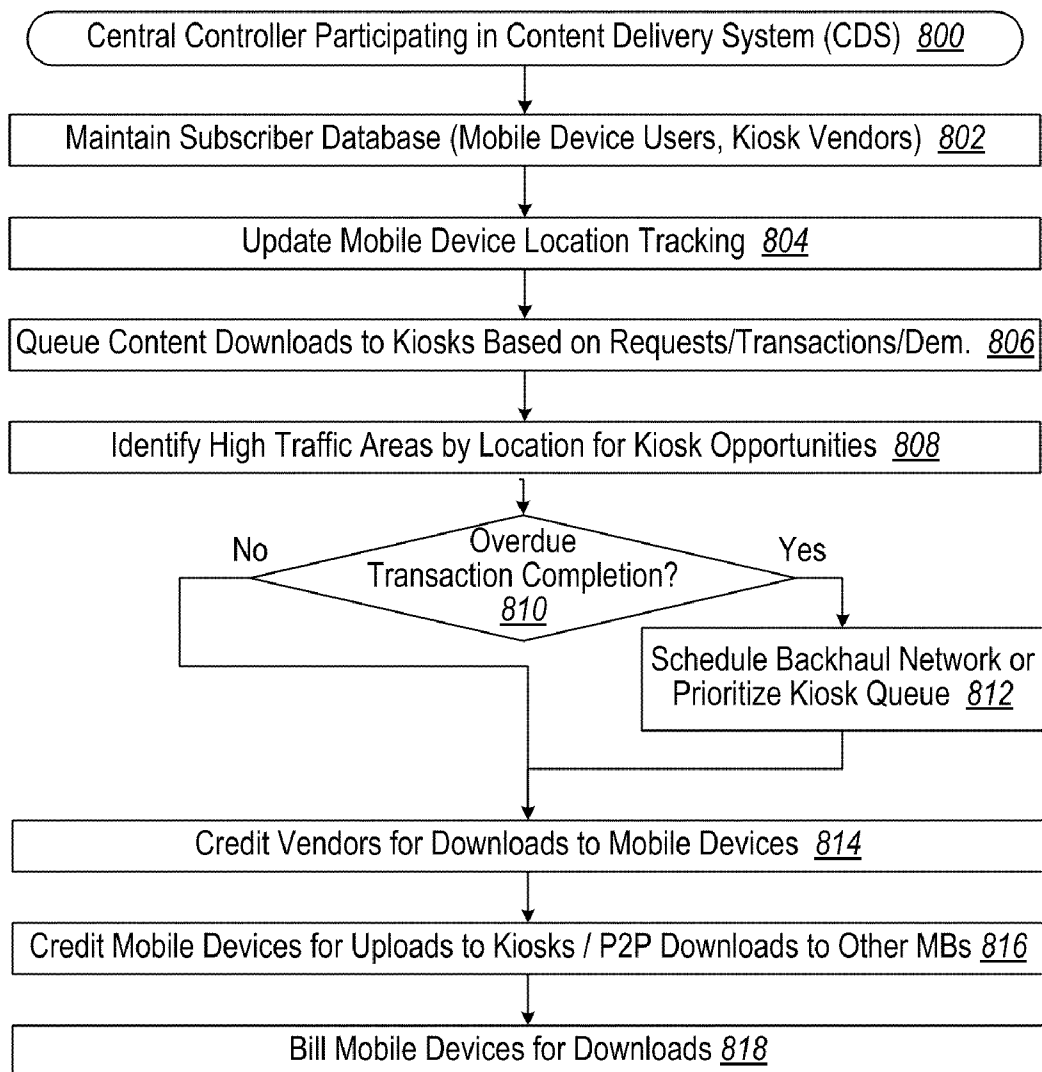


FIG. 6

**FIG. 7**

**FIG. 8**

ACCESS POINT FOR IMPROVED CONTENT DELIVERY SYSTEM

CROSS REFERENCE TO CO-PENDING PATENT APPLICATIONS

[0001] The present Application for Patent is related to the following co-pending U.S. Patent Applications:

[0002] "Deployment and Distribution Model for Improved Content Delivery System" by Rauber, et al., having Attorney Docket No. 080024, filed concurrently herewith, assigned to the assignee hereof, and expressly incorporated by reference herein; and

[0003] "Methods and Apparatus for an Enhanced Media Content Rating System" by Grob, et al., having Attorney Docket No. 080022, filed concurrently herewith, assigned to the assignee hereof and expressly incorporated by reference herein.

FIELD OF INVENTION

[0004] Aspects disclosed herein pertain to a communication network that distributes media content to a mobile communication device via geographically positioned kiosks that support wireless access points, and in particular, to providing a subscription-based distribution service with wireless download in intermittent coverage areas.

BACKGROUND

[0005] Users desire continuous access to media content across a wide array of devices, both fixed and mobile. Abilities to rapidly download media content in a "pay per view" subscription from a set top box or to download or stream media content over a broadband connection raise expectations for instant access. Reduced time is desired between making a selection and having the selection.

[0006] With expanded storage, processing and display capabilities, portable devices that play media content (e.g., audio, video, text, haptic material, etc.) are becoming ubiquitous. Portable media players (PMP) can also be just one aspect of a convergent handheld device that has uses such as a personal digital assistant (PDA), cellular telephone, email application, etc. For some users who travel frequently, a mobile communication device that serves at least in part as a PMP can become a predominant source of entertainment and information.

[0007] Third-generation (3G) communication networks, which are still being deployed, are all digital, and offer data access in addition to voice services and include W-CDMA (known also as UMTS), and CDMA2000 EV-DO. Operators that support a population of mobile communication devices offer certain capabilities for selecting and downloading media content, either unicast or multicast. Typically, the video display quality is appropriate for the relatively small displays of a smart phone or similar handheld device wherein the high data compression makes use of the bandwidth constrained channel economically feasible.

[0008] New PMPs are offering larger displays and increased memory storage that are suitable to playing video with higher quality. Thus, downloading of media content requires access to a broadband communication channel with sufficient data rates for downloading larger files. These broadband network access ports or wireless coverage areas at a home or public place act as an intermediary between a source of the media content and the end user PMP. Given the

large bandwidth consumption needed by the PMP to download, for example, a movie file, there can be few locations with sufficient capability to allow such use. Moreover, with increasing numbers of such PMP devices, the existing infrastructure of broadband network access locations available for PMP devices to use within a reasonable period of time can be expected to be limited. Consequently, the distribution of media content to PMP-capable devices can be limited to those who rely upon home use and have made the necessary investment in broadband network access.

SUMMARY

[0009] The following presents a simplified summary in order to provide a basic understanding of some aspects of the disclosed aspects. This summary is not an extensive overview and is intended to neither identify key or critical elements nor delineate the scope of such aspects. Its purpose is to present some concepts of the described features in a simplified form as a prelude to the more detailed description that is presented later.

[0010] In accordance with one or more aspects and corresponding disclosure thereof, various aspects are described in connection with providing a deployment and distribution model for improved content delivery that provides a business incentive for placement of kiosks with one or more wireless access points in public locations so that portable media players (PMPs) can receive media content (e.g., audio, video, text, haptic content, etc.). In addition, coordination between subscribing users of PMPs, vendors who provide kiosks, and a network central controller of a content distribution system allow for prepositioning of video content at the kiosks through economically desirable low data rate communication links from the network (e.g., dial-up modem, DSL, etc.); coordinated queuing of downloads (e.g., partial downloads) between kiosk to PMP, peer-to-peer (P2P) downloading between PMPs, and uploads from PMP to kiosk; billing/crediting to correspond with such participation in the distribution; and changing priority/selection of prepositioning of content at kiosks to reflect a clientele profile.

[0011] In one aspect, a method wirelessly distributes media content to a population of portable devices. Media content is received that is transmitted from a network controller. The media content is stored in local storage. A wireless data protocol coverage area is managed with an access point. A request for media content from a portable device within the coverage area is authenticated as a subscriber. The requested media content is wirelessly transmitted to the portable device. The wireless transmission is reported to the network controller for tracking and billing purposes.

[0012] In another aspect, at least one processor wirelessly distributes media content to a population of portable devices. A first module receives media content transmitted from a network controller. A second module stores the media content in local storage. A third module manages a wireless data protocol coverage area with an access point. A fourth module authenticates a request for media content from a portable device as a subscriber within the coverage area. A fifth module wirelessly transmits the requested media content to the portable device. A sixth module reports the wireless transmission to the network controller for tracking and billing purposes.

[0013] In an additional aspect, a computer program product that wirelessly distributes media content to a population of portable devices comprises a computer-readable storage

medium having a first set of instructions for causing a computer to receive media content transmitted from a network controller. A second set of instructions causes the computer to store the media content in local storage. A third set of instructions causes the computer to manage a wireless data protocol coverage area with an access point. A fourth set of instructions causes the computer to authenticate a request for media content from a portable device as a subscriber within the coverage area. A fifth set of instructions causes the computer to wirelessly transmit the requested media content to the portable device. A sixth set of instructions causes the computer to report the wireless transmission to the network controller for tracking and billing purposes.

[0014] In another additional aspect, an apparatus wirelessly distributes media content to a population of portable devices. Means are provided for receiving media content transmitted from a network controller. Means are provided for storing the media content in local storage. Means are provided for managing a wireless data protocol coverage area with an access point. Means are provided for authenticating a request for media content from a portable device as a subscriber within the coverage area. Means are provided for wirelessly transmitting the requested media content to the portable device. Means are provided for reporting the wireless transmission to the network controller for tracking and billing purposes.

[0015] In a further aspect, an apparatus wirelessly distributes media content to a population of portable devices. A network communication module receives media content transmitted from a network controller. Local storage stores the media content. A wireless access point is managed by a processor for a wireless data protocol coverage area. A security module authenticates a request for media content from a portable device as a subscriber within the coverage area. The wireless access point wirelessly transmits the requested media content to the portable device. The processor stores the report in local storage and reports the wireless transmission to the network controller via the network communication module for tracking and billing purposes.

[0016] To the accomplishment of the foregoing and related ends, one or more aspects comprise the features hereinafter fully described and particularly pointed out in the claims. The following description and the annexed drawings set forth in detail certain illustrative aspects and are indicative of but a few of the various ways in which the principles of the aspects may be employed. Other advantages and novel features will become apparent from the following detailed description when considered in conjunction with the drawings and the disclosed aspects are intended to include all such aspects and their equivalents.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0017] The features, nature, and advantages of the present disclosure will become more apparent from the detailed description set forth below when taken in conjunction with the drawings in which like reference characters identify correspondingly throughout and wherein:

[0018] FIG. 1 illustrates a block diagram of a content delivery system for delivering network media content to a population of subscribing portable devices via a kiosk access point as a wireless intermediary;

[0019] FIG. 2 illustrates a methodology for wirelessly delivering media content;

[0020] FIG. 3 illustrates a block diagram of a content delivery system utilizing a communication network for wireless distribution of media content to a portable device;

[0021] FIG. 4 illustrates a block diagram of a network central controller, a kiosk, and a portable device such as a portable media player (PMP);

[0022] FIG. 5 illustrates a timing diagram of a user PMP downloading media content from kiosks and another PMP that originates from a central component of a content distribution system;

[0023] FIG. 6 illustrates a flow diagram for a portable or mobile device participating in the content delivery system;

[0024] FIG. 7 illustrates a flow diagram for a kiosk/access point participating in the content delivery system; and

[0025] FIG. 8 illustrates a flow diagram for a network central controller participating in the content delivery system.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0026] Various aspects are now described with reference to the drawings. In the following description, for purposes of explanation, numerous specific details are set forth in order to provide a thorough understanding of one or more aspects. It may be evident, however, that the various aspects may be practiced without these specific details. In other instances, well-known structures and devices are shown in block diagram form in order to facilitate describing these aspects.

[0027] Turning to the Drawings, in FIG. 1, an exemplary content delivery system **100** economically expeditiously distributes media content to a wireless capable mobile device **102** that comprises or includes a media player **104**. A user **106** can utilize a user interface **108**, which can be external or integral to the mobile device **102**, or provided by a kiosk **110** to communicate a selection, such as found in a media content catalog **112**.

[0028] A network controller **114** of the content delivery system **100** orchestrates media delivery by maintaining access to subscriber media content **116** that can be provided in accordance with a subscriber database **118**. The network controller **114** advantageously prepositions the media content **116** to the vendor kiosk **110** via a network communication module **120**. Advantageously, the vendor kiosk **110** communicates with the network controller **114** with a network communication module **115** and stores the media content **116** in local storage **122**. Such network-kiosk communications can be intermittent, taking advantage of higher bandwidth or processing availability. Thereby, prepositioning can utilize a low band width communication channel **124**. Prepositioning can utilize a network communication module **115** such as a dial-up modem or DSL modem **124** to a public telephone switched network (PSTN). Alternatively, a broadband connection can be shared among other business functions without interruption by the media content transmission. For example, prepositioning can utilize a broadband connection **124** such as a cable modem during off-peak hours to avoid or mitigate impacts to a vendor's other uses of the communication bandwidth. It should be appreciated that even high bandwidth connections such as a T1 line can be sufficiently limited by various user demands or size of the content to be considered a low band width communication channel **124** for the purpose of receiving media content. Alternatively or in addition, the download can be given priority after receipt of the selection by the user **106**.

[0029] The user **106** who is carrying the mobile device **102** can enter a coverage area of a wireless access point (AP) **126**

managed via an AP management module 128 by the vendor kiosk 110, such as being positioned in a retail establishment or public area. Thus, without making a dedicated effort to retrieve the selected media content, the mobile device 102 can exchange communications with the vendor kiosk 110. In response, the vendor kiosk 110 authenticates the user 106 with an authentication module 130, which can comprise a local copy of authorized users or serve as a pass through module to an authentication module 131 at the network controller 114 for authentication. The vendor kiosk 110 directs the AP 126 to transfer wirelessly at least a portion of the selected media content, as depicted at 132, by a wireless data packet coverage area 134, which can be dynamically adjusted in size based on other queued requests or interference from other APs (not depicted). The kiosk 110 can utilize a reporting module 136 to report the transaction to the network controller 114 for tracking transaction progress and billing/credit by a billing module 138.

[0030] FIGS. 2 and 5-8 illustrate methodologies and/or flow diagrams in accordance with the claimed subject matter. For simplicity of explanation, the methodologies are depicted and described as a series of acts. It is to be understood and appreciated that the subject innovation is not limited by the acts illustrated and/or by the order of acts. For example, acts can occur in various orders and/or concurrently, and with other acts not presented and described herein. Furthermore, not all illustrated acts may be required to implement the methodologies in accordance with the claimed subject matter. In addition, those skilled in the art will understand and appreciate that the methodologies could alternatively be represented as a series of interrelated states via a state diagram or events. Additionally, it should be further appreciated that the methodologies disclosed hereinafter and throughout this specification are capable of being stored on an article of manufacture to facilitate transporting and transferring such methodologies to computers. The term article of manufacture, as used herein, is intended to encompass a computer program accessible from any computer-readable device, carrier, or media.

[0031] With reference to FIG. 2, a methodology 150 for wirelessly delivering media content is initiated by a kiosk receiving media content from a network controller (block 152). The kiosk locally stores the media content (block 154). The kiosk monitors for potential customers or for characterizing clientele by managing a wireless data protocol access point (block 156). User equipment (e.g., mobile communication device, converged handheld computer, access terminal, smart phone, portable media player, wireless-capable handheld game console, personal digital assistant, etc.) enters the coverage area and requests media content. The kiosk authenticates the request as coming from a subscriber portable device (block 158). The kiosk wirelessly transmits the selected media content via the AP (block 160). The kiosk can report its participation in the wireless transmission in completing the media content delivery to the network controller in order to get credit as an intermediary. This participation can entail sending only a portion of the media content with other intermediaries initiating or completing (block 162). Gradations in billing can reflect the cost to the network and/or intermediaries of utilizing various communication channels.

[0032] With reference to FIG. 3, a content delivery system 200 improves upon delivery of media content 202 over a communication network 204 by utilizing a plurality of strategically placed vendor kiosks 205, 206, 207 that have an

economic incentive to service a plurality of wireless-capable portable devices 208. It should be appreciated that portable devices 208 can comprise a number of types handheld or carried apparatus with a unitary or distributed construction that perform a more dedicated function (e.g., solely media player) or are a converged device having media player as one function (e.g., smart phone). In the illustrative depiction, a population of wireless-capable portable devices 208 are depicted as including a personal media player (PMP) 210 carried by a user 212, a wireless media storage device 213, and a converged handheld computer 214. It should be appreciated with the benefit of the present disclosure that for clarity a media player 210 is depicted in a sequence, highlighting user interactions with a portable device 208 that can immediately enjoy or utilize media content of the communicated selection. However, aspects of a portable device 208 can encompass a wider range of capabilities, such as a handheld or notebook computer (e.g., converged handheld computer 214) having a media player 210 as one application. Alternatively, aspects of a portable device 208 can be limited to capabilities of the wirelessly capable media storage device 213 that takes advantage of opportunities to economically download content for later playback on another device.

[0033] The communication network 204 can provide communication channels of varying data throughput, interoperability and coverage areas. For example, portions of the communication network 204 can comprise a public or private Internet 216, public telephone switched network (PSTN) 218, and/or an over-the-air broadcast carrier (e.g., unicast, multicast, one-way, two-way, WiMax, cellular telephone, etc.), depicted as a backhaul network 220 for media content distribution purposes. In the exemplary depiction, the communication channel via the PSTN 218 to vendor kiosk 207 is very economical, albeit slow, for downloading large media files and provides an opportunity for prepositioning popular catalog selections well in advance of a user 212 being in proximity.

[0034] A network controller 222 manages the content delivery system 200 by maintaining a subscriber record data structure 224 and content pre-positioning tracking data structure 226 that is reflected in updated catalogs. The central controller 222 relays billing and credits to a billing service 228 and receives advertisements 230 from advertisers 232 for merging or coupling in some instances with delivered media content 202. A central operator interface (I/F) 234 can provide human interaction/configuration of central controller 222, operator assistance via the PSTN 218 with users 212, or facilitating a user web input/output (I/O) service 236 for subscribing or for receiving selections. Web-enabled portable devices 208, such as depicted at 238, can incorporate a web I/O 238 for making selections. Media providers 240 that provide access to the media content 202 can facilitate data rights management (DRM) for end user access and use limitations on the media content 202. It should be appreciated with the benefit of the present disclosure that a delivery path for the content and the delivery path for the data rights can differ from each other. For example, the content can be delivered in advance from a kiosk while the rights might be delivered via a generic access point once the user deletes previous content. As another example, the content can be delivered by a peer PMP and the rights can be delivered via a network kiosk, etc.).

[0035] In an illustrative use case, the PMP 210 enters a coverage area of the kiosk 206, which can be dynamically

adjusted, resulting in receiving a first portion of a selection, which can include user indication as depicted at 242. The kiosk 206 can optimize queuing of content to multiple portable device, such as depicted with wirelessly capable media storage device 213 and and PMP 210. For example, the kiosk 206 can complete delivery of media content one at a time as one approach to queue optimization. Alternatively, if sufficient bandwidth exists, simultaneous transmission to multiple devices 210, 213 can occur, such as when the kiosk 206 has multiple available channels. As another example, the kiosk can prioritize transmissions for those with sufficient channel quality, excluding those that would require significant redundant coding or retransmissions for successful download.

[0036] Upon leaving the coverage area or shutdown of the PMP 210, a partial content transfer module 244 verifies the integrity of the partial transfer, prepares a report to the network for the next opportunity to upload to a kiosk 205-207, and in some instances format the partial transfer for playback. The kiosks 205-207 can determine that the PMP 210 has left coverage area in one aspect by determining that data rate has dropped below a certain threshold, that an unacceptably high error rate, or by detected received power. Subsequently, the PMP 210 forms an ad hoc network with the other subscribing portable device 214 that is able to transfer another portion of the selection previously downloaded or relayed from kiosk 206. Subsequently, the PMP 210 completes the download from kiosk 207, which can be the same device as a home kiosk 246 that archives or supplements the downloaded selection from the PMP 210. The home kiosk 246 (e.g., a set-top box, home computer, dedicated device, etc.) or the PMP 210, in some aspects, can then stream or download the media content for playback on a full-size display monitor 248. Assisting in the distribution of media content can further entail uploading from a portable device 208 to a vendor kiosk 206, such as the

[0037] Referring now to FIG. 4, an exemplary content delivery system 300 can utilize a communication network 302 so that a network central controller 306 can manage delivery of media content to a vendor kiosk 308 for wireless transmission to a subscriber's PMP 310. Although not illustrated, network 302 can also include other communication network components, such as a base station controller, a mobile switching center, a position determination entity, a group communications server, etc., operable to facilitate communications and services provided to vendor kiosk 308 and other components. Network 302 may be any private or public wireless or wired communications network operating according to any known standard, including Code Division Multiple Access (CDMA), cdmaOne, cdma2000, Universal Mobile Telecommunication System (UMTS), Wideband CDMA, Global System for Mobile Communications (GSM), and TIA/EIA-136, WiMax, DSL, cable modem link.

[0038] A user web input/output (I/O) 312 enables changes to subscription, review of billing/credits, transaction history, catalog review and content selection, device configuration setup, user preferences, etc. A central operator I/O 314 facilitates supervision of the content delivery system 300 and customer service, etc. The central controller 306 further comprises an authentication server or module 316 for verifying subscriber identity. A subscription validation module 318 cross references the subscriber identity with access rights under a currently active subscription. A media list management module 320 maintains data as to available media content, their configuration (e.g., format, compression), loca-

tions available, currency with regard to a distributed content catalog, etc. A digital rights management module 322 implements requisite data encryption, tracking and reporting to satisfy contractual and statutory protections necessary or desirable for media content. A file Transfer Management to Access Point (FTM/AP) module 324 provides appropriate protocols and tracking for downloading media content to kiosks 308. In an exemplary embodiment, the FTM/AP can advantageously be robust and platform independent or platform configurable so that the same module can also be distributed to new vendor kiosks 308 for wirelessly serving PMPs 310. A report generation/billing module 326 facilitates billing and customer relations functions. A user web interface 328 interacts with the user web I/O 312.

[0039] The kiosk 308 can manage a plurality of access points (APs) 330, 332 for providing a desired coverage area. In an exemplary implementation, the APs can utilize an 802.11 In wireless protocol, although it should be appreciated that various near field, personal access network, wireless access network, wide area network, and broadcast protocols can be used in various applications as desired or appropriate. A network communication channel can be provided by a network communication module 334 capable of data packet protocol communication. Alternatively or in addition, a PSTN modem (e.g., DSL) 336 can provide an economical, albeit limited throughput, connection. Unauthorized use of the wireless coverage area or the network communication channel can be prevented by a security module 338.

[0040] Although the kiosk 308 could be wholly controlled from another entity such as the central operator I/O 314, the kiosk 308 can advantageously include a vendor graphical user interface (GUI) 340 with input device 342 and an output device 344 for allowing the vendor to adjust configurations, monitor transactions, review/alter locally stored media content, manually adjust priority requests from the network, initiate communications with the network, etc. For example, an input device 342 can comprise a mechanism such as a key, keypad and/or keyboard, a mouse, a touch-screen display, a microphone, etc. In certain aspects, an input device 342 provides for user input to interact with an application, or program or module. Further, for example, an output device 344 may include audio speaker, display, a haptic feedback mechanism, etc.

[0041] In some applications, the kiosk 308 comprises a public GUI 346 with an input device 348 and an output device 350 such as described above. The public GUI 346 could be provided by the vendor GUI 340 with a security lockout to limit available functions. The public GUI 346 can provide additional interactivity, especially for certain PMPs 310 that lack certain user interface features.

[0042] Further, kiosk 308 can include a computer platform, depicted as an access point (AP) controller 352 that comprises a processor 354 and memory 356. Processor 354 controls the operation of kiosk 308 according to applications or programs or modules stored in memory 356, which can comprise random access memory (RAM) 358 and nonvolatile memory, depicted as network attached local storage 360. The control functions may be implemented, for example, in a single microprocessor, or in multiple microprocessors. Suitable microprocessors may include general purpose and special purpose microprocessors, state machines, as well as digital signal processors. Further, for example, processor 354 may be an application-specific integrated circuit (ASIC), or other chipset, logic circuit, or other data processing device.

Processor **354** or other data processing device such as ASIC can execute an application programming interface (API) layer that interfaces with any resident applications, and/or programs and/or modules, such as a content delivery system module **362**, stored in memory **358**.

[0043] Memory **356** represents all of the memory associated with kiosk **308**, and may include both random access memory (RAM) and read-only memory (ROM), erasable ROM (EPROM), electronically erasable ROM (EEPROM), flash cards, or any memory common to computer platforms. Further, memory **356** may include one or more flash memory cells, or may be any secondary or tertiary storage device, such as magnetic media, optical media, tape, or soft or hard disk. For example, computer program instructions and data utilized in the operation of kiosk **308** may be stored in non-volatile memory, such as EPROM, EEPROM, and/or flash memory. Additionally, memory **356** may be implemented as discrete devices, stacked devices, or may be integrated with processor **354**. Memory **356** can also include areas partitioned into and designated for use as temporary memory buffers, or for use by content delivery system module **362**.

[0044] The content delivery system module **362** can comprise modules that perform various functions for the delivery of media content. An authentication pass through module **364** passes through various security protocol messages to the central controller **306**. Alternatively or in addition, the kiosk **308** can contain sufficient capability to autonomous authenticate. A storage management module **366** maintains inventory of locally-stored media content **368**, transaction records **370**, and clientele data **372** in network-attached local storage **360**. The content delivery system module **362** can further comprise a data rights management/encryption module **374** that implements copyright/contractual protections to limit uses of the media content **366**. A file transfer management module **376** manages delivery of media content **368** to the PMP **310**. A reporting module **378** prepares transaction data for local stored transaction records **370** or for communication to the central controller **306**. A wireless access configuration and beacon control module **380** manages the plurality of APs **330**, **332** and sets parameters for a beacon signal to alert PMPs **310** as to the presence and direction of the coverage area provided by the APs **330**, **332**. The beacon signal can be a particular synchronization/broadcast channel capability of another component used for data communications. Alternatively, a dedicated radio frequency (RF) beacon **379** can be provided to provide an extended range signal for enhancing the situational awareness of a user in locating the coverage areas available.

[0045] In an exemplary aspect, the PMP **310** can comprise cellular telephone. It should be understood with the benefit of the present disclosure that the PMP **310** may include any computerized device capable of receiving broadcast signals, such as a Personal Digital Assistant (PDA), a satellite telephone, a palm computer, a Personal Communication Services (PCS) device, a portable gaming or music device, etc. In particular, the PMP **310** comprises a computing platform, depicted as an access terminal (AT) controller **380** that control request and receipt of media content from the kiosk **308**. This receipt can be made via a wireless communication interface module **382** having a receiver **384** and transmitter **386**. The PMP **310** can be a dual mode device capable of maintaining simultaneous sessions, depicted by a second wireless communication interface module **388** with receiver **390** and transmitter **392**. The simultaneous sessions can be to the same

radio access technology or to different radio access technologies. For example, the PMP **310** can be integral to a smart phone capable of cellular communications and 802.11 data communications. In an exemplary aspect, a portable power supply (e.g., batteries, ultra-capacitors, fuel cell, solar panel, motion-powered generator, etc.) **394** provides enhanced mobility. Increased service life can be achieved by entering a sleep/wake cycle with the wireless communication interface modules **382**, **388** to reduce power consumption.

[0046] The PMP **310** can advantageously sense or receive geographic location information from a location module **396**, depicted as being responsive to global positioning system (GPS) satellites **397**. It should be noted, however, that location module **396** may alternately, or in addition, be responsive to a terrestrial-based wireless communication network, e.g. a CDMA network, where all or some portion of position determination may be based on communications with base stations, and/or where location determination calculations are performed in whole or in part by network servers. Alternatively or in addition, the location module **396** can comprise an inertial platform that detects changes in location. A motion sensor **398** can comprise an accelerometer or other transducer that provides data for calculating acceleration, velocity and location based on motion. The motion sensor **398** can also provide orientation data for adjusting the display automatically for viewing angle. The motion sensor **398** can also provide user interaction data to determine when to actively seek connection to a kiosk **308** or to alter the sleep/wake cycle. For example, when the PMP **310** is not moving at all, a stationary condition can be determined making checking for access to an AP **330**, **332** unwarranted, perhaps resulting in shutting down altogether or lengthening sleep periods. Alternatively or in addition, the location module **396** can receive direction finding/signal strength/node location information from a network device (not shown) that determines the location of the PMP **310**.

[0047] The AT controller **380** can be indirectly controlled in whole or in part by a separate GUI (e.g., a home PC based synchronization software). In the exemplary aspect, an integral GUI **400** with input device **402** and an output device **404** allows the user to adjust configurations, monitor transactions, review/alter locally stored media content, playback content, make selections from a catalog of media content, initiate communications with the network such as for subscription updates, etc. In some aspects, these user inputs can be made while out of range of a kiosk or other network connection. For example, an input device **402** can comprise a mechanism such as a key, keypad and/or keyboard, a mouse, a touch-screen display, a microphone, etc. In certain aspects, an input device **402** provides for user input to interact with an application, or program or module. Further, for example, an output device **404** may include audio speaker, display, a haptic feedback mechanism, etc.

[0048] The AT controller **380** that comprises a processor **406** and memory **408**. Processor **406** controls the operation of PMP **310** according to applications or programs or modules stored in memory **408**, which can comprise random access memory (RAM) **410** and nonvolatile memory, depicted as network attached local storage **412**. The control functions may be implemented, for example, in a single microprocessor, or in multiple microprocessors. Suitable microprocessors may include general purpose and special purpose microprocessors, state machines, as well as digital signal processors. Further, for example, processor **406** may be an application-

specific integrated circuit (ASIC), or other chipset, logic circuit, or other data processing device. Processor **406** or other data processing device such as ASIC can execute an operating system/application programming interface (API) layer **413** that interfaces with any resident applications, and/or programs and/or modules, such as a content delivery system module **414**, stored in memory **410**. API **413** can be a runtime environment executing on the PMP **310**. One such runtime environment is Binary Runtime Environment for Wireless® (BREW®) software developed by Qualcomm Incorporated of San Diego, Calif. Other runtime environments may be utilized that, for example, operate to control the execution of applications or programs or modules on PMP **310**.

[0049] Memory **408** represents all of the memory associated with kiosk **308**, and may include both random access memory (RAM) and read-only memory (ROM), erasable ROM (EPROM), electronically erasable ROM (EEPROM), flash cards, or any memory common to computer platforms. Further, memory **408** may include one or more flash memory cells, or may be any secondary or tertiary storage device, such as magnetic media, optical media, tape, or soft or hard disk. For example, computer program instructions and data utilized in the operation of PMP **310** may be stored in non-volatile memory, such as EPROM, EEPROM, and/or flash memory. Additionally, memory **408** may be implemented as discrete devices, stacked devices, or may be integrated with processor **406**. Memory **408** can also include areas partitioned into and designated for use as temporary memory buffers, or for use by content delivery system module **414**.

[0050] The content delivery system module **414** can comprise modules that perform various functions for the delivery of media content. An authentication client **416** communicates through the authentication pass-through module **364** to the authentication server **416** of the central controller **306** using a subscription key **418** stored in local storage **412**. A media content list management **420** tracks media selected for download as well as media content **422** partially or wholly received and stored in local storage **412**. A DRM/decryption module **424** utilizes appropriate keys to decrypt the media content **422** for play or other authorized uses (e.g., streaming to an attached monitor). A file transfer management module **426** assists in tracking receipt or transmission of media content, including partial receipt/transmission. A content consumption (e.g., player) module **428** provides playback on the local user output device **402**. A reporting module **430** prepares transaction data for local logging and/or for reporting to the central controller **306** for billing/crediting purposes. A wireless access configuration/beacon module **432** configures wireless setup as appropriate to communicate with the kiosk **308**, a P2P to another PMP **310**, or a broadcast signal from a backhaul network (not shown in FIG. 4). It should be appreciated with the benefit of the present disclosure that certain capabilities can be distributed or omitted and that this depiction is exemplary. For example, user interface features can be external and further can be remote. In some aspects, the portable media player **310** is functionally achieved by a portable wirelessly-capable media storage device that is coupled to an external display and controls. For example, a docking station of a home media system (not shown) can access the stored media content.

[0051] With reference to FIG. 5, a scenario **500** of content delivery system (CDS) **502** illustrates how media content can be nonobtrusively and economically delivered to a user's PMP (portable device) **504**. Prior to interaction with the

(CDS) **502** by the user, a vendor kiosk **506** can be distributing media content as depicted at **508** to a population of portable devices, depicted as a Clientele PMP **510**. These transactions result in a report as depicted at **512** to a CDS Central Controller **514** that passes on billing and crediting information to a Billing Service **516**, such as crediting the vendor for serving as an intermediary and billing the clientele for the media selected and received via the CDS **502**. These transactions can further be characterized, for example, for determining what genres of media content are more profitable and/or more requested, and at what locations. Although this determination can be performed in whole or in part at various entities of the CDS **502**, this characterization of clientele is depicted at **518** as occurring at the Kiosk C **506**, which uses the results to pull (reprioritize) content from the CDS central controller **514** as depicted at **520**.

[0052] It should be appreciated with the benefit of the present disclosure that in some applications a content delivery system can thus leverage APs characterizing a population of users in its coverage area that is used to adjust content available for delivery by the APs. For example, the APs can access a shared user profile divulged by mobile devices. As another example, the APs can cross reference an identifier for the mobile devices with a user profile maintained at a network entity. Thus, when a kiosk or a particular AP managed by a kiosk is detected as having a particular demographic (e.g., 80% of users are male, aged 18-25), the content pushed or pulled for the kiosk can be altered accordingly. The user of the PMP **504** can access services from the CDS **502** via a user input/output (I/O) device **522**. For example, the I/O could be a graphical user interface, a human or automated telephone interface, a web portal, a haptic interface, etc. Moreover, this user I/O **522** can be integral to the PMP **504** or external (e.g., home or office workstation). The user I/O **522** can configure as depicted at **524** network subscription information, configure technical or preferential settings for network communications, kiosk communications, or peer-to-peer (P2P) communications. For example, the user may prefer not to consume battery power in uploading content to the kiosk or to another subscriber. Otherwise, the user may prefer to participate in media content delivery in order to receive a credit. The user may or may not prefer to make location or user identity automatically evident to kiosks or to other subscriber devices. In order to be better served in content prepositioned for download, the user may prefer to share demographic information that can explicitly identify content of interest or locations frequented. The user I/O **522** can also make selections in accordance with the subscription to have media content downloaded, such as selected from a media list catalog. These subscriptions/demographic information/content selections are transmitted from the user I/O **522** as depicted at **526** to the CDS central controller **514**, which can utilize a communication channel such as an Internet connection, PTSN, mail-in form, etc. The CDS central controller **514** in turn updates the user profile accordingly as depicted at **528**.

[0053] The user PMP **504** can be sensing or causing a location report to be generated as depicted at **530**. For example, a cellular, Short Message Service (SMS), an 802.11 access point, etc. can sense a beacon from the PMP **504**. Such location information can be gathered when no media content selections are pending for download for the purposes of characterization a user specifically or a demographic profile for clientele in general for a particular kiosk location. The location report can be determined by the receiving entity, depicted

as a proximate vendor kiosk A 532 as merely being within the coverage area. Alternatively or in addition, the location report can be based upon geographic coordinates divulged by the PMP 504, especially for communication modalities have an inherently large coverage area (e.g., WiMax). In response, the kiosk A authenticates the user's PMP 504 at 534, either autonomously or by communicating with a remote network such as the CDS Central 514, and reports the impending arrival for a beacon of greater range than data communication range. Alternatively or in addition, the kiosk A 532 collects such information for periodic reporting to the CDS central controller 514.

[0054] In some implementations or for certain kiosks such as kiosk A 532, a high bandwidth connection from the CDS central controller 514 can exist. In this instance, the CDS central controller 514 can be monitoring user profile as depicted at 536, including pending selection downloads and location tracking. Sufficient time can exist for the CDS central controller 514 to identify content to push to the kiosk 532 as depicted at 538. The kiosk A 532 distributes a portion of the selected media content as depicted at 540 to the PMP 504. In some instances connection between PMP 504 and kiosk A 532 terminates before full download of the selected content, such as due to insufficient time, the kiosk 532 not having a full copy of the media content in time, powering down of either device, etc. In response, the kiosk A 532 reports partial distribution to the CDS central controller 514 as depicted at 542, which responds in turn by sending a credit report to billing service 516 as depicted at 544.

[0055] The PMP 504 can enter a low power discovery mode as depicted at 545 when transitioning between coverage areas. Radio Frequency (RF) transceiver circuitry can be intermittently activated to discover and acquire a kiosk 532. In addition, a low power state can be used when in a coverage area between downlink and uplink slot allocations. Alternatively or in addition, automatic or manually set power saving mode can be entered into to extend service life, such as when the user has not made a pending selection awaiting for download or when a power supply state reaches a certain low level.

[0056] In some implementations or for certain kiosks such as a kiosk B 546, a low bandwidth communication channel exists for receiving media content from the CDS central controller 514. For example, the channel is a PTSN connection. As another example, the channel is heavily utilized for other purposes leaving a small allocation to such media downloads. The CDS central controller 514 can perform a location prediction process as depicted 548, which can entail characterization a general population that frequents a kiosk location or can target a particular user that is predicted by past behavior or based upon a current trajectory to be within the coverage area of kiosk B 546. With this prediction, the CDS central controller 514 can push media content in advance to the kiosk B 546 as depicted at 550. Media content can also be received by the kiosk 546 from a Clientele PMP 510 that volunteers to upload when visiting the coverage area of kiosk 546 as depicted at 551. For example, the Clientele PMP 510 could receive certain credits from the CDS central controller 514 in order to being willing to share stored content. Subsequently, PMP 504 enters the coverage area and receives a distribution of a further portion of the content as depicted at 552, which might terminate before completion. In response, the kiosk B 546 makes a report at some point to the CDS central controller 514 regarding the partial distribution at 554, which in turn makes a credit report at 556 to the billing service 516. The

PMP 504 stores the download stop point to support the process of resuming download upon the next visit of a Kiosk.

[0057] Subsequently, the user's PMP 504 comes within P2P range of the clientele PMP 510 that has previously received the media content as depicted back at 508. Alternatively, clientele PMP 510 can serve as an intermediary node in an ad hoc network to extend the range of the kiosk C 506. The PMPs 504, 510 share content lists including selections desired and content available for delivery as depicted at 558. In response to a request to complete delivery of the selected media content, the clientele PMP 510 transmits the remaining portion of the selection to the user's PMP 504 as depicted at 560. The kiosk C 506 can be delivering or receiving media content from other devices simultaneously or sequentially, as depicted at 561.

[0058] The kiosk C 506 can have additional selections that are locally available that are advertised peer-to-peer to the user's PMP 504, for example an updated catalog reflecting annotations for what is locally available can be provided as depicted at 562. When the PMP 510 is within network communication, a report of completed delivery of the selected media content is made, such as to kiosk C 506 as depicted at 564 that is relayed to the CDS central controller 514, which in turn generates a bill/credit report as depicted at 566 that can credit clientele PMP 510 for assisting in the delivery of the media content. With the media content delivered, the user's PMP 504 can play the media content as depicted at 568, which can be an integral player or an external device.

[0059] With reference to FIG. 6, an exemplary methodology 600 is illustrated for a mobile device (e.g., PMP) to participate in a content delivery system (CDS). Preferences are established as depicted at 602, which can be dictated by device limitations, download time trade-offs with image compression quality, user preferences, subscription rates for bandwidth consumed, etc. In block 604, the mobile device can receive information pertaining to user preferences, CDS authentication, subscription keys, etc., especially in instances where services are established wholly or in part via another communication channel, such as a home workstation.

[0060] In block 606, a determination is made as to whether movement of the mobile device is sensed. If so, sleep cycle (block 608) can be adjusted for detecting a kiosk or similar access point or access node for requesting and receiving media content. In some aspects, the mobile device tracks its own location for reporting or internal use (block 610). For example, the mobile device can remember past sessions or have a location cross reference that enable a determination that a kiosk coverage area is approach (block 612). If so, the sleep cycle can also be adjusted (block 614) or beacon initiated to expedite session initiation. The beacon for example can be a longer range but limited data rate control signal for negotiating session parameters so that the data transmission makes efficient use of a short duration of time within range for full data communication.

[0061] In an illustrative implementation, a power saving mode of the mobile device thus includes waking up at predetermined time, which can comprise a synchronized time for avoiding collisions or missing a beacon signal. Alternatively, one party such as the AP provides a carrier (beacon) signal of sufficient duration and repetition that a relatively short waking period by the mobile device suffices for listening for coverage areas. As a further alternative, the AP can have a sufficiently long listening period (e.g., continuously) that a very brief beacon signal from the mobile device during a

waking period is sufficient for locating, identifying or synchronizing to the sleep cycle of the mobile device for the AP to initiate a communication session. In block 616, a determination is made as to whether a wireless AP is available. If so, authentication occurs in block 618. The CDS network entity can be updated on any selection requests or fulfillment that were made on the mobile device while out of network communication (block 620). The mobile device can receive at least a portion of requested content that is cached or stored by the wireless AP (kiosk) in block 622. If in block 624 the kiosk has requested content from the mobile device, then in block 626 the requested content can be uploaded.

[0062] If at block 616 a kiosk wireless AP was not available, a further determination can be made at block 628 whether a P2P wireless connection is possible to another subscriber mobile device or to an ad hoc network that has a node for a kiosk. If so, list of available content can be exchanged (block 630) and requests for and delivery of at least a portion of priority content can be made (block 632).

[0063] If at block 628 no P2P was available, then location can be updated (block 634), beacon settings updated (block 636) and sleep cycle adjusted or complied with (block 638), with processing returning to block 606 for continued monitoring.

[0064] Before or after full receipt of selected media content, the mobile device catalogs in block 640 the content received, including verifying data integrity and applicability of DRM decryption keys for playback. Participation of various entities in the delivery can be logged for credit/billing purposes. In block 642, for instances of partial delivery, the content that is received can be merged into a form suitable for playback in block 644, which can entail concatenating and decrypting. In some aspects, in block 646 a determination is made as to whether a home network connection is available, which if so enables archiving content at block 648 for playback on external devices or protecting against data loss.

[0065] With reference to FIG. 7, an exemplary methodology 700 is illustrated for a kiosk/wireless access point to participate in a content delivery system. Remotely or at the kiosk, a characterization of clientele at a location can be determined, such as by receiving demographic information from the users, analyzing content transactions, manually input characteristics from anecdotal experience or user requests, etc., in block 702. The kiosk can pull media content for expected future clientele (block 704).

[0066] The kiosk can sense and report clientele within the coverage area (block 706). For example, the number of non-participating wireless-capable mobile devices can yield marketing data as to the effectiveness of subscription campaigns. Presence of a particular device identifier can be used to deduce a pattern of behavior, whether a subscriber or not. Subscribers who are sensed but who have not made a selection for media content can identify opportunities for further advertising to the subscribers.

[0067] In block 708, the kiosk receives media pushed from the network for an expected mobile device. For example, the trajectory of the mobile device has been predicted based on recent encounters with other access points or the behavior indicates impending arrival within a time frame suitable for prepositioning media content.

[0068] In block 710, the kiosk maintains ad hoc network connection to distant devices as well as maintaining an AP wireless network to deliver advertisements and selected media content. In block 712, in addition to advertising to

subscribers, the kiosk can advantageously transmit an advertisement to wireless capable devices that are not yet subscribers regarding the available media content cached for immediate delivery.

[0069] In block 714, a determination is made as to whether a mobile device has made a request for media content. If so, the mobile device is authenticated in block 716. This authentication could be made offline based on a local subscriber database or made online by coordinating with the network CDS (block 718). Distribution among a plurality of mobile devices is managed by queuing transmission (block 719). Optimal queuing can be achieved in one aspect by transferring at a reasonably maximum rate in which a first requester can receive content, giving remaining bandwidth or awaiting completion of transmission before downloading content to a subsequent requester. Such optimization can be based at least in part upon link quality and channel bandwidth limitations to each mobile device. Queuing can also ration available air link bandwidth by satisfying a single request from each mobile device in turn before fulfilling a second request from one of the mobile devices. Optimizing transmission can also take into consideration link quality with each mobile device. For example, certain devices may be given a lower priority or be ignored if the link quality is low so that an overall successful data delivery rate is achieved. In response to the request, in block 720 at least a portion of the identified (selected) content is transmitted to the mobile device. This transmission can be coordinated amongst a number of access points controlled by the kiosk in block 720 to extend the session continuity over a coverage area. A determination is made in block 722 whether the mobile device contains stored media content that is desired by the kiosk. If so, a request is made in block 724 and the upload is received in block 726. In some instances, the mobile device could refuse in order to preserve battery power. In block 728, the communication is lost. At least an approximation of the amount of media content transmitted for delivery is reported for referral credit in block 724. Thus, it should be appreciated with the benefit of the present disclosure that the kiosk benefits from receiving media content by one or more types of transfers, described above as being pushed or pulled with regard to the network CDS or being uploaded from a mobile device.

[0070] With reference to FIG. 8, an exemplary methodology 800 is illustrated for a network central controller to participate in a content delivery system. In block 802, a subscriber database is maintained, including those participating as mobile device for receiving media content as end users as well as kiosk vendors who act as intermediaries. In block 804, location reports about mobile devices are tracked and updated. In block 806, the content downloads are queued for kiosks based upon requests by the kiosks, pass-through requests from individual mobile devices, characterization of past transactions, or predictions based upon demographic data for a particular kiosk location. In block 808, analysis of high traffic areas can identify locations that have potential for another vendor kiosk to expand the coverage area of the CDS as well as generating vendor revenue to warrant the infrastructure increase. In block 810, a determination is made as to whether a particular transaction is overdue for completion. If so, the network can schedule a backhaul network transmission to the mobile device or prioritize a download to kiosk queue to satisfy the delivery (block 812). Periodically, received transaction reports can be used to credit vendors and P2P deliveries to a kiosk or to a subscribing mobile device

(block **816**). In addition, the mobile device can be billed for downloads of the media content (block **818**).

[0071] What has been described above includes examples of the various aspects. It is, of course, not possible to describe every conceivable combination of components or methodologies for purposes of describing the various aspects, but one of ordinary skill in the art may recognize that many further combinations and permutations are possible. Accordingly, the subject specification intended to embrace all such alterations, modifications, and variations that fall within the spirit and scope of the appended claims.

[0072] As used in this application, the terms “component”, “module”, “system”, and the like are intended to refer to a computer-related entity, either hardware, a combination of hardware and software, software, or software in execution. For example, a component may be, but is not limited to being, a process running on a processor, a processor, an object, an executable, a thread of execution, a program, and/or a computer. By way of illustration, both an application running on a server and the server can be a component. One or more components may reside within a process and/or thread of execution and a component may be localized on one computer and/or distributed between two or more computers.

[0073] The word “exemplary” is used herein to mean serving as an example, instance, or illustration. Any aspect or design described herein as “exemplary” is not necessarily to be construed as preferred or advantageous over other aspects or designs.

[0074] In particular and in regard to the various functions performed by the above described components, devices, circuits, systems and the like, the terms (including a reference to a “means”) used to describe such components are intended to correspond, unless otherwise indicated, to any component which performs the specified function of the described component (e.g., a functional equivalent), even though not structurally equivalent to the disclosed structure, which performs the function in the herein illustrated exemplary aspects. In this regard, it will also be recognized that the various aspects include a system as well as a computer-readable medium having computer-executable instructions for performing the acts and/or events of the various methods.

[0075] In addition, while a particular feature may have been disclosed with respect to only one of several implementations, such feature may be combined with one or more other features of the other implementations as may be desired and advantageous for any given or particular application. To the extent that the terms “includes,” and “including” and variants thereof are used in either the detailed description or the claims, these terms are intended to be inclusive in a manner similar to the term “comprising.” Furthermore, the term “or” as used in either the detailed description of the claims is meant to be a “non-exclusive or”.

[0076] Furthermore, as will be appreciated, various portions of the disclosed systems and methods may include or consist of artificial intelligence, machine learning, or knowledge or rule based components, sub-components, processes, means, methodologies, or mechanisms (e.g., support vector machines, neural networks, expert systems, Bayesian belief networks, fuzzy logic, data fusion engines, classifiers . . .). Such components, inter alia, can automate certain mechanisms or processes performed thereby to make portions of the systems and methods more adaptive as well as efficient and intelligent.

[0077] In view of the exemplary systems described supra, methodologies that may be implemented in accordance with the disclosed subject matter have been described with reference to several flow diagrams. While for purposes of simplicity of explanation, the methodologies are shown and described as a series of blocks, it is to be understood and appreciated that the claimed subject matter is not limited by the order of the blocks, as some blocks may occur in different orders and/or concurrently with other blocks from what is depicted and described herein. Moreover, not all illustrated blocks may be required to implement the methodologies described herein. Additionally, it should be further appreciated that the methodologies disclosed herein are capable of being stored on an article of manufacture to facilitate transporting and transferring such methodologies to computers. The term article of manufacture, as used herein, is intended to encompass a computer program accessible from any computer-readable device, carrier, or media.

[0078] Furthermore, the one or more versions may be implemented as a method, apparatus, or article of manufacture using standard programming and/or engineering techniques to produce software, firmware, hardware, or any combination thereof to control a computer to implement the disclosed aspects. The term “article of manufacture” (or alternatively, “computer program product”) as used herein is intended to encompass a computer program accessible from any computer-readable device, carrier, or media. For example, computer readable media can include but are not limited to magnetic storage devices (e.g., hard disk, floppy disk, magnetic strips . . .), optical disks (e.g., compact disk (CD), digital versatile disk (DVD) . . .), smart cards, and flash memory devices (e.g., card, stick). Additionally it should be appreciated that a carrier wave can be employed to carry computer-readable electronic data such as those used in transmitting and receiving electronic mail or in accessing a network such as the Internet or a local area network (LAN). Of course, those skilled in the art will recognize many modifications may be made to this configuration without departing from the scope of the disclosed aspects.

[0079] The various illustrative logics, logical blocks, modules, and circuits described in connection with the embodiments disclosed herein may be implemented or performed with a general purpose processor, a digital signal processor (DSP), an application specific integrated circuit (ASIC), a field programmable gate array (FPGA) or other programmable logic device, discrete gate or transistor logic, discrete hardware components, or any combination thereof designed to perform the functions described herein. A general-purpose processor may be a microprocessor, but, in the alternative, the processor may be any conventional processor, controller, microcontroller, or state machine. A processor may also be implemented as a combination of computing devices, e.g., a combination of a DSP and a microprocessor, a plurality of microprocessors, one or more microprocessors in conjunction with a DSP core, or any other such configuration. Additionally, at least one processor may comprise one or more modules operable to perform one or more of the steps and/or actions described above.

[0080] Further, the steps and/or actions of a method or algorithm described in connection with the aspects disclosed herein may be embodied directly in hardware, in a software module executed by a processor, or in a combination of the two. A software module may reside in RAM memory, flash memory, ROM memory, EPROM memory, EEPROM

memory, registers, a hard disk, a removable disk, a CD-ROM, or any other form of storage medium known in the art. An exemplary storage medium may be coupled to the processor, such that the processor can read information from, and write information to, the storage medium. In the alternative, the storage medium may be integral to the processor. Further, in some aspects, the processor and the storage medium may reside in an ASIC. Additionally, the ASIC may reside in a user terminal. In the alternative, the processor and the storage medium may reside as discrete components in a user terminal. Additionally, in some aspects, the steps and/or actions of a method or algorithm may reside as one or any combination or set of codes and/or instructions on a machine readable medium and/or computer readable medium, which may be incorporated into a computer program product. It should be appreciated that any patent, publication, or other disclosure material, in whole or in part, that is said to be incorporated by reference herein is incorporated herein only to the extent that the incorporated material does not conflict with existing definitions, statements, or other disclosure material set forth in this disclosure. As such, and to the extent necessary, the disclosure as explicitly set forth herein supersedes any conflicting material incorporated herein by reference. Any material, or portion thereof, that is said to be incorporated by reference herein, but which conflicts with existing definitions, statements, or other disclosure material set forth herein, will only be incorporated to the extent that no conflict arises between that incorporated material and the existing disclosure material.

1. A method for wirelessly distributing media content to a population of portable devices, comprising:
 - receiving media content transmitted from a network controller;
 - storing the media content in local storage;
 - managing a wireless data protocol coverage area with an access point;
 - authenticating a request for media content from a portable device as a subscriber within the coverage area;
 - wirelessly transmitting the requested media content to the portable device; and
 - reporting the wireless transmission to the network controller for tracking and billing purposes.
2. The method of claim 1, further comprising receiving the media content transmitted from the network controller over a publicly switched telephone network (PTSN).
3. The method of claim 1, further comprising receiving the media content transmitted from the network controller via a cable modem.
4. The method of claim 1, further comprising:
 - tracking requests for media content from a plurality of portable devices; and
 - requesting reprioritization of downloads based upon the tracked requests.
5. The method of claim 1, further comprising receiving a selection catalog of media content from the network controller and relaying the selection catalog to the portable device in the coverage area.
6. The method of claim 1, further comprising transmitting a beacon signal to alert the population of portable devices as to the coverage area for subscribers.
7. The method of claim 1, further comprising:
 - receiving a report of available media content from the portable device;

determining a selection of the available media content having been downloaded as a subscriber;

determining the selection not available in local storage; and

wirelessly requesting and receiving the selected available media content from the portable device.

8. The method of claim 7, further comprising reporting a credit to the network controller for the portable device for facilitating receipt of subscriber media content.
9. The method of claim 1, further comprising:
 - receiving a report of available media content from the portable media content;
 - determining a selection of the available media content as having been downloaded at least in part as a subscriber from another subscriber portable device; and
 - reporting the download to the network controller for crediting the another subscriber portable device.
10. The method of claim 1, further comprising managing an array of access points of an enlarged coverage area.
11. The method of claim 1, further comprising interacting with a vendor via a vendor user interface to report on transactions made via the kiosk.
12. The method of claim 1, further comprising interacting with a subscriber via a public user interface for selecting media content for the subscriber portable device.
13. The method of claim 1, further comprising:
 - deleting media content from local storage; and
 - reporting the deletion to the network controller for annotating an updated selection catalog.
14. The method of claim 1, further comprising relaying a location report for the subscriber portable device to the network controller.
15. The method of claim 14, further comprising detecting a beacon signal from the subscriber portable device.
16. The method of claim 1, further comprising receiving a prioritized download of media content in expectation of arrival of the subscriber portable device.
17. The method of claim 1, further comprising:
 - receiving a plurality of selections from the subscriber portable device;
 - transmitting at least a portion of one selection during a current session;
 - requesting and receiving a download from the network controller of another of the plurality of selections; and
 - transmitting the another selection to the subscriber portable device during a subsequent session.
18. The method of claim 1, further comprising receiving a report from a subscriber portable device comprising a date of initiating download for triggering a backhaul network satisfaction of the selection.
19. The method of claim 1, further comprising:
 - receiving a request for a second selection from a second subscriber portable device during transmission of the first selected media content to the first portable device; and
 - wirelessly transmitting the second selected media content to the second subscriber portable device after transmission of the first selected media content is terminated.
20. The method of claim 1, further comprising:
 - receiving a request for a second selection from a second subscriber portable device during transmission of the first selected media content to the first portable device; and

wirelessly transmitting the second selected media content to the second subscriber portable device during transmission of the first selected media content to the first portable device.

21. The method of claim **1**, further comprising terminating transmission of the selected media content due to completion of transmission or departure of the portable device from the coverage area.

22. The apparatus of claim **21**, further comprising determining departure of the portable device from the coverage area based upon a reduced transmission rate.

23. At least one processor for wirelessly distributing media content to a population of portable devices, comprising:

- a first module for receiving media content transmitted from a network controller;
- a second module for storing the media content in local storage;
- a third module for managing a wireless data protocol coverage area with an access point;
- a fourth module for authenticating a request for media content from a portable device as a subscriber within the coverage area;
- a fifth module for wirelessly transmitting the requested media content to the portable device; and
- a sixth module for reporting the wireless transmission to the network controller for tracking and billing purposes.

24. A computer program product for wirelessly distributing media content to a population of portable devices, comprising:

- a computer-readable storage medium comprising,
 - a first set of instructions for causing a computer to receive media content transmitted from a network controller;
 - a second set of instructions for causing the computer to store the media content in local storage;
 - a third set of instructions for causing the computer to manage a wireless data protocol coverage area with an access point;
 - a fourth set of instructions for causing the computer to authenticate a request for media content from a portable device as a subscriber within the coverage area;
 - a fifth set of instructions for causing the computer to wirelessly transmit the requested media content to the portable device; and
 - a sixth set of instructions for causing the computer to report the wireless transmission to the network controller for tracking and billing purposes.

25. An apparatus for wirelessly distributing media content to a population of portable devices, comprising:

- means for receiving media content transmitted from a network controller;
- means for storing the media content in local storage;
- means for managing a wireless data protocol coverage area with an access point;
- means for authenticating a request for media content from a portable device as a subscriber within the coverage area;
- means for wirelessly transmitting the requested media content to the portable device; and
- means for reporting the wireless transmission to the network controller for tracking and billing purposes.

26. An apparatus for wirelessly distributing media content to a population of portable devices, comprising:

- a network communication module for receiving media content transmitted from a network controller;
- local storage for storing the media content;
- a processor;
- a wireless access point managed by the processor for a wireless data protocol coverage area;
- a security module for authenticating a request for media content from a portable device as a subscriber within the coverage area;
- the wireless access point for wirelessly transmitting the requested media content to the portable device; and
- the processor storing the report in local storage and for reporting the wireless transmission to the network controller via the network communication module for tracking and billing purposes.

27. The apparatus of claim **26**, further comprising the network communication module for receiving the media content transmitted from the network controller over a publicly switched telephone network (PTSN).

28. The apparatus of claim **26**, further comprising the network communication module for receiving the media content transmitted from the network controller over a cable modem.

29. The apparatus of claim **26**, further comprising the processor for:

- tracking requests for media content from a plurality of portable devices; and
- requesting reprioritization of downloads based upon the tracked requests.

30. The apparatus of claim **26**, further comprising the network communication module for receiving a selection catalog of media content from the network controller and the wireless access point for relaying the selection catalog to the portable device in the coverage area.

31. The apparatus of claim **26**, further comprising the wireless access point for transmitting a beacon signal to alert the population of portable devices as to the coverage area for subscribers.

32. The apparatus of claim **26**, further comprising the wireless access point for receiving a beacon signal from at least one of the population of portable devices.

33. The apparatus of claim **26**, further comprising:

- the wireless access point for receiving a report of available media content from the portable device;
- the processor for determining a selection of the available media content having been downloaded as a subscriber and for determining the selection not available in local storage; and
- the wireless access point for wirelessly requesting and receiving the selected available media content from the portable device.

34. The apparatus of claim **33**, further comprising the network communication module for reporting a credit to the network controller for the portable device for facilitating receipt of subscriber media content.

35. The apparatus of claim **26**, further comprising:

- the wireless access point for receiving a report of available media content from the portable device;
- the processor for determining a selection of the available media content as having been downloaded at least in part as a subscriber from another subscriber portable device; and
- the network communication module for reporting the download to the network controller for crediting the another subscriber portable device.

36. The apparatus of claim **26**, further comprising the processor for managing an array of access points of an enlarged coverage area.

37. The apparatus of claim **26**, further comprising a vendor user interface for interacting with a vendor to report on transactions made via the kiosk.

38. The apparatus of claim **26**, further comprising a public user interface for interacting with a subscriber for selecting media content for the subscriber portable device.

39. The apparatus of claim **26**, further comprising:
the processor for deleting media content from local storage; and
the network communication module for reporting the deletion to the network controller for annotating an updated selection catalog.

40. The apparatus of claim **26**, further comprising the network communication module for relaying a location report for the subscriber portable device to the network controller.

41. The apparatus of claim **26**, further comprising the network communication module for receiving a prioritized download of media content in expectation of arrival of the subscriber portable device.

42. The apparatus of claim **26**, further comprising:
the wireless access point for receiving a plurality of selections from the subscriber portable device and for transmitting at least a portion of one selection during a current session;
the network communication module for requesting and receiving a download from the network controller of another of the plurality of selections; and
the wireless access point for transmitting the another selection to the subscriber portable device during a subsequent session.

43. The apparatus of claim **26**, further comprising the wireless access point for receiving a report from a subscriber

portable device comprising a date of initiating download for triggering a backhaul network satisfaction of the selection.

44. The apparatus of claim **26**, further comprising the wireless access point for:

receiving a request for a second selection from a second subscriber portable device during transmission of the first selected media content to the first portable device; and

wirelessly transmitting the second selected media content to the second subscriber portable device after transmission of the first selected media content is terminated.

45. The apparatus of claim **26**, further comprising the wireless access point for:

receiving a request for a second selection from a second subscriber portable device during transmission of the first selected media content to the first portable device; and

wirelessly transmitting the second selected media content to the second subscriber portable device during transmission of the first selected media content to the first portable device.

46. The apparatus of claim **44**, further comprising the processor for terminating transmission of the first selected media content due to completion of transmission or departure of the first portable device from the coverage area

47. The apparatus of claim **46**, further comprising the processor for determining departure of the first portable device from the coverage area based upon a reduced transmission rate.

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