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(54) **SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR DELIVERING TARGETED ADVERTISEMENTS AND TRACKING ADVERTISEMENT INTERACTIONS IN VOICE RECOGNITION CONTEXTS**

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(58) **Field of Classification Search**
None
See application file for complete search history.

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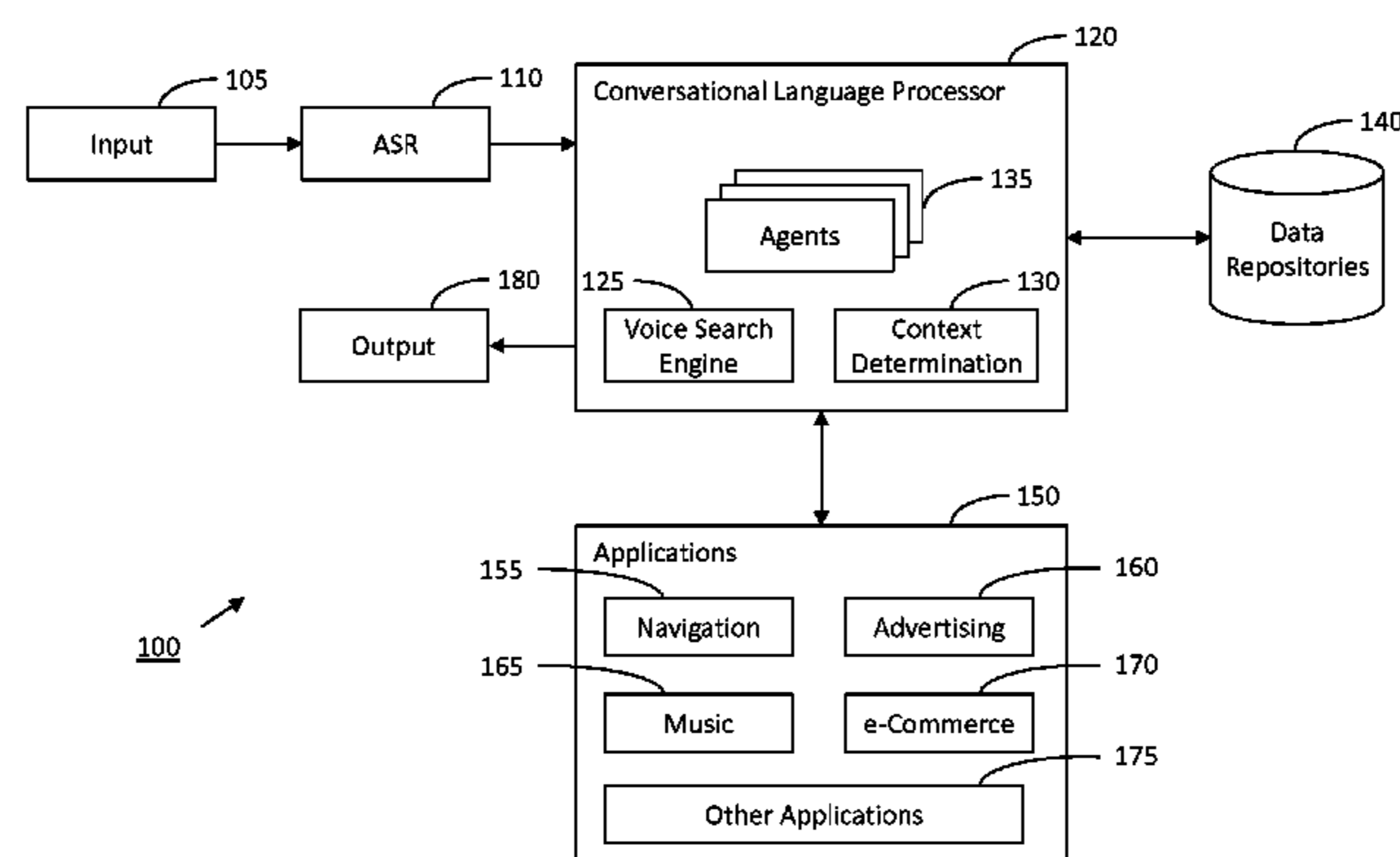
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

The system and method described herein may use various natural language models to deliver targeted advertisements and track advertisement interactions in voice recognition contexts. In particular, in response to an input device receiving an utterance, a conversational language processor may select and deliver one or more advertisements targeted to a user that spoke the utterance based on cognitive models associated with the user, various users having similar characteristics to the user, an environment in which the user spoke the utterance, or other criteria. Further, subsequent interaction with the targeted advertisements may be tracked to build and refine the cognitive models and thereby enhance the information used to deliver targeted advertisements in response to subsequent utterances.

55 Claims, 3 Drawing Sheets



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* cited by examiner

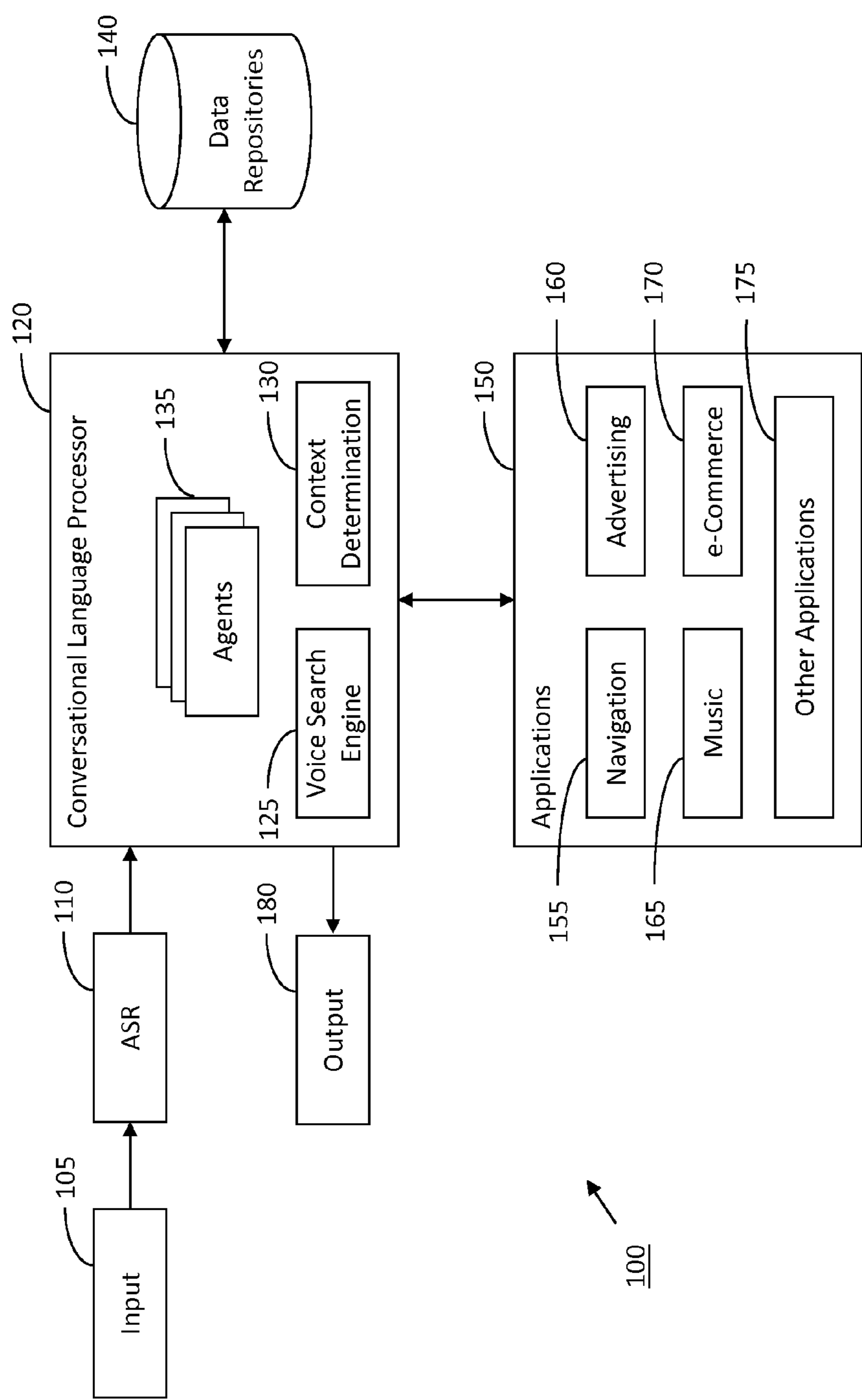


Figure 1

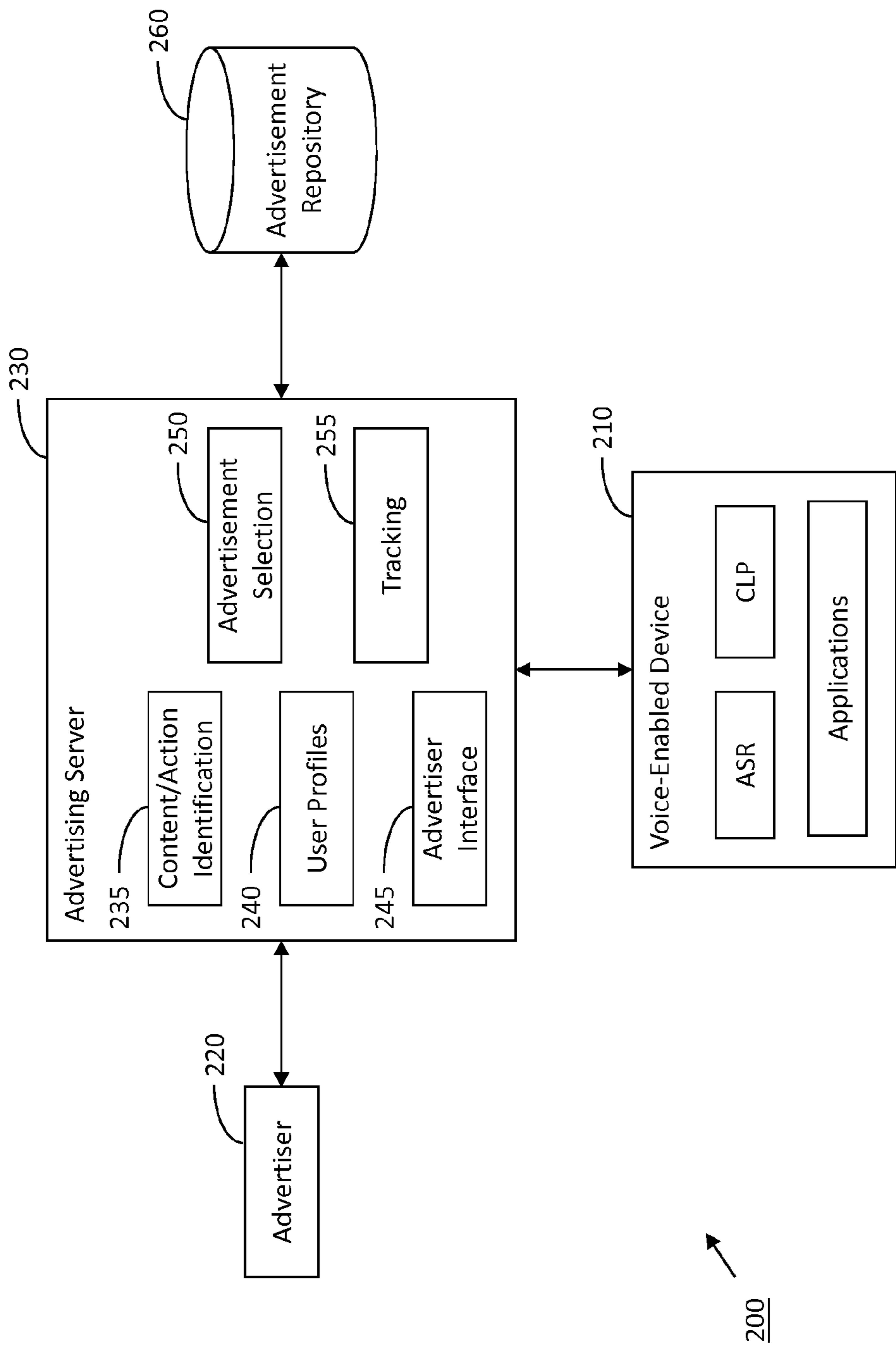


Figure 2

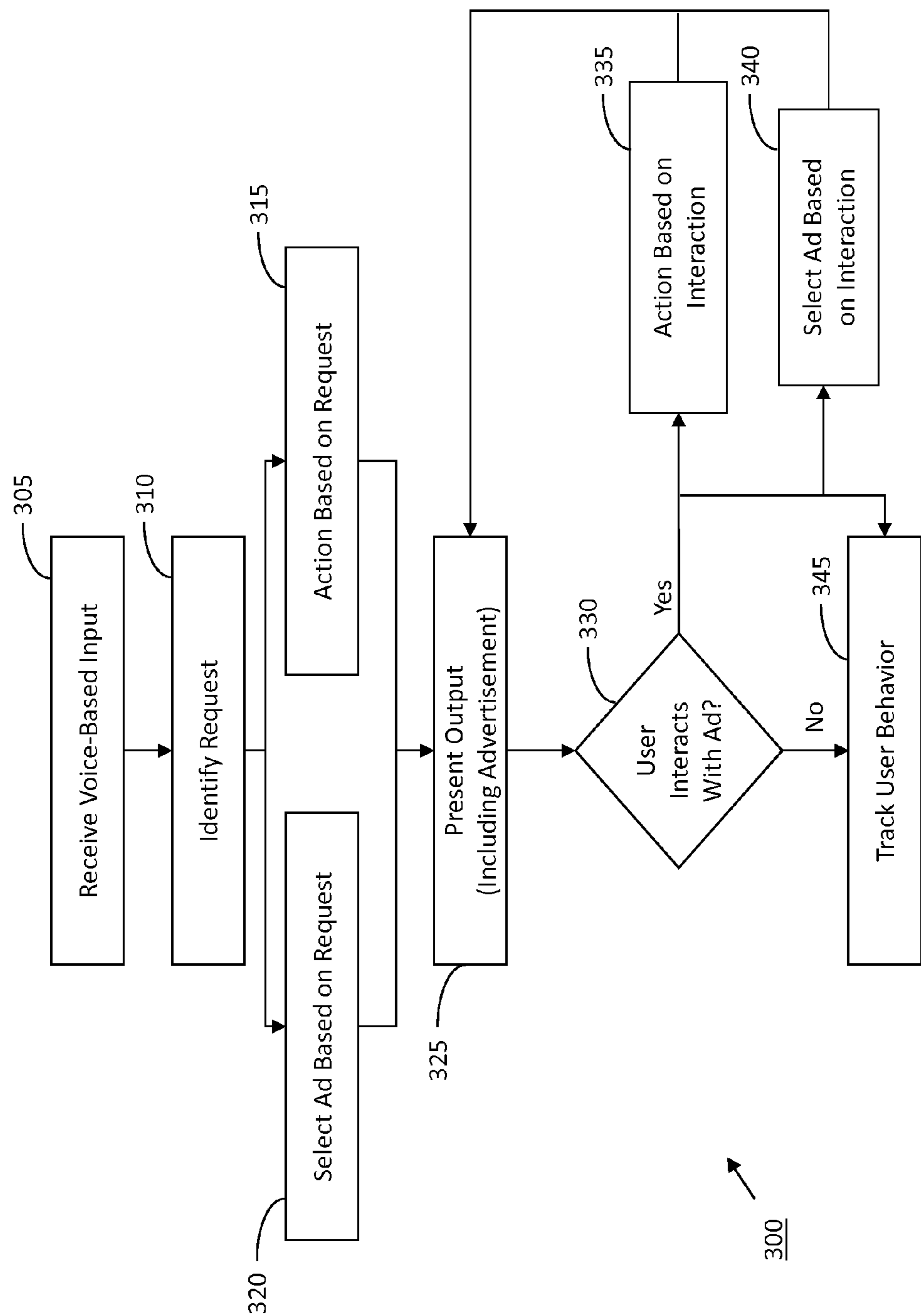


Figure 3

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SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR DELIVERING TARGETED ADVERTISEMENTS AND TRACKING ADVERTISEMENT INTERACTIONS IN VOICE RECOGNITION CONTEXTS

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application is a continuation of Ser. No. 13/371,870, entitled "System and Method for Delivering Target Advertisements and Tracking Advertisement Interactions in Voice Recognition Context," filed Feb. 13, 2012 (which issued as U.S. Pat. No. 8,527,274 on Sep. 3, 2013), which is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/847,564, entitled "System and Method for Selecting and Presenting Advertisements Based on Natural Language Processing of Voice-Based Input," filed Jul. 30, 2010 (which issued as U.S. Pat. No. 8,145,489 on Mar. 27, 2012), which is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/671,526, entitled "System and Method for Selecting and Presenting Advertisements Based on Natural Language Processing of Voice-Based Input," filed Feb. 6, 2007 (which issued as U.S. Pat. No. 7,818,176 on Oct. 19, 2010), the contents of which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to selecting and presenting advertisements based on natural language processing of voice-based input.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

As technology advances, consumer electronics devices tend to play larger roles due to increased functionality and mobility. For example, mobile phones, navigation devices, embedded devices, and other such devices provide a wealth of functionality beyond core applications. However, increased functionality adds difficulty to the learning curve associated with using electronic devices, and increased mobility intensifies the demand for simple mechanisms to interact with devices on the go. For example, existing systems tend to have complex human to machine interfaces, which may inhibit mass-market adoption for various technologies. For example, when a user wishes to perform a relatively simple task on a mobile phone, such as purchasing a ring tone, the user often is forced to navigate through a series of menus and press a series of buttons. In some instances, this may result in the transaction not necessarily occurring, as the user may prefer to avoid the hassles altogether. As such, there is ever-growing demand for ways to exploit technology in intuitive ways.

Voice recognition software may enable a user to exploit applications and features of a device that may otherwise be unfamiliar, unknown, or difficult to use. However, many existing voice user interfaces (when they actually work) still require significant learning on the part of the user. For example, users often cannot directly issue a request for a system to retrieve information or perform an action without having to memorize specific syntaxes, words, phrases, concepts, semantic indicators, or other keywords/qualifiers. Similarly, when users are uncertain of particular needs, many existing systems do not engage the user in a productive, cooperative dialogue to resolve requests and advance a conversation. Instead, many existing speech interfaces force users to use a fixed set commands or keywords to communicate requests in ways that systems can understand. Using

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existing voice user interfaces, there is virtually no option for dialogue between the user and the system to satisfy mutual goals.

The lack of adequate voice user interfaces results in missed opportunities for providing valuable and relevant information to users. Not only does this potentially leave user requests unresolved, in certain instances, providers of goods and services may lose out on potential business. In an increasingly global marketplace, where marketers are continually looking for new and effective ways to reach consumers, the problems with existing voice user interfaces leaves a large segment of consumer demand unfulfilled. Furthermore, existing techniques for marketing, advertising, or otherwise calling consumers to action fail to effectively utilize voice-based information, which is one of the most natural, intuitive methods of human interaction.

Existing systems suffer from these and other problems.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

According to various aspects of the invention, a system and method for selecting and presenting advertisements based on natural language processing of voice-based inputs is provided. A natural language voice-based input may be received by a voice user interface. The voice-based input may include a user utterance, and a request may be identified from the utterance. Appropriate action may be taken to service the request, while one or more advertisements may be selected and presented to the user. Advertisements may be selected based on various criteria, including content of the input (e.g., concepts, semantic indicators, etc.), an activity related to the input (e.g., a relation to a request, a requested application, etc.), user profiles (e.g., demographics, preferences, location, etc.), or in other ways. A user may subsequently interact with the advertisement (e.g., via a voice-based input), and action may be taken in response to the interaction. Furthermore, the interaction may be tracked to build statistical profiles of user behavior based on affinities or clusters among advertisements, user profiles, contexts, topics, semantic indicators, concepts, or other criteria.

According to various aspects of the invention, advertisers may create advertisements, which may be stored in an advertisement repository. For example, advertisements may include sponsored messages, calls to action, purchase opportunities, trial downloads, or any other marketing communication, as would be apparent to those skilled in the art. Advertisers may specify various parameters to associate with the advertisements, such as various contexts or topic concepts (e.g., semantic indicators for a "music" concept may include words such as "music," "tunes," "songs," etc.), target demographics (e.g., a preferred audience), marketing criteria or prices for insertion (e.g., dynamic or static pricing based on various marketing criteria), or other information, as would be apparent. The advertisement repository may be associated with a server, where in response to a voice-based input from a user (e.g., at a voice-enabled device), a communications link may be established with the server. Information may be extracted from the voice-based input (e.g., words in the input, applications requested by the input, etc.), and the extracted information may be correlated with user profiles, advertisement parameters, or other information to determine which advertisements to select in relation to the voice-based input. The server may subsequently communicate the selected advertisements to the user, and the server may track the user's subsequent interaction with the selected advertisements.

Other objects and advantages of the invention will be apparent based on the following drawings and detailed description.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 illustrates a block diagram of an exemplary system for implementing a voice user interface according to various aspects of the invention.

FIG. 2 illustrates a block diagram of an exemplary advertising system according to various aspects of the invention.

FIG. 3 illustrates a flow diagram of an exemplary method for selecting and presenting advertisements based on voice-based inputs according to various aspects of the invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Referring to FIG. 1, an exemplary system **100** for implementing a voice user interface is illustrated according to various aspects of the invention. System **100** may enable users to perform various tasks on a voice-enabled device. For example, users may control navigation devices, media devices, personal computers, personal digital assistants, or any other device supporting voice-based inputs. System **100** may enable users to request voice-enabled devices to retrieve information or perform various tasks, among other things, using natural language voice-based inputs. For example, system **100** may interpret natural language voice-based inputs and generate responses using, among other things, techniques described in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/452,147, entitled "Systems and Methods for Responding to Natural Language Speech Utterance," filed Jun. 3, 2003, which issued as U.S. Pat. No. 7,398,209 on Jul. 8, 2008, and U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/618,633, entitled "Mobile Systems and Methods for Responding to Natural Language Speech Utterance," filed Jun. 15, 2003, which issued as U.S. Pat. No. 7,693,720 on Apr. 6, 2010, both of which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety. For example, as described in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/452,147, the system **100** may include a speech recognition engine (e.g., an Automatic Speech Recognizer **110**) that may recognize words and phrases in an utterance using entries in one or more dictionary and phrase tables. In addition, as further described therein, fuzzy set possibilities or prior probabilities for the words in the dictionary and phrase tables may be dynamically updated to maximize the probability of correct recognition at each stage of the dialog (e.g., the probabilities or possibilities may be dynamically updated based on application domains, questions or commands, contexts, user profiles and preferences, user dialog histories, recognizer dictionary and phrase tables, word spellings, and/or other criteria).

According to various aspects of the invention, system **100** may receive a user input, including at least a voice-based user utterance, at an input device **105**. Input device **105** may include any suitable device, or combination of devices, for receiving a voice-based input (e.g., a microphone). In various implementations, input device **105** may include a multi-modal input, such as a touch-screen interface, keypad, or other input. The received utterance may be processed by the Automatic Speech Recognizer **110**. Automatic Speech Recognizer **110** may generate one or more preliminary interpretations of the utterance using various techniques. For example, Automatic Speech Recognizer **110** may interpret the utterance using techniques of phonetic dictation to recognize a stream of phonemes. Further, Automatic Speech Recognizer **110** may perform post-processing to enhance the preliminary interpretations. For example, Automatic Speech

Recognizer **110** may vary interpretations of an utterance, or components of an utterance, from one context to another. Other techniques for enhancing an interpretation of a user utterance may be used, such as those described in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/513,269, entitled "Dynamic Speech Sharpening," filed Aug. 31, 2006, which issued as U.S. Pat. No. 7,634,409 on Dec. 15, 2009, and which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety.

The one or more preliminary interpretations may be provided to a conversational language processor **120**. Conversational language processor **120** may include a voice search engine **125**, a context determination module **130**, and one or more agents **135**, among other things, to enable cooperative, conversational interaction between the user and system **100**. Conversational language processor **120** may be communicatively coupled to one or more data repositories **140** and one or more applications **150**. Conversational language processor **120** may generate a domain-specific conversational response, which may be returned to the user as an output **180**. Output **180** may include a multi-modal output (e.g., by simultaneously returning a voice-based response and displaying information on a display device).

System **100** may further include an interaction with one or more applications **150** to service one or more requests in the utterance. For example, the utterance may include one or more requests for performing an action, retrieving information, or various combinations thereof. Output **180** may include a conversational response to advance a conversation to service requests by invoking one or more applications **150**, as appropriate. For example, applications **150** may include a navigation application **155**, an advertising application **160**, a music application, an electronic commerce application **170**, and/or other applications **175**. Furthermore, Automatic Speech Recognizer **110**, conversational language processor **120**, data repositories **140**, and/or applications **150** may reside locally (e.g., on a user device), remotely (e.g., on a server), and/or hybrid local/remote processing models may be used (e.g., lightweight applications may be processed locally while computationally intensive applications may be processed remotely).

Conversational language processor **120** may build long-term and/or short-term shared knowledge in one or more knowledge sources. For example, shared knowledge sources may include information about previous utterances, requests, and other user interactions to inform generating an appropriate response to a current utterance. The shared knowledge may include public/non-private (i.e., environmental) knowledge, as well as personal/private (i.e., historical) knowledge. For example, conversational language processor **120** may use context determination module **130** to establish a context for a current utterance by having domain agents **135** competitively generate a context-based interpretation of the utterance (e.g., by scoring possible interpretations and selecting a highest scoring interpretation). As such, agents **135** may model various domains (e.g., navigation, music, a specific user, global users, advertising, e-commerce, etc.), and conversational language processor **120** may interpret and/or respond to a voice-based input accordingly. For example, context-based interpretations and responses to a voice-based input may be generated using techniques described in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/197,504, entitled "Systems and Methods for Responding to Natural Language Speech Utterance," filed Aug. 5, 2005, which issued as U.S. Pat. No. 7,640,160 on Dec. 29, 2009, and U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/212,693, entitled "Mobile Systems and Methods of Supporting Natural Language Human-Machine Interactions," filed Aug.

29, 2005, which issued as U.S. Pat. No. 7,949,529 on May 24, 2011, both of which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety.

Furthermore, conversational language processor **120** may support adaptive misrecognition to reinterpret a current utterance and/or one or more previous utterances. For example, information contained in a current utterance may indicate that interpretations for one or more previous utterances were incorrect, and therefore, the previous utterances may be reinterpreted to improve subsequent interpretations. Accordingly, conversational language processor **120** may use the techniques described herein, along with various other techniques, to interpret and respond to conversational, natural language utterances. Conversational language processor **120** may use various other techniques as will be apparent, such as those described in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/200,164, entitled "System and Method of Supporting Adaptive Misrecognition in Conversational Speech," filed Aug. 10, 2005, which issued as U.S. Pat. No. 7,620,549 on Nov. 17, 2009, and U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/580,926, entitled "System and Method for a Cooperative Conversational Voice User Interface," filed Oct. 16, 2006, which issued as U.S. Pat. No. 8,073,681 on Dec. 6, 2011, both of which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety. For example, as described in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/200,164, an environmental model may be accessed to determine user location, user activity, track user actions, and/or other environmental information to invoke context, domain knowledge, preferences, and/or other cognitive qualities to enhance the interpretation of questions and/or commands. In addition, as further described therein, based on information received from a general cognitive model, the environmental model, and/or a personalized cognitive model, which provide statistical abstracts of user interaction patterns, the system **100** may enhance responses to commands and questions by including a prediction of user behavior.

Referring to FIG. 2, an exemplary advertising system **200** is illustrated according to various aspects of the invention. System **200** may include a server **230** for receiving one or more advertisements from an advertiser **220**, wherein the advertisements may be stored in a data repository **260** associated with server **230**. For example, advertisements may include sponsored messages or marketing communications, calls to action, purchase opportunities, trial downloads, coupons, or any other suitable marketing, advertising, campaign, or other information, as would be apparent to those skilled in the art. A voice-enabled device **210** may receive a voice-based input and establish communications with advertising server **230**. Subsequently, advertising server **230** may select one or more advertisements from among the advertisements stored in data repository **260**, and the selected advertisements may be provided to the voice-enabled device for presentation to a user.

Advertiser **220** may access advertising server **230** via an advertiser interface **245**. Advertisers **220** may upload targeted advertisements to server **230** via advertiser interface **245**, and server **230** may store the advertisements in data repository **260**. The advertisements may include graphically-based advertisements that include banners, images, audio, video, or any suitable combination thereof. Furthermore, the advertisements may include interactive or embedded information, such as links, metadata, or computer-executable instructions, or any suitable combination thereof. Advertisers may specify criteria for a campaign or targeting information for an advertisement (e.g., a start date, an end date, budget information, geotargeting information, conceptual or contextual informa-

tion, or any other suitable criteria), which may be used to facilitate selecting an advertisement in relation to a particular voice-based input.

In addition to providing interface **245** for advertisers, server **230** may include a content/action identification module **235**, a user profile module **240**, an advertisement selection module **250**, and a tracking module **255**. Users may submit voice-based requests to voice-enabled device **210**, and voice-enabled device **210** may communicate information about the voice-based input to server **230**. Server **230** may invoke advertisement selection module **250** to extract relevant information from the voice-based input, where advertisement selection module **250** may select one or more advertisements relevant to the voice-based input based on information extracted using content/action identification module **235** and/or user profile module **240**.

For example, content/action identification module **235** may identify content of the voice-based input (e.g., words in the input), requested information (e.g., search results, a web page, music, video, graphics, or other information), requested actions (e.g., calculating a navigation route, placing a telephone call, playing a song, etc.), a category or topic related to the input (e.g., music, business, stocks, sports, navigation, movies, etc.), or other criteria to use in selecting an advertisement. Further, user profile module **240** may identify characteristics of a specific user (e.g., demographics, personal preferences, location-based information, etc.), global user profiles (e.g., demographic profiles, click-through rates, etc.), or other criteria to use in selecting an advertisement. Moreover, advertisement selection module **250** may account for where a request originates from. For example, advertisements may be selected based on a default user location (e.g., identified from a user profile), current geolocation information (e.g., identified from a navigation device), whether an affiliate or partner of server **230** initiated the request, or other criteria.

For instance, a user may request airline reservations via voice-enabled device **210**, and content/action identification module **235** may identify specific words used in the request, a category related to the request (e.g., travel, airlines, hotels, etc.), or other information. Furthermore, user profile module **240** may identify relevant characteristics of the user (e.g., user-specific demographics, location information, preferred airlines or hotels, etc.), as well as global user characteristics (e.g., most popular airlines). In various implementations, advertisements may be selected by assigning a score to each advertisement (e.g., based on click-through rates, relevance metrics, target audiences, etc.). As such, advertisement selection module **250** may correlate the information about the request to select advertisements stored in data repository **260**, and server **230** may communicate the selected advertisements to voice-enabled device **210**. Furthermore, selected advertisements may be presented according to a predetermined ordering or ranking (e.g., based on a ranking of relevance to an advertisement).

In various implementations, advertisement selection module **250** may retrieve a predetermined number of advertisements for any given request. Furthermore, the selected advertisements may depend upon a presentation format. For example, advertisements may be selected based on an amount of available space on a display of voice-enabled device **210** and/or a size/shape of the selected advertisements. In another example, voice-based advertisements may be selected and presented to the user audibly (e.g., a "hands-free" advertisement may be preferred when voice-enabled device **210** is a telematics device).

Furthermore, the user's subsequent interaction with an advertisement may be tracked using tracking module **255**. For

example, tracking module **255** may determine whether a conversion or click-through occurs for each advertisement presented to users. Further, tracking module **255** may maintain accounting and/or billing information associated with advertisers **220**. For example, advertisers **220** may specify a maximum insertion cost, a cost-per-click-through, an average insertion cost, or other criteria specifying a budget constraint for an advertisement. As such, tracking module **255** may track which advertisements are selected and/or presented, which advertisements result in a conversion or click-through, whether a click-through or conversion results in a transaction or sale, associations between advertisements and users, requests, concepts, semantic indicators, and/or other criteria. For example, tracking user interaction with advertisements may be used to build user-specific and/or global statistical profiles that map or cluster advertisements to topics, semantic indicators, contexts, concepts, etc. based on user behavior, demographics, targeting constraints, content of advertisements, content of requests, actions associated with requests, or other statistically relevant information. Accordingly, the tracking information may be used to bill or invoice advertisers **220**, as well as to improve subsequent performance and relevance of advertisements selected using advertisement selection module **250**. Other techniques and features of selecting and presenting advertisements based on voice-based inputs may suitably be employed, as would be apparent.

Referring to FIG. 3, an exemplary method for selecting and presenting advertisements based on a voice-based input is illustrated according to various aspects of the invention. The method may begin in an operation **305**, where a voice-based input, including at least a user utterance, may be received at a voice user interface. The voice user interface may include any suitable mechanism for receiving the utterance (e.g., a microphone), and may interface with any suitable voice-enabled device, as would be apparent, including personal navigation devices, personal digital assistants, media devices, telematics devices, personal computers, mobile phones, or others.

Subsequently, one or more requests included in the voice-based input may be identified in an operation **310**. For example, the requests may include requests to retrieve information, perform tasks, explore or gather information, or otherwise interact with a system or device. For example, a voice-based input to a navigation device may include a request to calculate a route or retrieve location-based information. In another example, a voice-based input to a mobile phone may include a request to place a telephone call, purchase a ringtone, or record a voice-memo. Furthermore, in various implementations, voice-based inputs may include multiple requests, multi-modal requests, cross-device requests, cross-application requests, or other types of requests. For example, an utterance received in operation **305** may be: "Get me a route to Chang's Restaurant, and call them so I can make a reservation." The utterance may thus include multiple requests, including cross-device requests (e.g., calculate a route using a navigation device, and make a telephone call using a mobile phone), as well as cross-application requests (e.g., search for an address and/or phone number using a voice search engine, and calculate a route using a navigation application).

The requests may be part of a conversational interaction between a user and a system or device, whereby an interpretation of requests in a current utterance may be based upon previous utterances in a current conversation, utterances in previous conversations, context-based information, local and/or global user profiles, or other information. For example, a previous request may be reinterpreted based on information included in subsequent requests, a current

request may be interpreted based on information included in previous requests, etc. Furthermore, the conversational interaction may take various forms, including query-based conversations, didactic conversations, exploratory conversations, or other types of conversations. For example, the conversational language processor may identify a type of conversation, and information may be extracted from the utterance accordingly to identify the one or more requests in operation **310**. Moreover, the conversational language processor may determine whether any of the requests are incomplete or ambiguous, and action may be taken accordingly (e.g., a system response may prompt a user to clarify an incomplete and/or ambiguous request). The conversational language processor may therefore use various techniques to identify a conversation type, interpret utterances, identify requests, or perform other tasks, such as those described in the aforementioned U.S. Patent Applications and U.S. Patents, which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety.

Upon identifying the one or more requests, action may be taken based on the identified requests in an operation **315**, while one or more advertisements may be selected in an operation **320** (described in greater detail below). For example, one or more context-appropriate applications may be invoked to service the requests in operation **315** (e.g., a voice search engine, a navigation application, an electronic commerce application, or other application may be invoked depending upon the request). Furthermore, in operation **320**, information may be communicated to an advertising server to select one or more advertisements related to the request. Thus, as shown in FIG. 3, taking action in operation **315** and selecting advertisements in operation **320** may be related operations (e.g., advertisements may be selected to help in interpreting incomplete and/or ambiguous requests).

Upon taking action in operation **315** (e.g., to service the request) and selecting one or more advertisements in operation **320** (e.g., in relation to the request), an output may be presented to the user in operation **325**. The output may indicate a result of the action associated with operation **315**. For example, the output may include requested information, an indication of whether a requested task was successfully completed, whether additional information is needed to service the request (e.g., including a prompt for the information), or other information relating to an action based on the request. Furthermore, the output may include advertisements, as selected in operation **320**. For example, the output may include text-based, graphic-based, video-based, audio-based, or other types of advertisements, as would be apparent to those skilled in the art. Further, the output may include other types of advertisements, including calls to action (e.g., a location-based coupon or purchase opportunity, trial downloads, or other actionable advertising or marketing).

Advertisements may be selected in relation to a request based on various criteria. For example, an advertisement may be selected based on words or other content of the request, relevant words or content related to the words or content of the request, etc. In another example, the advertisement may be selected based on requested tasks/information (e.g., a request for movie showtimes may result in an advertisement being selected for a particular theater). In yet another example, the advertisement may be selected based on a topic or category associated with the requested tasks/information (e.g., a request to purchase airline tickets may result in an advertisement being selected for a hotel in a destination associated with a reserved flight). In still other examples, the advertisement may be selected based on location information, (e.g., advertisements may be selected based on a proximity to a user geolocation identified using a navigation device), user-

specific and/or global user profiles (e.g., advertisements may be selected based on user-specific and/or global preferences, advertiser campaign criteria, etc.).

Content of a voice-based input may be determined based on various criteria, including contextual or conceptual information (e.g., semantic indicators, qualifiers, or other information). For example, a given concept may include various semantically equivalent indicators having an identical meaning. Thus, for instance, a voice-based input may be “Play some tunes!” or “Play some music!” or other variants thereof, each of which may be interpreted as relating to a specific idea (or concept) of “Music.” Thus, concept or content information in a request may be used to select an advertisement. For example, a user may request to calculate a route in Seattle, Wash. (e.g., “How do I get to the Space Needle?”). Based on a context of the requested task (e.g., “Navigation,” “Seattle,” etc.), a voice search engine may retrieve an address of the Space Needle and a navigation application may calculate the route. Furthermore, user profile information may indicate that the user is visiting Seattle from out-of-town (e.g., the profile may indicate that the user’s home is Sacramento), and therefore, an advertisement for popular points-of-interest in Seattle may be selected. In another example, the user may request information about a sporting event (e.g., “Get me the kickoff time for the Eagles game on Sunday”). Based on a context of the requested information (e.g., “Search,” “Sports,” “Philadelphia,” etc.), the requested information may be retrieved, while an advertisement for Eagles apparel or memorabilia may be selected.

In various instances, concepts, semantic indicators, qualifiers, or other information included in, or inferred from, a request may indicate an exploratory nature for the request. In other words, the exploratory request may identify a goal for a conversation, instead of a particular task to perform or information to retrieve. As such, in various implementations, an advertisement may be selected in operation 320 in an effort to advance the conversation towards the goal. For example, an exploratory request may include a request for a navigation route (e.g., “I feel like going to a museum, find me something interesting”). Based on a context of the requested task (e.g., “Navigation,” “Points of Interest,” etc.), the goal of the conversation may be identified, and the request may be serviced in operation 315 (e.g., a voice search engine may locate nearby points of interest based on user preferred topics). Further, the advertising application may select an appropriate advertisement in operation 320, where the advertisement may be selected in an attempt to advance the conversation towards the goal. For example, statistical profiles (e.g., user profiles, global profiles, topic-based profiles, etc.) may reflect an affinity between an advertisement for a particular museum and other users sharing similar demographics or other characteristics with the requesting user. Thus, in addition to retrieving information about museums in operation 315, an advertisement for a museum likely to be of interest to the user may be selected in operation 320.

In various instances, a request may include incomplete, ambiguous, unrecognized, or otherwise insufficient semantic indicators, context, qualifiers, or other information needed to identify the request. In other words, the request may include inadequate information to identify or infer a task to perform, information to retrieve, or a goal for a conversation. Thus, as much information as possible may be extracted and/or inferred from the request based on shared knowledge such as context, user or global profile information, previous utterances, previous conversations, etc. As such, servicing the request may include generating a response and/or communicating with an advertising application to advance a conversa-

tion toward a serviceable request. For example, servicing the request in operation 315 and selecting an advertisement in operation 320 may include generating a response and/or selecting an advertisement to frame a subsequent user input, thereby advancing the conversation.

For example, the request may include incomplete, ambiguous, or unrecognized information (e.g., “Do you know [mumbled words] Seattle?”). A context of the requested task may be identified (e.g., “Seattle”), yet the identified context may be insufficient to adequately take action to service the request. Additional information may be inferred based on previous utterances in the conversation, profile information, or other information. However, when the additional information fails to provide adequate information to infer a reasonable hypothesis, servicing the request in operation 315 may include generating a response to frame a subsequent user input and advance the conversation (e.g., information about various topics may be retrieved based on a user’s preferred topics). Further, the advertising application may select an advertisement in operation 320 to advance the conversation (e.g., advertisements may be selected based on user and/or global profiles reflecting an affinity between certain advertisements associated with Seattle and user preferences, profiles, etc.). Thus, by selecting an advertisement, indicating dissatisfaction with an advertisement, or otherwise interacting with an advertisement, the interaction may be used to build context and shared knowledge for a subsequent course of the conversation. For example, a user may select an advertisement, and an interpretation of a subsequent voice-based input (e.g., “Call them,” “What’s the price range?” etc.) may be interpreted with shared knowledge of the advertisement that the voice-based input relates to. Thus, advertisements may be used in a way that enables advertisers to market to consumers, while also improving the consumers’ interaction with a device. Other advantages will be apparent to those skilled in the art.

It will be apparent that operation 320 may use various techniques to select advertisements based on voice-based inputs and/or requests included therein. For example, an advertiser may specify a target audience, marketing criteria, campaign strategies, budget constraints, concepts, semantic indicators, related topics, categories, and/or any other suitable information to associate with an advertisement. For instance, advertisers may pay a premium to prioritize an advertisement in relation to similar advertisements (e.g., advertisements associated with competitors). In another example, various statistical profiles may define affinities between advertisements, topics, users, etc. (e.g., based on click-through or conversion rates, or other tracking information, as described in more detail below). Thus, advertisements may be selected in operation 320 using various techniques, including content of the request, an activity/action associated with the request, user profiles, user preferences, statistical metrics, advertiser-specified criteria, to advance a conversation, to resolve ambiguous requests, or in various other ways, as will be apparent.

The output presented to the user in operation 325 may be provided to the user in various ways. For example, in various implementations, the output may include a voice-based or otherwise audible response. In another example, when an associated device includes a display mechanism, the output may be displayed on the display device. It will be apparent that many combinations or variants thereof may be used, such as augmenting a voice-based response with information on a display device. For example, a user may request information about restaurants, and an advertisement may be selected based on a user preference indicating a favorite type of res-

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restaurant (e.g., a Chinese restaurant may be selected based on a user profile indicating a preference for Chinese). Therefore, in one example, the output presented in operation 325 may display information about various restaurants matching the requested information, while a voice-based advertisement for the Chinese restaurant may be played to the user (e.g., via a speaker or other suitable mechanism for playing voice back to the user). Many other variations will be apparent (e.g., a graphical advertisement may be displayed on a display device, while a corresponding or different voice-based advertisement may be played audibly).

Subsequent interaction between the user and the presented advertisements may be monitored in a decisional operation 330. For instance, when the user elects to interact with the advertisement, action may be taken based on the interaction in an operation 335. The interaction may take various forms, including additional voice-based inputs or other suitable mechanisms for interacting with advertisements (e.g., clicking on an advertisement displayed on a personal digital assistant using an associated stylus). For example, a user may initially request information from a voice-enabled media device (e.g., a satellite radio player) about a song currently playing (e.g., "What is this song?"). In addition to outputting the requested information about the song (e.g., "This song is Double Barrel by Dave and Ansel Collins."), a selected advertisement may enable the user to purchase a ringtone for a mobile phone that corresponds to the song. In this example, the interaction may include a request to purchase the ringtone (e.g., "Yeah, I'll buy that"), and action taken in operation 335 may include completing a transaction for the ringtone and/or downloading the ringtone to the mobile phone. Furthermore, additional advertisements may be selected in an operation 340 based on the interaction, using similar techniques as described in connection with operation 320 (e.g., advertisements for additional ringtones, similar musicians, etc. may be selected). Processing may subsequently return to operation 325 to present output resulting from the interaction.

User advertisement interaction may be tracked in an operation 345. For example, operation 345 may track historical data about users, conversations, topics, contexts, or other criteria to associate information with the selected advertisement. The tracking information may therefore be used to build statistical profiles defining affinities, click-through or conversion rates, or other information about various advertisements, topics, or other criteria on a user-specific and/or a global-user level. Thus, clusters or mappings may be created between advertisements, topics, concepts, demographics, or other criteria based on user behavior with the advertisements (e.g., whether a user interacts with the advertisement in operation 330).

For instance, certain advertisements may experience high click-through rates in relation to a first context and/or topic, but low click-through rates in relation to a second context and/or topic, and therefore, when requests relate to the first context and/or topic, the advertisement may be more likely to be selected in subsequent operations 320/340. In another example, global statistical profiles may indicate that an advertisement experiences more click-throughs by users of a particular demographic, and therefore, the advertisement may be more likely to be selected for users falling within the demographic. Many different techniques for tracking and building statistical profiles will be apparent.

Implementations of the invention may be made in hardware, firmware, software, or any combination thereof. The invention may also be implemented as instructions stored on a machine-readable medium, which may be read and executed by one or more processors. A machine-readable

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medium may include any mechanism for storing or transmitting information in a form readable by a machine (e.g., a computing device). For example, a machine-readable storage medium may include read only memory, random access memory, magnetic disk storage media, optical storage media, flash memory devices, and others, and a machine-readable transmission media may include forms of propagated signals, such as carrier waves, infrared signals, digital signals, and others. Further, firmware, software, routines, or instructions may be described in the above disclosure in terms of specific exemplary aspects and implementations of the invention, and performing certain actions. However, it will be apparent that such descriptions are merely for convenience and that such actions in fact result from computing devices, processors, controllers, or other devices executing the firmware, software, routines, or instructions.

Aspects and implementations may be described as including a particular feature, structure, or characteristic, but every aspect or implementation may not necessarily include the particular feature, structure, or characteristic. Further, when a particular feature, structure, or characteristic is described in connection with an aspect or implementation, it will be apparent to effect such feature, structure, or characteristic in connection with other aspects or implementations whether or not explicitly described. Thus, various changes and modifications may be made, without departing from the scope and spirit of the invention. The specification and drawings are to be regarded as exemplary only, and the scope of the invention is to be determined solely by the appended claims.

What is claimed is:

1. A computer-implemented method of providing promotional content related to one or more natural language utterances and/or responses, the method being implemented by a computer system that includes one or more physical processors executing one or more computer program instructions which, when executed, perform the method, the method comprising:

- receiving, at the one or more physical processors, a first natural language utterance;
- providing, by the one or more physical processors, a response to the first natural language utterance;
- receiving, at the one or more physical processors, a second natural language utterance relating to the first natural language utterance;
- performing, by the one or more physical processors, speech recognition to recognize one or more words of the second natural language utterance;
- determining, by the one or more physical processors, domain information for the one or more recognized words based on the first natural language utterance;
- processing, by the one or more physical processors, based on the domain information, the one or more recognized words to determine an interpretation of the second natural language utterance, wherein processing the one or more recognized words comprises:
 - providing the one or more recognized words to a first domain agent associated with a first domain and a second domain agent associated with a second domain;
 - obtaining a first interpretation of the second natural language utterance from the first domain agent;
 - obtaining a second interpretation of the second natural language utterance from the second domain agent;
 - and
 - determining the interpretation based on one or more of the first interpretation or the second interpretation;

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determining, by the one or more physical processors, promotional content based on the interpretation; and presenting, by the one or more physical processors, the promotional content to a user.

2. The method of claim 1, wherein the first natural language utterance and the second natural language utterance are received during an interactive session between the user and the computer system, the method further comprising:

determining, by the one or more physical processors, an activity relating to one or more of the first natural language utterance or the second natural language utterance, wherein determining the promotional content comprises determining the promotional content based on the activity.

3. The method of claim 1, further comprising:

determining, by the one or more physical processors, context information for the one or more recognized words based on the first natural language utterance, wherein the interpretation is determined further based on the context information.

4. The method of claim 1, wherein the first interpretation is determined by the first domain agent based on the first domain, and wherein the second interpretation is determined by the second domain agent based on the second domain.

5. The method of claim 1, further comprising:

associating, by the one or more physical processors, the first interpretation with a first interpretation score; and associating, by the one or more physical processors, the second interpretation with a second interpretation score, wherein determining the interpretation comprises determining the first interpretation as the interpretation based on the first interpretation score and the second interpretation score.

6. The method of claim 5, wherein the first interpretation is determined as the interpretation based on the first interpretation score being greater than the second interpretation score.

7. The method of claim 1, further comprising:

receiving, at the one or more physical processors, a third natural language utterance relating to one or more of the first natural language utterance or the second natural language utterance; and determining, by the one or more physical processors, an interpretation of the third natural language utterance based on the promotional content.

8. The method of claim 7, wherein the first natural language utterance, the second natural language utterance, and the third natural language utterance are received during an interactive session between the user and the computer system.

9. The method of claim 8, wherein the third natural language utterance is received after the second natural language utterance.

10. The method of claim 7, further comprising:

performing, by the one or more physical processors, speech recognition to recognize one or more words of the third natural language utterance, wherein the one or more recognized words of the third natural language utterance include one or more reference words; determining, by the one or more physical processors, that the one or more reference words refer to an item associated with the promotional content; and initiating, by the one or more physical processors, a purchase transaction associated with the item based on the determination that the one or more reference words refer to the item.

11. The method of claim 10, wherein the item includes a purchasable good.

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12. The method of claim 7, further comprising:

initiating, by the one or more physical processors, based on the interpretation of the third natural language utterance, a purchase transaction associated with the promotional content.

13. The method of claim 1, wherein the first natural language utterance and the second natural language utterance are received during an interactive session between the user and the computer system, the method further comprising:

receiving, at the one or more physical processors, a third natural language utterance during the interactive session; and processing, by the one or more physical processors, based on the third natural language utterance, the one or more recognized words to determine a reinterpretation of the second natural language utterance.

14. The method of claim 13, wherein determining the promotional content comprises determining the promotional content based on the reinterpretation.

15. The method of claim 13, wherein determining the promotional content comprises determining the promotional content based on the interpretation, the method further comprising:

determining, by the one or more physical processors, other promotional content based on the reinterpretation; and presenting, by the one or more physical processors, the other promotional content to the user.

16. The method of claim 1, further comprising:

identifying, by the one or more physical processors, one or more requests associated with the second natural language utterance, wherein determining the promotional content comprises obtaining the promotional content based on a determination that the promotional content relates to the one or more requests.

17. The method of claim 16, further comprising:

determining, by the one or more physical processors, one or more activities in the one or more requests; and performing, by the one or more physical processors, the one or more activities, wherein determining the promotional content comprises determining the promotional content based on the one or more activities.

18. The method of claim 17, wherein determining the one or more activities comprises determining a call to be initiated for the user in response to the one or more requests, wherein performing the one or more activities comprises initiating the call for the user, and wherein determining the promotional content comprises determining the promotional content based on the call.

19. The method of claim 17, wherein determining the one or more activities comprises determining a navigation route to be calculated for the user in response to the one or more requests, wherein performing the one or more activities comprises calculating the navigation route for the user, and wherein determining the promotional content comprises determining the promotional content based on the navigation route.

20. The method of claim 17, wherein determining the one or more activities comprise determining a media item to be presented in response to the one or more requests, wherein performing the one or more activities comprises presenting the media item to the user, and wherein determining the promotional content comprises determining the promotional content based on the media item, the promotional content being different than the media item.

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21. The method of claim 17, wherein determining the one or more activities comprises determining a reservation to be made on behalf of the user in response to the one or more requests, and wherein determining the promotional content comprises determining the promotional content based on information relating to the reservation.

22. The method of claim 17, wherein determining the one or more activities comprises determining a first reservation to be made on behalf of the user in response to the one or more requests, and wherein determining the promotional content comprises determining the promotional content based on information relating to a second reservation that is an alternative to the first reservation.

23. The method of claim 17, further comprising:
receiving, at the one or more physical processors, a third natural language utterance relating to one or more of the first natural language utterance or the second natural language utterance;
determining, by the one or more physical processors, an interpretation of the third natural language utterance based on the promotional content; and
initiating, by the one or more physical processors, based on the interpretation of the third natural language utterance, a purchase transaction associated with the promotional content.

24. The method of claim 16, further comprising:
determining, by the one or more physical processors, that at least one request of the one or more requests is incomplete or ambiguous;
monitoring, by the one or more physical processors, interaction of the user with the promotional content; and
interpreting, by the one or more physical processors, the at least one incomplete or ambiguous request based on the interaction.

25. The method of claim 16, wherein the one or more requests include a first request associated with a first application and a second request associated with a second application different than the first application, and wherein the promotional content relates to one or more of the first request or the second request.

26. The method of claim 25, wherein a first application type of the first application includes one or more of a navigation application, a music application, a commerce application, or a calling application, and wherein the second application is of an application type different than the first application type.

27. The method of claim 16, wherein the one or more requests include a first request to be processed by a first device associated with the user and a second request to be processed by a second device associated with the user, and wherein the promotional content relates to one or more of the first request or the second request.

28. The method of claim 27, wherein a first device type of the first device includes one or more of a mobile phone, a navigation device, or a media player device, and wherein the second device is of a device type different than the first device type.

29. The method of claim 27, wherein the first device and the second device are operably independent of one another.

30. The method of claim 1, further comprising:
obtaining, by the one or more physical processors, user profile information associated with the user, wherein the user profile information specifies prior user interactions with items; and
identifying, by the one or more physical processors, categories of items based on the prior user interactions specified by the user profile information,

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wherein determining the promotional content comprises determining a promotional item associated with one of the categories.

31. The method of claim 1, further comprising:
obtaining, by the one or more physical processors, user profile information associated with the user, wherein the user profile information specifies prior user interactions with items;

identifying, by the one or more physical processors, one or more requests associated with the first natural language utterance or the second natural language utterance;

determining, by the one or more physical processors, one or more applications for processing the one or more requests; and

identifying, by the one or more physical processors, categories of items based on the prior user interactions specified by the user profile information, wherein the categories relate to the one or more applications,

wherein determining the promotional content comprises determining a promotional item associated with one of the categories.

32. A system for providing promotional content related to one or more natural language utterances and/or responses, the system comprising:

one or more physical processors programmed to execute one or more computer program instructions which, when executed, cause the one or more physical processors to:

receive a first natural language utterance;

provide a response to the first natural language utterance;

receive a second natural language utterance relating to the first natural language utterance;

perform speech recognition to recognize one or more words of the second natural language utterance;

determine domain information for the one or more recognized words based on the first natural language utterance;

process, based on the domain information, the one or more recognized words to determine an interpretation of the second natural language utterance, wherein processing the one or more recognized words comprises:

providing the one or more recognized words to a first domain agent associated with a first domain and a second domain agent associated with a second domain;

obtaining a first interpretation of the second natural language utterance from the first domain agent;

obtaining a second interpretation of the second natural language utterance from the second domain agent; and

determining the interpretation based on one or more of the first interpretation or the second interpretation;

determine promotional content based on the interpretation; and

present the promotional content to a user.

33. A computer-implemented method of providing promotional content related to one or more natural language utterances and/or responses, the method being implemented by a computer system that includes one or more physical processors executing one or more computer program instructions which, when executed, perform the method, the method comprising:

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receiving, at the one or more physical processors, a first natural language utterance during an interactive session between a user and the computer system;
 providing, by the one or more physical processors, a response to the first natural language utterance;
 receiving, at the one or more physical processors, a second natural language utterance relating to the first natural language utterance during the interactive session;
 performing, by the one or more physical processors, speech recognition to recognize one or more words of the second natural language utterance;
 processing, by the one or more physical processors, based on the first natural language utterance, the one or more recognized words to determine an interpretation of the second natural language utterance;
 receiving, at the one or more physical processors, a third natural language utterance during the interactive session;
 processing, by the one or more physical processors, based on the third natural language utterance, the one or more recognized words to determine a reinterpretation of the second natural language utterance;
 determining, by the one or more physical processors, promotional content based on one or more of the interpretation or the reinterpretation; and
 presenting, by the one or more physical processors, the promotional content to the user.

34. The method of claim **33**, wherein determining the promotional content comprises determining the promotional content based on the reinterpretation.

35. The method of claim **33**, wherein determining the promotional content comprises determining the promotional content based on the interpretation, the method further comprising:

determining, by the one or more physical processors, other promotional content based on the reinterpretation; and
 presenting, by the one or more physical processors, the other promotional content to the user.

36. A system for providing promotional content related to one or more natural language utterances and/or responses, the system comprising:

one or more physical processors programmed to execute one or more computer program instructions which, when executed, cause the one or more physical processors to:
 receive a first natural language utterance during an interactive session between a user and the system;
 provide a response to the first natural language utterance;
 receive a second natural language utterance relating to the first natural language utterance during the interactive session;
 perform speech recognition to recognize one or more words of the second natural language utterance;
 process, based on the first natural language utterance, the one or more recognized words to determine an interpretation of the second natural language utterance;
 receive a third natural language utterance during the interactive session;
 process, based on the third natural language utterance, the one or more recognized words to determine a reinterpretation of the second natural language utterance;
 determine promotional content based on one or more of the interpretation or the reinterpretation; and
 present the promotional content to the user.

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37. A computer-implemented method of providing promotional content related to one or more natural language utterances and/or responses, the method being implemented by a computer system that includes one or more physical processors executing one or more computer program instructions which, when executed, perform the method, the method comprising:

receiving, at the one or more physical processors, a first natural language utterance;
 providing, by the one or more physical processors, a response to the first natural language utterance;
 receiving, at the one or more physical processors, a second natural language utterance relating to the first natural language utterance;
 identifying, by the one or more physical processors, one or more requests associated with the second natural language utterance;
 determining, by the one or more physical processors, that at least one request of the one or more requests is incomplete or ambiguous;
 determining, by the one or more physical processors, promotional content that relates to the one or more requests;
 presenting, by the one or more physical processors, the promotional content to a user;
 monitoring, by the one or more physical processors, interaction of the user with the promotional content; and
 interpreting, by the one or more physical processors, the at least one incomplete or ambiguous request based on the interaction.

38. A system for providing promotional content related to one or more natural language utterances and/or responses, the system comprising:

one or more physical processors programmed to execute one or more computer program instructions which, when executed, cause the one or more physical processors to:
 receive a first natural language utterance;
 provide a response to the first natural language utterance;
 receive a second natural language utterance relating to the first natural language utterance;
 identify one or more requests associated with the second natural language utterance;
 determine that at least one request of the one or more requests is incomplete or ambiguous;
 determine promotional content that relates to the one or more requests;
 present the promotional content to a user;
 monitor interaction of the user with the promotional content; and
 interpret the at least one incomplete or ambiguous request based on the interaction.

39. A computer-implemented method of providing promotional content related to one or more natural language utterances and/or responses, the method being implemented by a computer system that includes one or more physical processors executing one or more computer program instructions which, when executed, perform the method, the method comprising:

receiving, at the one or more physical processors, a first natural language utterance;
 providing, by the one or more physical processors, a response to the first natural language utterance;
 receiving, at the one or more physical processors, a second natural language utterance relating to the first natural language utterance;

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identifying, by the one or more physical processors, requests associated with the second natural language utterance, wherein the requests include a first request associated with a first application and a second request associated with a second application different than the first application; 5

determining, by the one or more physical processors, promotional content that relates to one or more of the first request or the second request; and

presenting, by the one or more physical processors, the promotional content to a user. 10

40. The method of **39**, wherein a first application type of the first application includes one or more of a navigation application, a music application, a commerce application, or a calling application, and wherein the second application is of an application type different than the first application type. 15

41. The method of claim **39**, further comprising:

receiving, at the one or more physical processors, a third natural language utterance relating to one or more of the first natural language utterance or the second natural language utterance; and 20

determining, by the one or more physical processors, an interpretation of the third natural language utterance based on the promotional content. 25

42. The method of claim **41**, further comprising:

initiating, by the one or more physical processors, based on the interpretation of the third natural language utterance, a purchase transaction associated with the promotional content. 30

43. A system for providing promotional content related to one or more natural language utterances and/or responses, the system comprising:

one or more physical processors programmed to execute one or more computer program instructions which, when executed, cause the one or more physical processors to: 35

receive a first natural language utterance;

provide a response to the first natural language utterance; 40

receive a second natural language utterance relating to the first natural language utterance;

identify requests associated with the second natural language utterance, wherein the requests include a first request associated with a first application and a second request associated with a second application different than the first application; 45

determine promotional content that relates to one or more of the first request or the second request; and

present the promotional content to a user. 50

44. A computer-implemented method of providing promotional content related to one or more natural language utterances and/or responses, the method being implemented by a computer system that includes one or more physical processors executing one or more computer program instructions which, when executed, perform the method, the method comprising: 55

receiving, at the one or more physical processors, a first natural language utterance;

providing, by the one or more physical processors, a response to the first natural language utterance; 60

receiving, at the one or more physical processors, a second natural language utterance relating to the first natural language utterance;

identifying, by the one or more physical processors, requests associated with the second natural language utterance, wherein the requests include a first request to 65

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be processed by a first device associated with a user and a second request to be processed by a second device associated with the user;

determining, by the one or more physical processors, promotional content that relates to one or more of the first request or the second request; and

presenting, by the one or more physical processors, the promotional content to the user.

45. The method of claim **44**, wherein a first device type of the first device includes one or more of a mobile phone, a navigation device, or a media player device, and wherein the second device is of a device type different than the first device type.

46. The method of claim **44**, wherein the first device and the second device are operably independent of one another. 15

47. The method of claim **44**, further comprising:

receiving, at the one or more physical processors, a third natural language utterance relating to one or more of the first natural language utterance or the second natural language utterance; and

determining, by the one or more physical processors, an interpretation of the third natural language utterance based on the promotional content. 20

48. The method of claim **47**, further comprising:

initiating, by the one or more physical processors, based on the interpretation of the third natural language utterance, a purchase transaction associated with the promotional content. 25

49. A system for providing promotional content related to one or more natural language utterances and/or responses, the system comprising:

one or more physical processors programmed to execute one or more computer program instructions which, when executed, cause the one or more physical processors to: 30

receive a first natural language utterance;

provide a response to the first natural language utterance;

receive a second natural language utterance relating to the first natural language utterance;

identify requests associated with the second natural language utterance, wherein the requests include a first request to be processed by a first device associated with a user and a second request to be processed by a second device associated with the user; 35

determine promotional content that relates to one or more of the first request or the second request; and

present the promotional content to the user.

50. A computer-implemented method of providing promotional content related to one or more natural language utterances and/or responses, the method being implemented by a computer system that includes one or more physical processors executing one or more computer program instructions which, when executed, perform the method, the method comprising: 40

receiving, at the one or more physical processors, a first natural language utterance;

providing, by the one or more physical processors, a response to the first natural language utterance;

receiving, at the one or more physical processors, a second natural language utterance relating to the first natural language utterance;

obtaining, by the one or more physical processors, user profile information associated with a user, wherein the user profile information specifies prior user interactions with items; 45

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identifying, by the one or more physical processors, categories of items based on the prior user interactions specified by the user profile information;

determining, by the one or more physical processors, based on the first natural language utterance and the second natural language utterance, promotional content associated with one of the categories; and

presenting, by the one or more physical processors, the promotional content to the user.

51. The method of claim **50**, further comprising:

receiving, at the one or more physical processors, a third natural language utterance relating to one or more of the first natural language utterance or the second natural language utterance; and

determining, by the one or more physical processors, an interpretation of the third natural language utterance based on the promotional content.

52. The method of claim **51**, further comprising:

initiating, by the one or more physical processors, based on the interpretation of the third natural language utterance, a purchase transaction associated with the promotional content.

53. A system for providing promotional content related to one or more natural language utterances and/or responses, the system comprising:

one or more physical processors programmed to execute one or more computer program instructions which, when executed, cause the one or more physical processors to:

receive a first natural language utterance;

provide a response to the first natural language utterance;

receive a second natural language utterance relating to the first natural language utterance;

obtain user profile information associated with a user, wherein the user profile information specifies prior user interactions with items;

identify categories of items based on the prior user interactions specified by the user profile information;

determine, based on the first natural language utterance and the second natural language utterance, promotional content associated with one of the categories; and

present the promotional content to the user.

54. A computer-implemented method of providing promotional content related to one or more natural language utterances and/or responses, the method being implemented by a computer system that includes one or more physical processors executing one or more computer program instructions which, when executed, perform the method, the method comprising:

receiving, at the one or more physical processors, a first natural language utterance;

providing, by the one or more physical processors, a response to the first natural language utterance;

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receiving, at the one or more physical processors, a second natural language utterance relating to the first natural language utterance;

obtaining, by the one or more physical processors, user profile information associated with a user, wherein the user profile information specifies prior user interactions with items;

identifying, by the one or more physical processors, one or more requests associated with one or more of the first natural language utterance or the second natural language utterance;

determining, by the one or more physical processors, one or more applications for processing the one or more requests; and

identifying, by the one or more physical processors, categories of items based on the prior user interactions specified by the user profile information, wherein the categories relate to the one or more applications;

determining, by the one or more physical processors, based on the first natural language utterance and the second natural language utterance, promotional content associated with one of the categories; and

presenting, by the one or more physical processors, the promotional content to the user.

55. A system for providing promotional content related to one or more natural language utterances and/or responses, the system comprising:

one or more physical processors programmed to execute one or more computer program instructions which, when executed, cause the one or more physical processors to:

receive a first natural language utterance;

provide a response to the first natural language utterance;

receive a second natural language utterance relating to the first natural language utterance;

obtain user profile information associated with a user, wherein the user profile information specifies prior user interactions with items;

identify one or more requests associated with one or more of the first natural language utterance or the second natural language utterance;

determine one or more applications for processing the one or more requests; and

identify categories of items based on the prior user interactions specified by the user profile information, wherein the categories relate to the one or more applications;

determine, based on the first natural language utterance and the second natural language utterance, promotional content associated with one of the categories; and

present the promotional content to the user.

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