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Matas

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(54) **AIRPLANE MODE INDICATOR ON A PORTABLE MULTIFUNCTION DEVICE**

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Related U.S. Application Data

(60) Provisional application No. 60/947,315, filed on Jun. 29, 2007, provisional application No. 60/937,993, filed on Jun. 29, 2007, provisional application No. 60/879,469, filed on Jan. 8, 2007, provisional application No. 60/879,253, filed on Jan. 7, 2007.

(51) **Int. Cl.**
H04M 1/00 (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.** **455/550.1; 455/566**

(58) **Field of Classification Search** 455/90.3, 455/520, 560, 566, 550.1; 370/310, 465
See application file for complete search history.

(56) **References Cited**

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Primary Examiner — Dwayne Bost

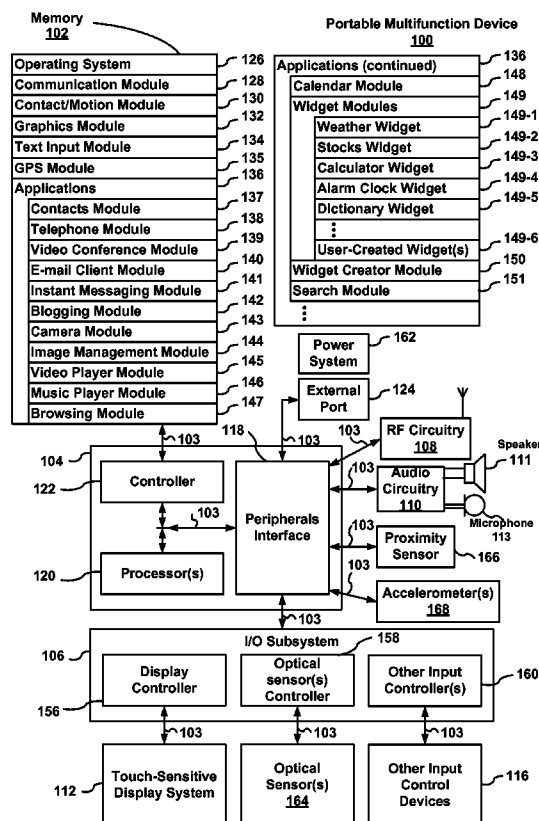
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A graphical user interface on a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display includes an airplane mode switch icon with an "on" position and an "off" position. A communications signal strength icon is displayed if the airplane mode switch icon is at the "off" position. The communications signal strength icon is replaced with an airplane icon upon detecting a movement of a finger contact on or near the airplane mode switch icon. The detected movement of the finger contact is from the "off" position to the "on" position.

22 Claims, 14 Drawing Sheets



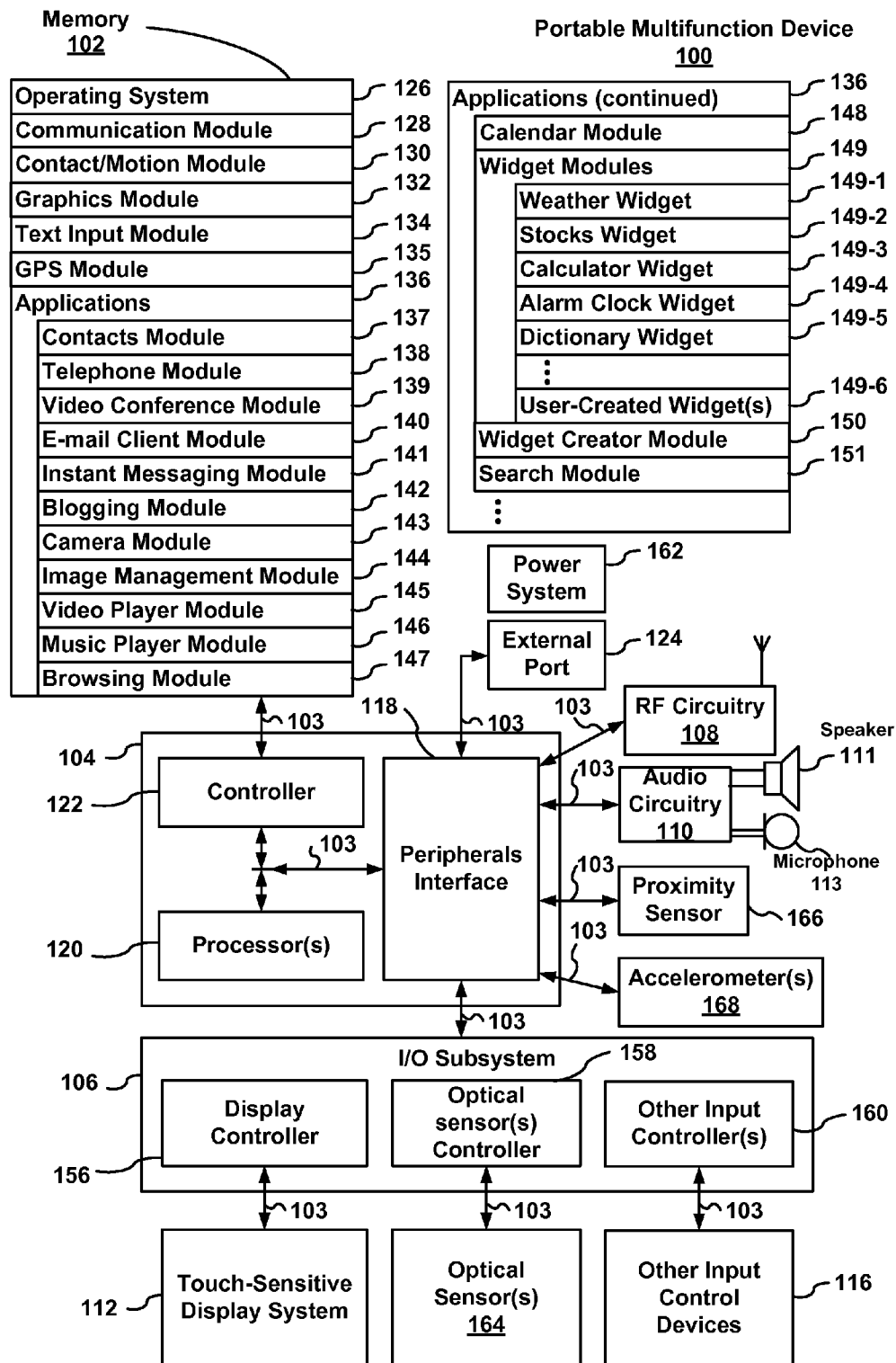


Figure 1A

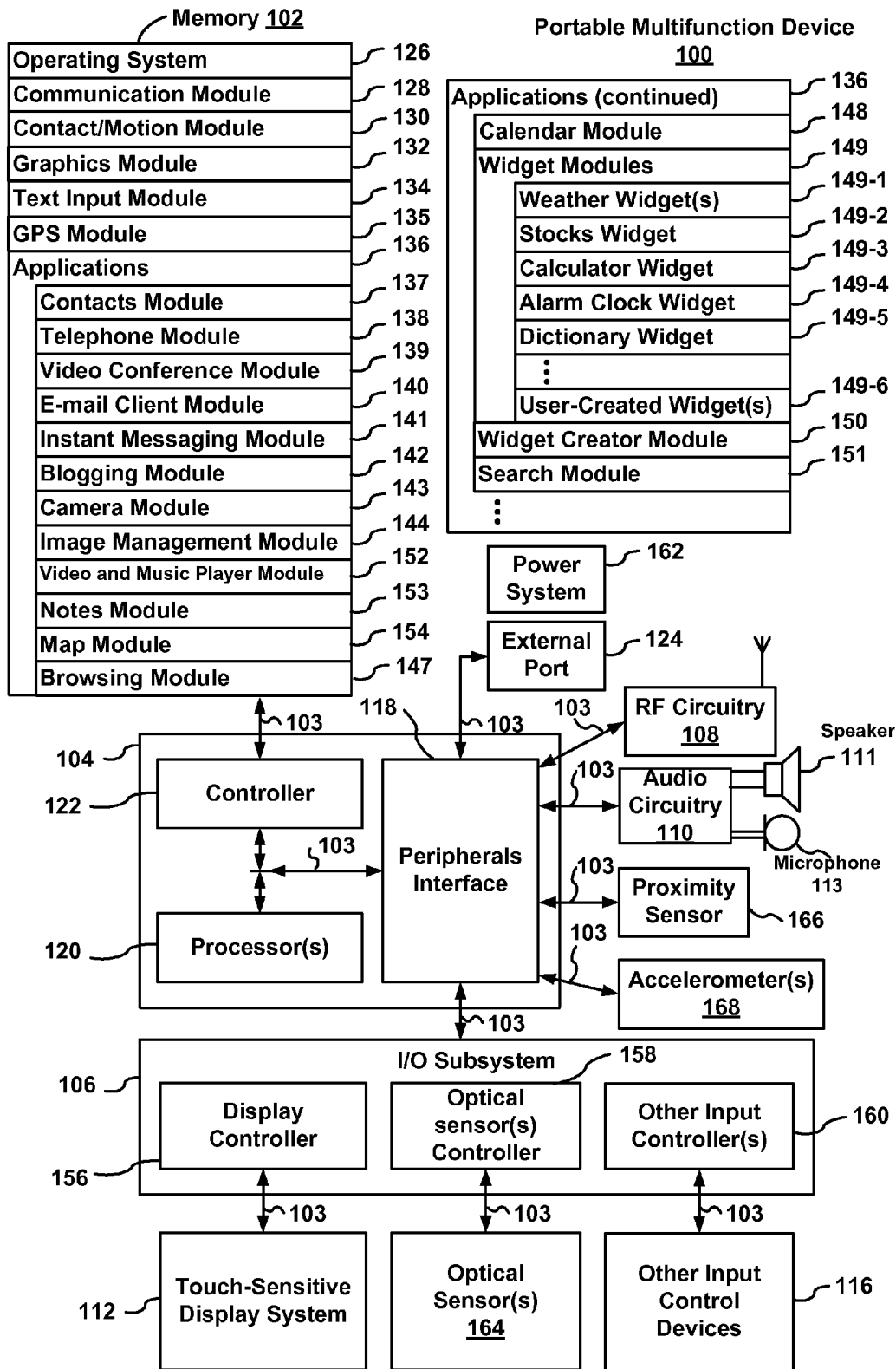


Figure 1B

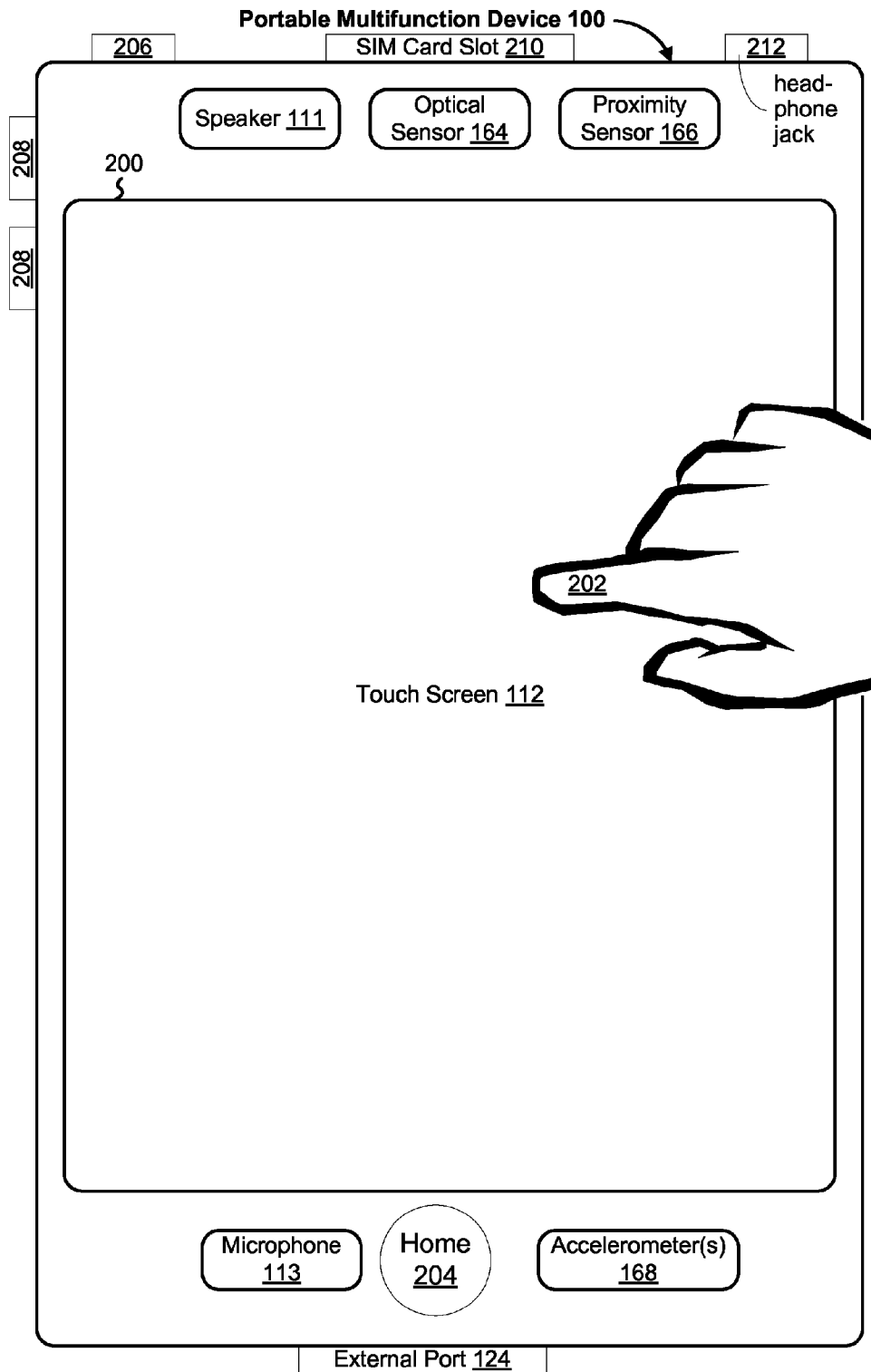


Figure 2

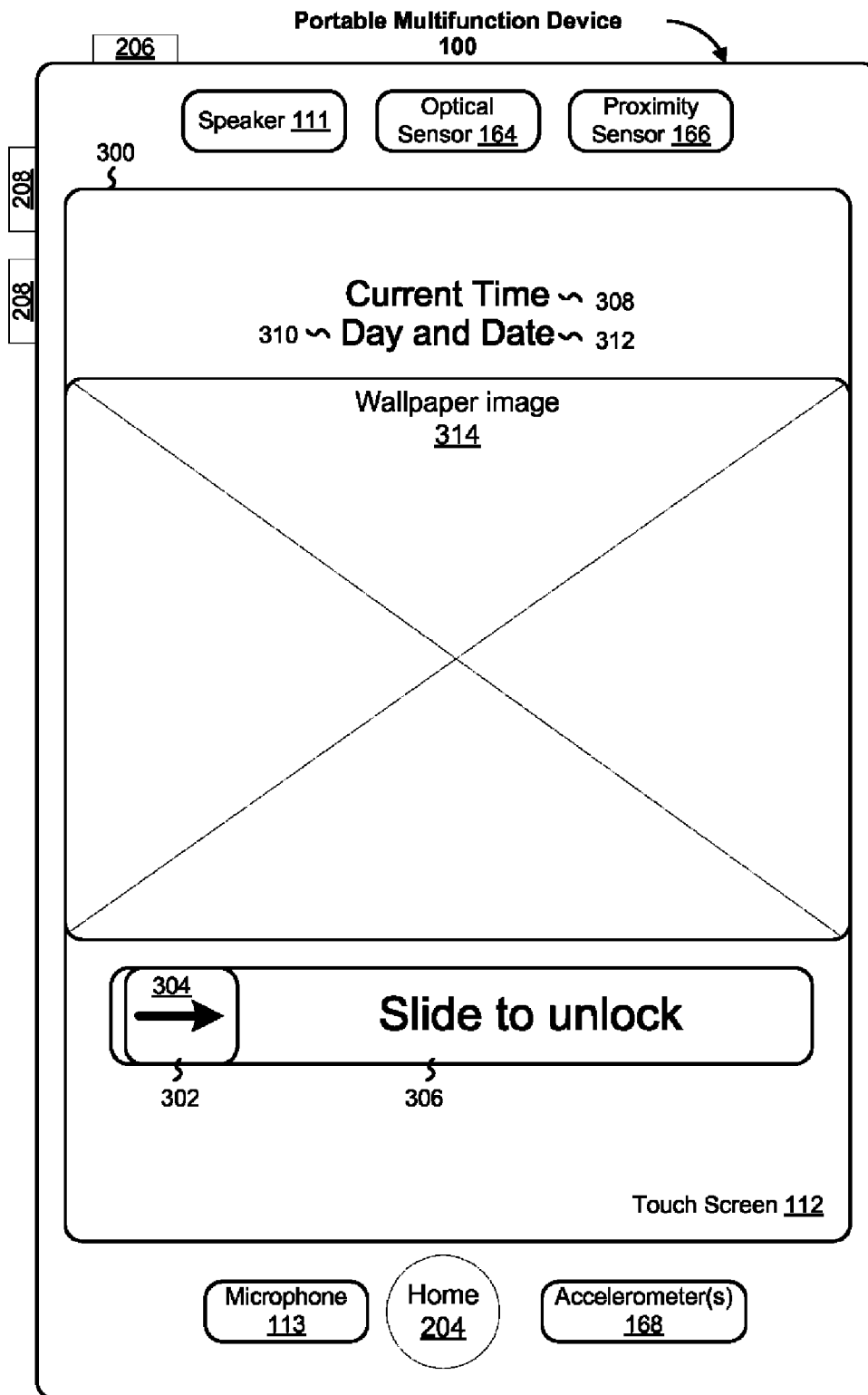


Figure 3

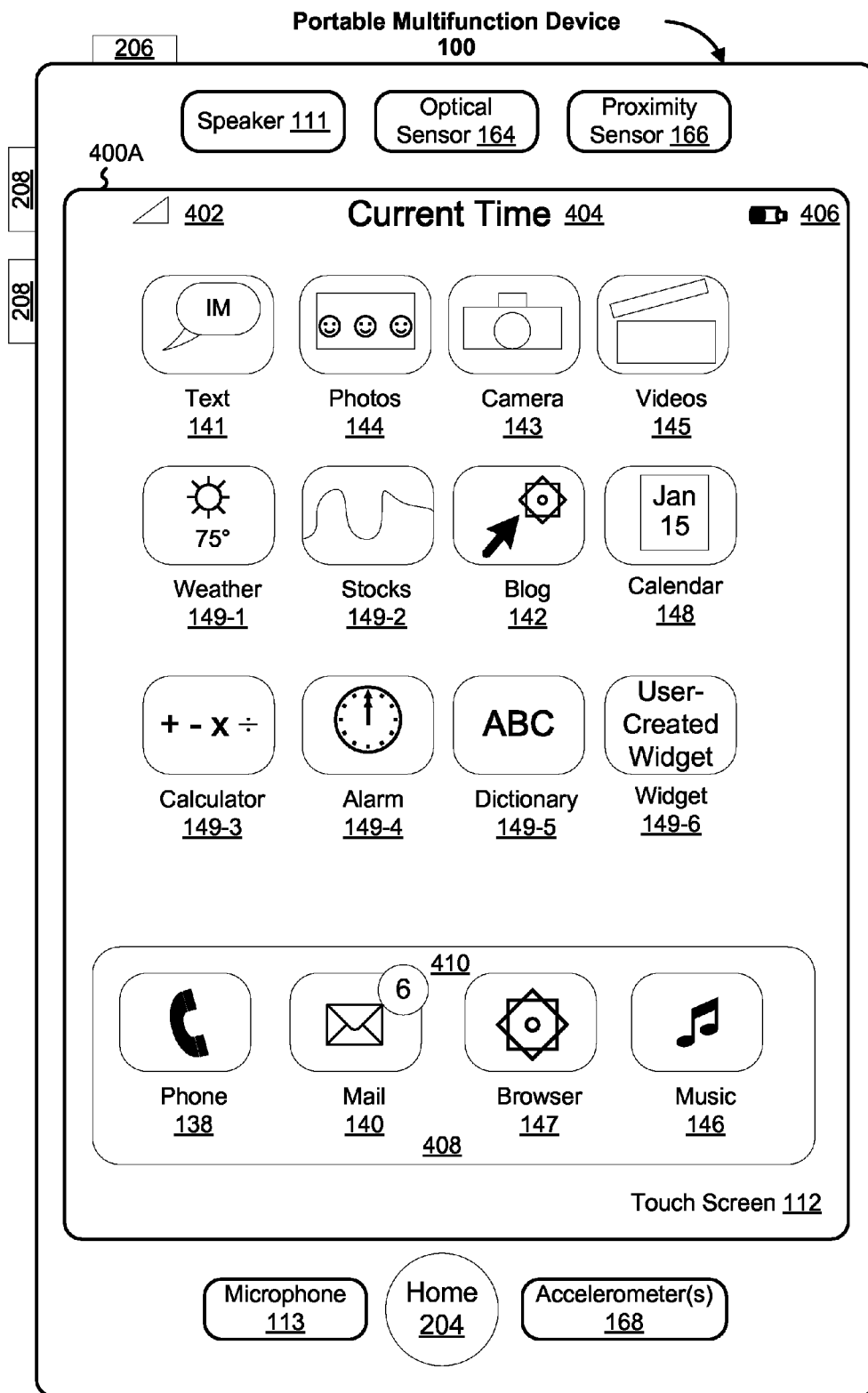


Figure 4A

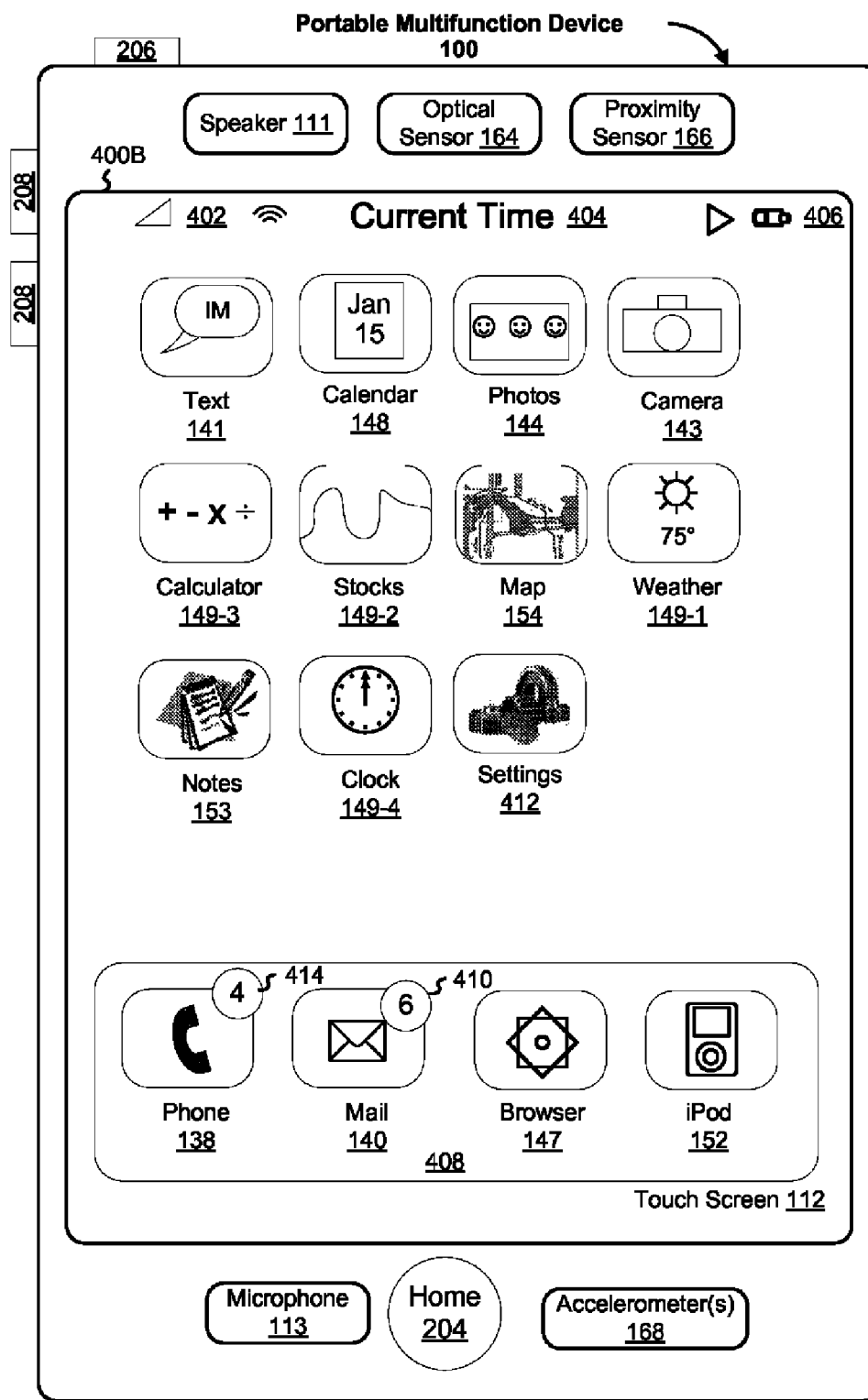


Figure 4B

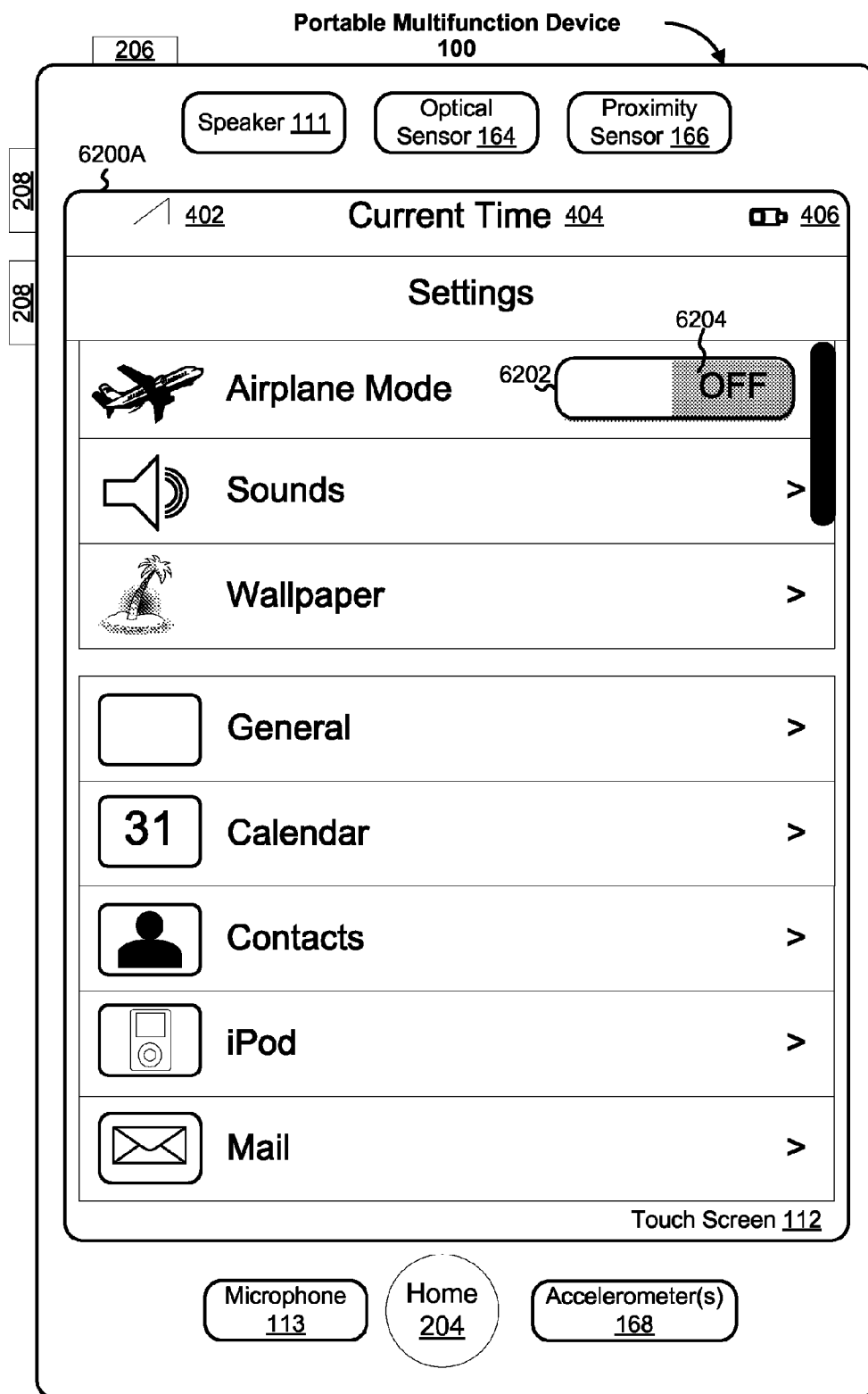


Figure 5A

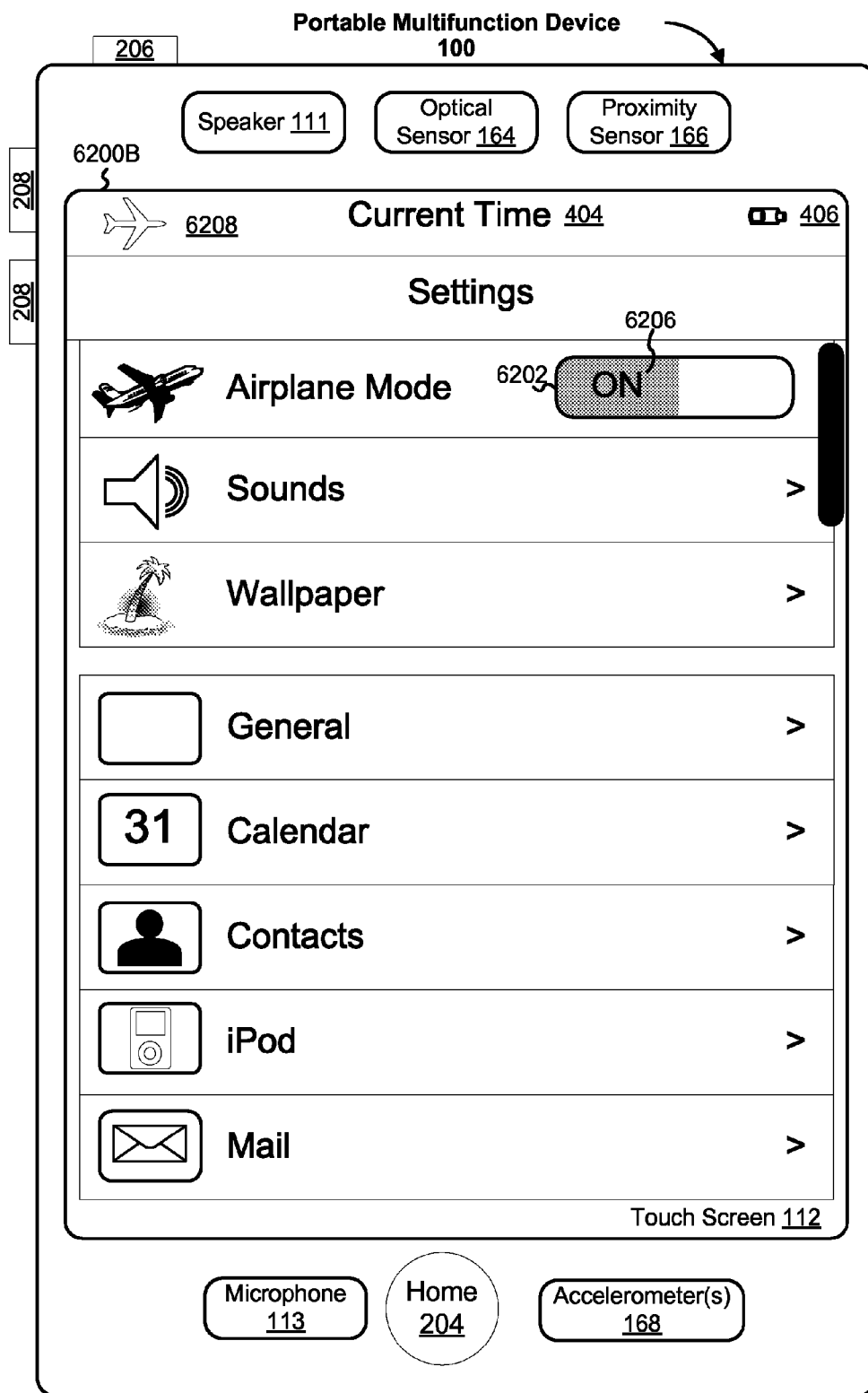


Figure 5B

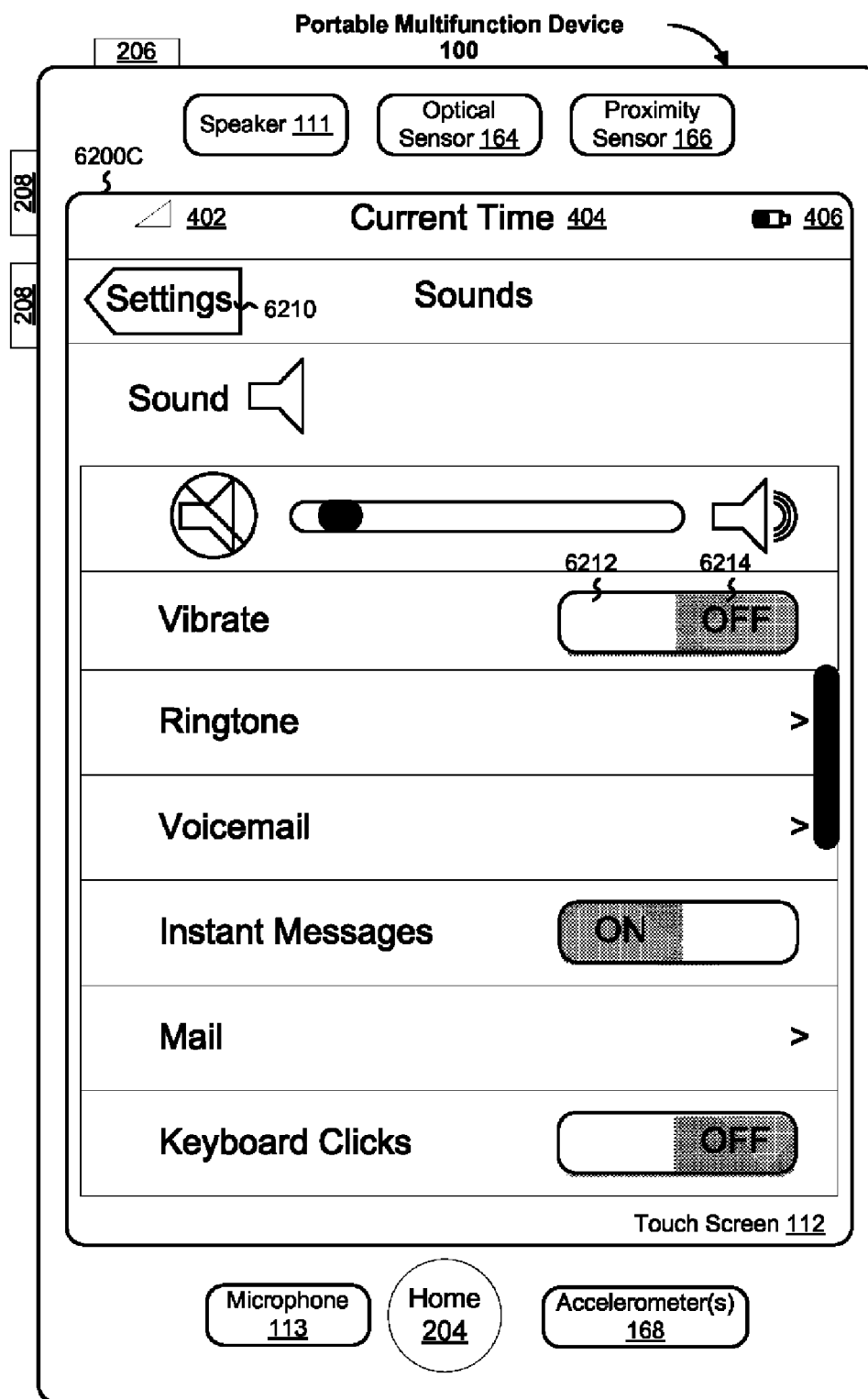


Figure 5C

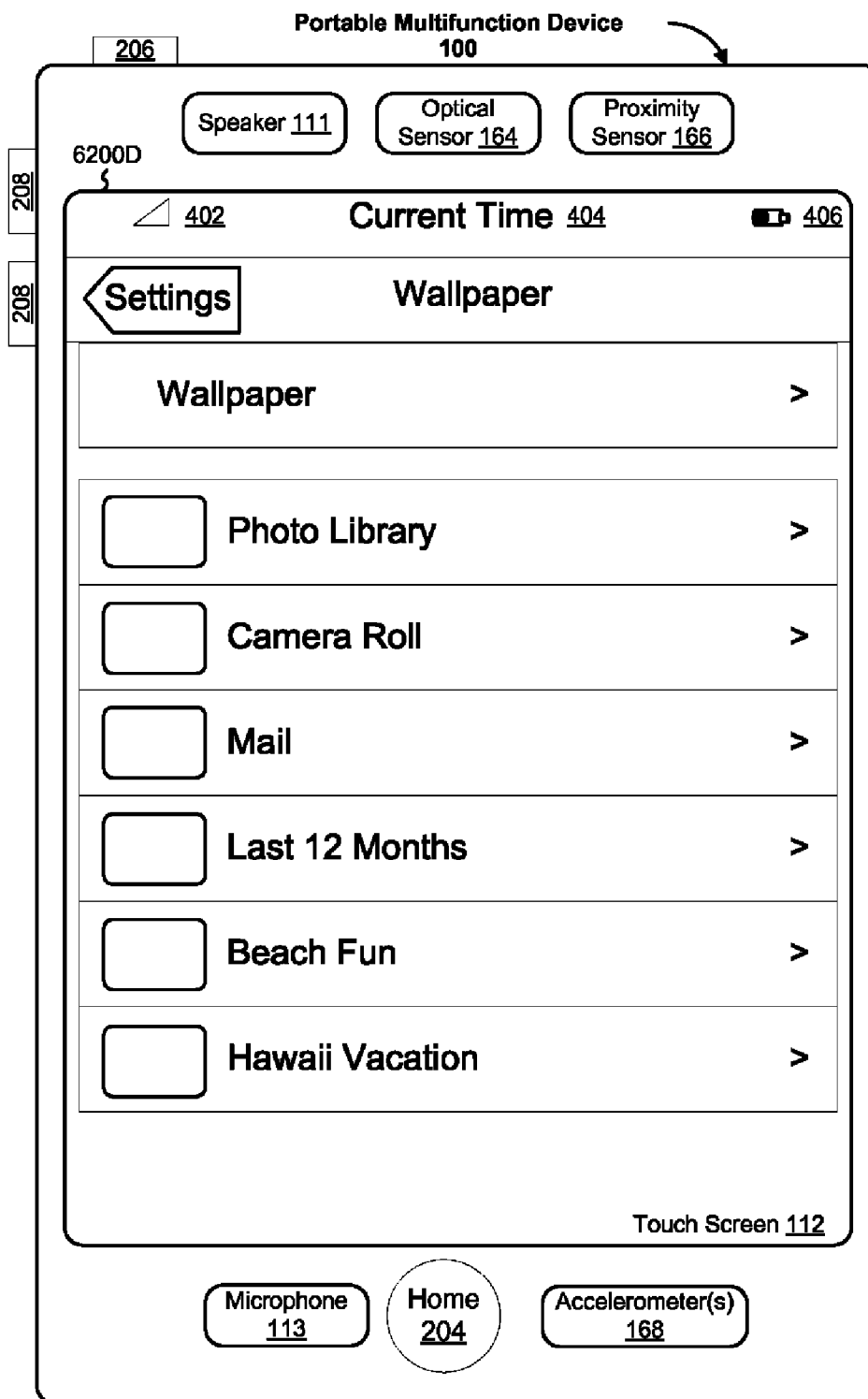


Figure 5D

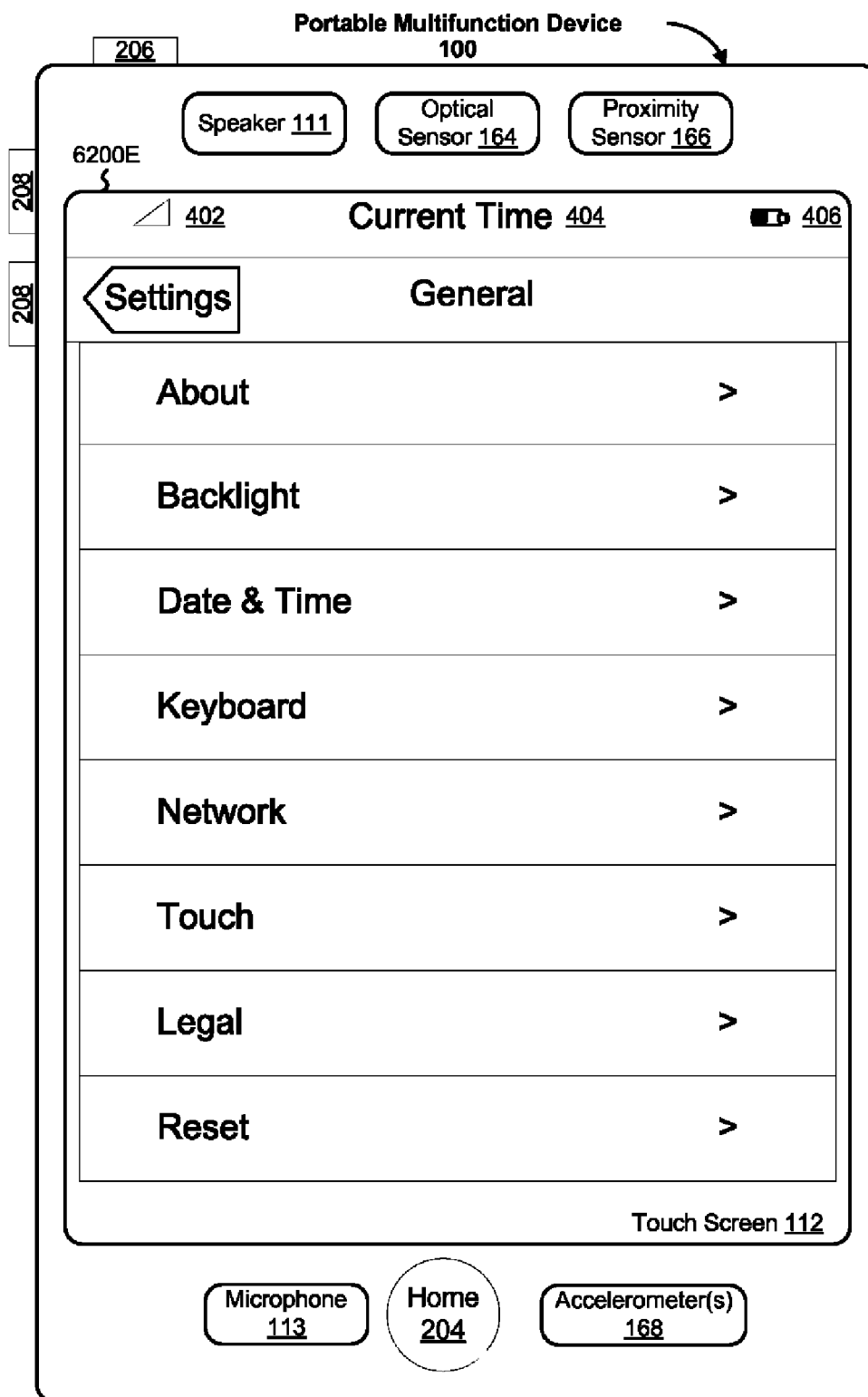


Figure 5E

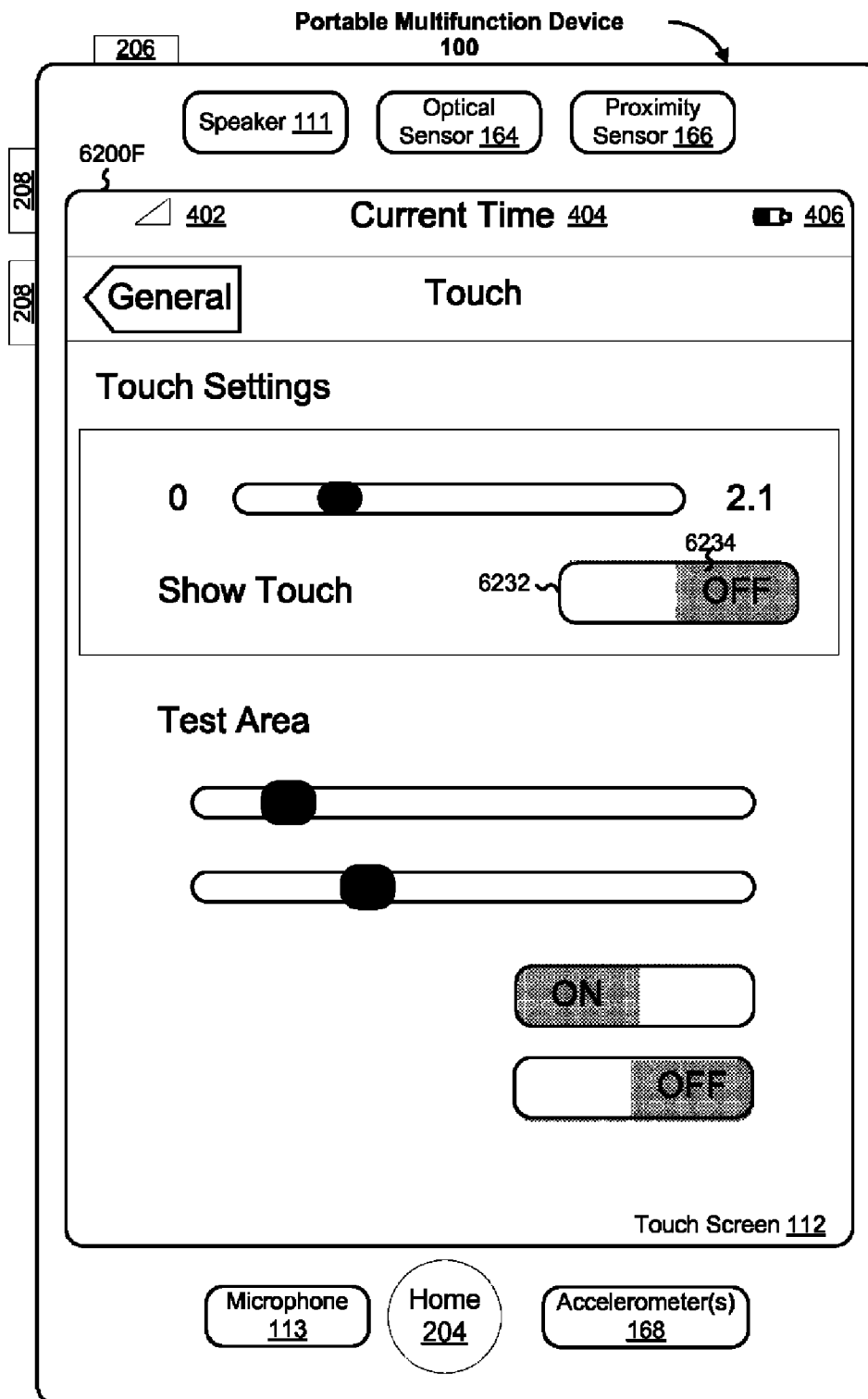


Figure 5F

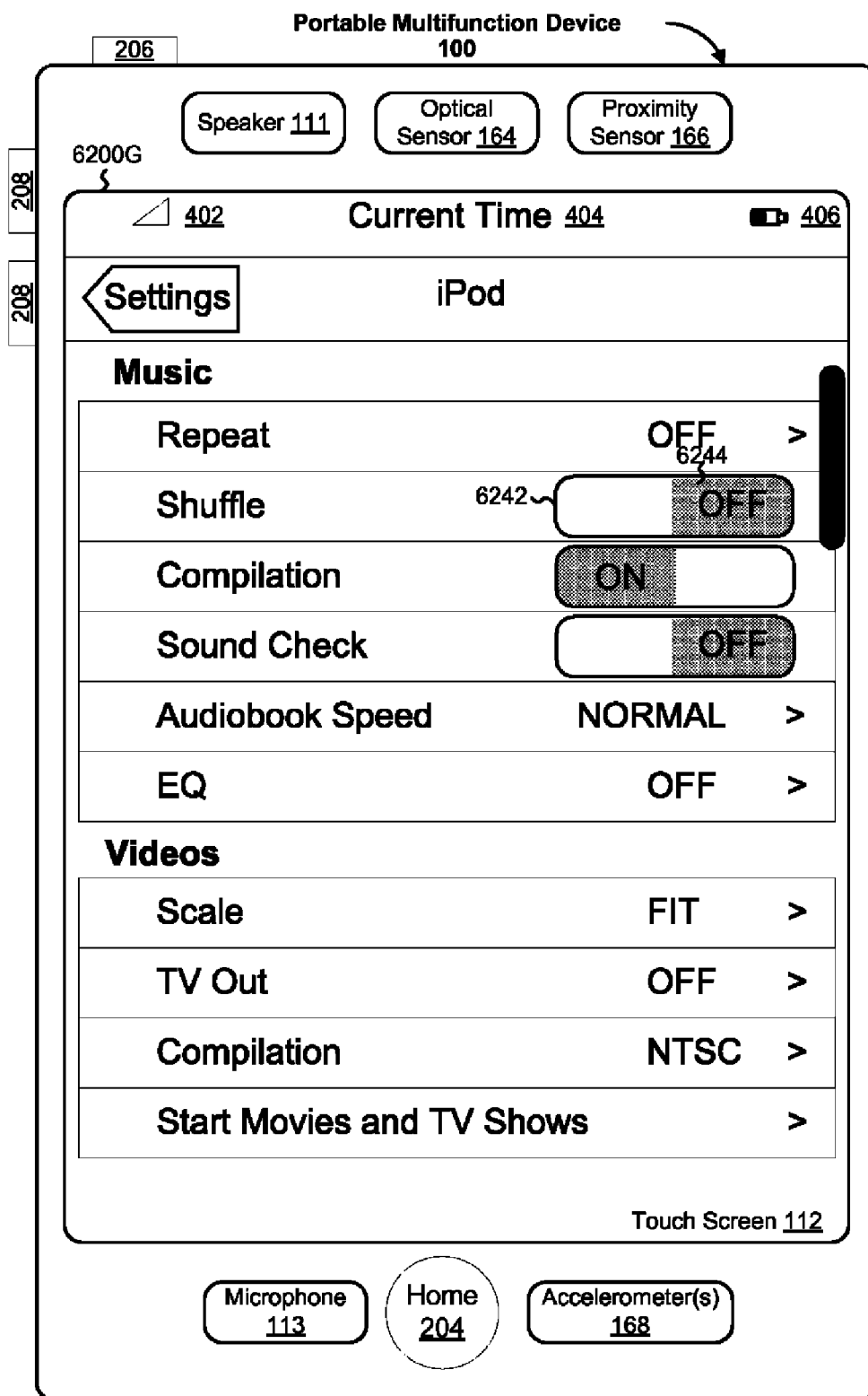


Figure 5G

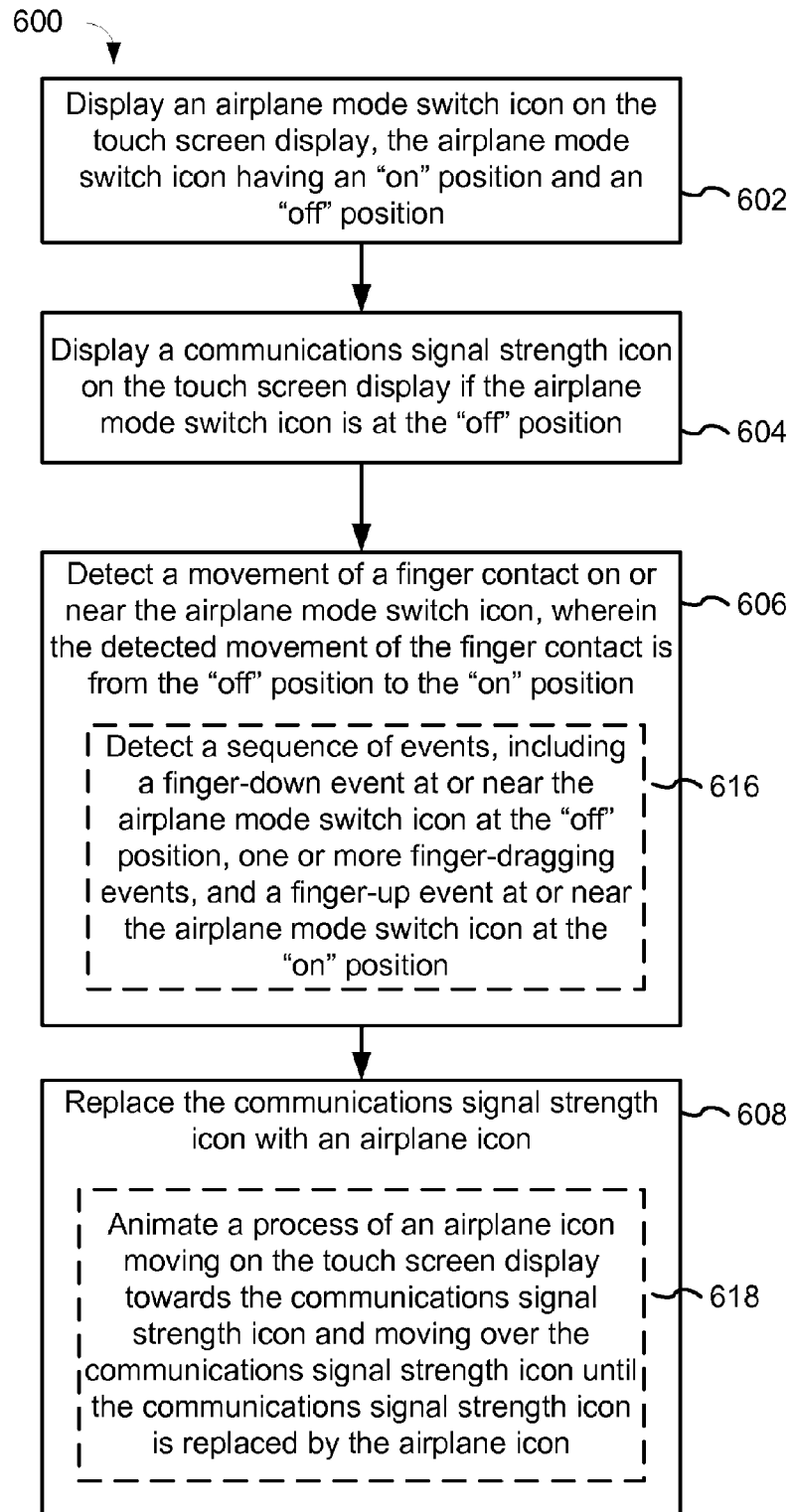


Figure 6

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AIRPLANE MODE INDICATOR ON A PORTABLE MULTIFUNCTION DEVICE

RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application claims priority to U.S. Provisional Patent Application Nos. 60/947,315, "Airplane Mode Indicator on a Portable Multifunction Device," filed Jun. 29, 2007; 60/937,993, "Portable Multifunction Device," filed Jun. 29, 2007; 60/879,469, "Portable Multifunction Device," filed Jan. 8, 2007; 60/879,253, and "Portable Multifunction Device," filed Jan. 7, 2007. All of these applications are incorporated by referenced herein in their entirety.

This application is related to the following applications: (1) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/188,182, "Touch Pad For Handheld Device," filed Jul. 1, 200; (2) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/722,948, "Touch Pad For Handheld Device," filed Nov. 25, 2003; (3) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/643,256, "Movable Touch Pad With Added Functionality," filed Aug. 18, 2003; (4) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/654,108, "Ambidextrous Mouse," filed Sep. 2, 2003; (5) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/840,862, "Multipoint Touchscreen," filed May 6, 2004; (6) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/903,964, "Gestures For Touch Sensitive Input Devices," filed Jul. 30, 2004; (7) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/038,590, "Mode-Based Graphical User Interfaces For Touch Sensitive Input Devices" filed Jan. 18, 2005; (8) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/057,050, "Display Actuator," filed Feb. 11, 2005; (9) U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 60/658,777, "Multi-Functional Hand-Held Device," filed Mar. 4, 2005; (10) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/367,749, "Multi-Functional Hand-Held Device," filed Mar. 3, 2006; and (11) U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 60/824,769, "Portable Multifunction Device," filed Sep. 6, 2006. All of these applications are incorporated by reference herein in their entirety.

TECHNICAL FIELD

The disclosed embodiments relate generally to portable multifunction devices, and more particularly, to portable multifunction devices with an airplane mode that disables communications functions.

BACKGROUND

As portable electronic devices become more compact, and the number of functions performed by a given device increase, it has become a significant challenge to design a user interface that allows users to easily interact with a multifunction device. This challenge is particular significant for handheld portable devices, which have much smaller screens than desktop or laptop computers. This situation is unfortunate because the user interface is the gateway through which users receive not only content but also responses to user actions or behaviors, including user attempts to access a device's features, tools, and functions. Some portable communication devices (e.g., mobile telephones, sometimes called mobile phones, cell phones, cellular telephones, and the like) have resorted to adding more pushbuttons, increasing the density of push buttons, overloading the functions of pushbuttons, or using complex menu systems to allow a user to access, store and manipulate data. These conventional user interfaces often result in complicated key sequences and menu hierarchies that must be memorized by the user.

Many conventional user interfaces, such as those that include physical pushbuttons, are also inflexible. This is

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unfortunate because it may prevent a user interface from being configured and/or adapted by either an application running on the portable device or by users. When coupled with the time consuming requirement to memorize multiple key sequences and menu hierarchies, and the difficulty in activating a desired pushbutton, such inflexibility is frustrating to most users.

Many portable multifunction devices incorporate cellular phone or other communication functionality. Such devices often include a mode, typically called "airplane mode," in which the communications functions are disabled, but other functions of the device (e.g., a music player) may still be used. But current user interfaces for turning airplane mode on and off are not user friendly. In particular, small, hard-to-see and/or cryptic icons are used to indicate whether airplane mode is activated.

Accordingly, there is a need for portable multifunction devices with more transparent and intuitive graphical user interfaces for turning airplane mode on and off, and for displaying whether the device is in airplane mode. Such interfaces increase the effectiveness, efficiency and user satisfaction with portable multifunction devices.

SUMMARY

The above deficiencies and other problems associated with user interfaces for portable devices are reduced or eliminated by the disclosed portable multifunction device. In some embodiments, the device has a touch-sensitive display (also known as a "touch screen") with a graphical user interface (GUI), one or more processors, memory and one or more modules, programs or sets of instructions stored in the memory for performing multiple functions. In some embodiments, the user interacts with the GUI primarily through finger contacts and gestures on the touch-sensitive display. In some embodiments, the functions may include telephoning, video conferencing, e-mailing, instant messaging, blogging, digital photographing, digital videoing, web browsing, digital music playing, and/or digital video playing. Instructions for performing these functions may be included in a computer program product configured for execution by one or more processors.

In accordance with some embodiments, a computer-implemented method is performed at a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display. The method includes: displaying an airplane mode switch icon on the touch screen display, the airplane mode switch icon having an "on" position and an "off" position; displaying a communications signal strength icon on the touch screen display if the airplane mode switch icon is at the "off" position; and replacing the communications signal strength icon with an airplane icon upon detecting a movement of a finger contact on or near the airplane mode switch icon. The detected movement of the finger contact is from the "off" position to the "on" position.

In accordance with some embodiments, a graphical user interface on a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display includes an airplane mode switch icon with an "on" position and an "off" position. A communications signal strength icon is displayed if the airplane mode switch icon is at the "off" position. The communications signal strength icon is replaced with an airplane icon upon detecting a movement of a finger contact on or near the airplane mode switch icon. The detected movement of the finger contact is from the "off" position to the "on" position.

In accordance with some embodiments, a portable multifunction device includes a touch screen display, one or more processors, memory, and one or more programs. The one or

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more programs are stored in the memory and configured to be executed by the one or more processors. The programs include: instructions for displaying an airplane mode switch icon on the touch screen display, the airplane mode switch icon having an "on" position and an "off" position; instructions for displaying a communications signal strength icon on the touch screen display if the airplane mode switch icon is at the "off" position; and instructions for replacing the communications signal strength icon with an airplane icon upon detecting a movement of a finger contact on or near the airplane mode switch icon, wherein the detected movement of the finger contact is from the "off" position to the "on" position.

In accordance with some embodiments, a computer readable storage medium stores one or more programs. The one or more programs include instructions, which when executed by a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display, cause the device to: display an airplane mode switch icon on the touch screen display, the airplane mode switch icon having an "on" position and an "off" position; display a communications signal strength icon on the touch screen display if the airplane mode switch icon is at the "off" position; and replace the communications signal strength icon with an airplane icon upon detecting a movement of a finger contact on or near the airplane mode switch icon. The detected movement of the finger contact is from the "off" position to the "on" position.

In accordance with some embodiments, a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display includes: means for displaying an airplane mode switch icon on the touch screen display, the airplane mode switch icon having an "on" position and an "off" position; means for displaying a communications signal strength icon on the touch screen display if the airplane mode switch icon is at the "off" position; and means for replacing the communications signal strength icon with an airplane icon upon detecting a movement of a finger contact on or near the airplane mode switch icon. The detected movement of the finger contact is from the "off" position to the "on" position.

Thus, the invention provides a portable multifunction device with more transparent and intuitive graphical user interfaces for turning airplane mode on and off, and for displaying whether the device is in airplane mode.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

For a better understanding of the aforementioned embodiments of the invention as well as additional embodiments thereof, reference should be made to the Description of Embodiments below, in conjunction with the following drawings in which like reference numerals refer to corresponding parts throughout the figures.

FIGS. 1A and 1B are block diagrams illustrating portable multifunction devices with touch-sensitive displays in accordance with some embodiments.

FIG. 2 illustrates a portable multifunction device having a touch screen in accordance with some embodiments.

FIG. 3 illustrates an exemplary user interface for unlocking a portable electronic device in accordance with some embodiments.

FIGS. 4A and 4B illustrate exemplary user interfaces for a menu of applications on a portable multifunction device in accordance with some embodiments.

FIGS. 5A-5G illustrate exemplary user interfaces for displaying and adjusting settings in accordance with some embodiments.

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FIG. 6 is a flow diagram illustrating a process for activating an airplane mode in accordance with some embodiments.

DESCRIPTION OF EMBODIMENTS

Reference will now be made in detail to embodiments, examples of which are illustrated in the accompanying drawings. In the following detailed description, numerous specific details are set forth in order to provide a thorough understanding of the present invention. However, it will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art that the present invention may be practiced without these specific details. In other instances, well-known methods, procedures, components, circuits, and networks have not been described in detail so as not to unnecessarily obscure aspects of the embodiments.

It will also be understood that, although the terms first, second, etc. may be used herein to describe various elements, these elements should not be limited by these terms. These terms are only used to distinguish one element from another. For example, a first gesture could be termed a second gesture, and, similarly, a second gesture could be termed a first gesture, without departing from the scope of the present invention.

The terminology used in the description of the invention herein is for the purpose of describing particular embodiments only and is not intended to be limiting of the invention. As used in the description of the invention and the appended claims, the singular forms "a", "an" and "the" are intended to include the plural forms as well, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. It will also be understood that the term "and/or" as used herein refers to and encompasses any and all possible combinations of one or more of the associated listed items. It will be further understood that the terms "comprises" and/or "comprising," when used in this specification, specify the presence of stated features, integers, steps, operations, elements, and/or components, but do not preclude the presence or addition of one or more other features, integers, steps, operations, elements, components, and/or groups thereof.

Embodiments of a portable multifunction device, user interfaces for such devices, and associated processes for using such devices are described. In some embodiments, the device is a portable communications device such as a mobile telephone that also contains other functions, such as PDA and/or music player functions.

The user interface may include a physical click wheel in addition to a touch screen or a virtual click wheel displayed on the touch screen. A click wheel is a user-interface device that may provide navigation commands based on an angular displacement of the wheel or a point of contact with the wheel by a user of the device. A click wheel may also be used to provide a user command corresponding to selection of one or more items, for example, when the user of the device presses down on at least a portion of the wheel or the center of the wheel. Alternatively, breaking contact with a click wheel image on a touch screen surface may indicate a user command corresponding to selection. For simplicity, in the discussion that follows, a portable multifunction device that includes a touch screen is used as an exemplary embodiment. It should be understood, however, that some of the user interfaces and associated processes may be applied to other devices, such as personal computers and laptop computers, that may include one or more other physical user-interface devices, such as a physical click wheel, a physical keyboard, a mouse and/or a joystick.

The device supports a variety of applications, such as a telephone application, a video conferencing application, an e-mail application, an instant messaging application, a blog-

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ging application, a digital camera application, a digital video camera application, a web browsing application, a digital music player application, and/or a digital video player application.

The various applications that may be executed on the device may use at least one common physical user-interface device, such as the touch screen. One or more functions of the touch screen as well as corresponding information displayed on the device may be adjusted and/or varied from one application to the next and/or within a respective application. In this way, a common physical architecture (such as the touch screen) of the device may support the variety of applications with user interfaces that are intuitive and transparent.

The user interfaces may include one or more soft keyboard embodiments. The soft keyboard embodiments may include standard (QWERTY) and/or non-standard configurations of symbols on the displayed icons of the keyboard, such as those described in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/459,606, "Keyboards For Portable Electronic Devices," filed Jul. 24, 2006, and Ser. No. 11/459,615, "Touch Screen Keyboards For Portable Electronic Devices," filed Jul. 24, 2006, the contents of which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety. The keyboard embodiments may include a reduced number of icons (or soft keys) relative to the number of keys in existing physical keyboards, such as that for a typewriter. This may make it easier for users to select one or more icons in the keyboard, and thus, one or more corresponding symbols. The keyboard embodiments may be adaptive. For example, displayed icons may be modified in accordance with user actions, such as selecting one or more icons and/or one or more corresponding symbols. One or more applications on the portable device may utilize common and/or different keyboard embodiments. Thus, the keyboard embodiment used may be tailored to at least some of the applications. In some embodiments, one or more keyboard embodiments may be tailored to a respective user. For example, one or more keyboard embodiments may be tailored to a respective user based on a word usage history (lexicography, slang, individual usage) of the respective user. Some of the keyboard embodiments may be adjusted to reduce a probability of a user error when selecting one or more icons, and thus one or more symbols, when using the soft keyboard embodiments.

Attention is now directed towards embodiments of the device. FIGS. 1A and 1B are block diagrams illustrating portable multifunction devices 100 with touch-sensitive displays 112 in accordance with some embodiments. The touch-sensitive display 112 is sometimes called a "touch screen" for convenience, and may also be known as or called a touch-sensitive display system. The device 100 may include a memory 102 (which may include one or more computer readable storage mediums), a memory controller 122, one or more processing units (CPU's) 120, a peripherals interface 118, RF circuitry 108, audio circuitry 110, a speaker 111, a microphone 113, an input/output (I/O) subsystem 106, other input or control devices 116, and an external port 124. The device 100 may include one or more optical sensors 164. These components may communicate over one or more communication buses or signal lines 103.

It should be appreciated that the device 100 is only one example of a portable multifunction device 100, and that the device 100 may have more or fewer components than shown, may combine two or more components, or a may have a different configuration or arrangement of the components. The various components shown in FIGS. 1A and 1B may be implemented in hardware, software or a combination of both hardware and software, including one or more signal processing and/or application specific integrated circuits.

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Memory 102 may include high-speed random access memory and may also include non-volatile memory, such as one or more magnetic disk storage devices, flash memory devices, or other non-volatile solid-state memory devices. Access to memory 102 by other components of the device 100, such as the CPU 120 and the peripherals interface 118, may be controlled by the memory controller 122.

The peripherals interface 118 couples the input and output peripherals of the device to the CPU 120 and memory 102. The one or more processors 120 run or execute various software programs and/or sets of instructions stored in memory 102 to perform various functions for the device 100 and to process data.

In some embodiments, the peripherals interface 118, the CPU 120, and the memory controller 122 may be implemented on a single chip, such as a chip 104. In some other embodiments, they may be implemented on separate chips.

The RF (radio frequency) circuitry 108 receives and sends RF signals, also called electromagnetic signals. The RF circuitry 108 converts electrical signals to/from electromagnetic signals and communicates with communications networks and other communications devices via the electromagnetic signals. The RF circuitry 108 may include well-known circuitry for performing these functions, including but not limited to an antenna system, an RF transceiver, one or more amplifiers, a tuner, one or more oscillators, a digital signal processor, a CODEC chipset, a subscriber identity module (SIM) card, memory, and so forth. The RF circuitry 108 may communicate with networks, such as the Internet, also referred to as the World Wide Web (WWW), an intranet and/or a wireless network, such as a cellular telephone network, a wireless local area network (LAN) and/or a metropolitan area network (MAN), and other devices by wireless communication. The wireless communication may use any of a plurality of communications standards, protocols and technologies, including but not limited to Global System for Mobile Communications (GSM), Enhanced Data GSM Environment (EDGE), high-speed downlink packet access (HSDPA), wideband code division multiple access (W-CDMA), code division multiple access (CDMA), time division multiple access (TDMA), Bluetooth, Wireless Fidelity (Wi-Fi) (e.g., IEEE 802.11a, IEEE 802.11b, IEEE 802.11g and/or IEEE 802.11n), voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP), Wi-MAX, a protocol for email (e.g., Internet message access protocol (IMAP) and/or post office protocol (POP)), instant messaging (e.g., extensible messaging and presence protocol (XMPP), Session Initiation Protocol for Instant Messaging and Presence Leveraging Extensions (SIMPLE), and/or Instant Messaging and Presence Service (IMPS)), and/or Short Message Service (SMS)), or any other suitable communication protocol, including communication protocols not yet developed as of the filing date of this document.

The audio circuitry 110, the speaker 111, and the microphone 113 provide an audio interface between a user and the device 100. The audio circuitry 110 receives audio data from the peripherals interface 118, converts the audio data to an electrical signal, and transmits the electrical signal to the speaker 111. The speaker 111 converts the electrical signal to human-audible sound waves. The audio circuitry 110 also receives electrical signals converted by the microphone 113 from sound waves. The audio circuitry 110 converts the electrical signal to audio data and transmits the audio data to the peripherals interface 118 for processing. Audio data may be retrieved from and/or transmitted to memory 102 and/or the RF circuitry 108 by the peripherals interface 118. In some embodiments, the audio circuitry 110 also includes a headset jack (e.g. 212, FIG. 2). The headset jack provides an interface

between the audio circuitry **110** and removable audio input/output peripherals, such as output-only headphones or a headset with both output (e.g., a headphone for one or both ears) and input (e.g., a microphone).

The I/O subsystem **106** couples input/output peripherals on the device **100**, such as the touch screen **112** and other input/control devices **116**, to the peripherals interface **118**. The I/O subsystem **106** may include a display controller **156** and one or more input controllers **160** for other input or control devices. The one or more input controllers **160** receive/send electrical signals from/to other input or control devices **116**. The other input/control devices **116** may include physical buttons (e.g., push buttons, rocker buttons, etc.), dials, slider switches, joysticks, click wheels, and so forth. In some alternate embodiments, input controller(s) **160** may be coupled to any (or none) of the following: a keyboard, infrared port, USB port, and a pointer device such as a mouse. The one or more buttons (e.g., **208**, FIG. 2) may include an up/down button for volume control of the speaker **111** and/or the microphone **113**. The one or more buttons may include a push button (e.g., **206**, FIG. 2). A quick press of the push button may disengage a lock of the touch screen **112** or begin a process that uses gestures on the touch screen to unlock the device, as described in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/322,549, "Unlocking a Device by Performing Gestures on an Unlock Image," filed Dec. 23, 2005, which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety. A longer press of the push button (e.g., **206**) may turn power to the device **100** on or off. The user may be able to customize a functionality of one or more of the buttons. The touch screen **112** is used to implement virtual or soft buttons and one or more soft keyboards.

The touch-sensitive touch screen **112** provides an input interface and an output interface between the device and a user. The display controller **156** receives and/or sends electrical signals from/to the touch screen **112**. The touch screen **112** displays visual output to the user. The visual output may include graphics, text, icons, video, and any combination thereof (collectively termed "graphics"). In some embodiments, some or all of the visual output may correspond to user-interface objects, further details of which are described below.

A touch screen **112** has a touch-sensitive surface, sensor or set of sensors that accepts input from the user based on haptic and/or tactile contact. The touch screen **112** and the display controller **156** (along with any associated modules and/or sets of instructions in memory **102**) detect contact (and any movement or breaking of the contact) on the touch screen **112** and converts the detected contact into interaction with user-interface objects (e.g., one or more soft keys, icons, web pages or images) that are displayed on the touch screen. In an exemplary embodiment, a point of contact between a touch screen **112** and the user corresponds to a finger of the user.

The touch screen **112** may use LCD (liquid crystal display) technology, or LPD (light emitting polymer display) technology, although other display technologies may be used in other embodiments. The touch screen **112** and the display controller **156** may detect contact and any movement or breaking thereof using any of a plurality of touch sensing technologies now known or later developed, including but not limited to capacitive, resistive, infrared, and surface acoustic wave technologies, as well as other proximity sensor arrays or other elements for determining one or more points of contact with a touch screen **112**.

A touch-sensitive display in some embodiments of the touch screen **112** may be analogous to the multi-touch sensitive tablets described in the following U.S. Pat. No. 6,323,846 (Westerman et al.), U.S. Pat. No. 6,570,557 (Westerman et

al.), and/or U.S. Pat. No. 6,677,932 (Westerman), and/or U.S. Patent Publication 2002/0015024A1, each of which is hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety. However, a touch screen **112** displays visual output from the portable device **100**, whereas touch sensitive tablets do not provide visual output.

A touch-sensitive display in some embodiments of the touch screen **112** may be as described in the following applications: (1) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/381,313, "Multipoint Touch Surface Controller," filed May 2, 2006; (2) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/840,862, "Multipoint Touchscreen," filed May 6, 2004; (3) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/903,964, "Gestures For Touch Sensitive Input Devices," filed Jul. 30, 2004; (4) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/048,264, "Gestures For Touch Sensitive Input Devices," filed Jan. 31, 2005; (5) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/038,590, "Mode-Based Graphical User Interfaces For Touch Sensitive Input Devices," filed Jan. 18, 2005; (6) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/228,758, "Virtual Input Device Placement On A Touch Screen User Interface," filed Sep. 16, 2005; (7) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/228,700, "Operation Of A Computer With A Touch Screen Interface," filed Sep. 16, 2005; (8) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/228,737, "Activating Virtual Keys Of A Touch-Screen Virtual Keyboard," filed Sep. 16, 2005; and (9) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/367,749, "Multi-Functional Hand-Held Device," filed Mar. 3, 2006. All of these applications are incorporated by reference herein in their entirety.

The touch screen **112** may have a resolution in excess of 100 dpi. In an exemplary embodiment, the touch screen has a resolution of approximately 160 dpi. The user may make contact with the touch screen **112** using any suitable object or appendage, such as a stylus, a finger, and so forth. In some embodiments, the user interface is designed to work primarily with finger-based contacts and gestures, which are much less precise than stylus-based input due to the larger area of contact of a finger on the touch screen. In some embodiments, the device translates the rough finger-based input into a precise pointer/cursor position or command for performing the actions desired by the user.

In some embodiments, in addition to the touch screen, the device **100** may include a touchpad (not shown) for activating or deactivating particular functions. In some embodiments, the touchpad is a touch-sensitive area of the device that, unlike the touch screen, does not display visual output. The touchpad may be a touch-sensitive surface that is separate from the touch screen **112** or an extension of the touch-sensitive surface formed by the touch screen.

In some embodiments, the device **100** may include a physical or virtual click wheel as an input control device **116**. A user may navigate among and interact with one or more graphical objects (henceforth referred to as icons) displayed in the touch screen **112** by rotating the click wheel or by moving a point of contact with the click wheel (e.g., where the amount of movement of the point of contact is measured by its angular displacement with respect to a center point of the click wheel). The click wheel may also be used to select one or more of the displayed icons. For example, the user may press down on at least a portion of the click wheel or an associated button. User commands and navigation commands provided by the user via the click wheel may be processed by an input controller **160** as well as one or more of the modules and/or sets of instructions in memory **102**. For a virtual click wheel, the click wheel and click wheel controller may be part of the touch screen **112** and the display controller **156**, respectively. For a virtual click wheel, the click wheel may be either an opaque or semitransparent object that appears and disap-

pears on the touch screen display in response to user interaction with the device. In some embodiments, a virtual click wheel is displayed on the touch screen of a portable multi-function device and operated by user contact with the touch screen.

The device **100** also includes a power system **162** for powering the various components. The power system **162** may include a power management system, one or more power sources (e.g., battery, alternating current (AC)), a recharging system, a power failure detection circuit, a power converter or inverter, a power status indicator (e.g., a light-emitting diode (LED)) and any other components associated with the generation, management and distribution of power in portable devices.

The device **100** may also include one or more optical sensors **164**. FIGS. **1A** and **1B** show an optical sensor coupled to an optical sensor controller **158** in I/O subsystem **106**. The optical sensor **164** may include charge-coupled device (CCD) or complementary metal-oxide semiconductor (CMOS) phototransistors. The optical sensor **164** receives light from the environment, projected through one or more lens, and converts the light to data representing an image. In conjunction with an imaging module **143** (also called a camera module), the optical sensor **164** may capture still images or video. In some embodiments, an optical sensor is located on the back of the device **100**, opposite the touch screen display **112** on the front of the device, so that the touch screen display may be used as a viewfinder for either still and/or video image acquisition. In some embodiments, an optical sensor is located on the front of the device so that the user's image may be obtained for videoconferencing while the user views the other video conference participants on the touch screen display. In some embodiments, the position of the optical sensor **164** can be changed by the user (e.g., by rotating the lens and the sensor in the device housing) so that a single optical sensor **164** may be used along with the touch screen display for both video conferencing and still and/or video image acquisition.

The device **100** may also include one or more proximity sensors **166**. FIGS. **1A** and **1B** show a proximity sensor **166** coupled to the peripherals interface **118**. Alternately, the proximity sensor **166** may be coupled to an input controller **160** in the I/O subsystem **106**. The proximity sensor **166** may perform as described in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/241,839, "Proximity Detector In Handheld Device," Sep. 30, 2005; Ser. No. 11/240,788, "Proximity Detector In Handheld Device," Sep. 30, 2005; Ser. No. 11/620,702, "Using Ambient Light Sensor To Augment Proximity Sensor Output"; Ser. No. 11/586,862, "Automated Response To And Sensing Of User Activity In Portable Devices," filed Oct. 24, 2006; and Ser. No. 11/638,251, "Methods And Systems For Automatic Configuration Of Peripherals," which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety. In some embodiments, the proximity sensor turns off and disables the touch screen **112** when the multifunction device is placed near the user's ear (e.g., when the user is making a phone call). In some embodiments, the proximity sensor keeps the screen off when the device is in the user's pocket, purse, or other dark area to prevent unnecessary battery drainage when the device is a locked state.

The device **100** may also include one or more accelerometers **168**. FIGS. **1A** and **1B** show an accelerometer **168** coupled to the peripherals interface **118**. Alternately, the accelerometer **168** may be coupled to an input controller **160** in the I/O subsystem **106**. The accelerometer **168** may perform as described in U.S. Patent Publication No. 20050190059, "Acceleration-based Theft Detection System for Portable Electronic Devices," and U.S. Patent Publication

No. 20060017692, "Methods And Apparatuses For Operating A Portable Device Based On An Accelerometer," both of which are incorporated herein by reference. In some embodiments, information is displayed on the touch screen display in a portrait view or a landscape view based on an analysis of data received from the one or more accelerometers.

In some embodiments, the software components stored in memory **102** may include an operating system **126**, a communication module (or set of instructions) **128**, a contact/motion module (or set of instructions) **130**, a graphics module (or set of instructions) **132**, a text input module (or set of instructions) **134**, a Global Positioning System (GPS) module (or set of instructions) **135**, and applications (or set of instructions) **136**.

The operating system **126** (e.g., Darwin, RTXC, LINUX, UNIX, OS X, WINDOWS, or an embedded operating system such as VxWorks) includes various software components and/or drivers for controlling and managing general system tasks (e.g., memory management, storage device control, power management, etc.) and facilitates communication between various hardware and software components.

The communication module **128**, when not in airplane mode, facilitates communication with other devices over one or more external ports **124** and also includes various software components for handling data received by the RF circuitry **108** and/or the external port **124**. The external port **124** (e.g., Universal Serial Bus (USB), FIREWIRE, etc.) is adapted for coupling directly to other devices or indirectly over a network (e.g., the Internet, wireless LAN, etc.). In some embodiments, the external port is a multi-pin (e.g., 30-pin) connector that is the same as, or similar to and/or compatible with the 30-pin connector used on iPod (trademark of Apple Computer, Inc.) devices.

The contact/motion module **130** may detect contact with the touch screen **112** (in conjunction with the display controller **156**) and other touch sensitive devices (e.g., a touchpad or physical click wheel). The contact/motion module **130** includes various software components for performing various operations related to detection of contact, such as determining if contact has occurred, determining if there is movement of the contact and tracking the movement across the touch screen **112**, and determining if the contact has been broken (i.e., if the contact has ceased). Determining movement of the point of contact may include determining speed (magnitude), velocity (magnitude and direction), and/or an acceleration (a change in magnitude and/or direction) of the point of contact. These operations may be applied to single contacts (e.g., one finger contacts) or to multiple simultaneous contacts (e.g., "multitouch"/multiple finger contacts). In some embodiments, the contact/motion module **130** and the display controller **156** also detects contact on a touchpad. In some embodiments, the contact/motion module **130** and the controller **160** detects contact on a click wheel.

The graphics module **132** includes various known software components for rendering and displaying graphics on the touch screen **112**, including components for changing the intensity of graphics that are displayed. As used herein, the term "graphics" includes any object that can be displayed to a user, including without limitation text, web pages, icons (such as user-interface objects including soft keys), digital images, videos, animations and the like. An animation in this context is a display of a sequence of images that gives the appearance of movement, and informs the user of an action that has been performed (such as moving an email message to a folder). In this context, a respective animation that confirms an action by the user of the device typically takes a pre-

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defined, finite amount of time, such as an amount of time between 0.2 and 1.0 seconds, or between 0.5 and 2.0 seconds, depending on the context.

The text input module 134, which may be a component of graphics module 132, provides soft keyboards for entering text in various applications (e.g., contacts 137, e-mail 140, IM 141, blogging 142, browser 147, and any other application that needs text input).

The GPS module 135 determines the location of the device and provides this information for use in various applications (e.g., to telephone 138 for use in location-based dialing, to camera 143 and/or blogger 142 as picture/video metadata, and to applications that provide location-based services such as weather widgets, local yellow page widgets, and map/navigation widgets).

The applications 136 may include the following modules (or sets of instructions), or a subset or superset thereof:

- a contacts module 137 (sometimes called an address book or contact list);
- a telephone module 138;
- a video conferencing module 139;
- an e-mail client module 140;
- an instant messaging (IM) module 141;
- a blogging module 142;
- a camera module 143 for still and/or video images;
- an image management module 144;
- a video player module 145;
- a music player module 146;
- a browser module 147;
- a calendar module 148;
- widget modules 149, which may include weather widget 149-1, stocks widget 149-2, calculator widget 149-3, alarm clock widget 149-4, dictionary widget 149-5, and other widgets obtained by the user, as well as user-created widgets 149-6;
- widget creator module 150 for making user-created widgets 149-6;
- search module 151;
- video and music player module 152, which merges video player module 145 and music player module 146;
- notes module 153; and/or
- map module 154.

Examples of other applications 136 that may be stored in memory 102 include other word processing applications, JAVA-enabled applications, encryption, digital rights management, voice recognition, and voice replication.

In conjunction with touch screen 112, display controller 156, contact module 130, graphics module 132, and text input module 134, the contacts module 137 may be used to manage an address book or contact list, including: adding name(s) to the address book; deleting name(s) from the address book; associating telephone number(s), e-mail address(es), physical address(es) or other information with a name; associating an image with a name; categorizing and sorting names; providing telephone numbers or e-mail addresses to initiate and/or facilitate communications by telephone 138, video conference 139, e-mail 140, or IM 141; and so forth. Embodiments of user interfaces and associated processes using contacts module 137 are described further below.

In conjunction with RF circuitry 108, audio circuitry 110, speaker 111, microphone 113, touch screen 112, display controller 156, contact module 130, graphics module 132, and text input module 134, the telephone module 138 may be used to enter a sequence of characters corresponding to a telephone number, access one or more telephone numbers in the address book 137, modify a telephone number that has been entered, dial a respective telephone number, conduct a conversation

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and disconnect or hang up when the conversation is completed. As noted above, the wireless communication may use any of a plurality of communications standards, protocols and technologies. Embodiments of user interfaces and associated processes using telephone module 138 are described further below.

In conjunction with RF circuitry 108, audio circuitry 110, speaker 111, microphone 113, touch screen 112, display controller 156, optical sensor 164, optical sensor controller 158, contact module 130, graphics module 132, text input module 134, contact list 137, and telephone module 138, the video-conferencing module 139 may be used to initiate, conduct, and terminate a video conference between a user and one or more other participants. Embodiments of user interfaces and associated processes using videoconferencing module 139 are described further below.

In conjunction with RF circuitry 108, touch screen 112, display controller 156, contact module 130, graphics module 132, and text input module 134, the e-mail client module 140 may be used to create, send, receive, and manage e-mail. In conjunction with image management module 144, the e-mail module 140 makes it very easy to create and send e-mails with still or video images taken with camera module 143. Embodiments of user interfaces and associated processes using e-mail module 140 are described further below.

In conjunction with RF circuitry 108, touch screen 112, display controller 156, contact module 130, graphics module 132, and text input module 134, the instant messaging module 141 may be used to enter a sequence of characters corresponding to an instant message, to modify previously entered characters, to transmit a respective instant message (for example, using a Short Message Service (SMS) or Multimedia Message Service (MMS) protocol for telephony-based instant messages or using XMPP, SIMPLE, or IMPS for Internet-based instant messages), to receive instant messages and to view received instant messages. In some embodiments, transmitted and/or received instant messages may include graphics, photos, audio files, video files and/or other attachments as are supported in a MMS and/or an Enhanced Messaging Service (EMS). As used herein, "instant messaging" refers to both telephony-based messages (e.g., messages sent using SMS or MMS) and Internet-based messages (e.g., messages sent using XMPP, SIMPLE, or IMPS). Embodiments of user interfaces and associated processes using instant messaging module 141 are described further below.

In conjunction with RF circuitry 108, touch screen 112, display controller 156, contact module 130, graphics module 132, text input module 134, image management module 144, and browsing module 147, the blogging module 142 may be used to send text, still images, video, and/or other graphics to a blog (e.g., the user's blog). Embodiments of user interfaces and associated processes using blogging module 142 are described further below.

In conjunction with touch screen 112, display controller 156, optical sensor(s) 164, optical sensor controller 158, contact module 130, graphics module 132, and image management module 144, the camera module 143 may be used to capture still images or video (including a video stream) and store them into memory 102, modify characteristics of a still image or video, or delete a still image or video from memory 102. Embodiments of user interfaces and associated processes using camera module 143 are described further below.

In conjunction with touch screen 112, display controller 156, contact module 130, graphics module 132, text input module 134, and camera module 143, the image management module 144 may be used to arrange, modify or otherwise manipulate, label, delete, present (e.g., in a digital slide show

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or album), and store still and/or video images. Embodiments of user interfaces and associated processes using image management module **144** are described further below.

In conjunction with touch screen **112**, display controller **156**, contact module **130**, graphics module **132**, audio circuitry **110**, and speaker **111**, the video player module **145** may be used to display, present or otherwise play back videos (e.g., on the touch screen or on an external, connected display via external port **124**). Embodiments of user interfaces and associated processes using video player module **145** are described further below.

In conjunction with touch screen **112**, display system controller **156**, contact module **130**, graphics module **132**, audio circuitry **110**, speaker **111**, RF circuitry **108**, and browser module **147**, the music player module **146** allows the user to download and play back recorded music and other sound files stored in one or more file formats, such as MP3 or AAC files. In some embodiments, the device **100** may include the functionality of an MP3 player, such as an iPod (trademark of Apple Computer, Inc.). Embodiments of user interfaces and associated processes using music player module **146** are described further below.

In conjunction with RF circuitry **108**, touch screen **112**, display system controller **156**, contact module **130**, graphics module **132**, and text input module **134**, the browser module **147** may be used to browse the Internet, including searching, linking to, receiving, and displaying web pages or portions thereof, as well as attachments and other files linked to web pages. Embodiments of user interfaces and associated processes using browser module **147** are described further below.

In conjunction with RF circuitry **108**, touch screen **112**, display system controller **156**, contact module **130**, graphics module **132**, text input module **134**, e-mail module **140**, and browser module **147**, the calendar module **148** may be used to create, display, modify, and store calendars and data associated with calendars (e.g., calendar entries, to do lists, etc.). Embodiments of user interfaces and associated processes using calendar module **148** are described further below.

In conjunction with RF circuitry **108**, touch screen **112**, display system controller **156**, contact module **130**, graphics module **132**, text input module **134**, and browser module **147**, the widget modules **149** are mini-applications that may be downloaded and used by a user (e.g., weather widget **149-1**, stocks widget **149-2**, calculator widget **149-3**, alarm clock widget **149-4**, and dictionary widget **149-5**) or created by the user (e.g., user-created widget **149-6**). In some embodiments, a widget includes an HTML (Hypertext Markup Language) file, a CSS (Cascading Style Sheets) file, and a JavaScript file. In some embodiments, a widget includes an XML (Extensible Markup Language) file and a JavaScript file (e.g., Yahoo! Widgets). Embodiments of user interfaces and associated processes using widget modules **149** are described further below.

In conjunction with RF circuitry **108**, touch screen **112**, display system controller **156**, contact module **130**, graphics module **132**, text input module **134**, and browser module **147**, the widget creator module **150** may be used by a user to create widgets (e.g., turning a user-specified portion of a web page into a widget). Embodiments of user interfaces and associated processes using widget creator module **150** are described further below.

In conjunction with touch screen **112**, display system controller **156**, contact module **130**, graphics module **132**, and text input module **134**, the search module **151** may be used to search for text, music, sound, image, video, and/or other files in memory **102** that match one or more search criteria (e.g., one or more user-specified search terms). Embodiments of

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user interfaces and associated processes using search module **151** are described further below.

In conjunction with touch screen **112**, display controller **156**, contact module **130**, graphics module **132**, and text input module **134**, the notes module **153** may be used to create and manage notes, to do lists, and the like. Embodiments of user interfaces and associated processes using notes module **153** are described further below.

In conjunction with RF circuitry **108**, touch screen **112**, display system controller **156**, contact module **130**, graphics module **132**, text input module **134**, GPS module **135**, and browser module **147**, the map module **154** may be used to receive, display, modify, and store maps and data associated with maps (e.g., driving directions; data on stores and other points of interest at or near a particular location; and other location-based data). Embodiments of user interfaces and associated processes using map module **154** are described further below.

Each of the above identified modules and applications correspond to a set of instructions for performing one or more functions described above. These modules (i.e., sets of instructions) need not be implemented as separate software programs, procedures or modules, and thus various subsets of these modules may be combined or otherwise re-arranged in various embodiments. For example, video player module **145** may be combined with music player module **146** into a single module (e.g., video and music player module **152**, FIG. 1B). In some embodiments, memory **102** may store a subset of the modules and data structures identified above. Furthermore, memory **102** may store additional modules and data structures not described above.

In some embodiments, the device **100** is a device where operation of a predefined set of functions on the device is performed exclusively through a touch screen **112** and/or a touchpad. By using a touch screen and/or a touchpad as the primary input/control device for operation of the device **100**, the number of physical input/control devices (such as push buttons, dials, and the like) on the device **100** may be reduced.

The predefined set of functions that may be performed exclusively through a touch screen and/or a touchpad include navigation between user interfaces. In some embodiments, the touchpad, when touched by the user, navigates the device **100** to a main, home, or root menu from any user interface that may be displayed on the device **100**. In such embodiments, the touchpad may be referred to as a "menu button." In some other embodiments, the menu button may be a physical push button or other physical input/control device instead of a touchpad.

FIG. 2 illustrates a portable multifunction device **100** having a touch screen **112** in accordance with some embodiments. The touch screen may display one or more graphics within user interface (UI) **200**. In this embodiment, as well as others described below, a user may select one or more of the graphics by making contact or touching the graphics, for example, with one or more fingers **202** (not drawn to scale in the figure). In some embodiments, selection of one or more graphics occurs when the user breaks contact with the one or more graphics. In some embodiments, the contact may include a gesture, such as one or more taps, one or more swipes (from left to right, right to left, upward and/or downward) and/or a rolling of a finger (from right to left, left to right, upward and/or downward) that has made contact with the device **100**. In some embodiments, inadvertent contact with a graphic may not select the graphic. For example, a swipe gesture that sweeps over an application icon may not select the corresponding application when the gesture corresponding to selection is a tap.

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The device **100** may also include one or more physical buttons, such as “home” or menu button **204**. As described previously, the menu button **204** may be used to navigate to any application **136** in a set of applications that may be executed on the device **100**. Alternatively, in some embodiments, the menu button is implemented as a soft key in a GUI in touch screen **112**.

In one embodiment, the device **100** includes a touch screen **112**, a menu button **204**, a push button **206** for powering the device on/off and locking the device, volume adjustment button(s) **208**, a Subscriber Identity Module (SIM) card slot **210**, a head set jack **212**, and a docking/charging external port **124**. The push button **206** may be used to turn the power on/off on the device by depressing the button and holding the button in the depressed state for a predefined time interval; to lock the device by depressing the button and releasing the button before the predefined time interval has elapsed; and/or to unlock the device or initiate an unlock process. In an alternative embodiment, the device **100** also may accept verbal input for activation or deactivation of some functions through the microphone **113**.

Attention is now directed towards embodiments of user interfaces (“UI”) and associated processes that may be implemented on a portable multifunction device **100**.

FIG. 3 illustrates an exemplary user interface for unlocking a portable electronic device in accordance with some embodiments. In some embodiments, user interface **300** includes the following elements, or a subset or superset thereof:

Unlock image **302** that is moved with a finger gesture to unlock the device;

Arrow **304** that provides a visual cue to the unlock gesture; Channel **306** that provides additional cues to the unlock gesture;

Time **308**;

Day **310**;

Date **312**; and

Wallpaper image **314**.

In some embodiments, the device detects contact with the touch-sensitive display (e.g., a user’s finger making contact on or near the unlock image **302**) while the device is in a user-interface lock state. The device moves the unlock image **302** in accordance with the contact. The device transitions to a user-interface unlock state if the detected contact corresponds to a predefined gesture, such as moving the unlock image across channel **306**. Conversely, the device maintains the user-interface lock state if the detected contact does not correspond to the predefined gesture. As noted above, processes that use gestures on the touch screen to unlock the device are described in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/322,549, “Unlocking A Device By Performing Gestures On An Unlock Image,” filed Dec. 23, 2005, and Ser. No. 11/322,550, “Indication Of Progress Towards Satisfaction Of A User Input Condition,” filed Dec. 23, 2005, which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety.

FIGS. 4A and 4B illustrate exemplary user interfaces for a menu of applications on a portable multifunction device in accordance with some embodiments. In some embodiments, user interface **400A** includes the following elements, or a subset or superset thereof:

Signal strength indicator(s) **402** for wireless communication(s), such as cellular and Wi-Fi signals;

Time **404**;

Battery status indicator **406**;

Tray **408** with icons for frequently used applications, such as one or more of the following:

Phone **138**, which may include an indicator **414** of the number of missed calls or voicemail messages;

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E-mail client **140**, which may include an indicator **410** of the number of unread e-mails;

Browser **147**; and

Music player **146**; and

Icons for other applications, such as one or more of the following:

IM **141**;

Image management **144**;

Camera **143**;

Video player **145**;

Weather **149-1**;

Stocks **149-2**;

Blog **142**;

Calendar **148**;

Calculator **149-3**;

Alarm clock **149-4**;

Dictionary **149-5**; and

User-created widget **149-6**.

In some embodiments, user interface **400B** includes the following elements, or a subset or superset thereof:

402, 404, 406, 141, 148, 144, 143, 149-3, 149-2, 149-1, 149-4, 410, 414, 138, 140, and 147, as described above;

Map **154**;

Notes **153**;

Settings **412**, which provides access to settings for the device **100** and its various applications **136**, as described further below; and

Video and music player module **152**, also referred to as iPod (trademark of Apple Computer, Inc.) module **152**.

In some embodiments, UI **400A** or **400B** displays all of the available applications **136** on one screen so that there is no need to scroll through a list of applications (e.g., via a scroll bar). In some embodiments, as the number of applications increase, the icons corresponding to the applications may decrease in size so that all applications may be displayed on a single screen without scrolling. In some embodiments, having all applications on one screen and a menu button enables a user to access any desired application with at most two inputs, such as activating the menu button **204** and then activating the desired application (e.g., by a tap or other finger gesture on the icon corresponding to the application).

In some embodiments, UI **400A** or **400B** provides integrated access to both widget-based applications and non-widget-based applications. In some embodiments, all of the widgets, whether user-created or not, are displayed in UI **400A** or **400B**. In other embodiments, activating the icon for user-created widget **149-6** may lead to another UI that contains the user-created widgets or icons corresponding to the user-created widgets.

In some embodiments, a user may rearrange the icons in UI **400A** or **400B**, e.g., using processes described in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/459,602, “Portable Electronic Device With Interface Reconfiguration Mode,” filed Jul. 24, 2006, which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety. For example, a user may move application icons in and out of tray **408** using finger gestures.

In some embodiments, UI **400A** or **400B** includes a gauge (not shown) that displays an updated account usage metric for an account associated with usage of the device (e.g., a cellular phone account), as described in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/322,552, “Account Information Display For Portable Communication Device,” filed Dec. 23, 2005, which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety.

FIGS. 5A-5G illustrate exemplary user interfaces for displaying and adjusting settings in accordance with some

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embodiments. FIG. 6 is a flow diagram illustrating a process for activating an airplane mode in accordance with some embodiments.

In some embodiments, a portable multifunction device (e.g., device 100) displays (602) an airplane mode switch icon (e.g., icon 6202, FIG. 5A) on a touch screen display (e.g., display 112). The airplane mode switch icon has an “on” position (e.g., 6206, FIG. 5B) and an “off” position (e.g., 6204, FIG. 5A).

If the airplane mode switch icon is at the “off” position, a communications signal strength icon (e.g., 402) is displayed (604) on the touch screen display.

Upon detecting (606) a movement of a finger contact on or near the airplane mode switch icon from the “off” position to the “on” position, the communications signal strength icon is replaced (608) with an airplane icon (e.g., 6208, FIG. 5B). In some embodiments, detecting the movement of the finger contact comprises detecting a sequence of events that includes a finger-down event at or near the airplane mode switch icon at the “off” position, one or more finger-dragging events, and a finger-up event at or near the airplane mode switch icon at the “on” position (616).

For example, in UI 6200A (FIG. 5A), a swipe gesture from the “off” position 6204 to the “on” position 6206 may be detected. In response to detecting the swipe gesture, the communications signal strength icon 402 is replaced with the airplane icon 6208 (FIG. 5B).

In some embodiments, replacing the communications signal strength icon with the plane icon includes an animation that includes moving the plane icon on the touch screen display towards the communications signal strength icon and then moving the plane icon over the communications signal strength icon (618). For example, the plane icon 6208 may appear at the left edge of UI 6200A (FIG. 5A) and move toward the communications signal strength icon 402. Upon reaching the communications signal strength icon 402, the plane icon 6208 moves over the communications signal strength icon 402 until the icon 402 is no longer displayed, as shown in FIG. 5B. In some embodiments, the animation has a predefined duration between 0.5 and 2.0 seconds.

In some embodiments, the portable multifunction device includes a speaker and a sound is played while replacing the communications signal strength icon with the airplane icon.

In some embodiments, if the airplane mode switch icon is at the “on” position, upon detecting a sequence of events, including a finger-down event at or near the airplane mode switch icon at the “on” position, one or more finger-dragging events, and a finger-up event at or near the airplane mode switch icon at the “off” position, the airplane mode switch icon is moved from the “on” position to the “off” position and the plane icon is replaced with the communications signal strength icon (620).

For example, in UI 6200B (FIG. 5B), a swipe gesture from the “on” position 6206 to the “off” position 6204 may be detected. In response to detecting the swipe gesture, the airplane mode switch icon 6202 is displayed in the “off” position and the airplane icon 6208 is replaced with the communications signal strength icon 402, as shown in FIG. 5A.

Process 600 includes the following benefits. The movement of the finger contact over the “off” and “on” positions provides an intuitive gesture that does not require precise placement nor precise movement of the user’s finger (e.g., in contrast to a gesture with a stylus). The airplane icon provides an intuitive, easy-to-understand indicator that the device is in airplane mode. Replacing the communications signal strength icon with the airplane icon does not clutter the user interface with additional icons and makes it easy for a user to

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find the icons (i.e., 402 and 6208) that indicate the status of the communications functionality.

FIG. 5C illustrates exemplary user interfaces for displaying and adjusting sound settings in accordance with some embodiments. In some embodiments, if user selects to adjust sound settings, UI 6200C (FIG. 5C) is displayed.

In some embodiments, a portable multifunction device (e.g., device 100) displays a vibrate mode switch icon (e.g., icon 6212, FIG. 5C) on a touch screen display (e.g., display 112). The vibrate mode switch icon has an “on” position (not shown) and an “off” position (e.g., 6214, FIG. 5C).

For example, in UI 6200C (FIG. 5C), a swipe gesture from the “off” position 6214 to the “on” position is detected. In response to detecting the swipe gesture, the vibrate mode switch icon 6212 is displayed in the “on position” and the device is set to be on vibrate mode.

In some embodiments, a contact with the settings icon 6210 (FIG. 5C) is detected. In response to detecting the contact, the list of settings is displayed (UI 6200A, FIG. 5A).

FIG. 5D illustrates exemplary user interfaces for displaying and adjusting wallpaper settings in accordance with some embodiments. In some embodiments, if a user selects to adjust wallpaper settings (e.g., by a finger tap anywhere in the wallpaper row in UI 6200A (FIG. 5A)), UI 6200D (FIG. 5D) is displayed. A user may change the wallpaper displayed on the device by making the desired selections on UI 6200D.

FIG. 5E illustrates exemplary user interfaces for displaying and adjusting general settings in accordance with some embodiments. In some embodiments, if user selects to adjust general settings, UI 6200E (FIG. 5E) is displayed. Some general settings may include about, backlight, date and time, keyboard, network, touch, legal, and reset settings.

For example, FIG. 5F illustrates exemplary user interfaces for displaying and adjusting touch settings in accordance with some embodiments. In some embodiments, if a user selects to adjust touch settings (by selecting “touch” in UI 6200E in FIG. 5E), UI 6200F (FIG. 5F) is displayed.

In some embodiments, a portable multifunction device (e.g., device 100) displays a show touch setting switch icon (e.g., icon 6232, FIG. 5F) on a touch screen display (e.g., display 112). The show touch setting switch icon has an “on” position (not shown) and an “off” position (e.g., 6234, FIG. 5F).

For example, in UI 6200F (FIG. 5F), a swipe gesture from the “off” position 6234 to the “on” position is detected. In response to detecting the swipe gesture, the show touch setting icon switch 6232 is displayed in the “on” position and the device is set to a show touch mode in which a shaded area corresponding to a user’s finger contact area is displayed on the touch screen to aid the user in interacting with the touch screen.

FIG. 5G illustrates exemplary user interfaces for displaying and adjusting iPod (trademark of Apple Computer, Inc.) settings in accordance with some embodiments. In some embodiments, if user selects iPod (trademark of Apple Computer, Inc.) settings, UI 6200G (FIG. 5G) is displayed.

In some embodiments, a portable multifunction device (e.g., device 100) displays a shuffle mode icon (e.g., icon 6242, FIG. 5F) on a touch screen display (e.g., display 112). The shuffle mode icon has an “on” position (not shown) and an “off” position (e.g., 6244, FIG. 5G).

For example, in UI 6200G (FIG. 5G), a swipe gesture from the “off” position 6244 to the “on” position is detected. In response to detecting the swipe gesture, the shuffle mode switch 6242 is displayed in the “on” position and the iPod (trademark of Apple Computer, Inc.) feature of the device is set to a shuffle mode.

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The foregoing description, for purpose of explanation, has been described with reference to specific embodiments. However, the illustrative discussions above are not intended to be exhaustive or to limit the invention to the precise forms disclosed. Many modifications and variations are possible in view of the above teachings. The embodiments were chosen and described in order to best explain the principles of the invention and its practical applications, to thereby enable others skilled in the art to best utilize the invention and various embodiments with various modifications as are suited to the particular use contemplated.

What is claimed is:

1. A computer-implemented method, comprising: at a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display, displaying an airplane mode switch icon on the touch screen display, the airplane mode switch icon having an "on" position and an "off" position; displaying a communications signal strength icon on the touch screen display if the airplane mode switch icon is at the "off" position; and replacing the communications signal strength icon with an airplane icon upon detecting a movement of a finger contact with the touch screen display on or near the airplane mode switch icon, wherein the detected movement of the finger contact is from the "off" position to the "on" position, and wherein replacing the communications signal strength icon with the airplane icon includes: displaying an animated movement of the airplane icon on the touch screen display towards the communications signal strength icon; displaying an animated movement of the airplane icon over the communications signal strength icon; and ceasing to display the communications signal strength icon.
2. The computer-implemented method of claim 1, wherein detecting the movement of the finger contact comprises detecting a sequence of events comprising a finger-down event at or near the airplane mode switch icon at the "off" position, one or more finger-dragging events, and a finger-up event at or near the airplane mode switch icon at the "on" position.
3. The computer-implemented method of claim 1, further comprising: if the airplane mode switch icon is at the "on" position, detecting a finger-down event at or near the airplane mode switch icon at the "on" position, one or more finger-dragging events, and a finger-up event at or near the airplane mode switch icon at the "off" position; moving the airplane mode switch icon from the "on" position to the "off" position; and replacing the plane icon with the communications signal strength icon.
4. The computer-implemented method of claim 1, wherein the portable multifunction device includes a speaker and a sound is played while replacing the communications signal strength icon with the airplane icon.
5. A graphical user interface on a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display, comprising: an airplane mode switch icon, the airplane mode switch icon having an "on" position and an "off" position; wherein: a communications signal strength icon is displayed if the airplane mode switch icon is at the "off" position; and the communications signal strength icon is replaced with an airplane icon upon detecting a movement of a

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- finger contact on or near the airplane mode switch icon, wherein the detected movement of the finger contact is from the "off" position to the "on" position, and wherein replacing the communications signal strength icon with the airplane icon includes: displaying an animated movement of the airplane icon on the touch screen display towards the communications signal strength icon; displaying an animated movement of the airplane icon over the communications signal strength icon; and ceasing to display the communications signal strength icon.
6. A portable multifunction device, comprising: a touch screen display; one or more processors; memory; and one or more programs, wherein the one or more programs are stored in the memory and configured to be executed by the one or more processors, the programs including instructions for: displaying an airplane mode switch icon on the touch screen display, the airplane mode switch icon having an "on" position and an "off" position; displaying a communications signal strength icon on the touch screen display if the airplane mode switch icon is at the "off" position; and replacing the communications signal strength icon with an airplane icon upon detecting a movement of a finger contact on or near the airplane mode switch icon, wherein the detected movement of the finger contact is from the "off" position to the "on" position, and wherein replacing the communications signal strength icon with the airplane icon includes: displaying an animated movement of the airplane icon on the touch screen display towards the communications signal strength icon; displaying an animated movement of the airplane icon over the communications signal strength icon; and ceasing to display the communications signal strength icon.
 7. A non-transitory computer readable storage medium storing one or more programs, the one or more programs comprising instructions, which when executed by a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display, cause the device to: display an airplane mode switch icon on the touch screen display, the airplane mode switch icon having an "on" position and an "off" position; display a communications signal strength icon on the touch screen display if the airplane mode switch icon is at the "off" position; and replace the communications signal strength icon with an airplane icon upon detecting a movement of a finger contact on or near the airplane mode switch icon, wherein the detected movement of the finger contact is from the "off" position to the "on" position and wherein replacing the communications signal strength icon with the airplane icon includes: displaying an animated movement of the airplane icon on the touch screen display towards the communications signal strength icon; displaying an animated movement of the airplane icon over the communications signal strength icon; and ceasing to display the communications signal strength icon.

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8. The device of claim 6, wherein detecting the movement of the finger contact comprises detecting a sequence of events comprising a finger-down event at or near the airplane mode switch icon at the "off" position, one or more finger-dragging events, and a finger-up event at or near the airplane mode switch icon at the "on" position.

9. The device of claim 6, including instructions for:

if the airplane mode switch icon is at the "on" position,

detecting a finger-down event at or near the airplane mode switch icon at the "on" position, one or more finger-dragging events, and a finger-up event at or near the airplane mode switch icon at the "off" position;

moving the airplane mode switch icon from the "on" position to the "off" position; and

replacing the plane icon with the communications signal strength icon.

10. The device of claim 6, wherein the portable multifunction device includes a speaker and a sound is played while replacing the communications signal strength icon with the airplane icon.

11. The computer readable storage medium of claim 7, wherein detecting the movement of the finger contact comprises detecting a sequence of events comprising a finger-down event at or near the airplane mode switch icon at the "off" position, one or more finger-dragging events, and a finger-up event at or near the airplane mode switch icon at the "on" position.

12. The computer readable storage medium of claim 7, including instructions which cause the device to:

if the airplane mode switch icon is at the "on" position,

detect a finger-down event at or near the airplane mode switch icon at the "on" position, one or more finger-dragging events, and a finger-up event at or near the airplane mode switch icon at the "off" position;

move the airplane mode switch icon from the "on" position to the "off" position; and

replace the plane icon with the communications signal strength icon.

13. The computer readable storage medium of claim 7, wherein the portable multifunction device includes a speaker and a sound is played while replacing the communications signal strength icon with the airplane icon.

14. A method, comprising:

at a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display:

displaying an airplane mode switch icon on the touch screen display;

displaying a communications signal strength icon on the touch screen display if the device is not in airplane mode;

replacing the communications signal strength icon with an airplane icon in response to detecting a finger input on the touch screen display on the airplane mode switch icon, wherein detecting the finger input causes the device to enter airplane mode, and wherein replacing the communications signal strength icon with the airplane icon includes:

displaying an animated movement of the airplane icon on the touch screen display towards the communications signal strength icon;

displaying an animated movement of the airplane icon over the communications signal strength icon; and

ceasing to display the communications signal strength icon.

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15. The method of claim 14, further comprising:

if the device is in airplane mode,

in response to detecting another finger input on the touch screen display on the airplane mode switch icon:

exiting from airplane mode; and

replacing the plane icon with the communications signal strength icon.

16. The method of claim 14, wherein the portable multifunction device includes a speaker and a sound is played while replacing the communications signal strength icon with the airplane icon.

17. A portable multifunction device, comprising:

a touch screen display;

one or more processors;

memory; and

one or more programs, wherein the one or more programs are stored in the memory and configured to be executed by the one or more processors, the programs including instructions for:

displaying an airplane mode switch icon on the touch screen display;

displaying a communications signal strength icon on the touch screen display if the device is not in airplane mode;

replacing the communications signal strength icon with an airplane icon in response to detecting a finger input on the touch screen display on the airplane mode switch icon, wherein detecting the finger input causes the device to enter airplane mode, and wherein replacing the communications signal strength icon with the airplane icon includes:

displaying an animated movement of the airplane icon on the touch screen display towards the communications signal strength icon;

displaying an animated movement of the airplane icon over the communications signal strength icon; and

ceasing to display the communications signal strength icon.

18. The device of claim 17, including instructions for:

if the device is in airplane mode,

in response to detecting another finger input on the touch screen display on the airplane mode switch icon:

exiting from airplane mode; and

replacing the plane icon with the communications signal strength icon.

19. The device of claim 17, wherein the portable multifunction device includes a speaker and a sound is played while replacing the communications signal strength icon with the airplane icon.

20. A non-transitory computer readable storage medium storing one or more programs, the one or more programs comprising instructions, which when executed by a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display, cause the device to:

display an airplane mode switch icon on the touch screen display;

display a communications signal strength icon on the touch screen display if the device is not in airplane mode;

replace the communications signal strength icon with an airplane icon in response to detecting a finger input on the touch screen display on the airplane mode switch icon, wherein detecting the finger input causes the

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device to enter airplane mode, and wherein replacing the communications signal strength icon with the airplane icon includes:

displaying an animated movement of the airplane icon on the touch screen display towards the communica-
tions signal strength icon;

displaying an animated movement of the airplane icon over the communications signal strength icon; and
ceasing to display the communications signal strength icon.

21. The computer readable storage medium of claim **20**, including instructions which cause the device to:

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if the device is in airplane mode,

in response to detecting another finger input on the touch screen display on the airplane mode switch icon:

exit from airplane mode; and

replace the plane icon with the communications signal strength icon.

22. The computer readable storage medium of claim **20**, wherein the portable multifunction device includes a speaker and a sound is played while replacing the communications signal strength icon with the airplane icon.

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